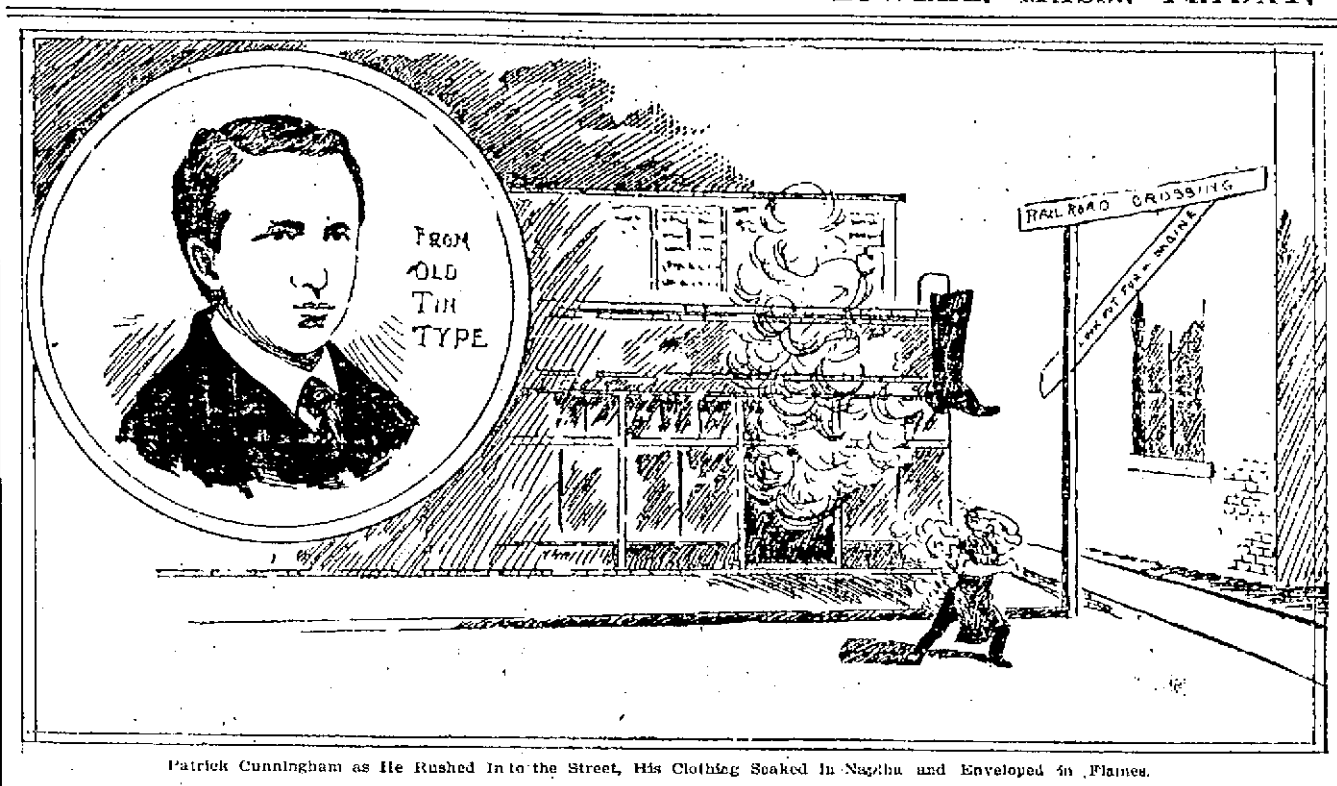
ONLY LOWELL PAPER.

The Sun is the only Lowell paper receiving the full day service of the Associated Press. A loop from their leased wires runs into this office, where an operator is stationed to take the entire report for this paper.

THE LOWELL SUN

FOR THE PEOPLE.
A paper of the people, published by one of the people, for all the people is THE SUN, which the people have made Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

22ND YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1898. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT.



Patrick Cunningham as He Rushed In to the Street, His Clothing Soaked In Naptha and Enveloped in Flames.

FATALLY BURNED

Horrible Fate of P. H. Cunningham of Palmer St.

Naphtha Exploded While He was Working Over it in His F ner Street Store and He was B ied Almost to a Crisp.

P. H. Cunningham, the well known shoe repairer whose principal establishment is the long, narrow store extending on Palmer street from Market street to the Central fire station, was fatally burned yesterday and his place of business was reduced to ashes.

Just how the unfortunate affair happened is not known, but it is supposed that the naphtha which Mr. Cunningham used in the mixture of rubber paste exploded, for about three o'clock a noise was heard in the little shop followed by the cracking of the glass in the windows and the roar of escaping flames which spread throughout the entire establishment in a twinkling.

Just after the first noise, Mr. Cunningham staggered out of the door, a mass of flames and fell into the street moaning.

The first man to notice him was James ("Dutchy") McDonald, who pulled a blanket off his horse and threw it around Mr. Cunningham temporarily saving his life without any doubt.

The firemen rushed out of the central station and Herb Merrill got out the Chemical in quick order but in less than 10 minutes the entire place was a total wreck.

Mr. Cunningham, in the meantime, was carried into the fire station and laid upon the floor. As the blanket was taken from about him, his clothes fell from his body in shreds.

His body presented a horrible sight, the flesh in some portions hanging on.

While Dr. Meigs was examining him the unfortunate man opened his eyes and murmured with an effort: "Thank God! I am going to die conscious!" and after an unsuccessful attempt to fold his hands, which were burned almost to a crisp, he began to pray for a happy death, apparently totally unmindful of his frightfully painful injuries.

Dr. Meigs stated that Mr. Cunningham cannot live. He was taken to St. John's hospital in the ambulance.

At the hospital it was given out that there is no hope for his recovery.

Everybody knew "Cunningham, the cobbler," as he was known, as he has been in the business for many years, having kept stores in Suffolk, Bridge, and Palmer streets. He was a very religious man and was at one time a prominent member of St. Patrick's parish. He resides in Stackpole street.

Thomas Welch was also severely burned on the arm and neck.

At the hospital this morning Mr. Cunningham was reported still alive, but there is no hope of his recovery.

The building was owned by ex-alderman Staples and was not insured. Mr. Cunningham had insurance with Thomas C. Lee.

A PLOT DISCOVERED

To Overthrow the French Government at Paris.

The Authorities to Take Prompt Action—Another Insurrection in the Philippines—Aguinaldo Opposed.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 14.—It is announced here this morning that a military plot against the government has been discovered. The Pappel, Aurore and Petite Republique Francaise publish almost identical stories on the subject. It appears that the plot was discovered by a general holding an important position. The plotters were to have taken action on Saturday, during the absence of the minister of war, General Chanoine. It further appears that when the government was warned of the plot, the ministers were surprised, having already obtained information regarding the conspiracy.

The Matin says the plot was not in favor of one of the pretenders to the throne of France who has been talked about for some time but was only for the purpose of changing certain officials without touching the president.

The premier, M. Brisson, was among those who were not surprised when notified of the plot. He promised to take action in the matter.

PHILIPPINE BATTLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Manila, Oct. 14.—A rumor here says that Macabulos, chief of the five northern provinces of the Philippine Islands, has rebelled against Aguinaldo and that hard fighting has already taken place between the opposing factions.

It is also reported that General Rios, the Spanish commander at Iloilo, has sent emissaries from that place to undermine Aguinaldo's influence and induce the natives to demand that Spain retain the Philippines Islands.

BIG POLITICAL FIGHT

Among the Republicans of 25th. Rep. District.

Hayes and Watson Nominated But the Chelmsford Men Fight Against Ramsey's Attempt to Rob Them of a Representative According to Allottment.

The 25th district republican representative convention was held in the republican headquarters in Wyman's Exchange at 10 o'clock this morning and was largely attended and as a fight was expected on the nomination of a third man, for Chelmsford claims candidates according to an apportionment, while Rep. James Ramsey, who, by the way, resides in a democratic ward, wants Chelmsford to standaside for another year and give him a third term..

The meeting was somewhat late, owing to the delinquency of some of the delegates, but no time was lost after the meeting was called to order..

The convention was called to order by George L. Fowler who was made temporary chairman and Carl J. A. Sanderson, temporary secretary.

A committee of six on credentials, representing wards 4, 7, 8, and Chelmsford, Tyngsboro, and Dunstable.

The committee on credentials reported as follows: Ward four, 7; ward seven, 14; ward eight, 18; Chelmsford, 5; Tyngsboro, 2; Dunstable, 0. Total, 46. Entitled to vote, 52. Two of the delegates from ward eight who lost credentials were allowed to v ote. The wards then filled their vacancies.

The temporary organization was then made permanent with 50 delegates present.

Robert Mountford of ward four then arose to favor Rep. Ramsey's cause by presenting a new apportionment. He argued that one year in office was not sufficient for a representative as new men each year could not do as good work as men with experience. He then asked that the following allotment b accepted by the convention:

For ten years ending 1906: Ward eight, one each year from 1897 to 1901, inclusive and two in 1905 and 1906; total, 12. Ward seven, one each year from 1897 to 1906, inclusive; total, 10. Ward four, one in 1897, 1898 and 1899 inclusive; total, 3. Chelmsford, one in 1900, 1901 and 1902, inclusive; total, 3. Tyngsboro, one in 1903. Dunstable, one in 1904..

Hon. Frederick Lawton suggested that the matter be laid on the table as it required considerable thought before being acted upon, and he so moved it. Mr. Mountford was agreeable and the matter was tabled.

Mr. Lawton then nominated from ward seven, W. H. I. Hayes by acclamation and W. H. I. was so nominated. Z. Winthrop Sturtevant then moved to nominate Walter S Watson and Watson was so nominated.

Mr. Mountford then moved the adoption of his apportionment and Mr. Mathews seconded the motion..

Mr. McKay, chairman of the Chelmsford delegation, opposed the apportionment. He said that an allotment is an evidence of bad faith. To be fair, that allotment should have been made two years ago. It looks as if Lowell didn't want any out-of-town representatives. "You must stand by your original agreement. We have no assurance that you would live up to this new agreement. This idea of changing agreements is not fair. The sentiment in Chelmsford is so strong in favor of the Chelmsford candidate that if you do not live up to your original agreement, you cannot hold the Chelmsford republicans in check. Live up to your agreement, man-fashion."

Mr. Ed. Lachance of ward eight went into ancient history as he called it, to show that the Chelmsford people were playing a double-headed game of politics. In the Cushing-Shaw fight, the Chelmsford people illegally barred out the delegates of Cushing and Ramsay and would not let voters vote Cushing and Ramsey ballots. The check list out there does not correspond with the ballots cast and if Mr. Ramsay had been given a fair show at the caucus, he would have carried the town.

"Dunstable hasn't even a delegate down here and if she doesn't take interest enough in it to send a delegate, I believe in taking her representon away."

Mr. McKay in reply stated that the men who came to the Chelmsford caucuses to vote for Cushing and Ramsey were all democrats and that Mr. Ramsay made his headquarters with a leading democrat.

He was promptly called down by the chairman and several members who said that he had no proof that they were democrats. He then urged the convention to stand by his agreement.

Mr. Ferris asked Mr. McKay several question about the "freeze out" on the ballot and Mr. Lachance asked what reason Mr. McKay could give for barring any candidate. He said his reputation for truth would compare favorably with that of McKay.

Mr. Mountford said the town committee had told him that the Australian ballot would not be used.

Then G. B. Coburn made a point of order stating that the question was on the apportionment and not on what was done in Chelmsford.

The point was well taken and the previous question was in order, although ward four's delegation asked for an opportunity to present its case. Several members asked for further information in the matter.

Ex-Councilman George said that Dunstable had made a request that it have one representative in 1901 as in that year it is to have a centennial celebration, and wants the honor of having a resident in the legislature in that year. This change would affect Dunstable.

Mr. G. S. Coburn as a disinterested member spoke in favor of standing by the original allotment on general principles. He said:

There is a question of honor in the matter which cannot be gone behind and all personal motives should be laid aside and we should stand by the original agreement like honorable men.

Rev. N. W. Mathews, a delegate from ward four, stated that there is an almost universal sentiment in favor of a change of allotment, while ward four has a list of 250 voters in Chelmsford who are in favor of it. There is a well grounded sentiment in ward four in favor of having our three years continuous.

(See Second Edition.)

Designated Depository of the U. S.
TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK
Of Lowell.

DEPOSITS:
July 1, 1892..... $ 70,738.48
Oct. 11, 1898..... 1,651,911.70

BANKING ROOMS:
Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office Avenue.
O. J. Glidden Pres. Wm. F. Hills, Cashier

SIXTH REGIMENT

Will Leave Porto Rico on Sunday

AND COME HOME WITHOUT DELAY.

Will be Mustered Out After 60 Days.

The following despatch will be of interest to the friends of the Sixth regiment:

Washington, D. C., Oct. 13.

Maj. Gen. Brooke, commanding the United States forces in Porto Rico, cabled to the war department tonight that the Sixth Massachusetts and four batteries of regular artillery would be the first troops sent home.

The Bay State boys will leave next Sunday and will be mustered out with the usual 60 days' furlough. It is understood that they will be sent direct to Boston.

MATRIMONIAL.

PILLSBURY—HUTCHINS.

Miss Sadie C. Hutchins formerly of Lowell, and Mr. Thomas H. Pillsbury of Concord, N. H., were married at Woodstock, Vt., on Wednesday, Oct. 12. After a short trip, during which they will visit New York and Washington, they will reside in Concord, N. H.

FRIDAY CLOSING

Still Agitated by the Store Clerks.

THE BEST STORES FAVOR THE MOVEMENT.

Another Meeting to be Held Tonight.

The store clerks will hold a meeting in the Knights of Columbus hall, Associate building, tonight, at 7.30 o'clock which will doubtless result in the formation of a permanent organization. That the clerks are interested in the closing enterprise and anything pertaining to its success is indicated in the fact that to defray incidental expenses amounting in all to perhaps $10, a fund of about $100 has been contributed. The clerks were asked to give any old amount they pleased and their contributions have been unexpectedly liberal.

It is anticipated that before the Friday night closing movement will have been made perfectly unanimous, the co-operation of many fraternal, as well as all of the labor organizations will be asked.

Messrs. Hastings and Storey were well satisfied with yesterday's developments. The firm of O'Hearn & Dowd, who did not sign the agreement last Friday because of the fact that they had no authority to do so without first consulting the assignees, stated that they had received the necessary permission and would close.

Charles K. Fiske, dealer in fancy goods, signed the document yesterday.

There seems to be a misunderstanding with regard to the position taken by the firm of Head & Shaw in this movement, the impression prevailing that they have refused to get in line. Mr. Shaw said in this connection yesterday that the store would positively close tonight.

Following is a list of the merchant tailors who will close tonight: Louis Alexander, H. W. Barnes, Ware Bros., George V. Gregg, David H. Nickerson, D. F. Cavanaugh, E. B. Brady & Co.

Dickson Bros.' tea and coffee dealers, signed the document unsolicited. They said they were willing to close regardless of the action of the other dealers in their goods.

At the meeting tonight several merchants are expected to be present including Louis Alexander. They will address the clerks before steps are taken towards organization.

IF THE COAT FITS.

The advance in grades of ready-made clothing over past seasons must be gratifying to the man whose master is the fashionable tailor.

The process of "trying on," to correct the mistakes of the cutter, the delay of delivery, the tinkering misfits, and the inability to reject a garment, are incentives which have done more toward advancing ready-to-wear clothing than the exorbitant charges of the tailor.

About Prices.—The Merrimack Clothing company will gladly accept $15 for what local tailors claim to be worth $25. This $15 line is as near perfection as garments can be made by the highest salaried workmen.

Try it.

After you have selected the material, obtained a perfect fit, you are not obliged to purchase—you know!

Do you burn coal? W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike St., will sell you some coal that will burn.

James F. O'Donnell,
UNDERTAKER,
Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables.
MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

A COAL HOD Given away with one Pound of 60c. Tea at O'Brien Bros. Tea Dealers, 77 E. Merrimack street. Telephone connected. Free delivery.

VERY REV. FR. LEFEVRE, The New Provincial of the Oblate Order, Who Was the Honored Guest at Associate Hall Last Night.
(Copyright, 1898)

NEGROES AT BAY

They are Shut up In a Hall

FOR SAFETY, WAITING CHANCE TO RETURN,

While Miners Sourround the Building.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 14.—All of the negro miners from Alabama who came to work in the Chicago-Virden company's mines at Virden with the exception of the few who went north on the train from Springfield, are in Allen's hall, the headquarters of the local miners' union in this city. Policemen are guarding the hall. Mayor Wheeler yesterday afternoon had the street cleared of miners for several blocks from the hall. The negroes number 69. It was understood that the negroes would be shipped back to Alabama last night, but it was not done.

Adjutant General Reese stated last night that the Federation of Miners refused to have anything to do with the transportation of negroes from here to their homes, that the state had no authority to send them away and that the authorities were in a quandary.

PRIZE WINNER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Oct. 14.—At the fourth and last day's racing of the New Market second October meeting today, the Lordlund-Beresford stable's three-year old chestnut colt, Grodno, ridden by Tod Sloan, won the Southfield plate. The betting was 4 to 1 against Grodno.

ARREST'S FOR LARCENY.

Noel St. John, 29 years old and clad in a United States sailor's garb, was arrested at two o'clock this morning by Lieut. Brosnan and Officer Dennett, on a warrant charging him with the larceny of a coat.

Albert Taylor, claiming to live in Brockton, was arrested by the inspectors Thursday afternoon on a warrant from out of town, charging larceny.

Putnam & Son

There's a continual accession of fresh merchandise here that keeps our store in close touch with New York's latest notions.

SIX NEW STYLES in Fedora Hats, particularly adapted to the young man's taste, unlike anything you've seen. Nattier shapes, new colors, late ideas in heavy corded silk bands and bindings. The most stylish headwear of the season.

NEW GLOVES. Fashionable grays and the new browns, mocha and dogskin in self embroidered and spear point backs. Exceptional value, and the newest for **$1.00** and **$1.50.**

BLACK AND WHITE Neckwear, especially desirable this season. Great, generous Puff scarfs in superb black satin and charming white brocaded silks. Such scarfs as the Haberdasher sells for a dollar, here for **50 cents.**

FANCY SHIRTS. Fancy bodies and fancy bosoms, new and attractive patterns, stripes across the bosom or vertical; detached link cuffs with each shirt. The fifty and seventy five cent kinds for **37 cents.** The dollar and a half kind for **98 cents.**

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

PATTEE DROPPED

George Varney Defeated Him In Representative Fight

CLUER AND DOBBINS WERE ALSO NAMED.

Ticket in 26th. District Now Complete.

Rep. J. E. Pattee was thrown down good and hard by the republicans of the 26th representative district last night.

George E. Varney who has been prominent in republican politics in ward two and of old ward one ever since he became a voter, won the legislative nomination receiving three-fifths of the votes in the convention on the first ballot.

Joseph Miller was chosen temporary chairman of the convention and Geo. H. Tryder, temporary secretary. A. H. Cluer of ward six and Richard Dobbins of ward three were nominated by acclamation and a ballot was taken for a choice of a third candidate.

Ex-Councilman Hounsell presented the name of Rep. J. E. Pattee of ward one and placed him in nomination.

Joel Knapp moved to proceed to ballot. He was told that nominations were not closed.

A. G. Bowen then arose and in a spirited speech referred to the allotment made Sept. 29, 1896, when ward two was allotted the representative nomination for 1898 and 1899, and placed George E. Varney in nomination.

F. K. Stearns seconded the nomination and reviewed the history of Mr. Varney's antecedents, his work for the success of the party and of his aspirations. In closing he said that the promise made to ward two should be stood by.

Mr. Bowen then moved that the convention proceed to an informal ballot for the choice of a candidate to represent ward two.

The voting was done by wards in order and resulted as follows: Whole number of votes cast, 60; Joseph E. Pattee had 20; George E. Varney 30.

The announcement was received with applause and then, on motion of Mr. Hounsell, the nomination of Mr. Varney was made unanimous.

Each of the candidates appeared before the convention and spoke a little piece.

MEETING OF MONARCHS.

Venice, Oct. 14.—The king and queen of Italy met the emperor and empress of Germany at the railroad station yesterday. The meeting was of the most cordial nature. Emperor William kissed the hand of the queen of Italy, and King Humbert kissed the hand of the empress of Germany. The queen and the empress embraced. While the meeting was in progress military bands played the national anthems.

The emperor and empress, accompanied by King Humbert and Queen Margaret, were rowed to the palace in the state gondolas by way of the grand canal. The emperor and the king occupied one gondola and the empress and the queen were seated in another. Both these boats were escorted by eight municipal barges, richly ornamented, and were followed by a great flotilla of gondolas. There was great cheering all along the route, and crowds of people welcomed the visitors. After their majesties had entered the palace they appeared on a balcony, which brought forth a renewal of the acclamations of the people, and the bands played the Italian and German anthems.

After luncheon at the palace the emperor and empress boarded the imperial yacht and sailed for Constantinople, convoyed by a German cruiser. The warships in port saluted, and the imperial travelers were repeatedly cheered by the crowds as the yacht went to sea.

TIRED OF ARMY LIFE.

Washington, Oct. 14.—In spite of all the precautions taken by the war department and all the warnings uttered against applications for discharge except through the regular channels of the army, the department is besieged with letters and by callers who want enlisted men released from the service. These applications are granted for the most part, and the discharges are issuing at such a rate as to give concern in some quarters at the perceptible diminution of company strength.

STATION SAFE WRECKED.

Haverhill, Mass., Oct. 14.—The Boston and Maine depot in Georgetown was entered by burglars. A new safe was wrecked and $28 were stolen. Three explosions were required to clear the safe, the latter two awakening Officer Buckley, who lives near. He opened a window and spoke, and two shots were fired at him. Then he dressed and appeared with a shotgun, but the men had gone.

UNION VETERANS' UNION.

Haverhill, Mass., Oct. 14.—The annual convention of the department of Massachusetts, Union Veterans' union, was held in this city yesterday. The following officers were elected: Commander, Walter L. French; first deputy, Dennis F. Brennan; second deputy, Walter A. Eames; surgeon general, Edwin F. Taylor; chaplain, Daniel W. Gould.

NEW WAVERLEY HOUSE.

The renovated and entirely new Waverley House will be opened to the public Saturday, and souvenirs will be distributed. The furniture and fixtures of the house have been changed from garret to cellar, including the pipes, drainage, etc., in the bar. Proprietor Pattee announces that the best of goods will be found there, including the celebrated Pilsner and Anheuser-Busch lagers.

Hood's Pills

are gaining favor rapidly. Business men and travelers carry them in vest pockets, ladies carry them in purses, housekeepers keep them in medicine closets, friends recommend them to friends. 25c.

TWO GATLING GUNS

Guard the Business Section of Virden.

"Gen." Bradley Says a Day of Reckoning Will Come When Laborers Will Get Bread Instead of Bullets.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Virden, Ill., Oct 13.—The town is as quiet as a country churchyard today. Two Gatling guns of the Galesburg battery on the public square and a blue capped infantryman at each corner in the business district are about the only evidences of the riot outside of the O'Neill home, a story and a half cottage. In the front room of this humble home stand five black covered coffins, on each is a simple plate, engraved with the words, "At Rest."

Under the lids are the remains of five victims of yesterday's battle. They are:

Ernest Kitterly, Mount Olive.
Ellis Smith, Mount Olive.
Ernest Kentner, Mount Olive.
Ed. Wetz, Springfield.
William Blue, Springfield.

Coroner Hart has impanelled a jury and will endeavor to place the responsibility for the shooting.

Col. McKnight of the governor's staff, accompanied by Adjutant General Reese at midnight, visited the stockade and served formal notice on Manager Lukens, who has been inside the stockade throughout the trouble that the soldiers would visit the stockade this afternoon and disarm the inmates. Col. McKnight says no objections were offered to this proposition. He anticipated no trouble at that point and he expresses his opinion that there will be no further outbreak on the part of either the union miners or the guards at the stockade.

Col. McKnight said that he drove over from his home at Girard last night. On his way he passed numerous squads of miners returning to their homes in Mt. Olive, Girard and neighboring towns. The parties numbered from half a dozen to twenty-five or thirty and in most cases the men were well armed.

While martial law has not yet been declared, the town is virtually under control of the state troops, under Captain Craig of Battery B, First Illinois artillery. On the arrival of the soldiers from Pana, two gatling guns were taken to the public square, where they command the business section. Guards were thrown out and the remainder of the soldiers were quartered in the Opera House.

Adjutant General Reese expects troops A, B, C and D, of the First Illinois cavalry and four companies of Sons of Veterans from Rockford, DeKalb, Oregon and Macomb today. On their arrival the special guards to the stockade will be disarmed and the soldiers will take possession.

Two hundred of the striking miners who have been sleeping in the miners' union hall for several weeks, were somewhat surprised on coming from their quarters at daybreak to find soldiers on picket duty at the door. Each man was met with "Hold up your hands." The request was good-naturedly assented to, however. Each man was thoroughly searched for fire-arms. Among the crowd were several negroes and from outward appearances, there existed the best of feeling between the white and black union miners.

"General" Bradley, a unique character among the mine workers and leader of a delegation of sixty miners from Mount Olive returned home today with the remains of the dead Mt. Olive miners.

"I think this has been one of the most infernal outrages ever perpetrated on a laboring public," said he. "Our men were shot down like dogs. We had orders to talk over the matter with the mine people when it came to a crisis and not to shoot unless fired upon. Instead of arbitrating the question I leave for home with a baggage car of dead men.

"I do not expect any more trouble in Virden for the present and I cannot answer for the future for a day of reckoning is coming when the laboring man will be given bread instead of bullets."

DETECTIVES DISARMED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 3.—A special from Virden, Ill., says:

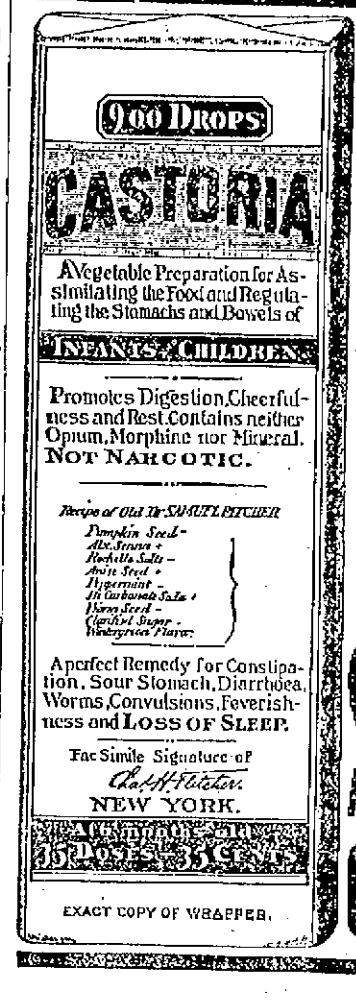
Capt. Charles A. Fervier, commanding Company B, Sons of Veterans of Elgin, Ill., is in charge of the stockade built by the Chicago, Virden Coal company. With part of his men he entered the stockade today and disarmed the Thiel detectives from St. Louis and the local deputies employed by the operators. The men within the stockade offered no objections to Captain Fervier's command to lay down their arms. Soldiers with bayonets patrolled the stockade and the detectives and deputy sheriffs disarmed and without overcoats walked around and shivered with the cold. In an ante-room of Mr. Lukens' office lay the body of Thomas Preston, the dead Thiel man, whose home was in Chicago.

MINERS SUBPOENAED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Virden, Ill. Oct 13.—After a careful investigation the list of dead and wounded remains at 10 killed and 20 wounded.

Coroner John Hart today went to the stockade and subpoenaed a number of the company's miners as witnesses. It is a question whether any violence will be offered the stockade miners when they come from their barricade to attend the inquest. Coroner Hart expressed himself as positive that no demonstration would be made saying that all feeling had at least temporarily been subdued by the presence of the soldiers, but at the same time adding significantly that the subpoenaed miners would be looked after carefully while en route to the town hall.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE EVACUATION

Spaniards Willing to Leave on Day Appointed.

DETAILS OF THE EVACUATION ARE NOW COMPLETE.

Commissioners Held Final Session Yesterday.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 13.—The following cablegram has been received by the war department:

San Juan de Porto Rico, Oct. 12.

To the Secretary of War, Washington:

The United States commission has informed the Spanish commission that the United States expects to have complete possession of Porto Rico on October 18. The Spanish commission assent to this and say that it is expected that the evacuation will be complete on or before that day. If not, they will concede possession.

The United States commission has practically completed the details of the evacuation and the commissioners have held their last joint session and adjourned sine die. The United States troops will be placed in San Juan and the flag hoisted at noon October 18.

Brooke, Major General.

JOHN F. WILLIAMS

The Last Sad Rites Over His Remains

PERFORMED THIS AFTERNOON BY REV. MR. GREEN.

The Funeral was a Very Large One.

Funeral services over the remains of the residence, 21 South Canton street, and a quartet rendered several beautiful hymns. The remains reposed in a black broadcloth casket which was almost hidden beneath the floral tributes. At 1.30 o'clock, Rev. Mr. Green opened service and spoke of the life of the deceased, always working for the good of others and how at one time he almost gave up his life to aid those in danger. At the conclusion of the service, the procession to the carriages was formed, and in the line were delegations from William North lodge of Free Masons and Lowell Veteran Firemen's association, of both of which Mr. Williams was a member. Eastern Star Puritan Chapter of Odd Ladies was also represented and the school committee and truant commissioners attended in a body. Several members of the city government also attended. The mourners were first in line of procession and were followed by the delegations who were in turn followed by a large concourse of friends and relatives of the bereaved family. From the residence, the cortege moved down Westford street to the Worthen Street Baptist church, in which deceased worshipped for many years and accomplished much good among the Sunday school children. Rev. Bowley Green officiated at divine service here also, and was assisted by the church choir, whose rendition of the funeral selections was very impressive. Ushers were in attendance and the congregation which filled the church represented many faiths and beliefs. The casket was placed directly in front of the pulpit and again eloquent words were spoken over the remains. The preacher told of the beautiful though unpretentious life that had just closed; of the benefits the younger members as well as the adult attendants of the church derived from his interpretation of the meaning of the Word of God. The eulogy preached and the prayers said, the remains were again moved to the hearse by the bearers and the march to the Edson cemetery was made. At the grave, where the remains were consigned committal prayers were read by Rev. Bowley Green, and the William North lodge of Masons and the last sad rites were over. The residence on South Canton street was filled with a wealth of floral beauty during the time the body lay in state. Among the floral tributes were: Helmet, inscribed "L.V.F.A." from Lowell Vet. Firemen's association; mammoth standing wreath of pinks and roses on base of palms and violets. Lowell school committee; large wreath of ivy and pinks inscribed "32d Degree" on mound the design of which was the emblem of the order, from William North lodge, Free Masons; Maltese cross inscribed "O. E. S.," from Order of the Eastern Star; spray of pinks, roses and lilies, Ladies' Auxiliary of the Lowell Veteran Firemen's association; pillow, inscribed "Teacher" Sunday school pupils of deceased; a spray of pinks, Y.P.S.C.E. of the Worthen Street Baptist church; spray of pinks and roses, Y.P.S.C.E of the foregoing church; spray of lilies, Cyrus A. Durgin, principal of the Bartlett school; star, Miss Viola Wilson; Maltese cross, Mr and Mrs R. L. Stevens; bouquet, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gray; mammoth standing wreath and lilies, Hon. Charles D. Palmer; wreath of pinks, asters and violets, Walter Owen and Miss Abbie Owen; spray of pinks, Dover street primary school; a mammoth spray of chrysanthemums, teachers of the Highland school; spray Miss Fannie A. Thompson; closed book, Worthen Street Baptist Sunday school teachers. The truant commissioners sent an elegant design. It was a mammoth wreath and sickle resting on a bed of roses.

There was also a wreath from the Lincoln school and a spray of white roses from the Social club.

The bearers were Alvin Smith, Henry Hoole, James G Hill and Dr. J. M. Viles.

CHAPLAIN GUILTY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 13.—The navy department today made public the findings and sentence of the court martial in the case of Chaplain McIntyre. All the charges were founded upon the chaplain's criticisms of his superior officers in a lecture delivered in Denver. All the specifications were found proved as alleged, the accused was declared guilty under the three charges, and he was sentenced to be dismissed from the United States naval service. The case is now under review at the department.

NEXT MEETING PLACE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 13.—San Francisco has been definitely selected as the next meeting place of the Episcopal triennial convention.

Lost flesh lately?
Does your brain tire?
Losing control over your nerves?
Are your muscles becoming exhausted?
You certainly know the remedy. It is nothing new; just the same remedy that has been curing these cases of thinness and paleness for twenty-five years. Scott's Emulsion. The cod-liver oil in it is the food that makes the flesh, and the hypophosphites give tone to the nerves.

50c. and $1.00, all Druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

The Largest Stock and the Lowest Possible Prices.

How Can We Do It?

We've got the cash! We've got the goods, and we've got the people's confidence. Every dollar's worth of goods is bought under our closest scrutiny and for CASH on the NAIL.

That's why we can offer such values and show such an assortment.

New Suits.

New tailor-made Suits received every day from New York. Serge Suits at $5.75, $6.95 and $8.75. We always warrant the fitting.

We have just opened a beautiful line of fine Venetian Cloth high grade suits in all colors. Special price $14.75, regular price $20.00.

Jackets.

Black and blue Kersey Jackets, lined throughout with colored satin, $4.98, worth $7.50.

Kersey Jackets, with strap seams, a beauty in fit and finish, lined throughout, $6.75, worth $10.

Fur Jackets.

Seal and Electric Seal Jackets, made specially for us in the month of May, when the furriers were not busy. They are all lined with superior lining that is guaranteed. Prices $14.48, $17.50, $19.50, $21.50, $22.50, $24.50, $27.50, $29.50, $32.50, up to $60. Positively worth from $19.50 to $75.

Superior quality of Alaska Seal Jackets at $165.

New York Cloak and Suit Company.

No. 12 John Street.

Our Store Will Be Closed Tonight at 6 O'Clock.

HEROUX TAKEN

Alleged Assailant of Dr. Holt Under Arrest.

HAD JUST RETURNED FROM A TRIP TO SCOTLAND.

Harness Stolen at Woburn Last Night.

Louis Perry, alias John Heroux, aged 34 years, with a residence any place, was arrested by the police this forenoon, on the charge of assault with a knife upon Dr. Holt on Kirk street on the night of August 2nd. Immediately after the alleged assault Heroux jumped out of town and went to Scotland. He had just returned here when he was arrested.

DEPOT ENTERED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Haverhill, Mass., Oct. 13.—The Boston & Maine depot at Georgetown was entered by burglars last night and a new safe wrecked and $28 in cash stolen. Three explosions were required to clear the safe, the latter awakening Officer Buckley, who lives near. He opened a window and spoke and two shots were fired at him. Then he dressed and came out with a shot gun but the men had gone.

The office of the Haverhill, Georgetown & Danvers street railway company in Georgetown, was also entered but nothing was taken.

MAYOR FOSTER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Waterville, Me., Oct. 13.—Hon. Reuben Foster, ex-president of the senate, speaker of the house of representatives and Mayor of Waterville died at his late residence on Park street at about 11 o'clock Wednesday night.

SICK SOLDIERS.

Sergt. Charles Lang of Wigglesville has been taken to St. John's hospital suffering from malaria. Wm. Haigh and Leslie Grant also are new arrivals there.

HIDDEN TREASURE

Located by Frank Burkhart in a City Dump.

SOME VERY RICH ORE WAS LOCATED.

It May be Worth About $110,000.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Leadville, Col., Oct. 13.—While kicking about some dirt at the city dump, Frank Burkhart unearthed a cave in which he found some very rich earth exposed. The officers were at once notified and upon investigation found a cache from which they extracted fifty sacks of gold and silver ore. The stuff had evidently been hidden away during the last ten days and had been stolen from different mines. The ore will probably prove to be worth about $110,000.

WEST POINTER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Kansas City, Oct. 13.—Frank R. Mason, a graduate of West Point, pleaded guilty of burglary in the criminal court and has been sentenced to serve ten years in the penitentiary. He is 46 years old and was arrested for stealing a watch and chain from the home of a local physician.

PEACE COMMISSION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 13.—The American Peace commissioners held their usual session of three hours' duration today. They will assemble against at five o'clock this afternoon.

TO AN ACTRESS.

HOWARD GOULD UNITED TO MISS CLEMMONS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Oct. 13.—Miss Viola Kathryn Clemmons, the actress, was married at the Holland House, at 8.30 o'clock last evening to Howard Gould, son of the late Jay Gould, and brother of Geo. J. Gould. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Wilton Merle Smith.

MINERS' BATTLE

Sheriff Davenport Fell Down a Banking

AND IS NOW CONFINED TO HIS BED,

Says He was Not Warned of the Trouble.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Virden, Ill., Oct. 13—Adjutant Gen. J. N. Reese, came from Springfield with the militia last night. He said that when the guard at the stockade had dodged into the entrance at the militia's order of "Hands up," a revolver shot was fired from the darkness and Preston fell mortally wounded. Gen. Rees said the militia did not fire a shot and Preston was killed with a revolver by some one unknown.

SHERIFF OVERCOME.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Carlinville, Ill., Oct. 13—Sheriff Davenport is home in bed, the result of worry and exposure over the Virden trouble. During the fight he fell down an embankment and crippled himself. In an interview he stated that Operator Lukens had not apprised him of the arrival of the negroes and consequently he was unprepared for serious trouble. He had but two deputies, his brother, Basil, and W. C. Lally of Shipman. He had refused to swear in the Chicago ex-policemen as deputies under instructions from Attorney General Akin, who had informed him he could not legally do so. The sheriff says that during the battle the miners' wives were more belligerent than the men.

ST. LOUIS BROWNS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 13.—In the case of the Mississippi Valley company vs. the Sportsmen's Park and club(the St. Louis 'Browns), a motion will be filed in the circuit court today asking to have vacated and set aside the order appointing a receiver for the latter.

ORDER ISSUED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 13—A formal order for the troops to embark on the transport Senator has been issued. It designates the Third Battalion of the 23rd Infantry, the recruits of the second Oregon regiment, 100 men and two officers of Battery D, California Heavy Artillery; Second Lieutenant W. C. Cannon of the Volunteer Signal Corps; Assistant Surgeons Judd, Bartlett, and Bruce Foulke, and seven men of the hospital corps, making in all 755 men and officers that will sail on the transport. The guard of the Senator was detailed from the 23rd Infantry.

CHIEFS CAPTURED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 13.—A despatch received this morning from St. Louis, Senegambia, confirms the reported capture of Chief Samory, all his family and his chiefs. Lieut. Jacquin personally pursued and seized Samory. This victory concludes the extended French operations against this chief.

From Yesterday's Late Editions.

WAS FOUND DEAD

Old Aaron Howe Died Very Suddenly.

WAS BETTER KNOWN AS THE "APPLE MAN."

Death was Due to Heart Disease.

Aaron Parker Howe, the old "apple man," who is known to almost every professional and business man in the city, was found dead this morning at his home, 36 Eliot street. He was years old and for many years past has paid daily visits to the various offices and stores down town and sold apples to the proprietors and clerks. He was a very familiar figure on the streets. Last night he retired in good health but he failed to appear for breakfast or dinner today. Mrs. Lea Bromley, in whose house he had a room, went to see what the matter was and found him dead in bed.

Death was probably due to heart disease. He has relatives living in Bradford, Haverhill and Messer's Crossing, N. H.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

FESTIVE GATHERING

To Greet Very Rev. Lefevre, Oblate Provincial.

Large Delegation of Church Societies Meet Him at the Banquet Board—Long List of Speakers, Mostly French.

Very Rev. Joseph Lefevre, O.M.I., the newly appointed provincial of the Oblate order in the United States, was tendered a reception and banquet under the auspices of L'Association Catholique, last evening at Associate Hall all the French societies and a total gathering of 450 welcoming the new provincial to Lowell.

The pleasant affair was a grand success and much credit is due to the following committee: N. Choquette, T. J. Goyette, Charles Geroux, Dr. P. Brunelle, J A Choquette, Adelard Guimond, J. J. Bourget, W. J. Alexander, Joseph Lambert, J. B Martin, Jesse Alexander, and A. Bonin.

Pease's orchestra furnished a pleasing program of instrumental music and a delightful feature of the evening was the singing of a choir of 100 boys and girls from the parochial schools under the direction of Rev. Bro. Chryseuil. The children are possessed of beautiful voices which have been finely trained by their teachers, and through the talented supervision of Bro. Chryseuil they form one of the finest juvenile choruses in the state.

The societies represented were as follows: Saint Anne; Notre Dame; Le Tiers Ordere Notre Dame de Bon Secours; Le Cercle d'Youville; Societe St. Jean Baptiste; L'Union St. Joseph; Corporation St. Andre; L'Association Catholique; Le Cercle Garlic; Club des Voyens Americains; Club de Pawtucketville; Les Foresters Catholiques; Les Artisans Canadiens-Francais; Le Choeur Rossini.

The reception committee was as follows: E. H. Choquette, president; T. J. Goyette, Charles Geroux; Dr. P. Brunelle, J. A. Choquette, Adelard Guimond, J. J. Bourget, W. J. Alexander, Joseph Lambert, Jean B. Martin, Jesse Alexander.

Among the guests present were: Very Rev Joseph Lefebvre, provincial; Rev. Joseph Manguin, O.M.I. superior O.M.I; Hon. J. W. Bennett and wife; M. l'Abbe Caisse of Marlboro; Rev. Fr. Joyce, O.M.I.; W. H. L. Hayes; Rev Fr. Gagnon, O.M.I; Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Farley, Mr and Mrs. J. H. Gulliet; Mr and Mrs. Arthur Beaucage; Rev. Fr. Godouin, O.M.I., Salem; Mr. and Mrs. Aime Gauthier; Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Daoust; Rev. Frs. Fournier, O.M.I., Marion, O.M.I., Campeau, O.M.I., Lamothe, O.M.I., Sirois, O.M.I., Amyot, O.M.I., and Pitois, O.M.I. Thomas J. Goyette, Rev. W. Alexander of Holyoke, Rev. M. Rainville of Brockton, Rev. Bro. Chryseuil, Rev. M. Caisse, St. Stanislaus, Can.; Rev. Fr. Levesque, Lynn; Rev. Fr. Blaud, Central Falls, R. I.; D. J. Murphy, Miss Murphy and others.

The feast over, Mr. T. J. Goyette opened the post prandial exercises in an eloquent "Bienvenue" to Rev. Fr. Lefebvre, O.M.I., the mention of the name of the reverend provincial calling forth loud applause.

Mr. Goyette also spoke in English, welcoming the beloved provincial and superior. A toast was drunk to the health of Rev. Fr. Lefebvre and he arose amid great applause to answer to the toast to his honor. Rev. Fr. Lefebvre made a beautiful address in French, his remarks being frequently interrupted by his enthusiastic audience who applauded him to the echo, showing unmistakably the great esteem in which he is held by the Catholics of Lowell.

Rev. Fr. Lefebvre was followed by the new superior, Rev. Fr. Manguin, O.M.I., who also spoke in French, after which the choir rendered a very acceptable selection.

Mr. Goyette then introduced as toastmaster of the evening Arthur Beaucage who responded in French and introduced Rev. Fr. Guillard, the ex-provincial of the order. Rev. Fr. Guillard addressed the audience in French.

He was followed by Mayor Bennett, at whose appearance the band played "The Star Spangled Banner." Mayor Bennett read a very nice speech, as usual.

"America" was sung at the conclusion of Mayor Bennett's remarks, the audience joining in one grand chorus.

Rev. J. C. Caisse of Marlboro responded to the toast of "Les Oblats" speaking in French, his remarks being frequently interrupted with applause.

At the conclusion of the speaker's remarks the choir sang a very tuneful potpourri of French-Canadian airs which brought forth great applause.

Rep. Hayes responding to the toast, "The State of Massachusetts," referred to the Rev. Fr. Lefevre as one who does honor, not only to those of his own faith but to citizens of the commonwealth of every faith, and of the French-American citizens, he said they are an honor to any community.

Rev. Fr. Joyce, O.M.I., responded in English to the toast, "The Clergy" He said that brevity was the soul of wit, and he proposed to be brief He had his address all prepared, he said, but if the audience wished to hear it, they must come to the Immaculate Conception church. "The doors of that church are always open to you and we all speak French. I have always loved the French-American people. Rev. Fr. Lefevre, so he says, spent several of the happiest years of his life at the Immaculate Conception church, and I believe if he had his way, would be living at the Immaculate Conception church now.

"If energy and zeal can accomplish much, Fr. Lefevre is the right man in the right place."

Rev. Fr. Perron, O.M.I, responded to the toast, in French In responding to the toast, "The Societies," J H. Gulliet, Esq., spoke on the growth and progress of the French societies, while Philip J. Farley, Esq., responded in English.

The festivities concluded shortly after midnight.

STATE HIRELINGS

Enter Houses in New York City

TO DEPRIVE CITIZENS OF THE FRANCHISE.

Most Disgraceful Tactics Ever Adopted.

There has never been such a bold and outrageous attempt to deprive citizens of the right to vote as that which is being carried out at the present time in the city of New York by a horde of hireling authorized by the state to enter homes of the people and take the names of the inmates in order to debar from voting all who do not happen to be in when the deputies make their visit.

The law under which the state superintendent of elections for the Metropolitan district, was created, is seen today, if never before, to be a most cleverly conceived scheme to deprive of his vote the poor man, whose limited means and intermittent work require a residence in a cheap lodging house.

McCullagh's emissaries began work last Saturday night. As a result it is already evident that at least 200,000 workingmen will be frightened away from the polls.

There are three hundred lodging houses in New York. The man who lives in the ten and twenty-five cent lodging houses is not a trump. He is a man whose income is so limited that he cannot afford to take an expensive room or whose work is so variable that he cannot take a fixed habitation, not knowing where his employment will carry him next day.

Lodging houses with few exceptions, register their guests each day to avoid unnecessary bookkeeping. A majority of their lodgers are permanent patrons, save when their work occasionally calls them out of the city.

The machinery which Supt. McCullagh set to work Saturday night indicates how the screws are to be brought to bear to frighten the lodging house resident from the polls.

McCULLAGH'S MEN IN CONTROL.

At 11 o'clock two of McCullagh's deputies took possession of each lodging house in the city. A copy of the register was taken and each name recorded until the clock struck midnight. Saturday was the last day on which a voter could claim a thirty days' residence preceding election in an election district.

The deputies refused to take the name of a single man who came in after 12 o'clock.

Saturday night is the recreation night of the workingman. He has drawn his pay and likes to spend some of it enjoyment. A great percentage of the men do not come in until after midnight. They may have been registering every day in the same house for years. But if they returned home one minute after midnight they were booked by Superintendent McCullagh for jail if they attempted to register a vote.

McCullagh's deputies did move their negative work. Shortly after midnight in all houses where the night clerks did not have the grit to defy them, they went through the rooms, pulled the lodgers out of bed inquired their names and pretended to take down their descriptions. They had their hands full in some houses.

At the Alabama, No. 221 Bowery, they got Manager Frank Slattery out of bed, and demanded that he produce every man on the register. Slattery refused to awaken his guests. They then went through the house, pounding at doors and demanding that the doors be unlocked. Some guests swore and others laughed at the ruffian deputies. Then they procured a ladder and peeped over transoms to see whether there was any one in the rooms, they said. About twenty guests came in after midnight, every one a permanent lodger.

"This thing is absurd and unjust," said Manager Slattery last night. "There are two hundred men who receive their mail here, whether in or out of town. The twenty men who registered after midnight on Saturday dare not vote. About one hundred other men who were absent from town on Saturday night will hardly dare to vote, unless somebody stiffens their backbone.

EFFORT IS TO SCARE MEN AWAY.

"This wholesale intimidation of voters," continued the manager of the lodging house, "is a disgrace to New York. I believe there will be 3500 men scared away from the polls by McCullagh's men."

Scenes similar to those at the Alabama were repeated at the Grand Windsor and Chatham Square, where forty men registered after midnight. The deputies could not get into the rooms, and practiced the same stepladder act as at the Alabama.

Complaints of outrageous treatment made their way into police headquarters yesterday. Chief Devery called attention particularly to the Arcade at No. 317 Bowery, where twenty-four men who came in after midnight Saturday could not vote and at the Olive Tree Inn, at No. 342 East Twenty-Third street, where over three hundred men were obliged to submit to a personal examination in their rooms far into the morning. The same high handed treatment occurred at every lodging house in the city. A close estimate revealed yesterday that at least 5000 men registered at lodging houses after midnight on Saturday who were entitled to vote, and that at least 15,000 men registered at lodging houses who were entitled to vote and that at least 16,000 men who consider the lodging house their residence, were absent from their homes on Saturday.

Supt. McCullagh has still another scheme to debar more votes. The lodging houses must daily report to him the name of each lodger, birthplace, residence, including state, county and city, street number; color, age, height, weight peculiarities of form, visible marks on face, including beard, scars, etc, monthly, weekly or daily lodging and whether he occupies a bed. Thousands will not be at their homes every day until election. Their votes will also be challenged.

McCullagh's deputies yesterday also began a tour of the Raines law hotels, but the method of intimidation to be used there did not develop.

Chief of Police Devery has discovered that McCullagh and his men are violating the law by wearing a similar badge and using a club togged the same as those used by the police and has asked the board to let him arrest the deputy state superintendent of elections and perhaps McCullagh himself. The board considered the matter yesterday and will render a decision today. Police Commissioner Abell indicated that the board would approve Devery's contention by stating that McCullagh's men had no right to wear such badges. Chief Devery said yesterday:

"McCullagh has had made for the deputies a badge patterned after the one used by the roundsmen and ward and Central Office detectives. At a distance of a few feet you cannot tell them apart. Section 339 of the charter makes it a misdemeanor for such an act.

"McCullagh knows he violated the law He is bigoted and narrow. He designed the badges to use by the police and copied them for purposes unknown to me with evident intention."

In reply to Chief Devery, Supt. McCullagh said: "Devery is now on record I am not. If Chief Devery wants to arrest my men, let him go ahead. I don't want to criticize any act of Chief Devery. Let him do his duty and I'll do mine."

GET FLESH.

Get Strength, Vigor, Clear Complexion and Good Digestion, Not by Patent Medicine, But in Nature's Own Way.

Any honest physician will tell you that there is but one way to get increased flesh; all the patent medicines and cod liver oils to the contrary, notwithstanding.

Nature has but one way to increase flesh, strength, and vigor, mind and body, and that is through the stomach by wholesome food, well digested. There is no reason or common sense in other methods whatever.

People are thin, run down, nervous, pale and shaky in their nerves simply because their stomachs are weak.

They may not think they have dyspepsia, but the fact remains that they do not eat enough food, or what they eat is not quickly and properly digested, as it should be.

Dr. Harlandson says the reason is because the stomach lacks certain digestive acids and peptones and deficient secretion of gastric juice.

Nature's remedy in such cases is to supply what the weak stomach lacks. There are several good preparations which will do this but none so readily as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which are designed especially for all stomach troubles and which cure all digestive weakness on the common sense plan of furnishing the digestive principles which the stomach lacks.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets give perfect digestion. First effect is to increase the appetite and increased vigor added flesh, pure blood and strength of nerve and muscle is the perfectly natural result.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the safest tonic known and will cure any form of stomach trouble except cancer of the stomach. May be found at the druggists at 50 cents for full sized package or direct by mail from Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

BOOMING

The enthusiasm increases. The selling increases. As this sale grows in age so does it grow in proportions. All judges of good values are highly interested. Our great Suit and Overcoat departments are overflowing with bargains. Every garment was designed especially for this season's wear, and made to sell at about one-third more than the prices we are selling them at. At no time in our long business career have we felt more justified in saying come to our friends and customers than now.

All Wool Suits $4.98.

Regular price is $8 and worth it. New, stylish and well made suits.

Fancy Worsted Suits $8.50.

Sold everywhere for at least $3 and $1 more. Every one finely tailored and up-to-date style. They're trade winners.

Undressed Worsted $8.00.

Every fibre pure worsted. The equal of these suits cannot be bought outside this store for less than $12.

Come in and see our matchless line of Suits from $5 to $20. If we can't save you from 20 to 30 per cent. on every one of your purchases, here's your money back. We're not afraid of this "money back" proposition—if we're not, you needn't be. It's all your way. Now isn't that a fair business proposition?

Lowell One-Price Clothing Co.

72-86 MERRIMACK STREET.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

A DEMONSTRATION OF

MADAM THOMPSON'S CURLING PINS

FOR WAVING AND CURLING THE HAIR,

Is now going on in charge of an expert Demonstrator on Small Ware Counter. Only one pin is required to wave or curl the hair and insures the most beautiful curl or wave without rusting or discoloring the most delicate blonde or white. Try one set, you will never try others, 25c. PER SET OF 3.

AN ADVANCE DISCOUNT CASH SALE OF

FINE FUR GARMENTS

Consisting of Electric and Alaska Seal Jackets, Persian Lamb Jackets, Astrachan Jackets, Krimmer Jackets.

Collarettes and Capes in every conceivable fur and style. We carry a full line of sizes in Jackets and will take orders and make Fur Garments on special measurements at prices of regular Stock Garments.

Electric Coats, $13.50, $17.50, $21.50 and upwards. Olaska Seal Coats, $125 and upwards. Astrachan Coats, $21 and upwards. Persian Lamb Coats, $85 and upwards.

If you are thinking of having a fur garment any time this winter it will pay you to inspect our stock at once.

FREE TEA FOR ONE WEEK.

Our Mocha and Java blend gave so much satisfaction to the purchaser, so much gratification by its genuine success and big sale, that we gladly renew the offer for one week. Until closing hour Saturday night, we will give free of charge one-half pound of best 50c. Tea with every pound of best 35c. Mocha or Java Coffee.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

shortness of breath—a sensation of dryness and heat in the throat. Neglect is dangerous.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar acts like a charm on the throat and bronchial tubes. Use it before it's too late. Sold by druggists.

FUNERALS.

LOGUE—The funeral of Miss Mary A. Logue, who died on last Tuesday morning, took place on Thursday at 2 o'clock from the home of her parents in Collinsville and was largely attended. Many friends sent beautiful floral pieces, among which were a broken crescent and sickle, inscribed, "Mary, from her room mates"; a basket of flowers from P. Kiernan and family of Lowell; a pillow inscribed "Mary," from the family; basket of flowers from Mrs. Andrew McManus; spray of pinks from Misses Maggie and Katie Colbeck; spray of pinks from Miss Sarah Martin; bouquet from Mrs. Cullinan; bouquet from Mrs. Kemps.

Miss Logue was a very estimable young lady and will be sadly mourned by a large circle of friends. The parents have the sincere sympathy of all in their bereavement, for by the death of their daughter they lost a kind and dutiful child and a loving sister. The bearers were William Kiernan of Lowell; Hugh McManus, John Connelly, John Perdon, Jr.

WESCOTT—The funeral of the late Mrs. Eliza Wescott was held yesterday afternoon from her late residence, 10 Lawson street at 2 o'clock. Rev. J. W. Higgins officiated and the bearers were the Messrs. Wilson, Burgess and Scott. Burial was in the Edson cemetery.

DAVIS—Anabel Davis, aged 81 years, died at his home, 237 Church street, yesterday afternoon Mr. Davis was one of Lowell's oldest citizens, having resided here for more than half a century. He is survived by a widow, one daughter, Mrs. Florence Burtt and three grandchildren, Carl D. Burtt, Paul R. Burtt and Emery P. Hosmer of the naval school at Newport, R. I.

McCARTHY—The funeral of John, son of William and Mary McCarthy, was held this afternoon at 4 o'clock from the home of his parents, 8 Garnet street. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

COME OVER AND LEAVE COAL

Your Order With

WM. E. LIVINGSTON

15 Thorndike Street.

WHERE THERS OFTEN WOOD DEAL

To realize the heat in coal, buy some of W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike St.

BEAUTY IS ONLY SKIN DEEP.

But a beautiful skin cannot exist unless the blood be pure. Every woman can bring to her cheeks the rosy and delicate hues of youth by taking Cleveland's Celery Compound Tea, which cleanses the blood imperceptibly but effectually of all impurities, banishing pimples, eruptions, itch, boils, carbuncles, and sallow color. Call on F. H. Butler & Co., 255 Central street and 391 Middlesex street and get a trial package free. Large package, 25 cents.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.

Dr. Williams' Med. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Expenses of Living Must Be Kept Down

We will help you. To commence with, we quote you a few prices which cannot help to draw you to our store. For 25c, you can buy

2 lbs. Round Steak, or
4 qts. Cranberries.
4 Glasses Mustard.
20 lbs. Sweet Potatoes.
Half Bushel Beets.
Half Bushel Turnips.
3 lbs. Frankfurts.
3 lbs. Sausages.
3 lbs Bologna.
Best Sirloin Steak 15c. to 20c. lb.
Roast Beef from 5c. to 12c. lb. Leg Lamb 12c. lb.

Central Cash Market, Cor. Central Charles Sts.

Chris Holmes' Specialty Cloak and Fur Store

124 and 126 Merrimack Street.

OUR OCTOBER SALE

Wrappers

10 dozen Fall Wrappers, dark prints, warranted fast color, made to sell for $1.

Sale Price 49c.

10 dozen Flannelette Wrappers, braid trimmed, worth $1.25,

Sale Price 79c.

Eiderdown Dressing Sacques
75c., 98c., $1.25 to $2.50.

Kersey Beaver Capes
$2.98, $3.98 to $15.

Astrachan Capes
$12.50, $17.50 and $25.

1000 Misses' Jackets, $2.98 to $17.50. Furs made over. Lowest prices.

Boucle Capes
Black Thibet Trimmings.
$4.98, $7.50 and $10.

Children's Cloaks

2, 3, 4, and 5 years sizes, 98c., $1.98, to $3.75.

Children's Cloaks, 4 to 14 years sizes $1.98 to $10.

Dress Skirts

100 Figured Brilliantine Skirts, velvet bound, perfect hanging, worth $2, this sale $1.18

50 Serge Skirts, best make, worth $5, sale price, $2.98.

50 Dewey Satin Flounce Skirts, worth $8.75, sale price, $1.98.

20 Black Figured Silk Skirts, worth $6, sale price, $3.98. All our better skirts at bargain prices.

Children's Dresses

1 piece plaid dresses 4 to 14 sizes, 98c. to $2.49.

Tailor-Made Suits

250 new ones to select from $2.50 to $35. All the newest effects.

Odd lot of 10 Tailor made Suits, cost from $5 to $10, while they last, $1 each.

Mackintoshes, $2.98 to $10

Electric Seal Jackets
$17.50, $25, $35.50, $45, $65.00,

Made by the best furrier in the country warranted for two years.

WAISTS

For a leader we have secured the best possible values in black and colored plain taffetas—broad stripe and new plaid designs. Also black and colored satins—all made in the latest tucked and plain effects, $5.

Plaid Waists, in plain yoke effects, 98c. and $1.49.

Braided Flannel Waists, $1.49, $1.39, $2.25, $2.75, $2.98.

Flannel Waists in solid colors, $1.50, $1.75, and $2.25.

Collarettes

Coney Collarettes, $1.98.
Electric Collarettes, $1.19.
Combination Collarettes, $2.98.
Fancy Combination Collarettes, $3.98.
500 New Collarettes from $5 to $35.

OUR SPECIALTY IN

FURS

For this week is Electric, Astrachan and Canadian Seal Coats.

Having placed our orders very early in the season for the above goods, we were not only successful in getting a very choice lot, but at prices very much below the value of such goods today, and as we believe in quick sales and small profits, we have decided to place these garments before the public at such unheard-of prices as to at once clear out the entire lot. These coats must be seen to be appreciated fully. They are as follows:

Canada Seal, latest style, box front, large full collar, 26 inches long, all sizes, fully worth $25, $17.50.

Extra Canada Seal, with an extra lining, a fine garment in every way, the same as sold last year at $30.50, $21.75.

Electric Seal, 26 inches long, large full collar, a very handsome garment, cheap at $50.00, $30.75.

Black Astrachan, in the prevailing styles, made from whole skins, and lined with a good quality of satin, a good $15 garment, at the extremely low figure of $9.50.

Golf Capes

Of foreign and domestic materials in plain cloth and plaid back shawl effects,

$5, $8.75, $10.98 and $15.

The most practical garment in the market.

Braided Capes

Fur trimmed of all wool kersey, made in good length, with storm collar, lined throughout with satin rhadame, an excellent value

$13.50.

FIFTY DOZEN

New Petticoats

In Flannel 45c., in satine 75c., and $1.25, in moreen $1.98, to $4.98, in silk, $4.98 to $10.

Children's Fall Weight Reefers

4 to 14 sizes at 98c., $1.49, and $1.98, marked down from $2.50 and $3.

Black Kersey Cape

Lined throughout with extra quality rhadame, full skunk opossum collar, edge of same down fronts, also come with astrachan trimming, $13.50.

Cashmere Tea Gowns in all the popular colorings, trimmed with narrow black braid, pinked back, finished with strap,

$4.98 to $10.00.

SOMETHING INTERESTING.

If you are in need of a SMALL range for a SMALL amount of money, we have one, and it only costs

$12.00.

IRON BED, with Brass Trimmings, and All-Iron Spring, only

$6.00.

These goods are worth more money, but $6.00 will buy them.

REMEMBER

The Grand Prize Range is the range to buy. It has more practical improvements than any other range made. Sold only by

GAYNOR & CO.

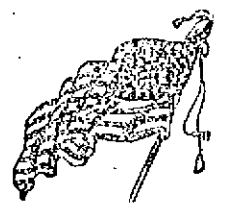
35 Prescott Street.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month.

ANY TWO

The Sun has a larger circulation than any two papers published in Lowell. It is the best and cheapest advertising medium in the city.
The real cost of advertising is not the price per inch, but the price per inch per thousand papers.

See The Point?



The democratic county conventions endorsed the republican ticket. The democrats should not go to the trouble of appointing delegates or holding a convention if they persist in endorsing republican candidates.

The Manchester Union justly applauds the action of the board of fire engineers of that city in driving politics out of the department. It is right that a fireman should exercise his political rights as well as any other citizen; but when cliques and committees are formed by political discussions it is but right that such discussions should be prohibited. The board of engineers acts wholly within its province in insisting that the firemen shall give their time and attention to their duties rather than to politics.

Col. Bryan's regiment is to be placed in the second division of General Lee's corps, re-organized for winter garrison duty in Cuba. While Mark Hanna can keep Col. Bryan, President McKinley's opponent, in Cuba, there is slight chance of that officer's return home to Nebraska. The administration did not send Bryan to the Philippines as at first intended, but now they are sending him to Cuba which is more unhealthy and we have no doubt that their earnest wish is that he may fall a victim to disease and thus save them the alarms of another such campaign as that waged by William J. Bryan in 1896. But Bryan is every inch a man, a soldier and a patriot, and the men who could not meet him in 1896 cannot kill him in 1898 unless they conspire to shoot him, which is more than a number of cowards would dare attempt.

REPUBLICAN BLUFF

It is incumbent upon the democrats of this state to unite their forces in support of the state ticket so as to show that they are not content to remain in perpetual abeyance to the republican party that has gerrymandered the state in one shape or another until half the democrats have been practically disfranchised. It is the policy of the republicans in times of local depression to ghost over national issues and now they make bombastic speeches on the war, on the terrible volume of trade we are to have from the Philippines and the islands taken from Spain. But this is the merest speculation. ...We have not taken the Philippines; there is no certainty of our taking or holding them; yet the republican office seekers are as ready to delude the people by such clap trap as they were by promising prosperity as a result of President McKinley's election.

NEW YORK CAMPAIGN.

Dick Croker says he can see no possibility of Van Wyck's defeat in the contest for governor of New York, while Tom Platt expresses equal confidence of Roosevelt's election. But Platt is a discredited boss and Croker rides on the wave of success. The republicans base their hopes on the majority of over a quarter of a million which the state gave McKinley in 1896, forgetting that in 1897, Alton B. Parker, democrat, was chosen chief justice of the court of appeals by a plurality of 60,000. Furthermore, the defeat of Seth Low in Greater New York shows a turn of the tide, while recent events, among them the popular indignation over the ill treatment of the soldiers, the business depression, and the operation of the Dingley tariff act will bring the democrats back to their allegiance. New York state is democratic by a large majority on a straight party vote. In addition to the causes mentioned, the Rooseveltians will be opposed by the opponents of the Raines law, as well as the citizens who condemn tax dodging. The Van Wycks are destined to rule New York, city and state.

MORTALITY OF THE WAR.

It will be rather a difficult task for the whitewashing commission to turn aside the stubborn fact that in the war with Spain only 345 men were killed in battle while 2565 died of disease, making a total mortality of 2910. Yet in spite of this vast sacrifice of life, by mismanagement and ill treatment, Secretary Alger and the leaders of the republican party gloat over the victory, "the glorious results" and the "slight loss of life." Of the 275,000 troops called to the service, only 54,000 went to war, but those who remained at home suffered even more severely from disease than did those in active warfare from the fire of the enemy. In the civil war, two soldiers died of disease to every one killed in battle but in the Hispano-American war, seven men died of disease to every one who was killed otherwise. This is something that the commission can never explain otherwise than by admitting the grossest mismanagement of the department.

If the sum of $500 is to be spent in honoring the Sixth, the soldiers of Co. M. should be invited to share the honor as they saw as much fighting as did the members of the Sixth. All have earned the gratitude of the city for their noble sacrifices and all should be equally honored.

SOLDIERS' RECEPTION.

ARRANGED FOR BY CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the joint special committee appointed under the order entitled, "Joint order for the appointment of a special committee to arrange reception to soldiers," was held at city hall yesterday afternoon. All the members were present, Councilman Smith in the Chair. Councilman Roark was chosen secretary.

An order introduced by Alderman Pelree relating to the employment of veteran soldiers and sailors and the widow of a deceased sailor was laid on the table.

On motion of Councilman Roark, President Taylor of the common council was added to the committee.

On motion of Councilman Smith it was voted to recommend an appropriation of $150 to pay the expenses of the return of the soldiers and sailors who left the city to serve in the late war.

Adjourned.

O'CONNELL TESTIFIES.

Bernard D. O'Connell was taken from the Lowell jail to the police court yesterday afternoon as a witness in the case of Sullivan vs. McManus.

In this case the plaintiff alleged that a horse was taken from him some time ago by Constable McManus on a judgment for a debt owed by Mr. Sullivan. Constable McManus then sold the horse to C. F. Keyes, the auctioneer, for a sum the plaintiff alleged, that was larger than the debt and constable's share for services amounted to, but the balance was never paid the plaintiff.

Mr. Sullivan sued to recover the difference and at the first trial Mr. O'Connell appeared as his counsel, but when he was sentenced Mr. Courtney was assigned as counsel for the plaintiff and Mr. O'Connell was summoned as a witness.

The case was tried before Judge Hadley and he gave a verdict for the plaintiff. Constable McManus appealed.

FREE EXHIBITION.

If there is anything brings joy to a lady's heart, it is to have a chance to revel in a display of needle work and the most extravagant display ever seen in this city, is at C. I. W. Maynard & Co's, 242 Merrimack street. The display consists of sofa pillows, scarfs, table covers, dolies, handkerchiefs, toilet setsf in an almost endless variety. But the most beautiful piece of embroidery was a box of strawberries, the whole being so natural as real fruit. Words cannot describe it and it should be seen to be appreciated.

There is a hand made center piece for a table made of thread. The goods were made in Mexican convents and are marvels of beauty and should be seen by all the ladies. The exhibition continues the rest of the week. The prevailing fads are the styles of our grandmothers' days.

EVENING HIGH SCHOOL.

The special examination for admission to the stenography and typewriting department of the Evening High school was taken by about 100 people last night, a large increase over former years. Examinations will also be taken for the same studies this evening at room 8.

TALKED OF ART.

Mr. Vesper L. George, principal of the art department of the Lowell Textile school, spoke on art yesterday afternoon to the Middlesex Women's club at the Textile school hall.

ALLAN LINE
NEW YORK and GLASGOW
Via Londonderry.
From company's Pier, West 21st St., New York.
State of Nebraska, Friday, Sept. 30, at 11 a. m.
Mongolian, Friday, Oct. 14, at 2 p. m.
State of Nebraska, Friday, Oct. 28, at 3 p. m.
Mongolian, Friday, November 11, at 1 p. m.
First Cabin, $47.50 to $60 single, $90 to $111 return. Second Cabin, $30.50 round trip $55.75. Steerage, $23.50 prepaid, $24.00.
Glasgow and Boston, Via Londonderry and Galway. Second Cabin, $30 00; Steerage, $23.00.
For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers, or other information, apply to H. & A. Allan, 77 State Street, Boston, or
Dennis Murphy, 13 Appleton St.

MONEY BRINGS COMFORT
but you must know how to spend it. Get Dows' Headache Powders—3 for only 10c.—and you get head comfort. Instant relief. Never fails. 359 Central St.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

THEY'RE MIGHTY BOLD.

Those Bankers Who Are Still Out of Jail Think They Own the Earth.

The bankers say that it is dangerous to issue greenbacks, but that bonds will always be good because the credit of the government is behind them. Is not the credit of the government behind the greenbacks also? Is there any difference between the two except that one bears interest and the other doesn't? If congress had issued $200,000,000 of greenbacks instead of bonds, we would have saved $6,000,000 a year interest for years and years to come, and so much increase in money that always circulates among the people would have raised the price of all the farmers' products. But the bankers would not have it that way, and what the bankers say goes every time with the Republican party. H. H. Hanna, the president of the executive committee of the Indianapolis monetary convention, says there will be no permanent prosperity until the present greenbacks are destroyed and recommends that money be issued by the banks to take their place and that said extra money be issued on the credit of the banks instead of the credit of the government.

Here are two interesting statements. First, prosperity has not yet come and the politicians have been lying to us; second, money issued without security by national bankers like Charles Mosher is better than that issued by 75,000,000 of people, most of whom are honest. These bankers are getting mighty bold. They think they own the earth and the fullness thereof. They know they own McKinley and the Republican party. How soon will the people awaken to the enormities of the present banking system? How long will they allow their dishonest servants to issue unnecessary bonds for them and their children to pay? How long will they continue to vote all the wealth of this country into the hands of their oppressors?

In 1860 8,000,000 of black slaves were working without wages for 100,000 slave owners. Today 70,000,000 of white slaves are working night and day to enrich 30,000 millionaires. The blamed foolishness of the people seems to increase in proportion to the increase of population.—Omaha Nonconformist.

Hurrah For Us!

The war which was undertaken in the name of justice and on behalf of humanity for the Cubans is coming rapidly to be seen as a conquest for commercial gain and nothing more. We are now told by Mr. F. B. Thurber, president of the United States Export association, that "production has outrun consumption," and therefore additional markets must be found for American products. The opportunity of American capitalists comes now with the close of the war and must not be thrown away, and so Mr. Thurber proposes that such territory as has fallen into our lap as a result of the "war for justice and humanity" shall be retained.

"Production has outrun consumption." We have in the United States 70,000,000 of people, all well housed, well clothed and well fed.

Seventy millions of people wanting nothing and all prosperous!

Seventy millions of people with unrestricted access to the means of life!

Seventy millions provided with every comfort and every luxury known to our higher civilization!

There is a plethora of riches in every home. There isn't a loose bellyband in the land!

There is no want anywhere and no fear of want!

Never in the whole course of history have any people been so universally well supplied with everything that makes life worth living!

Nobody is poor! Everybody is rich!

"Production has outrun consumption!"

Hurrah for us!—Social Democratic Herald.

Bacon on Money.

Following is what Lord Bacon wrote about usury:

"The discommodities of usury are, first, it makes fewer merchants; for were it not for this lazy trade of usury, money would not lie still, but would in great part be employed upon merchandising, which is the true vena porta of wealth in a state; the second, that it makes poor merchants; for as a farmer cannot husband his ground so well if he sit at a great rent, so the merchant cannot drive his trade so well if he sit at a great usury; the third is the decay of customs of kings, or states, which ebb or flow with merchandising; the fourth, that it bringeth the treasure of a realm or state into the hands of the few; for the usurer being at certainties, at the end of the game most of the money will be in the box, and ever a state flourished when wealth is most equally spread; the fifth, that it beats down the price of land, for the employment of money is chiefly either merchandising or purchasing, and usury waylays both; the sixth, that it doth dull and damp all industries, improvements and new inventions, wherein money would be stirring if it were not for this slug; the last, that it is canker and rain of many men's estates, which in process of time bends a public poverty."

Padded Statistics.

When you tell a hireling of plutocracy or a fellow who has been stuffed by some plutocratic newspaper that the working people are getting worse off year by year, he is quite apt to spring some statistics at you showing that the rate of wages is on the increase. You can easily take the wind out of such a fellow's sails by telling him that such statistics are prepared by capitalists or capitalistic toadies with the intention to deceive. Tell him that these figures are bolstered up by including the fat salaries of gilt edge managers and corporation presidents. Here is just one instance, but it is a significant one: President Seamans of the typewriter trust gets a salary of $50,000 a year. Such figures help out the statistician wonderfully.—Social Democratic Herald.

IT IS BARBAROUS

The Cruelty Practised on Political Prisoners

BY GENERAL ARAVATE OF SALVADOR.

A Judge and an Editor Publicly Whipped.

San Francisco, Oct. 14.—The City of Panama has arrived from South American ports, bringing news of executions and horrible cruelties in Salvador upon political prisoners. In Armenia, a small city of the republic, a prominent citizen was shot, while two others died in prison as the result of cruelties on the part of General Aravale. In the police station two men were tried up by the thumbs and two colonels were shot. These officers had distinguished themselves in the army under the regime of the president.

Twenty ladies have been expelled from Salvador, among them being the wife of one of the most prominent citizens of Salvador City. Furthermore, under the direction of General Villegas five persons were shot in San Pedro, while at St. Michael many were executed.

An editor incurred the displeasure of the government by a publication in defence of certain students. For this offense he was publicly whipped, as also was the judge who rendered a decision in favor of the students.

EDITORS DINE IN BOSTON.

Boston, Oct. 14.—The eighth annual reunion and dinner of the Republican Editorial association of Massachusetts was held yesterday afternoon, and brought together a distinguished gathering of newspaper men, beside a large number of Republicans. Governor Wolcott dropped in just to tell the members of the association that other matters would prevent him from staying to dinner.

T. Maloney of Rutland, late candidate for governor of Vermont, has accepted the invitation of the Democratic state committee to speak at the ratification meeting of the state ticket next Monday night. The chairmen of the various city and town committees throughout the state have been invited to meet the state committee for a conference.

Secret Service Agent D. Bedford says that New Englanders cannot be too careful in scrutinizing paper money. The amount of counterfeit money in circulation hereabouts is astonishing. Among some of the seizures made within the past few days are a bill of the denomination, one of the $20, several tens, a large number of fives and a much larger number of twos.

The Massachusetts Single Tax league held a meeting last night and elected the following officers: President, William Garrison; secretary, H. Fillebrown; treasurer, Mrs. Twitchell; auditor, Edward Twitchell. Several speeches were made and $6?? were raised by subscription to carry on the work. The treasurer showed the receipts and expenditures to be $1,100.

ITALY AND COLOMBIA.

Washington, Oct. 14.—On inquiry at the Colombian legation with reference to the suspension of relations between Colombia and Italy, the charge of affairs made the following statement: "It is true that the Colombian government has passed a decree suspending relations with Italy. I have not seen the text of the decree, but I am advised officially that it guarantees to Italians the protection of the laws and besides that the British legation is charged with protecting Italian interests in Colombia. This act of the Colombian government is without doubt the result of popular indignation at the hostile measures adopted last summer by the Italian government with its fleet in Colombian waters, on the pretext of some failure on the part of Colombia in fulfilling the award of President Cleveland in the Cerruti case."

A Tempter
of fickle appetites, a builder of sane elect and nerves, a healthful, digestible, economical aid to every meal, between meals and for picnics and excursions.
Favorite MILK BISCUIT. Sold everywhere. Made only by NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

Dominion Line BOSTON SERVICE
(C. S. and Royal Mail Steamers)
S.S. "CANADA" (New)
9000 Tons, has been substituted to sail as follows:
THURSDAY, SEPT. 29, 1.30 P. M.
S. S. New England
THURSDAY, SEPT. 8, 3.00 P. M.
ST. LAWRENCE SERVICE.
Steamers from Montreal every Thursday.
Saloon passage $75 and upwards, according to location and season.
Second cabin (very superior accommodations) $42.50; return $74.00; Steerage Passage $25.
For passage, plans and information apply to the company's office, 77 State Street, Boston, or to Lowell to
Dennis Murphy, Agt., 13 Appleton street; J. F. O'Donnell, Market, corner Worthen streets; F. B. Leach, 5 Hardigg Street, G. A. Bernston, 751 Merrimack street.

Merchants and Travelling Men
having business down town can economize time in the busy part of the day by stopping at
Hotel Albert, New York.
COR. 11TH ST. AND UNIVERSITY PL.
[One block from Broadway cars.]
Rooms, $1 Up. RESTAURANT Prices Reasonable.
Good beds—good food—quiet airy rooms—close to heart of wholesale district.
Half portions served, making it possible for one to dine alone at moderate cost.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. Safe, always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILADA., PA.
Sold by all Local Druggists.
Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. General Agents.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS

Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner

For Over 14 Years

these highly meritorious preparations have stood at the head of all hair restoratives. More than 3,000,000 bottles have been used by the American people, and thousands of testimonials bear witness to their excellence, while there were never any complaints when directions were followed.

Ask your druggist about it.

FREE
Medical Examinations Saturday.
DR. MARY NEWCOMB
Of Salem, Mass. By special request she will take an office in Lowell at No. 60 Kirk street, off Merrimack, on Saturday of each week. Hours: 9 to 6 p. m. Her name is widely known through New England as performing many wonderful cures, and hundreds of invalids who were given up as incurable, are today enjoying the best of health. Remember by the natural gift of intuition she is enabled to locate disease at once, giving all the symptoms.
Medicines, natures remedies, which are compounded from roots, barks, leaps and gums.
A specialty is made of all chronic and nervous diseases of both sexes. Has been located 15 years at Salem, Mass., 138 Essex street, treating these diseases with marked success.
TERMS MODERATE.

N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,
Runeis Building, Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.,
is the ONLY FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS and SHORTHAND TRAINING SCHOOL in this part of New England nearer than Boston and we challenge ANYONE to dispute it publicly. OPEN DAY AND EVENING.
W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. Williams, Mgr.

SCHOEFFLER'S
DYSPEPSIA CURE
CURES
DYSPEPSIA.
25c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmacal Co., Newark, N. J.

MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.
Commencing Thursday, Oct. 13, 14 and 15, with Matinee Each Day.
May Howard's Extravaganza Co.
Everything new from start to finish. New Co., new ideas, new wardrobe, new scenery; 3 new burlesques written by Fred Solomon and Edgar Smith; Ladies' Alimony Club and Secret Service, sparkling dialogue; entrancing music; gorgeous costumes; magnificent scenery; an elaborate creation of elegance, introducing the peerless and dashing queen of burlesque, Miss May Howard and twenty pretty girls.
Seats on sale at box office.
October 17, 18 and 19, with Wednesday Matinee the Barnum of All Attractions.
Al. Reeves' BIG BURLESQUE CO.
Of 25—Whites—25 and 25 Blacks—25.
Presenting Comedy, Vaudeville, Minstrel, Opera and Burlesque. All New Scenery and Grand Electrical Effects.

BREVOORT HOUSE
NEW YORK,
Home-like Hotel of Environs Reputation.
FIFTH AVE. AND EIGHTH ST.
Near Washington Memorial Arch, Washington Square.
The location is unsurpassed and is absolutely unequalled for business and sight-seeing, all the cable and rapid transit lines passing within two blocks of the door.
The hotel is managed on both the European and American plans.
The regular tariff charge for each person will be: European Plan, $1 and upwards, American Plan, $3 and upwards.
JAMES & MEYER, Props.

It is Easy to Love
your neighbor as yourself when your neighbor is a pretty girl. It is just as easy to like Dows' Cough Wafers, because they're like candy. They relieve that hacking and coughing. 359 Central St.

BAY STATE
Dye House
Poverty is no crime, but to be a penny wise and a pound foolish is what most of the people are and if they were not they would not throw their old clothes away when they are not half worn out, and this applies to the ladies as well as gents.
Now what we wish to say is that we know just where you can save dimes and often dollars by bringing your old winter clothing to the
BAY STATE DYE WORKS,
54 Prescott Street.
and when we get done with them they will look almost as good as new. Just give them a trial order and you will feel like thanking us for our advice.

SUFFOLK LOAN CO.
(CORPORATION.)
345 Washington Street, Boston, up one flight. (Near entrance to Boston Tavern.)
MONEY TO LOAN
At legal rates of interest on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, legacies, shares, bonds or any other good security.

TAXES

Collector's Notice.

The assessors have committed to the Collector of Taxes, the

TAX LIST FOR 1898,

With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth and the Ordinances of the City of Lowell the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein and he is now ready to receive payment of said taxes at his office in City Hall.

When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the Collector will proceed to collect the Tax as directed by the General Statutes.

WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.

SUMMONS, bearing costs, will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.

INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent. per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 20, 1898, until the same shall be paid; and such interest shall be added to and considered a part of said Taxes. Poll Taxes are assessed upon every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the tax. Each partner is liable for the whole tax assessed under the partnership name.

The assessors are now distributing Tax Bills. If any ratable inhabitant by removing his residence since the first day of May or from any cause, should not receive his Tax Bill, he must consider the tax demanded by this notice and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes if a tax has been assessed.

All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.

THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1898 IS $18.00 ON $1000.

Office Hours: From 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M. For the convenience of the Tax Paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows: Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from October 3 to October 15, inclusive, 7 to 8 o'clock P. M. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, from October 17 to 20, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock P. M.

Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence May 1st, 1898, and bring it with you.

CHARLES F. COBURN.
City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.

You Won't Need Bellows
To induce your coal to burn if you buy it of us. Our coal burns when you ask it to—and it all burns, too. It will save heat, time, temper and money for you. This is a good time to lay in your next season's stock.
D. W. HORNE & SON,
15 Central Street.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Colden Cream
India Pale Ale
And Porter.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE
JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.
Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.
The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:
JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
NOEL TRAVERSY.
J. H. McCAFFREY & CO.
PATRICK TEAGUE.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.
It can also be found at the following places:
FRANK BARNARD.
JNO. H. BURKE.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
WM. H. MERRITT & CO
P. H. BROSNAHAN & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
SMITH & DUNN.
F. H. CALLAHAN & CO
EDWARD F. FAULKNER & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
FRANK BRADY & CO.
JAMES CALNIN.
D. T. FINNEGAN.
FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED)

FLOWER STANDS
All Kinds.
APPLE PARERS
Corers and Slicers.
MEAT CUTTERS
All Kinds.
FRUIT PRESSES
For Small Fruits.
FRUIT PICKER
With Long Handle.
FIBRE PAILS and TUBS
BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

Notice, For the next 15 days, A. J. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $18; his $25 Suits for $20; his $30 Suits for $25. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

THE WONDERFUL NEW DRINK!
"GLORIA"
ASK FOR GLORIA.
Gives the vigor and pleasure of youth. Half a day of new and vigorous life in every drink. Try it. 5 CENTS A GLASS.
S. BARTLETT, Agt., 100 and 102 Middlesex St.

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company
Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.
SEWELL C. MACK, President. JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewell C. Mack, Lewis Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucker, James Francis.
Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is
$1.00, One Thousand Feet.
First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coal broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 0.85 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. H. Emery,
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock
And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz' Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.
GEORGE W. ENRIGHTS
Corner Willie and Broadway.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 127 Central St.
Opposite American House.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,
Manser Block
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
132 Merrimack Street
PHOTOGRAPHERS.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge St.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

DR. DONEHUE, Runeis Building,
DENTIST.

DR. WARREN DENTIST

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY
Wholesale Dealers in
Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neats-foot Oil,
SOAP AND SOAP POWDER.
Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.
Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.
532-4—Telephone—322-3.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 1st at No. 7 Kirk Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing, Cast, and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

GATELY & PEARSON,
SOLICITORS OF PATENTS
Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty
43 HILDRETH BUILDING.

MILES WAS SNUBBED

Probable Reason for His Feeling Toward Alger.

What the War Documents Disclose — Alger's Orders From Washington Counteracted Those of Miles on the Scene of Action—Lexington Trouble—Color Line at Santiago.

Washington, Oct. 14.—After devoting the forenoon to hearing the testimony of Dr. Hoff, a chief surgeon of the Third army corps at Camp Thomas, the war investigation commission gave the remainder of Thursday to the reading of papers submitted by Secretary Alger, with his statement concerning the conduct of the war. The documents reveal that General Miles recommended the occupation of the Isle of Pines about the time of the battle of Santiago, and that Secretary Alger disapproved the suggestion; that he recommended that a point between Santiago and Porto Rico be taken previous to the beginning of either campaign; that there was an apparent conflict of authority between the general and Shafter at Tampa before the Santiago campaign was inaugurated, and that orders were issued by the secretary of war that, in the event that General Shafter should be disabled by sickness or other cause, the command of the troops at Santiago should devolve upon General Wheeler, and upon the next in command in case of disability of both Shafter and Wheeler.

During Dr. Hoff's examination he said that he knew of no case in which men in the hospitals had been compelled to lie on the ground; but he thought there were probably cases in which sick men had been kept under flies for several days. He was asked if it was true that at night there was an average of only one nurse to each 40 patients in the hospital of the second division of the Third corps, and said this could not be true.

Dr. Conner read an extract from a letter from the Arkansas governor saying that he had made a personal investigation of the conditions in this hospital, and that he had found "the conditions deplorable — simply disgraceful." He charged that the doctors in the institution were all northern men, unfamiliar with diseases incidental to the south; that there were cases of fever in which patients had gone without water for 24 hours and in which sick men went without attention from a surgeon, or without receiving a dose of medicine for a week. Replying, Dr. Hoff said that several southern physicians were engaged at the hospital, and that he did not think it possible that men could have been neglected as indicated by the governor's letter. He had not heard of such cases.

Dr. Hoff said that there had been a shortage in medical supplies for several weeks, but there was generally sufficient to meet the immediate demands. Some requisitions had been returned by the Washington authorities because improperly filled, and he was under the impression that there had been complaints of some suffering on this account. There was considerable delay in securing flooring for the tents.

"Was there any deprivation on account of the shortage of tents and of medical supplies?" asked Governor Woodbury.

"It was so reported," responded Dr. Hoff.

"Whose fault was it?" was asked.

"Not mine," he replied.

SOLDIERS AT ODDS.

Cincinnati, Oct. 14.—A Lexington special to the Times says that the trial of Private Kitchen, who killed Private Nygram, Twelfth New York, was postponed till Saturday because a new outrage had stirred up such feeling that violence was feared. Sergeant McClellan of the Third Kentucky was caught after midnight by a party of Twelfth New York soldiers and so mistreated that he may be injured for life. This aroused bitterness against the New York regiment on the part of the Kentucky regiment, and it was deemed unwise to risk an outbreak by proceeding with the trial of Kitchen.

COLOR LINE IN SANTIAGO.

Santiago, Oct. 11.—A question has cropped up that is causing General Wood, who, in the absence of General Lawton, is in command of the military department of Santiago, not a little perplexity. A majority of the officers of the immune regiments from the southern states object to eating at the same restaurants with colored officers, most of whom are from the northern states. Some of the colored men, apparently desirous of bringing the matter to an issue, formally reported that they could not get served at the principal Spanish restaurant, under Spanish law, whereas the American law compelled a proprietor of any house of public entertainment to serve all who paid. The proprietor involved complained that if served the colored officers he would lose almost his entire patronage, as a majority of his customers were southerners. General Wood appealed to the common sense of the colored officers, and advised that the restaurant be turned into a club.

road company, a common carrier, and the military or state authorities; that executive power had been exceeded, and that redress therefore would be had obtained in a legal manner."

BEGUN BY THE DEPUTIES.

Springfield, Oct. 11.—Assistant Adjutant-General Ewart has mustered into the Illinois national guard three companies of the Sons of Veterans regiment, and will muster in a fourth company for service at Virden.

Adjutant-General Reece has returned from Virden. He states that, from the best information obtainable, the firing was begun by the deputies on the train. The bodies of the dead men showed the wounds ranged downward, indicating that shots were fired from the train and tower. General Reece denied the statement of Manager Lukens of the Chicago-Virden company that he and Lukens had an understanding about troops being sent to Virden when Lukens needed them.

The miners held a mass meeting yesterday, at which it was declared that the imported negroes must be taken out of Springfield. Secretary Ryan says the United Mine Workers' union will not be responsible for them.

SITUATION IS GRAVE.

London, Oct. 11.—Henry Asquith, Liberal member of parliament for East Fife and former home secretary, in an address to his constituents, spoke of the situation at Fashoda in a strain similar to Lord Rosebery's declaration Wednesday at Epsom. He said it was the duty of patriotic Britons and lovers of peace not to say a word that might even seem to impair the title of Lord Salisbury's government to act in the name of a united people. "Grave as is the situation," he continued, "it is difficult to find a cause for real dispute, as the international status of the valley of the upper Nile cannot be a matter for serious controversy between the French and British governments."

PRESSING THE SULTAN.

Rome, Oct. 14.—Great Britain, Russia, France and Italy have decided to reject the porte's suggested modification in the ultimatum to the Turkish government on the evacuation of the island of Crete, particularly the sultan's proposal to hold three fortified places, with garrisons sufficient to protect the Mohammedans and to defend the ottoman flag. They are sending an identical note to this effect to Constantinople, reminding the sultan that every Turkish soldier must leave Crete within the time specified in the ultimatum.

WILSON'S SCORES.

BREAK ALL FORMER RECORDS AT WAMESIT ALLEYS.

It was Wilson-Pawtucket-Belmont night at the Wamesit alleys last night. The Pawtuckets won by almost 100 even, though Wilson did put up the record breaking score of the tournament, 570, Wilson's 222 in the second box also smashed the scores that were formerly made in the tournament. The score.

PAWTUCKETS.

	1	2	3	Totals
Knapp	118	148	167	433
Grover	163	202	123	488
Weston	129	151	151	431
Sawyer	155	172	167	494
Goulding	179	155	202	536
Totals	774	828	813	2416

BELMONTS

Adams	151	136	169	456
Fels	182	167	110	459
Rimels	122	160	113	395
Stevens	153	141	150	444
Wilson	156	192	222	570
Totals	764	796	794	2324

PROBATE COURT.

Wills allowed of Solomon Thompson, Louisa S. Balch, Lowell, exrs.; Phineas Whiting, Clara Whiting, Lowell, exer.; Timothy Dailey, James F Sullivan, Lowell, exer.; Ward Charters, Susan M. Charters, Lowell exrs.; Eva Whiting, Charles M Whiting, Lowell, admrs.; Thomas Whiting, Jr., Charles M. Williams, Lowell, admin.; Ann Whitehead, Thomas J Sparks, Lowell, admin.; Ann Maguire, Philip Maguire, Lowell, admin.; John J. Barrows, Hannah E. Barrows, Lowell, admin.

Pay your taxes now.

DISLOCATED HIS SHOULDER.

John Crane, an employe of the Hamilton Manufacturing company, slipped and fell on the railroad track in the yard yesterday and fell into a hole at the end of a sleeper, dislocating his shoulder. The ambulance removed him to the Corporation hospital.

MISSING MAN.

Alexander Ross, an old man, aged 84 years, has been missing from his home in Charlestown, for several days and it is expected that he came to Lowell to visit his son Monroe, who resides in Cross street. A telgram was sent to this city, but no information concerning the missing man has been received.

FOUND A HORSE.

A man coming through Drascut Centre in the direction of Lowell last night, found a horse and buggy not far from the Yellow Meeting House. Nearby he found a hat, but the owner was nowhere to be seen. He took the team to 1107 Bridge street, where it awaits an owner. Captain Kew notified the officers patrolling in that vicinity but nothing further was learned in this case.

THE INVESTIGATION

Of the War Department Continued Today.

Testimony Presented by Officials was Very Interesting and Important.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 13.—Lieut. Col. J. X. G. Hoff was before the war investigating commission at its forenoon session today. He is a regular army officer and was chief surgeon in the Third Army Corps, at Camp Thomas, Chickamauga Park. He said he did not consider the camp to be in the best sanitary condition, but expressed the opinion that it was the best under the circumstances. The men were encamped somewhat closer to each other than they should properly have been, but it had been impossible without blasting to make the sinks as good as good sanitation required. Furthermore, it was impossible to compel men to use the sinks and he thought it probable that this difficulty had led to injurious results. Every effort had been made to have the sinks properly covered and disinfected and to have the men use them.

Dr. Hoff said in the beginning that the camp was deficient in medical supplies. The shortage was due to the fact that it had been expected that troops would come to camp supplied with medicines, but some of them failed in this respect, making a greater demand than had been counted upon. Continuing, Dr. Hoff said the capacity of the division hospitals was often doubled and trebled. It sometimes occurred that there were eight men in tents which were intended to accommodate six, because of delay in securing tentage to care for the increase of the disease which was unexpectedly rapid. On one or two occasions, patients were necessarily placed in beds made up on the floors because of a temporary deficiency in cots.

Dr. Hoff said that the shortage in medical supplies had continued for several weeks, but there was generally sufficient to meet the immediate demand. He said that some requisitions had been returned by the Washington authorities because improperly filled out and he was under the impression that there had been complaints of some suffering on this account. There was considerable delay in securing flooring for the tents.

"Was there any deprivation on account of the shortage of tents and of medical supplies?" asked Governor Woodbury.

"It was so reported," responded Dr. Hoff.

"Whose fault was it?" was asked.

"Not mine," he replied, "I did all that I could do."

The troops of the Third Corps were more closely crowded than they should have been, but he understood that the crowding had been supposed to be a military necessity in the beginning.

GENERAL WILSON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 13.—The statement made by General John M. Wilson, chief of engineers to the commission investigating the conduct of the war department, was given out today.

During the progress of the war the following additions were made to the country's armament:

Armament was placed in position for six 12-inch guns, for 29 10-inch, 31 8-inch, 56 12-inch mortars and for 35 rapid fire guns and additional platforms were made ready for a still larger number and additional emplacements are under construction for still more. When all the works begun are completed, the armament will consist of 80 12-inch guns, 127 10-inch, 64 8-inch, 312 12-inch mortars and 70 rapid fires. The emplacements were under construction at 25 different harbors on the 31st of August and there were double shifts working at each place. The total expenditures on account of gun and mortar batteries during the period of the war amount to $1,621,500.

Among the purchases for harbor defence were 100 miles of cable, 160 tons of high explosives, 1650 new torpedo cases and 41 searchlights. Twenty-eight harbors were mined, 536 mines being planted. The expenditures on harbor defence for the period were $1,681,000. Intrenching tools were purchased and stored at Willet's Point sufficient for an army of 30,000 men.

Enclosed with the statement was a letter written by General Wilson on the 3rd of April, before the declaration of war to the officers of the corps of engineer in charge of harbor defences, directing them in view of the approaching emergency to make the best possible torpedo defences and instructing them how to proceed.

BOARD'S REPORT

The Ordnance Officers Submit Their Findings.

SMOKELESS POWDER DESIRABLE FOR FIELD GUNS.

No Chance to Test Siege Guns.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 13.—The board of ordnance officers, known as the Montauk board, has made its report to General Flagler, chief of ordnance. The purpose of the board was to secure information direct from the officers, who had command of the troops in action, as to the respective merits of the various arms used and obtain any suggestions they might have to make regarding improvements and changes that would make the arms more effective. The reports go to show that the 3.2 inch field guns are satisfactory in every way. The fuses were arranged so as to cause the bursting of the shrapnel at the range desired and the important features which make field guns successful were found in those at Santiago.

The board also reports favorably upon the Krag-Jorgenson rifle for the infantry and cavalry. No fault is found with the Springfield rifles except that smokeless powder would be better. Smokeless powder is also found very desirable for the field guns.

The army had no opportunity to test the siege guns.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Fair Haven, Vt., Oct. 13—Myron B. Barnes, a prosperous farmer, who resided 20 miles south of this village, committed suicide this morning by cutting his throat. He arose before daylight and went to his barn where he committed the deed. He was found later by a farm hand and was still alive, but died before medical aid could be summoned. He was 65 years of age and leaves a widow and one son. It is thought the suicide was caused by a business disappointment.

HAZING ABOLISHED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Hanover, N. H., Oct. 13.—Considerable excitement prevails that Dartmouth College over an order abolishing hazing at the institution. It is stated that the sophomore class caused the issuance of the order. The members of the class are implicated in a severe case of hazing and an investigation is in progress.

SLEPT NINETEEN WEEKS.

Strange Case and Queer Experiences of a Wyoming (Ills.) Woman.

Mrs. Rosalie P. Havens of Wyoming, Ills., finally awakened the other day after a sleep of 19 weeks. Two days before her slumbers began she wandered away from home in the afternoon and was found late at night two miles away, lying unconscious under a brush heap, on the Spoon river. She was carried home and restored to consciousness.

She explained that she felt herself losing consciousness, and, fearing that she would suffer from the cold before she was discovered, she had crawled under the pile of brush. She complained of great weariness and sank into the sleep which continued 19 weeks. For the first two weeks of her slumber the case attracted much attention among the people of the little village. Then the story spread, and every train brought from one to a dozen strangers. Physicians from this and other states, mesmerists, faith healers, hypnotists and curiosity seekers flocked to the town to see the sleeping woman. All sorts of tests failed to rouse her.

A few days ago she rubbed her eyes, sat up in bed and looked with astonishment at those around her. She insisted that she had gone to sleep the evening before, and even now she cannot realize that she has been dead to the world for such a long time. While her body has been lying in the cottage in Wyoming her spirit has journeyed through space. She has traveled in dreams with strange, prehistoric people through the icefields of Greenland, Alaska and the mountains of the west. She tells remarkable stories of her adventures, and it is difficult to convince her that they were not real. Mrs. Havens is 82 years old and was afflicted with melancholia before her sleep began.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

GRAND MASTER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 13.—Reuben H. Lloyd of San Francisco was elected grand master of the grand encampment, Knights Templar.

PERIODS OF PAIN.

Menstruation, the balance wheel of woman's life, is also the bane of existence to many because it means a time of great suffering.

While no woman is entirely free from periodical pain, it does not seem to have been nature's plan that women otherwise healthy should suffer so severely. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the most thorough female regulator known to medical science. It relieves the condition that produces so much discomfort and robs menstruation of its terrors. Here is proof:

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—How can I thank you enough for what you have done for me? When I wrote to you I was suffering untold pain at time of menstruation; was nervous, had headache all the time, no appetite, that tired feeling, and did not care for anything. I have taken three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, one of Blood Purifier, two boxes of Liver Pills, and to-day I am a well person. I would like to have those who suffer know that I am one of the many who have been cured of female complaints by your wonderful medicine and advice. — MISS JENNIE R. MILES, Leon, Wis.

If you are suffering in this way, write as Miss Miles did to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for the advice which she offers free of charge to all women.

A GREAT WRANGLE

Af Investigation of Standard Oil Co.

BOOKS AND WITNESSES WERE NOT PRODUCED

As Promised by Rockefeller's Attorney.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Oct. 13.—The special commission, which is investigating on behalf of the state of Ohio the affairs of the Standard Oil company, re-convened this morning. Commissioner Brinsmaid had gone to the office of the Standard Oil company to subpoena Henry M. Flagler, the secretary of the liquidating trustees of the Standard Oil trust, and W. T. Wardwell, the secretary of the trustees, and compel them to appear before the commission. The commissioner went himself so as to see that the proper books were brought along. Commissioner Brinsmaid returned shortly after 11 o'clock, and the hearing began at 11.20.

Attorney General Monnett asked Commissioner Brinsmaid if he had served the subpoenas and the latter answered that the gentlemen he had subpoenaed for were not to be found at their office. Mr. Monett then asked Mr. Kline, one of Mr. Rockefeller's attorney, why he had not kept his word in producing witnesses. Mr. Kline answered that he did not keep witnesses on tap and indicated that the prosecution should get the witnesses for themselves.

A general wrangle followed over the production of books wished by the prosecution.

It was arranged that a deputy sheriff should serve the subpoenas for the witnesses and books. The books specified as wanted, are understood to be the stock register of the liquidating trustees and the records of the Standard Oil Co. of Ohio, showing its transactions with the liquidating trustees.

This proceeding is said to be without precedent. There was apparently some doubt as to the power of a deputy sheriff in this state under orders from a commissioner from Ohio.

Attorney General Monett said that if the books and witnesses could not be procured by means of deputy sheriffs he had another way of getting them.

Mr. Rockefeller was not present today.

BROCKTON STRIKE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Brockton, Mass., Oct. 13.—Secretary Smith of the Lasters' union this morning stated very emphatically that the rumor of a settlement of the strike was absolutely without foundation in fact. He was endorsed by Secretary Higgins of the Rockland union and both gentlemen were very positive in their statements and very eager for an unequivocal denial.

INQUEST HELD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Stoughton, Mass., Oct. 13.—An inquest on the railroad accident of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad at Canton Junction, August 3, was begun in the district court this morning, before Judge Marden. Assistant District Attorney R. H. O. Schultz about 20 witnesses were called.

IN WALL STREET.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Oct. 13.—Wall Street, 11 a. m. The pressure upon prices was abated and the market took on a strong tone on heavy buying in the specialties. Tobacco advanced 2¾; sugar 1¾; People's Gas, 1¾; and some inactive stocks about a point. Northern Pacific improved ¾ and the railway list generally sold above last night.

At 2 p. m. Investment buying of the gilt edge stocks was the feature of the afternoon trading. Great Northern preferred, Pullman, Manitoba and St. Paul preferred rose from 1 to 1 points. Operations in the active list were light but a strong undertone prevailed.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Liverpool, Oct. 13.—(4 p. m.)—Cotton spot sales today, 12,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 11,000 bales American.

Futures closed steady: American middlings L. M. C. Oct. 2, 63s6d sellers; Oct., Nov. 2, 62 a 63 buyers; Nov. Dec. 2, 62 sellers.

GREAT ACTIVITY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Halifax, N. S., Oct. 13.—Great activity prevails in military circles here. Reserve men are being rapidly enlisted in the First Battalion Leinster regiment, Royal Canadians, for two years instead of seven and 200 men have been secured so far.

The enlisting officers have their hands full and are eager to secure all who are willing to join. A large bonus is being offered.

COMING HOME.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 13.—President McKinley arose at the Omaha club at 8 o'clock and breakfasted with Secretary Bliss and his young nephew, James McKinley. At 9 o'clock, the president was driven to the station, escorted by a platoon of police and mounted members of the Ak-Sar-Ben. The ride to the depot was a repetition of the enthusiastic scenes of yesterday people lining the streets to obtain a glimpse of the president.

SLOAN WON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Oct. 13—The Lorillard-Beresford stable's chestnut filly Miakka, won the Prendergast stakes today with Tod Sloan up. The betting was 13 to 8 against Miakka.

Interest on taxes begins October 20th.

FAKER'S REPORT

Purporting to be From Wainright Board.

FOUND TO BE A PURE FABRICATION.

Deputies Mustered for Service at Virden.

Washington, Oct. 14.—The publication of what purported to be the report of the Wainwright board on the parts taken by the respective vessels of the United States fleet in the destruction of Cervera's squadron caused considerable commotion in the navy department. In view of the fact that the report had not reached Washington at the date of the publication, an inquiry was set on foot by the department to ascertain first, whether the publication was accurate, and second, who was responsible for the discourtesy involved in the publication of an official report before it had reached the navy department. Commander Wainwright, the head of the board, very promptly disclaimed any knowledge of the publication, saying that he had left instructions that the report was to be transmitted by the recorder, Lieutenant Capehart, to the commander of the North Atlantic station, Commodore Philip. The commodore, in answer to an inquiry, returned the following dispatch: "I saw report of Wainwright board first time tonight. Articles in the papers manufactured by a reporter entire; no word of semblance between the two."

Commodore Philip has not transmitted the document to the department, but something is known of its general character, and this knowledge tends to show a misconception of the functions of this board. Admiral Sampson, who appointed the board, chose the navigators of the vessels in the fleet that were engaged in the battle of July 3. He made but one exception, in the case of his own flagship, the New York, refusing to nominate a member. The navigators of the Brooklyn, the Gloucester, the Texas, Iowa and Indiana were all members of this board; but the New York had no representative. It was directed to ascertain and report the positions of the vessels engaged in this action. It did not exceed this instruction in any point in its report, which comprises very little more than a chart on which the positions of the vessels are defined. This chart is the result of the combination of all the data contained in the separate charts made by the various navigating officers of the fleet. The report is said to be unanimous, being signed by the navigating officer of the Brooklyn along with the others. It draws no conclusions; makes no deductions; and neither takes from nor gives credit to any officer of the American fleet from the admiral down. To do so would be to exceed the instructions to the board; and what it has presented other than the instructions is, as already stated, nothing more than a diagram from which the facts may be gleaned by individual inspection.

ANOTHER LOAD OF NEGROES.

Chicago, Oct. 13.—President T. C. Loucks of the Chicago-Virden Coal company made the following statement last night: "Our employes, having waited at Atlanta in order to get to their destination without further attack from mob violence and to begin the labors they were hired to perform, asked that they be again brought to Virden. Their train accordingly left Atlanta at 2 o'clock and arrived at Virden at 5.20. Mr. Gray, general superintendent of the Chicago & Alton railroad company, told me that when the train arrived his conductor was ordered by the officer in command of the troops to not unload his passengers, but to take them and the train out of town. The conductor took the train to Girard, five miles beyond Virden, where he stopped and asked for orders as to the disposition of his passengers. Mr. Gray wired for such disposition. We replied that the matter was out of our hands as soon as our employes reached Virden, and that if the military authorities had the power to do a thing like this it was a question now between the Chicago & Alton railroad company and the United States government."

Louis Tanty

formerly Chef of Napoleon III and the Imperial family of Russia, says:

"I will never think of preparing for myself frying fat so long as I will be able to get Cottolene, and I firmly believe that there is no neutral frying material except the most expensive and pure olive oil, equal to Cottolene for frying purposes."

Cottolene

is pure vegetable oil combined with choice beef suet, and is healthful, appetizing, digestible. Endorsed by eminent physicians, and recommended by cooking experts as in every way preferable to lard or animal fat.

The genuine Cottolene is sold everywhere in one to ten pound yellow tins, with our trade-marks—"Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin. Not guaranteed if sold in any other way. Made only by

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Sold everywhere in three convenient sizes for the toilet, bath and laundry.

FREE Send us your name, address and one Fairy Soap wrapper to nearest office below, and we will mail you free a copy of our booklet, "Fairy Tales," second series, larger and handsomer than the first, and containing new stories and illustrations.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,

Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia. Pittsburgh. Baltimore.

Inquirer. I know a man in Brooklyn whose daughter, a child of eight years, has for a number of months past been bothered with pin worms. The father works as a compositor in New York. Now, pin worms, as you know, are annoying and while not a serious ailment they caused the child, the wife and the man himself a great deal of trouble and some worry. They tried several preparations and the last medicine used was Ripans Tabules. The first trial of Ripans Tabules was made some two or three weeks after other remedies had been tried without result. The dose given the girl was two Tabules at night and two in the morning. The parents say that now there is no more trouble with pin worms and they assert positively that Ripans Tabules being the only medicine used must have credit for the relief. Ripans Tabules, though taken in larger doses than those called for by the directions, did not upset the girl nor did she object to taking them. In fact, several times it happened that the girl asked for more Ripans Tabules from her mother during the day. Now what I want to know is how a dyspepsia remedy can be made a cure for pin worms.

Doctor. Pin worms, or thread worms as they are sometimes called, are small white worms resembling a portion of ordinary white cotton thread. They inhabit the rectum and usually cause severe irritation, very rarely present in adults. I recollect prescribing for a case of pin worms last winter. The prescription was a liquid preparation very similar to Ripans Tabules, practically the same.

A new style packet containing TEN RIPANS TABULES in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores—FOR FIVE CENTS. This low priced sort is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the five cent cartons (12 Tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce street, New York—or a single carton (TEN TABULES) will be sent for five cents.

SAD MINE DISASTER

Five Men Killed and Many Wounded by Explosion.

Gas Forced From Old Mine Caught Fire—The Mine Owned by the Lehigh Company—Meeting of Monarchs.

Tamaqua, Pa., Oct. 14.—Five men were killed and 11 injured by an explosion of gas in a colliery in Coaldale, near here. The dead are: Fire Boss Smith, William R. Reese, Matis Clarke of Coaldale and William Cook and John Kaonicka of Lansford. Koonicka died after he had been taken from the mine, but the other men met instant death. All were married and leave large families. The most seriously injured are: William Lawton, badly burned; James Rogers, leg broken; James Walter, burned about head; James Powell, shoulder broken; Evan Evans, seriously burned about the face and body; Daniel Dorrian, leg broken; Reese Price, badly burned; Patrick O'Donnell, burned about the body; John Gallagher, nervous shock.

The colliery is the largest producer of four in that valley owned by the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company. It has a capacity of over 300,000 tons of coal and employs 500 hands. In consequence of fire, which originated in the left section of the mines some months ago, shifts of men were put to work driving holes from the gangway through which water was to be forced upon the flames. While the men were building a dam to back up the water, the gangway caught fire. Nearly 100,000 gallons of water were turned into the holes, and almost instantly a terrific explosion occurred, followed in quick succession by four lighter explosions. The gangway was torn up for over 300 feet and workmen were blown about in all directions.

Rescue gangs were put to work, and an hour later it was thought that all the dead and injured had been found. The supposition is that the great body of water sent into the holes forced volumes of escaping gas from some of the old workings back upon the flames, causing the explosion.

A 9-HOUR WORKDAY.

THE MOVEMENT TO SECURE IT FOR BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS.

After Many Futile Attempts the Typographical Union Now Expects to Win a Shorter Workday—A Talk With Chairman Murphy.

[Special Correspondence.]

A shorter workday for printers throughout the United States and Canada, at all points under the jurisdiction of the International Typographical union, is a possibility of the near future. Since the Colorado Springs convention of the International work along the lines of a reduction in the hours of the workday in book and job offices has progressed wonderfully both in the actual inauguration of the new system in some offices and in preparation for a universal demand at a set time. Too much credit cannot be given the shorter workday committee of the International, of which Mr. James J. Murphy of New York is the chairman. Since its appointment this committee has been untiring in its labors. In addition to the work of organizing the shorter workday movement in the local unions and in harmonizing and perfecting the local machinery that all may turn smoothly at the proper time the committee has had many interviews with employing printers individually and has also had to deal with the employers' organization, the Typothetæ. As a result of these interviews the conference between the Typothetæ committee and committees of the I. T. U., the bookbinders and the pressmen was arranged to take place at Syracuse during the convention of the International Typographical union.

I met Mr. James J. Murphy, chairman of the printers' shorter workday committee, recently, and, being interested in all movements of the kind, I engaged him in conversation upon the subject of his special labors.

"A number of attempts have been made during the last 25 years by members of the International Typographical union to reduce the hours of labor," said Mr. Murphy. "At times success has been met with and in other cases a determined resistance on the part of employing printers gave a temporary setback to the movement. At the convention held in Colorado Springs in October, 1896, the present movement was launched by the introduction of resolutions calling for the submission of the proposition of a united demand for a shorter workday in book and job offices to a referendum of the membership. The proposition carried with it the request that unions be asked to levy an assessment for the purpose of raising special funds to carry out the demand for the nine hour day, each local union to have control of the funds it raised.

"The membership supported the proposition by a vote of about 4 to 1, and President Prescott appointed a special committe of five, of which I have the honor to be chairman, to carry on the International's part of the work.

"The committee met in Indianapolis last year and unanimously decided that no general demand for a shorter workday would be effective unless backed up by a fund of reasonable proportions, to inaugurate an active propaganda in favor of reducing the hours of labor and to send circulars and literature to every subordinate union, inviting its co-operation, and to work along lines of a complete plan which the committee had prepared, as they realized that the shorter workday could only be secured by united action and a vigorous and carefully planned campaign. Every president of a local union was asked to appoint a special committee of five active, earnest workers to assist the International Typographical union committee, and after statistical information was received from them the following circular was sent out:

"To Shorter Workday Committee:

"The first duty of your committee, after the accumulation of funds, is organization. Bring every office in your city strictly into line as to union rules, and keep it so.

"Bring every nonunion printer into your ranks. Use every means to make your city thoroughly union on its present basis.

"If you have an allied printing trades council, enlist its support. If there is none and there are unions of pressmen, stereotypers, bookbinders or other allied trades, take immediate steps to form one.

"If there are no unions of allied trades and there are enough men working at any branch to form one, organize them at once.

"If the bookbinders, pressmen or other unions have a local shorter workday committee, arrange a joint meeting and work together wherever possible. Do not let any past differences stand in the way of bettering your condition. If there are no local committees, get the unions to appoint them at once and get to work.

"The day for enforcing the shorter workday is rapidly approaching. Do not be caught unprepared.

"If any officers whose duty it is to attend to matters herein mentioned are remiss, do not hesitate to spur them up. The interests of the union must not be jeopardized by the carelessness of one or two members who happen to be in positions of responsibility.

"Work, prompt, effective work, will carry you through. It must be done, and you are the ones to do it. You will be held responsible for failure. But do not shrink from your duty, and there will be no failure.

"The reception accorded this circular was most generous and has been the means of strengthening and solidifying our allied trades already organized, and in a number of cases the formation of new councils.

"The information received by the International Typographical union committee at this time was of such a nature that they were in a position to agree on a date for the general enforcement of the shorter workday, and the following was sent to the membership:

"To Officers and Members:

"The International Typographical union shorter workday committee has fixed the date on which the shorter workday shall go into effect 'in all book and job offices under the jurisdiction of the International Typographical union.' The day is not far distant—positively before the end of the present year.

"It may not be out of place to state that since the inception of the recent agitation of the International Typographical union over 70 unions have reduced the hours of labor, and at the present time 153 unions are now working on a shorter workday basis.

"The recent action of the International Brotherhood of Bookbinders at the Toronto convention in endowing their shorter workday committee with full and plenary power is an indication of the progressive sentiment among their membership and is of such a character as to inspire their fellow trades unionists with hopes of ultimate success. At the convention of the International Printing Pressmen's union, held in Cleveland in June, legislation affecting the shorter workday was given the most careful consideration, and at a conference held in that city during convention week, at which the leading representatives of the unions forming the triple alliance were present, the date agreed on by the printers was acceptable to the pressmen and bookbinders. This means much to every one of us. We have now but to do our duty, and the ten hour day is a thing of the past in the printing industry.

"Members of the International Typographical union have every reason to revere and be loyal to the parent body. Notwithstanding the prodigious introduction of typesetting machinery during the past several years, displacing temporarily, as it has done, hundreds of our fellow members, by conservative action the International Typographical union has succeeded in reducing the number of hours and in increasing scales of wages."

Mr. Murphy expressed the opinion that the Syracuse convention of the International Typographical union, which was to begin its session within two or three days after my talk with him, would be one of the most important ever held by the organization, though the fact might not be fully realized until after the final settlement of the shorter workday question. JAKE.

New York.

The Retail Clerks.

The secretary of the Retail Clerks' National Protective association reports eight new locals organized since the adjournment of the convention a few weeks ago. This association is also meeting with fair success in its attempts to establish the early closing custom and the six day week. The national organization is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, and in nearly all cases the locals are connected with the central labor bodies.

CURRENT EVENTS

ECCENTRIC OAKEY HALL

Wrote an Obituary Sketch of His Career.

TO BE PUBLISHED AT DEATH.

The Well Known Ex-Mayor of New York Gave the Story of His Life Several Years Ago to a Newspaper, With Instructions as to Its Use. Modesty a Characteristic of His Life—His Career Was Full of Vivid Experiences.

Abraham Oakey Hall, ex-mayor of New York city, who recently died, wrote an autobiographical sketch of himself for the New York World in 1892. This he sealed with directions that it be used at his death. It reads as follows:

I have left directions with my son:

First.—No publication in death columns until after burial, and funeral strictly private, without fuss or funeral feathers or bother to acquaintances.

Second.—No flags at half mast except on Lotus and Press club staffs.

I am only hope this will be allowed, and yet in late years family custom as well as the law strangely disregards dying wishes and the commands of decedents. Why fuss over the remains as a whole when we do not collect east off hair from a barber's shop or pared nails from the atelier of a manicure?

What I now pen is written with a view of its being my own obituary. I was often in life twitted with eccentricity. It is a trait of the Oakey family. The Oakeys on my side are direct descendants of that Colonel John Okey (as the spelling was 200 years ago) who joined in the eccentricity of being one of the regicides of Charles I. And doubtless the fact that I write my own obituary notice will be regarded as the crowning eccentricity of an eccentric career.

I was born July 26, 1826, at Albany in the house of my maternal grandfather and namesake, Abraham Oakey, then and for many previous years deputy treasurer of the state. He had married the daughter of an exiled French count, the Count d'Assignie. My paternal grandfather was an Englishman who married a native of Wales. Their son, my father, was a merchant in New Orleans, where he was buried when I was scarcely 3 years old. Some of my early years were passed in New Orleans and Albany.

But since the age of 5 I have been a resident of New York city, where I was first schooled and where I graduated in 1844 from its university. Thence I went to Harvard Law school in the declining days of Professors Story and Greenleaf and where I had as fellow classmates and boarding inmates the after President Hayes and the subsequent Governor Hoadly of Ohio. Sketches of my knowledge of Judge Joseph Story while there are embraced in his son's biography of that great jurist. Thence I went to New Orleans to study civil law; was there admitted to its bar, Judah P. Benjamin being one of my examiners, while I took certificate from John Slidell and where I casually at a dinner party made the acquaintance of Jefferson Davis, then, as colonel of a Mississippi regiment, en route to Mexican battlefields.

I was again admitted to the bar in New York city during October, 1848. In 1851 I was appointed assistant district attorney. I was elected full district attorney in 1854, again in 1861, again in 1864, again in 1867, and in 1868 foolishly and reluctantly resigned that office (for which I was fitted by tastes and training) for the office of mayor, for which I was unfitted by habits, taste and training. I was re-elected in 1870. In the spring of 1871 found that the municipal ship I commanded had fallen into the hands of pirates. After suffering a "walk over the plank" I successfully swam ashore. If my political life was short and bitter, my professional one was long and sweet as founder of the once noted law firm of Brown, Hall & Vanderpool, the latter having been a college chum, and we agreeing at the university to study law and become partners. The partnership continued from 1852 until 1877.

Whether I acquired fame as a lawyer and advocate can be best learned from my contemporaries or—and pretty continuously—from nearly 100 volumes of the law reports. My first law case of importance is to be found in the eighth volume of Howard's reports of United States supreme court, to which I was admitted on motion of Attorney General Reverdy Johnson. The New York statute books from 1853 to 1877 contain about 60 acts which I drafted and assisted in procuring, most of them relating to reforms in criminal jurisprudence suggested by my experience as public prosecutor, and each of which in more or less compressed form yet live in the criminal codes. The metropolitan police law of 1857 and the charter of that year were solely drafted by me.

With the charter of 1870 I had absolutely no connection in a professional or political way. It was professionally the work of the late Judge John W. Edmonds, and politically of the New York senate, which passed by a vote, embracing both parties, of 30 to 2—singularly as that majority may read by the light of subsequent revelations and events.

I was in my day a noted social and club man. I have belonged to the South Side, Islip, the Yacht, the Jockey, the Blossom and the Union clubs. I have been one of the governors of the Manhattan club, and I am a life member and ex-president of the Lotus club and an honorary life member of the world renowned Press club. I began very early to write for the press. In college days I assisted a slender income by being a reporter and writer on The Sunday Aurora (that rose like the fabled goddess; but, unlike her, set to rise no more). The Noah's Messenger, the New York American. While a law student I wrote for The Evening Tattler and Evening Signal, The Sunday Mercury, The Brother Jonathan, The Western Continent and the New Orleans Delta and Bulletin. As a young practitioner I wrote for the International and Harper's magazines, for The Evening Mirror and Home Journal of Morris & Willis, The Literary World, edited by the Duyckincks, and The Broadway Journal in the days of Harry Prencis Briggs and Edgar A. Poe. During the exacting, dutiful days of district attorneyships and mayoralties I was only a slapdash amateur unpaid journalist for the New York daily newspapers and The Weekly Leader. In 1876, threatened severely with symptoms of paresis, I was medically ordered to adopt the only reliable remedy adapted to that insidious disorder—change of employment.

I at first became an actor, but really quitted the stage because that profession was so distasteful and health distressing to an aged mother, to whose nurture and care I owed all that was good in my composition, who believed a theater was a limited section of sheol, and next went upon the editorial staff of the New York World when owned successively by Tom Scott and Jay Gould, who sought to control it for their Wall street purposes. There I continued from 1878 to the spring of 1883 in pleasant journalistic association with Messrs. Hurlbert, Montgomery Schuyler, John H. Copleston, Lanigan the versatile, Tom Wilson, the amiable cynic; the philosophic John G. Speed, the Addisonian Nat Babcock, the kaleidoscopic Julian Ralph, the genial Krik (Harry Cricksmore), the musical and literary Gustave Kobbe, the clever Jim Graham, the omnipresent Whitley and the Crichtonian James B. Townsend, who on that paper first invented the word "dude."

When Gould quitted ownership of The World, I became editor of The Daily Truth, owned by a speculative gentleman named Hart, who had made a fortune as a theatrical manager, but when I discovered that he was using the paper for his personal private uses I resigned. Then it was I received an offer from Commodore Bennett to come to London as subhead of his bureau there. From January, 1884, to October, 1889, I there remained. "Why" and "how" I have abundantly told in recollections published during my lifetime. It is to the journalistic and literary episodes of my career I recur in memories the oftenest. But I claim that my episode as district attorney during so many years entitles me to claim that (notwithstanding my many mistakes in other respects) I deserve metropolitan remembrance. As prosecutor was never persecutor. I never convicted an innocent accused. I perhaps made mercy too elastic. I never placed victory above justice. And I quitted the office without even political aspersion upon any one of my official acts.

I shall pass from this to the other life with only one regret—that of leaving to follow me one who is all of this world to me. I feel as Sir Charles Coldstream, in the comedy of "Used Up," felt when he languidly said to every offer for change in order to better his health: "Been there! There's nothing in it!" In moral and religious beliefs I am a Swedenborgian, and in that belief much of my life has been soothed. I cannot conceive how any lawyer who diligently tests the later life, the trances and the writings of that marvelous seer by logic connected with the testimony of his contemporaries and of many who did not even believe in his claims—and they were modestly expressed and without act of proselytism—can doubt that he, like St. John at Patmos, was allowed to visit and obtain revelations from the other world.

I have long believed in those revelations. They rob death of any sting and grave of any victory. They are summed up in Longfellow's lines about transition. Death, in the words of St. Paul, simply changes us "in the twinkling of an eye." Stage direction would say: "Exit from mortality. Enter immortality. Exit the physical 'myself.' Enter et remanet the spiritual 'me.'" What—and no more and no less—"me" was in mortality it exists in immortality. I do not expect to be, after death, an inmate of heaven. I was not pious in life, and church and its associations, although not unpleasant and charming in sentiment and effects, were not attractive to my mortal life. Thus heaven would not be attractive under the Swedenborg revelations.

But there are consociations in the next world those proclaim. And among the majority I should somewhere find congenial consociation and work. The curtain of mystery of course falls on our exits to the other world, and only (what without irreverent intention I denominate) the stage managers behind the curtain know what are there, the scenes and the drama, while the mortal audience on this side of the curtain cannot know those scenes or those occurrences.

I have had a big share of experiences. Those of the "myself," known only to the "me," are infinitely larger than all that my relatives and friends and the world at large can ever fancy. I have often been asked as regards certain things, "What has been your experience?" My answer has always been—borrowed from an old writer—"Experience resembles in effect the stern lights of a ship. It illumines only the track sailed over and can shed no light on the track to come." I should like to hear today as I prepare this Thanatopsislike screed the name of one man whoever profited by the self narrated experience of any other man which militated against the judgment of the asker and listener.

In dying I shall remember the publican and not the Pharisee. I have been taunted with caprices in political faiths. The taunt is mistaken. I have successively been at various exigencies of political events a Seward Whig, a Fremont Republican and a Democrat. A Seward Whig naturally became a Republican when new issues on the Missouri compromise and Kansas arose. A Republican lawyer might logically and naturally become a Democrat when military law in northern Union states usurped the civil law and when the "bloody shirt" was waved beside the restored flag of peace with union. The man who dies with the unchanged "sympathies of youth" beneath his "Minoto elbows" has not graduated with a degree of honor.

N. B.—Thus far to Easter, 1892. Unless I live to continue the editor can strike out cetera desunt and insert!

A CITY'S NOVEL INNOVATION

All Reporters In St. Joseph, Mo., Are Commissioned as Policemen.

Although St. Joseph, Mo., is not a city of great metropolitan pretensions, it has of late made a number of innovations that could be instituted in many cities of much greater size with satisfaction to all concerned. The latest of these is the commissioning of all the newspaper reporters as police officers.

When it is stated that the reporters have been made officers it is not meant that they wear the regulation uniforms and pose on street corners for the purpose of exciting envy in the eyes of all small boys and breaking the hearts of the "loidies." The reporters do not want that part of the policemen's duties. They are satisfied with what they have been given. Each reporter is an officer, sworn in regularly and allowed to carry a club and wear a star.

But the novelty of the unusual practice soon wore off and reporters learned to turn what was at first somewhat of a predicament into an advantage. On their daily rounds the newspaper men noticed that they were treated with more respect when it was known that they were dignitaries of the police department. People were more willing to give them news and now the reporters have very little trouble in performing their daily tasks.—San Francisco Examiner.

HOBSON'S LUCK.

Recovers the Binoculars Seized When He Was Made Prisoner.

"Hobson is certainly a lucky as well as a plucky chap," remarked Captain James O. Read of Pittsburg, now representing the quartermaster's department on board the transport Massachusetts, which is being overhauled at the navy yard in Brooklyn. "When Hobson was picked up in the water after performing his heroic deed," continued Captain Read, "he had his binoculars with him. They were suspended from his shoulders by means of a lanyard. Well, Cervera took possession of the glasses when Hobson and his men were made prisoners of war, and of course he hardly expected to see them again. A few weeks ago the lieutenant and I went out to the Maria Teresa, which then lay where she went down. The waters of the Caribbean sea are very clear, and while gazing into the depths something bright caught my eye. I called Hobson's attention to the find, and he let down a grapple and hauled up—can you guess? His own binoculars." Hobson luck ought to be as comforting as the Hobson kiss.—New York Cor. Pittsburg Dispatch.

THE SUDANESE TROOPS.

Why Those Who Fought the British Are Now on Their Side.

The Sudanese are splendid troops. There are six regiments of them, about 800 men in each. It is a curious thing to reflect on that among their ranks are between 700 and 800 men who fought against us at the Atbara. It will perhaps be a little difficult for those who are not well acquainted with the history of the Sudan to understand how these men could have come so entirely over to our side as within three or four months to be fighting against their former comrades, so I give the following explanation:

The inhabitants of the Sudan may be roughly divided into two distinct types—the Arabs and the blacks. The Arabs are the ruling race, the blacks being mostly slaves, who consequently have no particular love for their Arab masters, although, at the same time, they are on account of their bravery the khalifa's most trusted troops. The blacks, however, fight for sheer love of the game and are ready, as a rule, to side with whoever they think will win and treat them best, and it is these men who are now enlisted in the Sudanese regiments.

These Sudanese regiments present a very fine appearance. They are nearly all very tall men, slender, but at the same time very wiry, and their marching powers are wonderful. Their uniform is particularly neat and serviceable, consisting of a red fez, colored with kharki. On one side of the fez is a strip of colored cloth, varying with the different regiments, on which in brass Arabic characters is the number of the regiment itself. They wear a brown woolen jersey, kharki breeches, blue rethis and last, but certainly not least, a pair of enormous boots. Fourteen is a common size.

Their equipment is of brown leather, and they wear a bandolier belt for cartridges, kharki haversack and water bottle. They are armed with the Martini-Henri rifle and bayonet. They are good natured fellows, and are inordinately fond of music, or, rather, a good noise. However, their bands are wonderfully well turned out, and will play for mile after mile without stopping. They are particularly fond of the bagpipes, and one or two of the regiments have pipers who have been trained by the highland regiments.—Cor. Dublin Express.

Music on a Gigantic Scale.

A gigantic musical instrument is being constructed for the Paris exposition. The machinery will be kept in motion by an enormous petroleum motor of six horsepower, and the music, it is promised, will equal in volume of execution some of the most famous instrumental bands.

Royal ABSOLUTELY THE BEST!
In style, fit, finish and durability they have no equal.
Superiority Unquestioned. Great variety of styles, lengths, colors and sizes.
Ask to see the new style, 545, French model, short hip, low bust.
Best fitting and most comfortable corset for ONE DOLLAR!
Sold by all first-class dealers.
Worcester
If your dealer can't supply you, write us and we will furnish you through the nearest dealer.
Worcester Corset Co., Worcester, Mass.
Corsets

THE UMBRELLA DISEASE.

Strange Affliction of a Man Who Formed a Habit.

William Michaels, who lives in Armstrong county, Pa., recently returned from New York, where he has spent several months receiving treatment for a very remarkable disease. Mr. Michaels formed the habit of carrying an umbrella at all times and places. For many years he has continued this practice, using the umbrella as a walking stick. The constant pressure of a portion of the handle upon the ball of the thumb finally caused a diseased condition but rarely found or recognized by the medical profession. The disease began with a slight but continuous pain in the hand, which gradually increased in intensity until it became almost unbearable. Soon the muscles of the ball of the thumb began to contract and harden and apparently to grow fast to the bone. Local physicians were unable to give any relief or to discover the nature or cause of the disease. Finally it became evident that a process of ossification was going on and that the hand was slowly turning into bone.

It was not until the fingers had become hard and rigid and until the disease had paralyzed the wrist and showed signs of progress almost to the elbow that Mr. Michaels awoke to the necessity of seeking relief among eastern physicians. He then went to New York city, where he was treated for several months without success. It was finally resolved to resort to amputation to prevent the process of ossification from extending to the body and thus in time reached the vital organs, when death would result.

His arm was amputated at the elbow, as the disease had not yet extended that far. He has not experienced any further trouble, and it is not expected that he will. The disease is of very rare occurrence, but a few years ago a member of the British house of commons was similarly affected, the cause being the habit of constantly carrying a walking stick.

It is also said that the "ossified man," who a few years ago was exhibited in city museums, was afflicted with the same disease. In his case the exciting cause was a ill fitting shoe, causing undue pressure on the heel. In time his entire body became like bone. He lost all the power of motion, except in his lower jaw. Finally the disorder reached the heart and death resulted.—Pittsburg Leader.

BIG RISK IN KAISER'S TRIP.

Jerusalem Filled With Austrian and German Bands of Brigands.

The National Zeitung of Berlin reports that, in anticipation of the festivities planned for the kaiser's reception and sojourn in Jerusalem, the city is already thronged with crowds of German and Austrian tramps and vagabonds. These men, the Zeitung says, are a dangerous set, who spend their time for the most part in the wineshops, and are forming regular bands of brigands, who commit all sorts of crimes. Unless the Holy City is cleaned of this canaille, concludes the report, before the arrival of the kaiser in Jerusalem, the lives of his majesty and the imperial party will be greatly imperiled during their visit.

The National Zeitung in another article also expresses the fear that, in consideration of the nervous unrest in old world politics, a two months' absence of the German sovereign from the fatherland cannot fail to prove detrimental, and is a very risky adventure at any rate. A dispatch from Rome says that the Italian government has instructed the police authorities of the towns which Kaiser Wilhelm and his party will visit on the way to Palestine to take the utmost precautionary measures and to arrest all persons suspected of anarchistic propensities.

The railroad over which the imperial train will pass will be lined from beginning to end with soldiers who will carefully keep away all suspicious characters, as it is feared that the anarchists, who are increasing in alarming numbers, may attempt to blow up the train. —Special Cable to New York Journal.

King Wheat.

You may tell of your armored cruisers,
And your great ships of the line:
And swift or slow may steamers go
Across the billowy brine.
Like thunder may the cannon boom
To greet their flags unfurled,
And for an hour they may have power
To rule the frightened world.

From ocean shore to ocean shore
Lie lines of gleaming steel,
And night or day we hear alway
The ring of rushing wheel;
Though buffalo have left the plain,
And Indian tents are furled,
Nor steam nor hand at wealth's command
Can rule the busy world.

But where the hillside rises fair
In terraces of green,
And on the plain where wind and rain
Sweep fields of golden sheen,
Where sturdy yellow stalks arise,
With bannered heads unfurled,
Here you may greet the great King Wheat—
The ruler of the world.

Oh, hills may shake and vales resound
Beneath the flying car,
And driven by steam and winds a-beam
Our ships ride fast and far.
Cities may crumble 'neath the guns
Which guard our flag unfurled,
Yet all shall greet, at least, King Wheat,
For hunger rules the world.

—Ninette M. Lowater in Youth's Companion.

THE ETHICAL ARGUMENT.

High Principle Involved in the Eight Hour Movement.

Dr. George Hodges, writing in The Congregationalist of the eight hour day movement, says it is "essentially ethical, being in the direction of the betterment of manners and the increase of happiness." The underlying principles are: That the most important factor in the industrial and social situation is not a machine nor even a sum of money, but a man, and that men in order to be men must have some leisure. They cannot have moral or mental manhood without it. To the objection that men will not use leisure time aright he concedes that holidays have been often abused, but believes that a reasonable faith in human nature will be a sufficient answer; that when life is so adjusted that men can they will make helpers of the school, the library and the church.

He meets the objection that the reduction of working hours will demoralize industry and bankrupt the employer by the results wherever such conditions have prevailed. It has been repeatedly demonstrated that the successive lessening of hours of work has not caused "diminution of production, fall of wages, rise of prices or slackening of trade." Instead the quality and quantity of work have often been improved. He cites as a representative case that of the Salford Iron works. Mr. Mather, employing 1,200 men at eight hours a day, says they have produced more in the shorter than formerly in the longer time, "owing to the unimpaired and cheerful energy on the part of every man and boy throughout the day;" that it seems that now they are working in harmony with a natural law. Dr. Hodges refers to the war as the result of the ethical argument and closes his discussion of the question thus: "The war was felt to be necessary for the sake of manhood; that our neighbors might live like men. The eight hour matter must be met and decided on the same high principle. The interests of individuals must yield to the interests of the community."

CZAR AND LABOR UNIONS.

How the Great Advocate of Peace Secures That Article at Home.

The czar of Russia favors worldwide peace. At home he is bound to have it—at the point, if need be, of bayonet or sword.

The New Charter, a San Francisco weekly, publishes what it declares to be "a confidential circular, issued by the Russian minister of internal affairs, communicated from a trustworthy source. It is an illustration of the growth of the labor movement in Russia and of the attitude the czar's government assumes toward it."

THE CIRCULAR.

To the Provincial Governors, Prefects, Head Police Masters and Local Chief Officers of the Gendarmerie:

An increased fermentation among the factory workers is being observed of late as well as attempts on the part of politically untrustworthy individuals to call forth strikes under different pretexts at as many factories as possible. So far as could be ascertained the existing intention is to strike work on the day which is regarded abroad as a labor holiday. It is therefore urgent to take at once and without any delay the necessary measures for a stricter surveillance of the workmen, for the stopping of any agitation that may be noticed in the workshops, and, in case of any strikes, for their suppression at the very beginning, besides the temporary increase of police supervision generally.

The appearance of different agitators in localities with a manufacturing population must be strictly watched, and so must be the spreading of the different appeals and other prohibited literature among the workmen, as also—and that in particular—the commencement of the so called propaganda among the workers. The agitators, whether people of the educated class or workmen, must be searched and arrested, and, according to results of searching and observation, either they must be indicted and a formal inquiry into their doings begun under clause 4,035 of the penal code or the question of the expulsion of the guilty according to the rules of the state of siege—i. e., administratively without any trial (this latter course is suggested in cases when the result of searching and observation would not reveal any proofs against the prisoner)—must be made to the higher administrative authorities.

In case of strikes it must be explained to the workmen (by arrangement with the factory inspectors) that their demand will not be listened to nor receive any attention until they resume work. The shortest possible notice must be given them for either resuming work or finishing all accounts with the factory. Those who have settled their accounts and received their money as well as those who have refused to do so (without resuming work) must be sent on foot and under guard to their respective homes. The money earned but not received by the last mentioned class must also be sent to their respective places, to be handed them by the local authorities.

Informing your excellency of all the above mentioned, I ask you to inform me without delay of all that may follow concerning this matter.

Railroads and the Law.

In 1893 a law was passed by congress ordering the railroads to equip all cars with safety appliances for the protection of human life and gave them until Jan. 1, 1898, to comply with the law. When that time came, the work wasn't done, and the railroads were still killing and crippling employees with reckless abandon. Then the time was extended two years longer. While ignoring a law of congress the railroads have killed 1,693 and injured 27,667 persons. If a starving man steals a loaf of bread, the law will grab him in a holy minute, but if hundreds are killed and thousands maimed by a railroad company contrary to law congress kindly overlooks the matter and gives them two years more time so that they can kill some more people. It is a blessed thing to be a railroad company in this free country.—Omaha Nonconformist.

PRESIDENT'S SPEECH

He Addressed Iowans Returning From Omaha Fair.

Speeches From the Train Platform in Response to Cheers—Gage Makes Campaign Speech Asking Support for President McKinley.

Glenwood, Ia., Oct. 14.—President McKinley was not permitted to leave for the east yesterday without making one more address to his western constituents who had gathered at the station to watch the departure of his train. Hundreds of eager people crowded about the rear platform, and as the flyer pulled out the president said to them: "I see that here in Nebraska, as in every other state of the Union, everybody loves the government and everybody loves the flag, and I cannot tell you how hard it is for me to bid you all goodbye."

Just across the river, at Council Bluffs, Mr. McKinley again responded to the cheers of a great crowd, and said: "My fellow citizens, I am very much gratified at your reception. I have just come from the great city of the west and have witnessed a wonderful exhibition of your genius, skill and industry as shown at the trans-Mississippi exposition. Nothing has given me greater satisfaction as I have journeyed through the country than to look into the cheerful faces of the people and to be assured from their appearance that despair no longer hangs over the west, but that you are having a fair share of prosperity; and, not only that, but you are having a baptism of patriotism in which we all rejoice."

At Hastings President McKinley spoke as follows: "It has given me great pleasure, as I have journeyed through this glorious state, to observe evidence both of patriotism and of prosperity. We have pretty much everything in this country to make it happy. We have good money, we have ample revenues, we have unquestioned national credit, but what we want is new markets; and as trade follows the flag, it looks very much as if we were going to have new markets."

At Red Oak, Ia., the president faced a crowd of 5000. He said: "What nation of the world has more to be thankful for than ours? We have material wealth; we have rich and fertile lands; we have great shops and great factories that make everything. We have skilled workmen; we have genius for invention, and in the last 30 years we have achieved commercial triumphs which have been the wonder of the world. We have come out of events of the last five months glorious in our victories and more glorious in the results which are to follow them. We are fortunate in the virtue of our people, and in the valor of our soldiers and sailors. We have been patriotic in every crisis of our history, and never more patriotic than from April, 1898, to the present hour. Our patriotism must be continued. We must not permit it to abate, but we must stand unitedly until every settlement of the recent contest shall be written in enduring form and shall record a triumph for civilization and humanity. I am glad to be at the home of that gallant young hero who went down in the harbor of Havana, Ensign Merritt. I am glad to pay a fitting tribute to him and to all the other heroes of the war. His name and his fame will be sacredly guarded by his own neighbors and fellow citizens, and will be always held in remembrance by a grateful people."

The president then introduced Secretary Gage, who said: "It is to me a source of pride and satisfaction that you, the people of this mighty west, can be brought into contact as you have been brought into contact with this man, the president of the United States, to whose judgment, wisdom, courage, virtue, fortitude, zeal and patriotism the fortunes of the American people are so fully committed. Citizens, he is worthy of your confidence and love; support him by your sympathies and your confidence."

Postmaster General Smith spoke next. "You are here," said he, "to greet the president of the United States. You have given him your confidence and your support through the greatest crisis and emergency which this country has faced since the civil war, because you knew that he is firmly devoted to the welfare of the entire American people, and has given his earnest purpose to the promotion of the interests of our whole country. In his further work you will continue the confidence and support which you have thus far given him, and in the settlements which are to come he will have the support of the American people as he has had in the great conflict through which we have passed."

By far the largest and most vociferous crowd of the day had gathered at Creston. When the presidential party ascended the platform 12,000 persons cheered the president. Mr. McKinley said: "I do not know a period of our history when the country enjoyed more real and substantial prosperity than it does today. In every one of the great industries of the country we are feeling a degree of prosperity which gives new hope to all our people. Not only are the people reasonably prosperous, but the government is alike prosperous. We have had no bad luck lately. We have got along fairly well thus far, thanks to the patriotism of the American people, and thanks to the valor and courage and heroism of the boys of Iowa and of the rest of the United States."

At Charlton, Ia., the president said: "We have been very fortunate as a nation in the last six months. We have made much progress in a very little while. We have made some substantial gains without resort to arms. We have the people of Hawaii that came to us free and independent and asked to be annexed to the United States. Wherever our flag floats it is always for the sake of humanity and the advancement of civilization. Territory sometimes comes to us when we go to war in a holy cause, and whenever it does, the banner of liberty will float over it and bring, I trust, blessings and benefits to all of the people."

BASE BALL

Baltimore, Oct. 14.—In the initial inning of yesterday's game four hits and four runs were garnered by the Bostons. The latter were off in their work at times, however, and in the seventh inning the Baltimores secured three runs and the game. Attendance, 1,435. Score:

Baltimores.	AB	R	IB	PO	A	E
McGraw, 3 b	1	2	0	2	0	0
Keeler, r f	4	0	1	3	0	0
Jennings, s s	4	0	1	1	5	0
Kelley, c f	4	1	1	2	0	0
Demont, 2 b	4	1	1	1	4	0
Holmes, l f	4	0	0	1	0	0
Clarke, 1 b	3	0	0	11	0	1
Heydon, c	1	1	0	2	1	1
McJames, p	3	1	1	1	4	0
Totals	28	6	5	27	14	2
Boston.	AB	R	IB	PO	A	E
Hamilton, c f	3	1	1	2	0	0
Tenney, 1 b	4	1	1	10	2	0
Long, 2 b	4	1	1	2	2	0
Duffy, l f	4	1	1	1	0	1
Collins, 3 b	4	0	3	2	3	0
Stahl, r f	4	0	0	0	0	1
Yeager, c	4	0	0	4	3	1
Smith, s s	4	1	1	2	3	1
Willis, p	3	0	0	1	1	1
Stafford, x	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	35	5	8	24	14	5

x—Batted for Willis in ninth inning.

Baltimore ....2 0 0 0 0 1 3 0 —6
Boston .....1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—5

Stolen bases—McGraw, 2. Three-base hit—Jennings. Earned runs—Boston, 2. First base on balls—Off McJames, 1; off Willis, 4. Hit by pitched ball—Heydon. Struck out—By McJames, 3; by Willis, 1. Passed balls—Heydon, 1. Wild pitches—McJames, 1. Left on bases—Baltimore, 3; Boston, 4. Umpires—Gaffney and Brown.

Gardner pitched a good game for the Pittsburghs, but Taylor did better for the Chicagoes, and was better supported at critical stages.

The Phillies won a double header from the Brooklyns, and thereby clinched their place in the first division.

Every run tallied at the polo grounds in New York excepting one had an error attached to it. The Washingtons were the worst sinners in this respect and the giants won easily. The New Yorks tried Puhl, an infielder from the Connecticut league.

END OF THE CONCLAVE.

Pittsburg, Oct. 14.—The turning point in the Knights Templar's conclave came yesterday when some of the visitors began to prepare for their return. The resources of the local entertainers were by no means exhausted, however. Several detachments went out sightseeing early in the morning. Street car parties went to local points of interest. For those who remained in the city there were concerts and other entertainments at the headquarters of the various commanderies.

Officers were elected and Louisville was selected as the place where the next conclave is to be held. Reuben H. Lloyd of San Francisco was chosen master, H. B. Stoddard of Texas deputy, C. M. Moulton of Chicago generalissimo, H. W. Rugg of Providence captain general, W. B. Melish of Ohio senior warden.

Joseph A. Locke of Portland was elected junior warden, Wales L. Lines of Meriden, Conn., and W. Mayo of St. Louis were re-elected grand treasurer and grand recorder respectively.

NEW HAMPSHIRE RED MEN.

Manchester, Oct. 14.—The great council of Red Men was held yesterday. There are now 27 tribes and 2143 members. During the year $1908 were spent for relief. The tribes have $9309 invested and $2601.93 in their wampum belts. In the degree of Pocahontas there has been a slight loss, three councils having disbanded. There are 13 councils and 901 members.

The following great chiefs were elected and raised up to their stumps: Sachem, Levi N. Edwards, Wolfeboro; senior sagamore, E. D. Seaver, Manchester; junior sagamore, E. W. Hodsdon, Centre Harbor; prophet, J. F. Emery, Stratham; chief of records, J. F. Whitehead, Dover; keeper of wampum, Benjamin Herbert, Manchester.

NEGROES IN WANT.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Mr. Lyons, the register of the treasury, has received a letter from James Hill, collector of internal revenue in Jackson, Miss., in which he makes an appeal for aid in behalf of the colored people there who, owing to the quarantine against yellow fever, are unable to obtain work. The letter says: "Nearly all of the white people have left the city. We have at least 4,000 or 5,000 colored people in the city, and from 2,500 to 3,000 have to be fed by charity. The city is strictly quarantined. Many are suffering for the necessities of life."

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

IN TWENTY YEARS

A Bank Cashier Stole Large Amount

FROM BANK OF WHICH PLATT IS PRESIDENT.

A Dutch Crook to be Extradited.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Charles D. Dawes, comptroller of the currency, wired the cashier of the Tioga National bank of Owego, N. Y., of which Senator T. C. Platt is president, to close the doors of the institution, receive no more deposits and transact no more business. This action was taken as a result of a recent examination, which disclosed a large defalcation on the part of Ell W. Stone, the assistant cashier of the bank.

Stone died Wednesday night shortly after he had been confronted by the examiner with the defalcation. He confessed his guilt. The examiner reports that from as careful an examination of the books as he has been able to make, there is no evidence whatever of any complicity on the part of the other officers of the bank. The defalcation occurred through the manipulation of the individual deposit ledger by the assistant cashier, who acted as receiving teller. It is understood that the peculations covered about 20 years, small amounts being taken at a time. This was made possible by Stone acting at times as both receiving teller and individual bookkeeper.

TO SURRENDER A SWINDLER.

Washington, Oct. 14.—The secretary of state has issued a warrant for the surrender to the authorities of the Netherlands of Barend J. Strunders, who was committed by an extradition magistrate of New York for having obtained money under false pretences. His scheme was to obtain money from brokers on consignments of tobacco which he represented to be worth about $15,000, though as a fact they were worth about $1,000. The New York and Boston people repudiated these drafts, and Strunders was arrested at the instance of the Dutch authorities.

LABOR TROUBLES IN PARIS.

Paris, Oct. 14.—In consequence of the committee of the Railroad Men's union deciding in favor of a general strike and sending instructions to the provincial branches to cease work, with a reminder of the secret measures agreed upon at the railroad men's congress for the hindrance of traffic in the event of a strike, the police raided the offices of the committee and seized all the papers.

In consequence of a false report that the police intended to close the labor exchange, there was considerable excitement among the strikers, who gathered in large numbers around the building, remaining until dispersed by the police.

The troops have been ordered to remain in barracks. Owing to the threatened strike of railway men, the stations at Rouen, Amiens, Grenoble, Arras, Bethune, Lons and other points have been occupied by soldiers. All the railway stations in Paris are occupied by the military. The companies have engaged extra men and taken other precautions for possible, but unexpected, defections.

The leaders voted in favor of a general strike.

HAVE ABOLISHED HAZING.

Hanover, N. H., Oct. 14.—As a result of the action taken by the Dartmouth college authorities on recent cases of hazing, the students at a mass meeting voted to abolish the custom. There has been an exceptionally large amount of hazing during the present term, and a committee of the faculty investigated a number of cases. The committee ended its investigation on Tuesday night, and, pending the action of the faculty on the matter, the representatives of the different classes met and drew up a resolution, which was accepted.

MRS. SHERMAN PARALYZED.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Mrs. Sherman, wife of the former secretary of state, lies at her home in a very critical condition. A stroke of paralysis has affected her right side, and even in brief periods of consciousness she is unable to speak. Mrs. Sherman's health always has been exceptionally good, and while she is well advanced in years, her physicians hold out the hope that she may recover the present attack, though they realize that the chance is small.

EMPEROR IS DYING.

London, Oct. 14.—The British, German and Japanese ministers in Pekin, according to a special despatch from Shanghai, have vainly sought for a week past an audience of the emperor.

An official of the foreign office says the emperor lies in a dying condition in a small building on a lake near the empress dowager's palace, where no man can penetrate.

PETER H. SAVAGE,
Undertaker and Funeral Director
169 WORTHEN ST.
Telephone connection 464-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE
Henry W. Garrity, Prop.
CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.
Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.
The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.
M. H. Carey, } Clerks. } H. Gervais.

LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL
Evening Classes Begin Oct. 17.
Special entrance examination in Arithmetic and English on Friday, Oct. 14, at 7 p. m.
Art Students Now Received.
Prof. George will continue his classes as usual both day and evening. Apply immediately.

WANTED.

WANTED—A partner with $500 to invest in a profitable amusement enterprise. Address M. E. Cushing, 100 Church Street, Lowell, Mass.

SITUATION WANTED by a young man, would work for board and go to school; well experienced around horses; the best of references. Address A., Sun office.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS—Don't prepare for any civil service examination without seeing our illustrated catalogue of information. Sent free. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C.

PLEASANT HOME WORK for men or women, day or evening; $6 to $12 weekly; no canvassing or experience needed; plain instructions and work mailed on application. Brazilian Manufacturing Co., New York City.

WORK WANTED—Washing, ironing and house work wanted by Mrs Brendel, 336 Dutton street.

WANTED—Art model, young female, for light work. State experience, if any, and wages expected. Herb. Haeart, this office.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their old felt hats dyed and blocked in the latest shapes at the Hat Bleachery, 161 Merrimack street, up stairs.

WANTED—At all times lady chorus singers. Apply by mail. Address Ivory, 80 Merrill street, Lowell.

WANTED—Saleswoman to assist in the introduction of an article of merit; salary. References required. Call or address A. P. T. Hicks, Room 34, Bon Marche building, Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—600 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Low's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

WANT BLUSH OF YOUTH, soft, delicate skin? Use Nooren's Roman Secret. At all drug stores. A. W. Dow, A. E. Moor, agent for Lowell, corner of Gorham and Appleton streets.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A pocketbook on Appleton street. Owner can have same by calling at 78 Middlesex Street.

LOST—On Monday a pair of eye glasses. Finder will be rewarded at 764 Merrimack street.

TO LET.

TO LET—New house with eight rooms, 342 Stevens street. Furnace heat, cemented cellar, set tubs, and all modern improvements. Enquire of Walter H. Howe, 813 Summer Street.

TO LET CHEAP—A small tenement opposite Highland hall. Inquire at 128 Branch Street.

TO LET—Very pleasant small tenements Belvidere; rent low. Apply to F. A. Pennington, 285 High street.

TO LET—Choice low-priced tenements, ranging in price from $5 to $10 per month. T. H. Elliott, 61 Central street.

TO LET—Half a house of ten rooms at 9 Everett street; rent $10 a month. Apply at 308 High street.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 268 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

Weak Men Made Vigorous

What PEFFER'S NERVIGOR Did!

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to Cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggist impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund Money. Pamphlet free. PEFFER MEDICAL ASS'N, Cleveland, O. Sold by Ellingwood & Co., corner Central and Merrimack streets.

LANTERNS
FOR
House, Mill, Stable
Carriage

And out-of-door use. Lantern Globes in white, red and blue. Parts of Lanterns lost or destroyed, furnished.

C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 TO 67 MARKET STREET.

IF
PETER WATSON
Was anywhere near the army camps the people of the country would not be asking for an investigation as to the feeding of the starving soldiers. He supplies enough of people in Lowell to make an army with the choicest line of bread, cake and pastry to be had in this city. There is nothing better than the best and Peter Watson's bakery is the best.
Ask for Peter Watson's celebrated bread and take no other. Bakery from
52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.
Weddings and parties supplied at short notice and orders delivered to all parts of the city.

Our Stand
Is at 400 Merrimack St.
We can fit your feet with Boots, Shoes and Rubbers. Reliable goods, lowest prices. That's true economy.
F. E. LABARGE, Prop.
CITY HALL SHOE STORE
400 Merrimack St.

Sewing Machines
For $24.00
You can buy the same machine that others sell as $60. We have no canvassers; you get his commission by buying at our store.
Ring's Big Store
221-229 DUTTON ST.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A first class confectionery store on one of the principal streets doing a good cigar, tobacco and fruit trade. Owner having other business is obliged to sell. Call at this office.

FOR SALE—Trimmed hats of every description; lowest prices in Lowell. Turbins, all trimmed, for $1.50 and $1.75. Ladies can save from 25 to 40 per cent. by buying their Hats from Mdm. Maxime Lepine, the milliner, 937 Moody street, cor Race.

WAGONS—My remaining stock of high grade democrats, Concords, square wagons, panel side wagons, together with a variety of 2nd hand wagons, buggies, etc., will be offered at very low figures to close. J. F. Libby, 69 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—11 acre farm, 7 miles from Lowell, not far from electrics. Easy terms; price only $850. T. H. Elliott, 61 Central street.

CALL at 353 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford and Washington streets good cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land, lots of fruit. Price only $1000. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—In Billerica small farm of 10 acres, fair building, near cars. This is a bargain; price $300. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Furniture and carpets also one rifle; nearly new. 173 Chapel street. 1st bell.

FOR SALE—Tell R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

ANYTHING and everything in the line of RUBBER STAMPS at whole-sale prices. The best linen marker in use only 25c. J. H. Fellows, 183 Merrimack street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, a nice 8-room cottage house, with all modern improvements, 5000 feet of land, lots of fruit, near bridge. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

OWNER IN NEED OF MONEY—A lot of land containing 9000 feet, 60x90, on a 53 foot street, 15 minutes from Centralville bridge. Price $100, also two second-hand furnaces. Inquire at 128 Bridge street.

FOR SALE—Near Broadway and School streets good house and large lot of land for a little money. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 35c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Good corporation boarding house, lots of boarders. Must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street, Boston.

FOR SALE—Good farm for the money, 10 acres of land, good buildings, 9 miles from Lowell on main road. Price $900. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CONSULT MADAM CLENDENING, scientific palmist. Advice on love, business marriage, tells past and future, also locates diseases, etc. 186 Appleton street.

James Walsh,
Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardener. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 125 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

If You Are Short
And want a loan we can help you out. Security taken, real estate and personal property.
DONOVAN & MANSUR
Room 1, Swan Building, 20 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

If You Want Clean, Bright
COAL
Free from impurities, coal that ignites quickly and has good lasting qualities. Order of the
Middlesex Coal Co.
6 FLETCHER STREET,
And order now.
H. P. Hasey, President. J. J. Smith, Manager.
Telephone 871-2.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 GORHAM STREET.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

YOUR WORN OUT
Carriage will be taken for what its worth in exchange for any carriage built by us.
We build to order only, and every carriage we build is guaranteed by us. We would like to talk with you about carriages.
SAWYER Carriage Company
Worthen St., Lowell.

AN ARRAY
Of Ladies' Shoes made to protect the feet from the inclemency of the weather, which is so prevalent at this time of the year.
They are HAND SEWED SHOES, made from plump Dongola stock, with half double soles and kid tips, very stylish and comfortable. They do away with the annoyance of rubbers.
$3 a Pair.
J. J. LONERGAN.
215 DUTTON ST.

Millinery, Millinery
EVERYBODY IS TALKING MILLINERY.

So Are We
Our line of Millinery includes all the latest novelties in trimmed and untrimmed Hats, shapes, feathers, flowers and ribbons of all kinds and colors and all prices. Our new line of trimmed hats from the best houses in New York has just arrived and are now ready for your inspection and range in prices from $1.75 up to $8 and $10. Everybody ought to see the Hat we have for $3.98 and $4.98. These are two special bargains. Our $3.98 hat is equal to any $8 hat in Lowell and our $4.98 you can't duplicate in your down town stores for less than $10. Now we are right in it on Millinery and if you fail to visit
JOHN DRAIN'S,
111 Corham St.
You make the mistake of your life.
Great bargains in Men's, Ladies' and Children's Underwear. All kinds and all prices. Our line of Hosiery is complete from the cheapest to the best.
One great bargain in Men's Heavy Blue Ribbed, our price only 15c., others ask 25c.; and hundreds of other bargains which space won't permit to mention.
As usual we are ready with a full line of Yarns of all kinds and all colors.
Scotch, Germantown, Saxony, Spanish. All kinds and the very best grades.
Remember the place,
JOHN DRAIN
IN BLOCK WITH McCARTIN'S BAKERY.

There is Strength In Harvard Ale.

The workingman who buys his pint of ale or beer cannot afford to lose money. The best costs him no more than the poorest. There is more strength and more refreshment in a pint of Harvard Ale or Harvard $1000 Pure Beer than in any other. Why not get the best?
Our guarantee of purity speaks for itself. See that you get the genuine. We bottle both Ale and Beer.
HARVARD BREWING CO.
LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.
We Brew Pure Ale in Our Ale Brewery.

MILLINERY FACTS
That our efforts to present to the attention of the Ladies of Lowell a handsome line of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, that are stylish and dressy, and at the same time reasonable in price, have met with their approval is evident by the large number we have sold the past week. For this week we shall offer the finest lines of BONNETS, TOQUES, TURBANS and LARGE HATS ever shown in Lowell for from $5.00 to $7.00 that will cost you from $7 to $12 in any other store in the city. Nice line of Walking Hats, Children's Dress Hats and Tams. Ostrich Wings, Ornaments and Fancy Feathers at the same small margin of profit. Best goods, small profits and quick sales is our motto. Come in when you want anything in Millinery. We can save you money.
HEAD & SHAW, THE MILLINERS.
169 MERRIMACK STREET.

DEWEY HAVE GOOD BUTTER
Well! Well!
Have just received a large lot of June Vermont Dairy and Creamery Butter in 5, 10 and 20-lb packages at prices that will keep our competitors guessing, and the quality that will please everybody. Give us a trial and we will convince you that we have no competitors in the city.
Bargains in All Departments This Week.
Banner Market
Prescott Street.

TEETH No Charge For Extracting
$5 to $10 a Set
Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Rootless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists. Rooms 84, 85, 86, Ruggles' Bld'g, cor. Merrimack & Bridge.

Fifty Cents Per Box
TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets
HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.
stop forever all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold) $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.
Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 317 CENTRAL STREET.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—6:57; sets, 5:02.
Moon sets—Eve.
High water—10:45 a. m.; 11:15 p. m.

Fair weather prevailed yesterday, except rains in the lake region, where a storm of considerable energy is central. It is moving over slowly eastward, and the cloudy weather and showers probable from it is likely to continue through tonight, probably followed by clearing weather Saturday morning and fair afternoon and night. At this time no great change is indicated in the temperature for the remainder of the week.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FLOWER POTS.

We have a lot of them and will sell them cheap All sizes from 3 cents up. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 68 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star, French and German lines, sailing from Boston and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money sent to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Canada bills bought at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred Cigars.

Buy a Jacob Doll high grade Piano.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins, 223 Central street.

Watches, 75c. up. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

Save interest and cost by paying your taxes at once.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 439-4.

The opening night of "Joe's" Saturday Night Socials will take place at Prescott hall this week, Saturday. Music, Hibbard's orchestra.

The city treasurer's office will be open Friday and Saturday evenings, Oct. 14, and 15, from 7 to 8 o'clock, and Monday Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings, Oct. 17, 18, 19, and 20, from 7 to 9 o'clock, for the receipt of taxes.

Mr. Clinton R. Carpenter, who has been for the last two years employed at city hall in the office of the purchasing agent's department has accepted a position with the Atlas Tack company of Taunton and left the city Wednesday afternoon. He was chosen out of 30 applicants for the place.

The children must be shod with shoes. We have 10 pairs at 6 cents a pair. We have 75 pairs of ladies' boots at 50 and 60 cents, warranted. Slippers at 25 cents a pair, worth 50 cents a pair. We have all kinds of nails, leather, and razor straps, at give away prices. For the balance of the month, we will sell ladies' $3.00 boots for $1.75; also give a pair of nickel-plated heel plates free to the ladies.
William Wade, 23 Merrimack St.

LINCOLN CLUB.

The Lincoln club held an interesting meeting last evening, Vice President Alexander Mack presiding in the absence of President McDowell. Six applicants for membership were admitted and two other applicants were considered. When the news came from the republican headquarters that George E. Varney, a member of the club, had been nominated for representative, a committee was appointed to escort him to the rooms of the club.

When Mr. Varney appeared he was given a most enthusiastic greeting and responded with a brief address.

WONDERS NEVER CEASE.

That was the remark of a lady yesterday as she came out of 32 Central street. She had been told where to find her lost purse and she had come back to tell Madame Marianie that she had found it and wanted to reward her. The wonderful gypsy palm and card readers are the talk of our city and a visit to 32 Central street will convince the most skeptical that they all get value for the money. Ten cents pays for full palm reading or your choice of cards if you wish. The camp will be located at 32 Central street for the month of October from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. Ladies will do well to go in the daytime.

CHESS AND CHECKER CLUB.

The team match at Lowell Checker club last evening was well attended including Messrs. Irwin and Thompson, two fine players from Boston and Providence, who played with the club.

The following scores were made and many fine games were played that evoked much interest and comment.

McKillop 0, Foye 1, drawn 1; Dearborn 0, Hill 0, drawn 2; Richardson 0, *Irwin 0, drawn 2; *Thompson 1, Morris 0, drawn 1; Saunders 1, Moore 1, drawn 0, Sheehey 1, Riley 1, drawn 0; Joy 2, Casey 0, drawn 0; Dowd 1, Cawley 1, drawn 0.

Totals—McKillop's side 6; Foye's side, 4; drawn 6.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Following is a synopsis of the bulletin for September prepared by the board of health:

Deaths during the month of September, 1898, 169; population estimated at 87,000; rate per 1000 inhabitants, 23.69.

Place of death—Ward one, 9; ward two, 23; ward three, 13, ward four, 14; ward five, 16; ward six, 20; ward seven, 33; ward eight, 8; ward nine, 9; almshouse, 13; Lowell Hospital, 1; Lowell General Hospital, 9; St. John's Hospital, 4; still births, 10; total number, 169; males, 88; females, 83.

Contagious Cases Reported.

	1898.	1897.
Diphtheria	5	2
Croup	1	1
Scarlet fever	23	6
Measles	0	0
Typhoid fever	21	26

Comparative Mortality and Death Rate for September.

	1898	1897
Deaths	169	162
Population (estimated)	87,000	87,000
Death rate per 1000	23.69	22.7
Per cent. under five years	57	51
Per cent. in zymotic class	20	23
Per cent in zymotic class including tubercular diseases	23	40

Dr. [illegible] DENTIST [illegible] Merrimack St.

NEW VOTERS MADE

At Yesterday's Registration Session.

GREATER ACTIVITY AMONG THE POLITICIANS.

Many Swedes and Armenians Registered.

In both the afternoon and evening yesterday, the registration work was light. In all a total of 19 names were added to the check lists. The full list follows:

Ward One—George B. Murphy, 97 South; Clarence Edmonds, 395 Middlesex; Charles H. Mellride, 23 Hamilton corp.; Joseph Holsclair, 28 Lee; Uberto F. Tuler, 66 Third.

Ward Two—Joseph J. Redmond, 391 Market; Chas. S. Brunelle, 71 Hanover; Edward Sherlock, 133 Suffolk; David Thompson, 25 Suffolk; Thomas J. Wallace, Jr., 30 Lagrange.

Ward Three—Wm. W. Whitney, 1 Lane; Albert E. Smith, 1 Lane.

Ward Four—Patrick J. Cunniffe, 711 Central; Chas. P. Townsend, 15 Winter; Daniel J. Curtin, 42 Kinsman; Francis J. Drumm, 353 Gorham; Alexander Craig, 60 Whipple; Samuel R. W. Willis, 307 Thorndike; Wm. H. Conroy, 589 Gorham; Edward T. Dowd, 212 Crosby; James J. Murphy, 247 Gorham; Patrick Cullinan, 10 Auburn; John Mahoney, 27 Madison; George J. Doyle, 9 Bassett; Frederick O'Brien, 118 Appleton.

Ward Five—Xavier L. Gonzales, 19 Tyler; Martin T. Galvin, 43 North; Patrick Gillogly, 40 Chapel; John J. King, 203 Lawrence; Martin F. Kelley 11 Mill; John J. Coolon, 31 Chapel; Charles A. McSwiggin, 10 Rogers.

Ward Six—Ernest Lanoue, 100 Fulton; George B. Sinclair, 639 Bridge; George Bray, rear 341 Lakeview avenue; John A. Weatherson, 32 West Fourth; James Garin, 341 Lakeview avenue; Arthur A. Foster, 218 Hildreth.

Ward Seven—Louis G. Turgeon, Jr., 16 Dodge; Jeremiah Donohue, 139 Mammoth road; Thomas T. Sullivan, 39 Claire.

Ward Eight—Joseph J. Hartford, 118 Marshall road; Wm. L. Gillespie, 215 Lincoln; George P. Dow, 40 Leverett.

Ward Nine—John J. Lacey, rear 27 Agawam; Thomas Lacey, rear 27 Agawam; Michael F. Devine, 174 High; Edward D. Latour, 4 Oak.

The following list of aplications for naturalization was filed in the office of the city clerk, Oct. 3:

Aston, Robert, 4 rear No. 11 Mill street; Blakely, James, 546 Central street; Bowker, John W., 523 Lawrence street; Brooks, Fred, 25 Webster street; Bjock, Axeltudor, 29 Paige street; Bell, Angus, 4 Hale street; Carrul, William H., Jr., 129 Church street; Connell, William R., 73 Bartlett street; Chadwick, Richard F., 301 White street; Creamer, Ambrose, 86 Andrews street; Denault, Henry, 115 Merrimack street; Foster, Robert, 131 Howard street; Faulkner, William J., 516 Central street; Fraser, James, 1 Potter avenue; Hibbert, Thomas, 21 Richmond street; Highland, Thos., 583 Broadway; Lawson, Charles, 67 South Whipple street; Leith, Norman, 41 London street; Maguire, John, 10 Tyler street; Model, Henry William, 573 Broadway; Marsden, Bannister, 39 Lilley avenue; Mackley, George E., 55 Lundberg street; McShane, Henry, 312 Lawrence street; Powell, John, 55 South Whipple street; Porter, Albert, 5 Devlin street; Pihl, Martin R., 27 Cosgrove street; Rooney, George W., 11 Madison street; Russell, David, Crawford, Miller; Ridcout, Judson D., Middlesex street; Ryan, William S., 31 Webster street; Rawlings, Joseph J., 43 London street; Smith, Orville, W., 32 West Bowers street; Smith, Prince, 43 Agawam street; Weston, Simeon Butler, 21 Boott corporation; Williand, William E., 47 South Whipple street; Wisby, Henry, 47 Worthen street; Wilson, William J., 47 Pleasant street; Wagandar, Charles E., 4 Carter place; Walker, Reuben, 58 Crosby street.

Following is the list of applications filed Oct. 4:

Anderson, Edward F., 436 School; street; Bailey, Ernest E., 119 Chapel street; Brown, Arthur, 42 Tyler street; Brown, William, 580 Gorham street; Cugg, Michael, 102 Bourne street; Crane, Thomas, 255 Thorndike street; Clough, John, 97 Fulton street; Dostaler, Alphonse, 8 Decatur street; Goldrick, William, 102 Bourne street; Graham, William, 81 Chapel street; Hansen, Hans Peter, 650 Lawrence street; Haigh, Walter, 74 Whipple street; Holmes, George W., 15 Shaw street; Leahey, William George, 410 Central street; McKittrick, Frank G. W., 819 Merrimack; Myers, George, 9 Wamesit street; Moriarty, Daniel F., 37 Adams street; McLellan, Jeremiah, 27 Smith street; Matthews, Samuel, 4 Wamesit court; Palisoul, John B., 28 Grand street; Robertson, Dougal, 21 Richmond street; Storey, Charles R., 12 John street; Wardell, Thomas, 160 Andover street; Waite Charles, 64 Andrews street; Whitehead, Thos., 13 Lincoln street; Wotton, Stephen A., 116 Walker street; Wilson, James, 431 School street; Hastings, James S., 1053 Bridge street; Gumb, John D., Jr., 9 Pild street; Gagnon, Peter M., 726 Merrimack street; Carroll, John J., 113 High street.

Applications filed Oct. 5th:

Archibald, William A., 12 C street; Archbald, Vincent, 43 Barrington street; Battersby, Joseph, 52 Church street; Bent, Ralph C., 152 Smith street; Denault, Arthur, 150 Fletcher street; Douglas, Edmund W., 23 Davenport street; Fielding, Lewis, 11 Olive street; Hambleton, David, 105 School street; Hayes, George, 178 E. Merrimack street; Konzery, John G., 17 Westwood street; Labaise, Victorie, Moran place, Moody street; Labaise, Amelor F., 117 Coburn street; Murphy Edward, 332 Lawrence street; Midgley, Jonathan, 26 Crowley street; Perrin, Peter, 651 Middlesex street; Roberts, Amos, 730 Lawrence street; Senior, George, 59 St. James street; Sloan, Robert J., 34 Robinson street; McManus, Thomas, 356 Market street.

WORN OUT.

Recently a marketman advertised a lot of "bargain corned beef." Of course this suggested green meat, and the ad. didn't "pull."

The word is in bad odor.

Once, when it was new, its appearance was the signal for everybody to be interested. This doesn't happen any more.

It has been worn threadbare—and patched.

The $15 line of full suits at the Merrimack Clothing Co.'s are not "bargain" suits in the sense the word is applied. To be sure, they furnish more than is expected of $15 suits elsewhere, but call it by some other name. Notably the little traits of careful, tailor-like, handfinished collars and lapels that are made to fit the form—not hang off like "bargain" suits.

LAWRENCE AND TAYLOR.

TRICK CYCLISTS PERFORM TO LARGE CROWDS HERE.

"Billie" Lawrence and "Bert" Taylor started from Portland, Ore., four months ago on a wager that they would ride across the continent on their wheels and earn all expenses on the way.

They arrived in Lowell from Boston last evening, stayed in the city over night, and started for Lawrence early this morning.

These two young men are surpassed by few in the art of trick riding. Mr. Lawrence gave half an hour's performance of some difficult tricks on his wheel on the postoffice sidewalk last evening, but owing to a bad fall in the afternoon Mr. Taylor was not able to perform many tricks. They exepect to finish their tour in about two weeks, arriving in Portland about the end of the month.

MUSIC HALL

The May Howard Extravaganza company was given a grand reception last evening at Music hall. Every seat in the house was occupied. The entertainment opened with the Ladies' Allmony club and the entire company could be seen to good advantage. There were several songs and choruses which were well received by the audience. The costumes of the ladies were beautiful and made a pretty picture. The second part opened up the olio with Leonora Wilson and Carrie Massoney with songs and Hinley hits. The Mills trio in a comedy sketch were quite funny. Al. Weston, the favorite descriptive vocalist, caught the house rendering several encores. James Flynn and Fannie De Costa in an original sketch were good. Irene Watson, the Elastic Girl, is a wonder. Morgan and Willsey, Irish sports, kept the audience in good humor. The show continues tonight, tomorrow afternoon and evening.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

Among the young ladies who were at the game Wednesday were Misses Crevier, Hanson, Hertrand, Jewett, and Coughlin.

Cronin is a valuable man for the foot ball eleven.

The members of the school who were at the game Wednesday were treated by Mr. Jewett.

This year each company in the battalion should have a company commander as tall as his men.

Kelley will be adjutant this year, and is a good man for that place.

Miss Katherine O'Grady of New York is the guest of Miss Crevier.

Colonel Rogers is being congratulated upon his new appointment.

You can get the best fuel for domestic use at Rourke & Sullivan's, 223 Central street.

POLICE COURT

John Theroux, with aliases, who, it is alleged, stabbed Dr. E. B. Holt while the latter was walking along Kirk street one evening in August, was among the first to be called. "Guilty or not guilty?" the clerk asked. "Not guilty," answered Theroux. He was held in $500 until next Friday.

After some spicy testimony by witnesses, John Moran was committed to the Lowell jail for four months on the charge of assault. Moran pleaded not guilty and contradicted all that the witnesses related of the affair.

Charles Barry was fined $3 for riding a bicycle on the sidewalk on Middlesex street near the power house.

For drunkenness, William J. Flynn was fined $10 and Powell Ray, $12.

Noel St. John, a sailor, for alleged larceny, from P. O'Connor, was continued until tomorrow.

Thomas Loughlan was fined $3 for violating the fish and game laws and $3 for assault and battery on Officer Lawrence Lynch of Tewksbury.

Thomas Bodkin's wife told the court that he was troublesome to her when drunk, and that he refused to work.

"To separate you for a time," the court said to him, "I will send you to the workhouse for six months."

Louis Perry, for assault and battery was held in $500 until Oct. 21.

DR. DONLAN,

GOES WITH LEE AND BRYAN TO CUBA.

Dr. Charles E. Donlan of Lowell, assistant surgeon U.S.A., has been detailed to go with the 7th Army Corps commanded by General Fitzhugh Lee to Cuba. The sick soldiers of Wm. J. Bryan's regiment have been under the care of Dr. Donlan and on Wednesday of last week Col. Bryan and his wife paid an extended visit to the hospital, visiting each soldier of his command.

GEN. MILES' PLANS,

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 14—After his return to the Millard from the exposition last night, General Miles was asked by the Associated Press what his future plans were, whether he proposed going to Leech Lake, Minn., to quell the Indian troubles there or would resume operations in Porto Rico and Cuba.

His reply was: "Neither. I expect to go to St. Paul, Rock Island and the peace jubilee at Chicago, and then return to Washington."

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE BON MARCHE DRY GOODS COMPANY

Friday and Saturday Specials

A Few Bargain Items That Cannot Be Duplicated By Any House in the Country—Not Even Us.

READ THIS

Four thousand, eight hundred and seventy skeins of the best Rhoda GERMANTOWN YARNS in all colors, and black, always retailed at 12½ cents a skein, to be sold by us on Saturday at just one half price,

6 1-4c. a Skein.

Not more than 2 pounds (20 skeins) to a customer. None sold to dealers or peddlers.

READ THIS

Over 600 pieces of Jersey Vests, bought direct from the mill, therefore enabling us to give our customer the intermediate profits. A regular 25 cent Vest, always 25 cents; everywhere 25 cents. Buying from the mill

14c. Each.

Not more than (4) to a customer.

SPECIAL FEATHER COUNTER.

Every conceivable thing in fancy feathers, quills, etc., on our special center counter, front of main entrance. Prices commence at 5 cents and run up to 69 cents, all worth more than marked by 25 per cent.

INFANTS' HATS AND BONNETS.

Just in, our fall and winter bargain lines of Infants' and Children's Hats, Caps, and Bonnets.

25c. EACH.

Infants' Embroidered Silk Bonnets (white), lined, silk ribbon strings. Each and only, twenty-five cents.

49c. EACH.

Elderdown and white and colored Silk Caps and Bonnets, embroidered ribbon strings, lined, etc., etc., and only forty-nine cents.

98c. EACH.

Velvet, Satin and Silk in white and colors. Bayadier Velvet and Novelty Cloth Hats, Caps, and Bonnets; lined, silk ribbon strings, ruchings, etc, etc, and only ninety-eight cents.

MILLINERY.

Never in our history were we so well equipped in everything pertaining to millinery. A superb stock—all that's new and desirable—lower prices than ever before—a large and efficient staff of clerks.

READ THESE!

A beautiful stock of walking hats in all colors and shapes, including the Dewey shape and color trimmed in truly mannish styles.

89c. Each.

A beautiful lot of trimmed velvet hats, trimmed with the latest novelties in the proper styles, only fifty in the lot to be sold Friday and Saturday at the round figure of

$3.98 Each.

Misses and Children's Caps, all kinds, styles and colors for street wear, high school, bicycle, etc., large line,

25c., 49c. and 69c.

N. B.—Our store being closed Friday evenings, henceforth and forever, we would suggest to our many millinery customers, come early in the day and leave orders, with our extra staff of makers, trimmers and designers We can fill your orders correctly and promptly.

The Big Store Closed This Evening

Cook, Taylor & Co.,

CENTRAL STREET.

THE PLACE OF POPULAR PRICED READY-MADE

GARMENTS

Equal to the Best Custom Made.

Tailor Made Suits. Nothing like them to be found elsewhere. From $8.50 to $30.

Jackets to please every one from $2.49 to $35.

Silk Waists that are well made and good fitting from $3.49 to $8.50.

Skirts, everybody knows their excellence, from $1.25 to $12.50.

Capes, Fur Collarettes and Scarfs, Velveteen and Woolen Waists, Children's Dresses, Wrappers, etc.

The best values in Lowell.

Tailor made Suits to order. Satisfactionguaranteed.

Imperial Supply Co.

The Largest and Most Liberal Supply Store in New England. ISRAEL & LEAVITT, Proprietors.

A complete stock of Ladies' and Gent's Clothing and Garments, as well as Youths' and Boys' Fine Clothing, Silk Waists, Ladies' Suits and Fancy Skirts made to order by the best dressmakers.

Ladies' and Gents' Mackintoshes, Dry and Fancy Goods, Gent's Furnishing Goods, at the lowest cash prices and also on Credit.

No. 616 Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass.

Give Us a Call and Save Money.

Charles F. Miles,
FLORIST,
492 MERRIMACK ST. LOWELL.
For the past 11 years with John Oliver.

M. J. SHARKEY & CO.
44 CENTRAL ST. LOWELL.
Fire, Life, Accident and Liability Insurance in the leading companies. Office hours 8 to 9 a. m., 12 to 1.30, and 2.30 to 9 p. m. Drop a postal if unable to call.

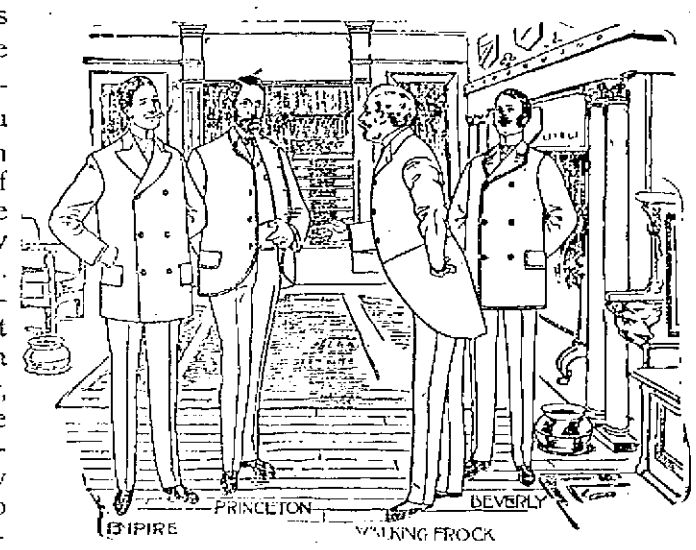
MISS HARD'S
Shorthand School
Graduates recommended to business men. Thoroughly equipped typewriting department. Hildreth building. Call for Catalogue.

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.
BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES
In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.

4—QUEENS OF PALMISTRY—4 32 Central St., Lowell, Mass.
10 CENTS. 10 CENTS.
These are the Palm Readers selected by Mr. O. H. P. Belmont for his Gray Craig Lawn Party Aug. 5, 1899. They read the palms of the 400. Are they good enough for you? ADMISSION FREE. Fortunes told by the world's best palmists for 10c. No humbug. A. L. MORRELL, Manager.

THE MILITARY ERA

Military neatness has taken the place of the sway of sports over fashionable clothing. As a soldier the man of fashion has learned the value of a close fitting double breasted garment to show off the athletic physique. The military influence demands that the coat should fit without a wrinkle, the shoulder, chest and collar must be snug as a glove. Military colorings—military simplicity—six buttons, no more. Careful observance to these requirements will produce the best dressed Lowellite.



The Merrimack Clothing Co. prides itself in supplying the required fabrics, correctly cut and properly fitted.

SILK-FACED DOUBLE-BREASTED BLUE SERCE SUITS

selling for $12.00, up, exemplifies this. Starting with $12.00 this suit has all the requirements of soldierly preciseness combined with good tailoring and quality of material. The word "up" denotes that the prices advance with increased fineness of texture and weight of fabric.

LOOK THROUGH OUR WINDOWS

GREEN, BLUE, BROWN **Boucle Cloth $3**

Make nobby effects in Reefers for small boys. In these garments we have a special value in 3 to 8 year sizes for This particular garment we want parents to examine. A search elsewhere in Lowell for its equal will be loss of time. Others as low as $2.00—none over $8.00.

Merrimack Clothing Co.

ONLY LOWELL PAPER.

The Sun is the only Lowell paper receiving the full day service of the Associated Press. A loop from their leased wires runs into this office, where an operator is stationed to take the entire report for this paper.

THE LOWELL SUN

FOR THE PEOPLE

A paper of the people, published by one of the people, for all the people is THE SUN, which the people have made Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

22ND YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1898. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

SUN LATEST

FIVE O'CLOCK.

THE PHILIPPINES

Now Being Considered by Commission.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 4.—Commander Bradford U. S. N., who has arrived here from Washington, was examined this morning by the members of the United States peace commission relative to the conditions prevailing and the main features of interest in the Philippine Islands, with which the commander is well acquainted.

The fifth joint session of the two commissions was convened at 2 o'clock today. It may be said that the first, second and third meetings scarcely penetrated the surface of any protocol point and less still the marrow. Last Tuesday, however, marked the Spanish presentment regarding the Cuban debt, which has during recess brought the Americans to serious preparation, adjustment of their diplomatic forces and to the formulation of a plan upon which they may ultimately stand in relation to the Cuban phase of their mission here. It is not unlikely that since Tuesday's meeting the Americans, who have been exceedingly busy, have determined upon an attitude towards the Spanish proposition that the United States assume the Cuban debt in whole or in part and that it has been reduced to writing for presentation to the Spaniards at today's session, stating the American view broadly as to what is the Cuban debt, what proportion is fairly chargeable to the island as legal and beneficial thereto, and the proportion to be charged to Spain as beneficiary of the so-called Cuban debt. A party conclusion, however, should not be drawn from the fact of this careful weighing of the Spanish proposition by the Americans that they accept either alternative classification of the Cuban obligation; but rather that they are acting on a line and purpose to meet every point raised as exhaustively as presented. They have fully traversed the Cuban debt views and the proposals submitted in writing by the Spaniards on Tuesday. The Americans, therefore, undoubtedly submitted in writing today their return for the Spanish presentment and there will be either an oral discussion today or a written interchange of views at the next meeting.

A PLOT DISCOVERED

To Overthrow the French Government at Paris.

The Authorities to Take Prompt Action—Another Insurrection in the Philippines—Aguinaldo Opposed.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 14.—It is announced here this morning that a military plot against the government has been discovered. The Pappel, Aurore and Petite Republique Francaise publish almost identical stories on the subject. It appears that the plot was discovered by a general holding an important position. The plotters were to have taken action on Saturday, during the absence of the minister of war, General Chanoine. It further appears that when the government was warned of the plot, the ministers were not surprised, having obtained information regarding the conspiracy.

The Matin says the plot was not in favor of one of the pretenders to the throne of France who has been talked about for some time but was only for the purpose of changing certain officials without touching the president.

The premier, M. Brisson, was among those who were not surprised when notified of the plot. He promised to take action in the matter.

PHILIPPINE BATTLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Manila, Oct. 14.—A rumor here says that Macabulos, chief of the five northern provinces of the Philippine Islands, has rebelled against Aguinaldo and that hard fighting has already taken place between the opposing factions.

It is also reported that General Rios, the Spanish commander at Iloilo, has sent emissaries from that place to undermine Aguinaldo's influence and induce the natives to demand that Spain retain the Philippine Islands.

GENERAL SHAFTER

Tells Why Landing Was Not at Aquadores.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—General William R. Shafter, in an interview here regarding the Santiago campaign, says as to the suggestion that the landing should have been made at Aguadores:

"Any commanding general who would have landed his troops at Aguadores in preference to Baiquiri ought to be court martialled and shot for incompetency. It was not a good beach on which to land. The ground was covered with a vine or plant more deadly than the poisonous ivy. Through this the soldiers would have had to cut their way. The point was strongly defended and there was no water between Aguadores and Santiago. Had I landed at Aguadores and invested Santiago, the Spanish would have had a road over which they could have retreated from the city if they so desired. My army went in over the hills and cut off the Spanish retreat."

STARKWEATHER DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Nashua, N. H., Oct 14—Alfred G. Starkweather, for nearly half a century clown in many circuses, died this morning. He was 76 years of age and had been retired from the show business several years.

BIG POLITICAL FIGHT

Among the Republicans of 25th. Rep. District.

Hayes and Watson Nominated But the Chelmsford Men Fight Against Ramsey's Attempt to Rob Them of a Representative According to Allottment.

The 25th district republican representative convention was held in the republican headquarters in Wyman's Exchange at 10 o'clock this morning and was largely attended and as a fight was expected on the nomination of a third man, for Chelmsford claims candidates according to an apportionment, while Rep. James Ramsey, who, by the way, resides in a democratic ward, wants Chelmsford to stand aside for another year and give him a third term.

The meeting was somewhat late, owing to the delinquency of some of the delegates, but no time was lost after the meeting was called to order.

The convention was called to order by George L. Fowler who was made temporary chairman and Carl J. A. Sanderson, temporary secretary.

A committee of six on credentials, representing wards 4, 7, 8, and Chelmsford, Tyngsboro, and Dunstable.

The committee on credentials reported as follows: Ward four, 7; ward seven, 14; ward eight, 18; Chelmsford, 5; Tyngsboro, 2; Dunstable, 0. Total, 46. Entitled to vote, 52. Two of the delegates from ward eight who lost credentials were allowed to vote. The wards then filled their vacancies.

The temporary organization was then made permanent with 56 delegates present.

Robert Mountford of ward four then arose to favor Rep. Ramsey's cause by presenting a new apportionment. He argued that one year in office was not sufficient for a representative as new men each year could not do as good work as men with experience. He then asked that the following allotment b accepted by the convention:

For ten years ending 1908: Ward eight, one each year from 1897 to 1904, inclusive and two in 1905 and 1906; total, 12. Ward seven, one each year from 1897 to 1906, inclusive; total, 10. Ward four, one in 1897, 1898 and 1899 inclusive; total, 3. Chelmsford, one in 1900, 1901 and 1902, inclusive; total, 3. Tyngsboro, one in 1903. Dunstable, one in 1904.

Hon. Frederick Lawton suggested that the matter be laid on the table as it required considerable thought before being acted upon, and he so moved it. Mr. Mountford was agreeable and the matter was tabled.

Mr. Lawton then nominated from ward seven, W. H. I. Hayes by acclamation and W. H. I. was so nominated. Z. Wm Sarteyant then moved to nominate Walter S Watson and Watson was so nominated.

Mr. Mountford then moved the adoption of his apportionment and Mr. Mathews seconded the motion.

Mr. McKay, chairman of the Chelmsford delegation, opposed the apportionment. He said that an allotment is an evidence of bad faith. To be fair, that allotment should have been made two years ago. It looks as if Lowell didn't want any out-of-town representatives. "You must stand by your original agreement. We have no assurance that you would live up to this new agreement. This idea of changing agreements is not fair. The sentiment in Chelmsford is so strong in favor of the Chelmsford candidate that if you do not live up to your original agreement, you cannot hold the Chelmsford republicans in check. Live up to your agreement, man-fashion."

Mr. Ed. Lachance of ward eight went into ancient history as he called it, to show that the Chelmsford people were playing a double-headed game of politics. In the Cushing-Shaw fight, the Chelmsford people illegally barred out the delegates of Cushing and Ramsay and would not let voters vote Cushing and Ramsey ballots. The check list out there does not correspond with the ballots cast and if Mr. Ramsay had been given a fair show at the caucus, he would have carried the town.

"Dunstable hasn't even a delegate down here and if she doesn't take interest enough in it to send a delegate, I believe in taking her representation away."

Mr. McKay in reply stated that the men who came to the Chelmsford caucuses to vote for Cushing and Ramsey were all democrats and that Mr. Ramsey made his headquarters with a leading democrat.

He was promptly called down by the chairman and several members who said that he had no proof that they were democrats. He then urged the convention to stand by his agreement.

Mr. Ferris asked Mr. McKay several question about the "freeze out" on the ballot and Mr. Lachance asked what reason Mr. McKay could give for barring any candidate. He said his reputation for truth would compare favorably with that of McKay.

Mr. Mountford said the town committee had told him that the Australian ballot would not be used.

Then G. S. Coburn made a point of order stating that the question was on the apportionment and not on what was done in Chelmsford.

The point was well taken and the previous question was in order, although ward four's delegation asked for an opportunity to present its case. Several members asked for further information in the matter.

Ex-Councilman George said that Dunstable had made a request that it have one representative in 1901 as in that year it is to have a centennial celebration, and wants the honor of having a resident in the legislature in that year. This change would affect Dunstable.

Mr. G. S. Coburn as a disinterested member spoke in favor of standing by the original allotment on general principles. He said:

There is a question of honor in the matter which cannot be gone behind and all personal motives should be laid aside and we should stand by the original agreement like honorable men.

Rev. N. W. Mathews, a delegate from ward four, stated that there is an almost universal sentiment in favor of a change of allotment, while ward four has a list of 250 voters in Chelmsford who are in favor of it. There is a well grounded sentiment in ward four in favor of having our three years continuous.

Mr. Lawton then caused a small sensation by stating that the officers of the Chelmsford caucus were criminally liable by refusing to accept a ballot.

It was then voted that Samuel Naylor of South Chelmsford and Daniel Riordan of North Chelmsford be allowed to testify regarding the Chelmsford caucus.

BOWDOIN DISFRANCHISED.

Samuel Bowdoin of East Chelmsford stated that both he and his son and several others were refused an opportunity to vote because they wanted to vote the Ramsay ballot. He was told he could vote a long ballot, but no other.

Stuart McKay of Chelmsford then opened up the other side. He said he was in a barge with 15 or 16 men, but was there in time to vote on the ballot matter. There were two barges from North Chelmsford and the one he was on was the last one. He said that it was a turbulent meeting and that Lowell men disturbed the meeting and were ordered out as they should be, in his judgment.

It was then decided to take a yea and nay vote by ballot on the change of allotment.

VOTE TAKEN.

The vote was as follows:

Whole number	50
Yes	27
No	23

And the allotment is changed.

It was moved and carried that the chairman of each ward and town committee serve as a district committee.

While the vote was being taken, the lone delegate from Dunstable blew in, bringing his whiskers with him.

Mr. Mountford then thanked the convention and nominated James P. Ramsay.

Mr. Ramsay was then nominated by acclamation.

A rush was made for the door, but on the suggestion of Mr. George, committees were appointed to bring the nominees before the convention.

Then Mr. Butterfield, the Dunstable man, wanted a chance to talk and he got it. He had a vigorous kick to make stating that Dunstable had not been notified of the date of the convention and the only one who knew about it was a democrat in Tyngsboro.

Mr. Butterfield of Tyngsboro said that he received no notice of the date of the convention.

The district committee was authorized to fill vacancies.

Do you burn coal? W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike St., will sell you some coal that will burn.

SIXTH REGIMENT

Will Leave Porto Rico on Sunday

AND COME HOME WITHOUT DELAY.

Will be Mustered Out After 60 Days.

The following despatch will be of interest to the friends of the Sixth regiment:

Washington, D. C., Oct. 13.

Maj. Gen. Brooke, commanding the United States forces in Porto Rico, cabled to the war department tonight that the Sixth Massachusetts and four batteries of regular artillery would be the first troops sent home.

The Bay State boys will leave next Sunday and will be mustered out with the usual 60 days' furlough. It is understood that they will be sent direct to Boston.

HABEAS CORPUS

Petition for Writ in Mrs. Botkins' Case.

THE SUPREME COURT REFUSES TO INTERFERE.

Awaits the Action of Monday's Hearing.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 14.—John H. Hosmer, assistant district attorney at San Francisco, yesterday presented a petition to the supreme court for a writ of habeas corpus in the case of Mrs. Cordelia Botkin, accused of poisoning Mrs. J. P. Dunning and Mrs. Deane of Delaware, by means of poisoned candy. The petitioner was Detective McVey, who came from the east to take Mrs. Botkin back and in his petition it is set forth that the defendant is illegally restrained of her liberty by Chief of Police Lees.

The supreme court refused to interfere in any way, presumably desiring to await action of the superior court in San Francisco before which on Monday the petition of Mrs. Botkin for a writ of habeas corpus will be heard.

MAY PROVE FATAL

Philip Mulcahey Got a Bad Fall Today

WHILE AT PLAY IN SCHOOL YARD.

Believed That His Back Is Broken.

Philip Mulcahey, aged 11 years, while at play this morning met with an accident that may prove fatal.

He attends St. Patrick's Boy's school and was playing in the school yard at recess this morning. He climbed the stone wall in the rear of the yard.

He did not have a good footing and he slipped and fell to the concrete walk. He struck on his back and when picked up was unconscious. One of the Brothers took the little boy to his home on Franklin court and a physician was summoned. It was stated that the boy's back is broken.

DEATHS.

McKEW—Mrs. Jane McKew, a former well known resident of this city, died at her home in Hillsborough, N. H. Oct. 11. Services were conducted yesterday at Hillsborough, N. H., and the remains were shipped to Lowell.

Burial was in Cemetery No. 2.

KEARNIN—Henry Kearnin, aged 16 years, died last night at his parents' home 53 Auburn street. He leaves a mother and a sister.

WOODS—Henry Woods, aged 29 years, died yesterday morning at his home, 108 Common street. He was unmarried.

Designated Depository of the U. S.
TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK
Of Lowell.
DEPOSITS:
July 1, 1876..... $ 50,138.48
Oct. 11, 1898..... 1,554,911.50
BANKING ROOMS:
Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office Avenue.
C. J. Glidden Pres. Wm. F. Hills, Cashier

James F. O'Donnell,
UNDERTAKER,
Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables.
MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

A COAL HOD Given away with one Pound of 60c. Tea at O'Brien Bros. Tea Dealers, 77 E. Merrimack street. Telephone connected. Free delivery.

VERY REV. FR. LEFEVRE, The New Provincial of the Oblate Order, Who Was the Honored Guest at Associate Hall Last Night.
(See Page Three.)

A NEW METHOD

To Protect Soldiers in Tropical Climes.

PLANS OF BRITISH ARMY TO BE COPIED.

Gen. Sumner Given Command of Corps.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Major General Sumner, who received his promotion for gallantry at the battle of Santiago, will soon be sent to one of the corps in the south and given command of a division. General Sumner expressed his preference for service with the soldiers.

General Sumner has given attention to the subject of care of soldiers in southern climates and is of the opinion that some such system for troops in southern climates, as Great Britain employs, ought to be adopted. With his command in Cuba was a captain in the British army who told him that the troops in India were inspected every day by an English officer to make sure that they were wearing the flannel belt next their skins and also a pad on the back of their backs. This was regarded by the medical officers as a great protection against disease incidental to tropical climates.

CHANGE MADE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Jacksonville, Fla., Oct. 14.—An order was issued from headquarters yesterday by which the Seventh Army Corps is changed from three divisions to two divisions of three brigades each. This change was made necessary by reason of the many regiments recently sent away to be mustered out. As at present arranged, the corps consists of twelve infantry and two cavalry regiments. Definite orders have as yet not been issued as to when the corps will leave for Savannah.

PROMINENT LAWYER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Foxcroft, Me., Oct. 14.—Hon. H. M. Robinson, of Dover, a prominent lawyer, and the oldest member of the Piscataqua bar, died last night. He was 84 years of age.

Putnam & Son

There's a continual accession of fresh merchandise here that keeps our store in close touch with New York's latest notions.

SIX NEW STYLES in Fedora Hats, particularly adapted to the young man's taste, unlike anything you've seen. Nattier shapes, new colors, late ideas in heavy corded silk bands and bindings. The most stylish headwear of the season.

NEW GLOVES. Fashionable grays and the new browns, mocha and dogskin in self embroidered and spear point backs. Exceptional value, and the newest for **$1.00** and **$1.50.**

BLACK AND WHITE Neckwear, especially desirable this season. Great, generous Puff scarfs in superb black satin and charming white brocaded silks. Such scarfs as the Haberdasher sells for a dollar, here for **50 cents.**

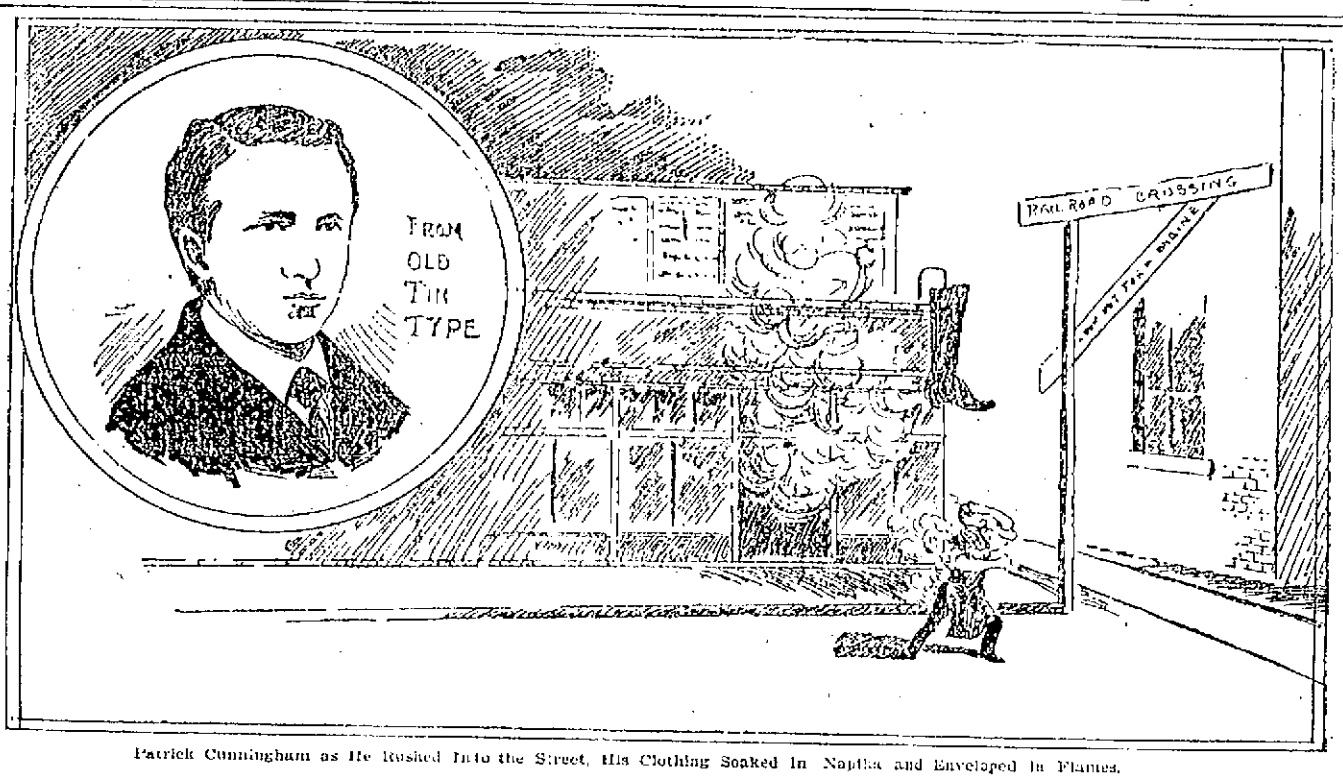
FANCY SHIRTS. Fancy bodies and fancy bosoms, new and attractive patterns, stripes across the bosom or vertical; detached link cuffs with each shirt. The fifty and seventy five cent kinds for **37 cents.** The dollar and a half kind for **98 cents.**

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

THE SUN LATEST!

5 O'CLOCK



Patrick Cunningham as He Rushed Into the Street, His Clothing Soaked in Naptha and Enveloped in Flames.

FATALLY BURNED

Horrible Fate of P. H. Cunningham of Palmer St.

Naphtha Exploded While He was Working Over it in His Palmer Street Store and He was Burned Almost to a Crisp.

P. H. Cunningham, the well known shoe repairer whose principal establishment is the long, narrow store extending on Palmer street from Market street to the Central fire station, was fatally burned yesterday and his place of business was reduced to ashes.

Just how the unfortunate affair happened is not known, but it is supposed that the naphtha which Mr. Cunningham used in the mixture of rubber paste exploded, for about three o'clock a noise was heard in the little shop followed by the cracking of the glass in the windows and the roar of escaping flames which spread throughout the entire establishment in a twinkling.

Just after the first noise, Mr. Cunninghard staggered out of the door, a mass of flames and fell into the street moaning.

The first man to notice him was James ("Dutchy") McDonald, who pulled a blanket off his horse and threw it around Mr. Cunningham temporarily saving his life without any doubt.

The firemen rushed out of the central station and Hitch Merrill got out the Chemical in quick order but in less than 10 minutes the entire place was a total wreck.

Mr. Cunningham, in the meantime, was carried into the fire station and laid upon the floor. As the blanket was taken from about him, his clothes fell from his body in shreds.

His body presented a horrible sight, the flesh in some portions hanging on.

While Dr. Meigs was examining him the unfortunate man opened his eyes and murmured with an effort: "Thank God! I am going to die conscious!" and after an unsuccessful attempt to fold his hands, which were burned almost to a crisp, he began to pray for a happy death, apparently totally unmindful of his frightfully painful injuries.

Dr. Meigs stated that Mr. Cunningham cannot live. He was taken to St. John's hospital in the ambulance.

At the hospital it was given out that there is no hope for his recovery.

Everybody knew "Cunningham, the cobbler," as he was known, as he has been in the business for many years, having kept stores in Suffolk, Bridge, and Palmer streets. He was a very religious man and was at one time a prominent member of St. Patrick's parish. He resides on Bartlett street.

Thomas Welch was also severely burned on the arm and neck.

At the hospital this morning Mr. Cunningham was reported still alive, but there is no hope of his recovery.

The building was owned by ex-alderman Staples and was not insured. Mr. Cunningham had insurance with Thomas C. Lee.

FOUND DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Lewiston, Me., Oct. 14.—C. N. Howard of Howard Brothers, grocers, was found dead in the cellar of his store at 3 a. m. Friday. Mr. Howard not returning home as usual on Thursday evening, a search was instituted. There are no suspicions of foul play. Mr. Howard was a man of good habits and has been in his usual good health.

MILLS CLOSE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Pittsfield, Mass., Oct. 14.—Notices have been posted at the Taconic Woolen mills here announcing that they will be shut down tomorrow night for an indefinite period. The mills are in charge of an assignee and were owned by Wilson & Horton, who failed last summer. Business at most of the other woolen mills here is said to be improving.

"DENVER" SMITH DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—According to John E. Grace, the western sporting man, "Denver" Ed Smith, the pugilist, is dead. Smith and one of his old sparring partners got into a quarrel sometime ago at Wichita, Kas., and the partner shot Smith, the bullet entering the heavyweight pugilist's right lung. Smith lingered for some time, but died September 13th. The affair was never heard of because Smith was known under an assumed name.

Hood's Pills

Are gaining favor rapidly. Business men and travellers carry them in vest pockets, ladies carry them in purses, housekeepers keep them in medicine chests, friends recommend them to friends. 25c.

RESCUED FROM DEATH.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 14.—The schooner Viva has rescued from almost certain death Harry Thompson, Frank Johnston, and John Christopensen who were attempting to sail from St. Michael's to San Francisco in a boat only 28 feet long. They had come from Lake Bennett down the Yukon, had safely crossed Behring sea and were on their way to the south, when a severe gale sprung up and their frail craft would doubtless have foundered had it not been seen and saved by the Viva on September 21st.

SNOW FELL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Snow fell in this city for over an hour last night. It was the first this season and the earliest in 26 years. A gale accompanied the snowfall making navigation on the lake impossible.

FUTILE CONFERENCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 14.—The wage committee of the American Glass company, the combination of window glass manufacturers and the scale committee of the Cutter's league, had another futile wage conference yesterday and adjourned sine die. It is probable that factories which have fires lighted in anticipation of starting Monday will remain idle in consequence.

AN EARTHQUAKE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Visalia, Cal., Oct. 14.—An earthquake felt here yesterday, rocked houses on their foundations, broke crockery and aroused many people

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Oct. 14.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity: Showers tonight; clearing during Saturday morning; colder Saturday night; variable winds.

FRIDAY CLOSING

Still Agitated by the Store Clerks.

THE BEST STORES FAVOR THE MOVEMENT.

Another Meeting to be Held Tonight.

The store clerks will hold a meeting in the Knights of Columbus hall, Associate building, tonight, at 7.30 o'clock which will doubtless result in the formation of a permanent organization. That the clerks are interested in the closing enterprise and anything pertaining to its success is indicated in the fact that to defray incidental expenses amounting in all to perhaps $10, a fund of about $100 has been contributed. The clerks were asked to give any old amount they pleased and their contributions have been unexpectedly liberal.

It is anticipated that before the Friday night closing movement will have been made perfectly unanimous, the co-operation of many fraternal, as well as all of the labor organizations will be asked.

Messrs. Hastings and Storey were well satisfied with yesterday's developments. The firm of O'Hearn & Dowd, who did not sign the agreement last Friday because of the fact that they had no authority to do so without first consulting the assignees, stated that they had received the necessary permission and would close.

Charles K. Fiske, dealer in fancy goods, signed the document yesterday.

There seems to be a misunderstanding with regard to the position taken by the firm of Head & Shaw in this movement, the impression prevailing that they have refused to get in line. Mr. Shaw said in this connection yesterday that the store would positively close tonight.

Following is a list of the merchant tailors who will close tonight: Louis Alexander, H. W. Barnes, Ware Bros., George V. Gregg, David H. Nickerson, D. F. Cavanaugh, E. B. Brady & Co.

Dickson Bros.' tea and coffee dealers, signed the document unsolicited. They said they were willing to close regardless of the action of the other dealers in their goods.

At the meeting tonight several merchants are expected to be present including Louis Alexander. They will address the clerks before steps are taken towards organization.

IF THE COAT FITS.

The advance in grades of ready-made clothing over past seasons must be gratifying to the man whose master is the fashionable tailor.

The process of "trying on," to correct the mistakes of the cutter, the delay of delivery, the tinkering misfits, and the inability to reject a garment, are incentives which have done more toward advancing ready-to-wear clothing than the exorbitant charges of the tailor.

About Prices.—The Merrimack Clothing Company will gladly accept $15 for what local tailors claim to be worth $25. This $15 line is as near perfection as garments can be made by the highest salaried workmen.

Try it.

After you have selected the material, obtained a perfect fit, you are not obliged to purchase—you know!

BROCKTON STRIKE

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Brockton, Mass., Oct. 14.—The meeting of the conference committee of Lasters' union did not end until 5 o'clock this morning, when Secretary Smith announced that "a committee has been appointed to work upon special lines and good results are expected."

BROKE CAMP.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 14.—The Sovereign Californian Volunteer regiment has broken camp and started for Los Angeles, where, after a furlough of thirty days, the men will be mustered out. Most of the members of the Seventh are South Californians.

NEGROES AT BAY

They are Shut up in a Hall

FOR SAFETY, WAITING CHANCE TO RETURN,

While Miners Surround the Building.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 14.—All of the negro miners from Alabama who came to work in the Chicago-Virden company's mines at Virden with the exception of the few who went north on the train from Springfield, are in Allen's hall, the headquarters of the local miners' union in this city. Policemen are guarding the hall. Mayor Wheeler yesterday afternoon had the street cleared of miners for several blocks from the hall. The negroes number 60. It was understood that the negroes would be shipped back to Alabama last night, but it was not done.

Adjutant General Reese stated last night that the Federation of Miners refused to have anything to do with the transportation of negroes from here to their homes, that the state had no authority to send them away and that the authorities were in a quandary.

PRIZE WINNER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Oct. 14.—At the fourth and last day's racing of the New Market second October meeting today, the Lorillard-Beresford stable's three-year old chestnut colt, Grodno, ridden by Tod Sloan, won the Southfield plate. The betting was 4 to 1 against Grodno.

ARRESTS FOR LARCENY.

Noel St. John, 29 years old and clad in a United States sailor's garb, was arrested at two o'clock this morning by Lieut. Brosnan and Officer Dennett, on a warrant charging him with the larceny of a coat.

Albert Taylor, claiming to live in Brockton, was arrested by the inspectors Thursday afternoon on a warrant from out of town, charging larceny.

MATRIMONIAL.

PILLSBURY—HUTCHINS

Miss Sadie C. Hutchins formerly of Lowell, and Mr. Thomas H. Pillsbury of Concord, N. H., were married at Woodstock, Vt., on Wednesday, Oct. 12th. After a short trip, during which they will visit New York and Washington, they will reside in Concord, N. H.

McGRATH—O'BRIEN.

Mr. Frank McGrath and Miss Nellie O'Brien were united in marriage Wednesday afternoon at St. Peter's parochial residence. Rev. Fr. McKenna performed the ceremony. Miss Maggie McGrath, sister of the groom, attended the bride and the best man was Mr. John Broderick. After the performance of the ceremony, a reception was held at the future home of the happy couple, 22 Abbott street. The bride was attired in a gown of blue silk, as was the bridesmaid. Among the numerous presents received from friends are: Parlor suite, Mr. and Miss McGrath; parlor lamp, the Misses McNulty; hall lamp, Miss Jenny Hennessey; parlor clock, Mr. Samuel and Miss Colson; banquet lamp, Mrs. Bridget Lavelle; picture, Mr. and Mrs. O'Grady; willow rocker, Mr. and Mrs. Mulligan; picture, Miss Mary McShea; picture, Miss Slavin; picture, Mr. and Mrs. Dooley; lemonade set and silver spoons, Miss McGurn; table linen, Miss Blessington; plate glass mirror, a Boston friend; rug, J. J. Gaynor & Co.; table linen, Mrs. George Stowell; couch, Mr. John Broderick; picture, Mr. McGrath; china set, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Hurley.

Councilman Sykes is making an active canvass of ward 3 for the support in the coming municipal caucuses for overseer of the poor on the republican ticket.

THE UNITARIANS

Of North Middlesex Hold Annual Meeting

WITH LARGE ATTENDANCE AT CHELMSFORD CENTRE.

Able Discussion and Election of Officers.

The annual meeting of the Unitarian Middlesex Congregation conference of Unitarian and other Christian churches was held at the Unitarian church, Chelmsford Centre, yesterday. There were 31 societies at the conference including eight from New Hampshire.

The conference opened at ten o'clock with a devotional meeting conducted by Rev. William Furman of Boston who made a brief address. At 10.30 a business meeting was held, President Thomas Elliott of Lowell presiding.

At the afternoon session the nominating committee reported the following officers who were elected: President, Thomas H. Elliott of Lowell; vice presidents, Ashael W. Sawyer of Littleton; H. A. Brown of Ayer; Rev. Joshua Young DD., of Groton; secretary, Rev. George C Wright of Lowell; treasurer, Charles H Coburn of Lowell; prudential committee, Rev. Enoch Powell of Nashua, N. H., Rev. Granville Pierce of Chelmsford, Miss Georgianna Boutwell of Groton, Rev. A. J. Rich of Milford and Rev J W Roberts of Ayer; committee on Sunday school work, Mrs A. M. Hendley of Littleton, Miss Henrietta Prescott of Nashua, Rev. J. S. Moulton of Stow, Rev. Mr. Elkins of Peterboro and George A. Parkhurst of Chelmsford; committee on missionary work, Rev Charles T. Billings of Lowell, Rev. William Brown of Tyngsboro, Rev. George S. Shaw of Ashby, Rev. Enoch Powell of Nashua, Rev. Louis H. Buckshorn of Westford and Rev William F. Furman of Wilton.

HIGHLAND CLUB.

Entries are now being made for a two-man handicap bowling tournament. Entries will close Oct. 19. Handicaps have all been fixed.

There is to be a hurdy gurday party next Tuesday evening.

The Ladies' Whist Club begins its season next Wednesday afternoon. They will play every other Wednesday during the season.

The pool and billiard tables and all been newly covered and it is expected that there will be tournaments arranged at an early date.

MEETING OF MONARCHS.

Venice, Oct. 14.—The king and queen of Italy met the emperor and empress of Germany at the railroad station yesterday. The meeting was of the most cordial nature. Emperor William kissed the hand of the queen of Italy, and King Humbert kissed the hand of the empress of Germany. The queen and the empress embraced. While the meeting was in progress military bands played the national anthems.

The emperor and empress, accompanied by King Humbert and Queen Margaret, were rowed to the palace in the state gondolas by way of the grand canal. The emperor and the king occupied one gondola and the empress and the queen were seated in another. Both these boats were escorted by eight municipal barges, richly ornamented, and were followed by a great flotilla of gondolas. There was great cheering all along the route, and crowds of people welcomed the visitors. After their majesties had entered the palace they appeared on a balcony, which brought forth a renewal of the acclamations of the people, and the bands played the Italian and German anthems.

After luncheon at the palace the emperor and empress boarded the imperial yacht and sailed for Constantinople, convoyed by a German cruiser. The warships in port saluted, and the imperial travelers were repeatedly cheered by the crowds as the yacht went to sea.

TIRED OF ARMY LIFE.

Washington, Oct. 14.—In spite of all the precautions taken by the war department and all the warnings uttered against applications for discharge except through the regular channels of the army, the department is besieged with letters and by callers who want enlisted men released from the service. These applications are granted for the most part, and the discharges are issuing at such a rate as to give concern in some quarters at the perceptible diminution of company strength.

STATION SAFE WRECKED.

Haverhill, Mass., Oct. 14.—The Boston and Maine depot in Georgetown was entered by burglars. A new safe was wrecked and $28 were stolen. Three explosions were required to clear the safe, the latter two awakening Officer Buckley, who lives near. He opened a window and spoke, and two shots were fired at him. Then he dressed and appeared with a shotgun, but the men had gone.

UNION VETERANS' UNION.

Haverhill, Mass., Oct. 14.—The annual convention of the department of Massachusetts, Union Veterans' union, was held in this city yesterday. The following officers were elected: Commander, Walter L. French; first deputy, Dennis F. Brennan; second deputy, Walter A. Eames; surgeon general, Edwin F. Taylor; chaplain, Daniel W. Gould.

NEW WAVERLEY HOUSE.

The renovated and entirely new Waverley House will be opened to the public on Saturday, and souvenirs will be distributed. The furniture and fixtures of the house have been changed from garret to cellar, including the pipes, drainer, etc., in the bar. Proprietor Pattee announces that the best of goods will be found there, including the celebrated Pilsner and Anheuser-Busch lagers.

CHIEF INJURED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Chief Swenie, while directing his men at work on a fire at Conkey building, 347 Dearborn street, yesterday, fell into a manhole and was severely injured. The engineer of the building, John Meldrum, was killed and two other men were scalded by escaping steam. The damage to the building was slight.

The Largest Stock and the Lowest Possible Prices.

How Can We Do It?

We've got the cash! We've got the goods, and we've got the people's confidence. Every dollar's worth of goods is bought under our closest scrutiny and for CASH on the NAIL.

That's why we can offer such values and show such an assortment.

New Suits.

New tailor-made Suits received every day from New York. Serge Suits at $5 75, $6.95 and $8.75. We always warrant the fitting.

We have just opened a beautiful line of fine Venetian Cloth high grade suits in all colors. Special price $14 75, regular price $20.00.

Jackets.

Black and blue Kersey Jackets, lined throughout with colored satin, $4.98, worth $7.50.

Kersey Jackets, with strap seams, a beauty in fit and finish, lined throughout, $6.75, worth $10.

Fur Jackets.

Seal and Electric Seal Jackets, made specially for us in the month of May, when the furriers were not busy. They are all lined with superior lining that is guaranteed. Prices $14.48, $17.50, $19.50, $21.50, $22.50, $24 50, $27.50, $29 50, $32.50, up to $60. Positively worth from $19.50 to $75.

Superior quality of Alaska Seal Jackets at $165.

New York Cloak and Suit Company.

No. 12 John Street.

Our Store Will Be Closed Tonight at 6 O'Clock.

PATTEE DROPPED

George Varney Defeated Him in Representative Fight

CLUER AND DOBBINS WERE ALSO NAMED.

Ticket in 26th. District Now Complete.

Rep. J. E. Pattee was thrown down good and hard by the republicans of the 26th representative district last night.

George E. Varney who has been prominent in republican politics in ward two and of old ward one ever since he became a voter, won the legislative nomination receiving three-fifths of the votes in the convention, on the first ballot.

Joseph Miller was chosen temporary chairman of the convention and Geo. H. Tryder, temporary secretary. A. H. Cluer of ward six and Richard Dobbins of ward three were nominated by acclamation and a ballot was taken for a choice of a third candidate.

Ex-Councilman Hounsell presented the name of Rep. J. E. Pattee of ward one and placed him in nomination.

Joel Knapp moved to proceed to ballot. He was told that nominations were not closed.

A. G. Bowen then arose and in a spirited speech referred to the allotment made Sept. 29, 1896, when ward two was allotted the representative nomination for 1898 and 1899, and placed George E. Varney in nomination.

F. K. Stearns seconded the nomination and reviewed the history of Mr. Varney's antecedents, his work for the success of the party and of his aspirations. In closing he said that the promise made to ward two should be stood by.

Mr. Bowen then moved that the convention proceed to an informal ballot for the choice of a candidate to represent ward two.

The voting was done by wards in order and resulted as follows: Whole number of votes cast, 50; Joseph E. Pattee had 20; George E. Varney 30.

The announcement was received with applause and then, on motion of Mr. Hounsell, the nomination of Mr. Varney was made unanimous.

Each of the candidates appeared before the convention and spoke a little piece.

SICK SOLDIERS.

Sergt. Charles Lang of Wigginville has been taken to St. John's hospital suffering from malaria. Wm. Haigh and Leslie Grant also are now arrivals there.

FINE TRIBUTE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 14.—A remarkable tribute is paid to Lou Kemptner, the United States postal agent in Cuba, in a numerously signed testimonial of his services which has just reached the post office department. Kemptner went to Cuba on the first expedition with Eben Brewer who subsequently died and he has since been in charge of the postal operations at Santiago. The testimonial is signed by the leading army officers in Cuba at the time and gives him credit for a thorough organization of the complete postal service. In Santiago, Major General Lawton, Brigadier General Wood, Acting Civil Governor Wiley and over a score of other prominent officers joined in the tribute. Kemptner will land at Key West by tomorrow on leave, reporting here at once on the postal work in Cuba.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Lost flesh lately?
Does your brain tire?
Losing control over your nerves?

Are your muscles becoming exhausted?

You certainly know the remedy. It is nothing new, just the same remedy that has been curing these cases of thinness and paleness for twenty-five years. Scott's Emulsion. The cod-liver oil in it is the food that makes the flesh, and the hypophosphites give tone to the nerves.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

FESTIVE GATHERING

To Greet Very Rev. Lefevre, Oblate Provincial.

Large Delegation of Church Societies Meet Him at the Banquet Board—Long List of Speakers, Mostly French.

Very Rev. Joseph Lefevre, O.M.I., the newly appointed provincial of the Oblate order in the United States, was tendered a reception and banquet under the auspices of L'Association Catholique, last evening at Associate Hall all the French societies and a total gathering of 450 welcoming the new provincial to Lowell.

The pleasant affair was a grand success and much credit is due to the following committee: N. Choquette, T. J. Goyette, Charles Geroux, Dr. P. Brunelle, J A Choquette, Adelard Guimond, H. J. Bourget, W. J. Alexander, Joseph Lambert, J. B Martin, Jesse Alexander, and A. Bonin.

Pease's orchestra furnished a pleasing program of instrumental music and a delightful feature of the evening was the singing of a choir of 100 boys and girls from the parochial schools under the direction of Rev. Bro. Chryseuil. The children are possessed of beautiful voices which have been finely trained by their teachers, and through the talented supervision of Bro. Chryseuil they form one of the finest juvenile choruses in the state.

The societies represented were as follows: Saint Anne; Notre Dame; Le Tiers Ordere Notre Dame de Bon Secours; Le Cercle d'Youville; Societe St. Jean Baptiste; L'Union St. Joseph; Corporation St, Andre; L'Association Catholique; Le Cercle Garin; Club des Citoyens Americains; Club de Pawtucketville; Les Foresters Catholiques; Les Artisans Canadiens-Francais; Le Choeur Rossini.

The reception committee was as follows: E. H. Choquette, president; T. J. Goyette, Charles Geroux; Dr. P. Brunelle, J. A. Choquette, Adelard Guimond, H. J. Bourget, W. J. Alexander, Joseph Lambert, Jean B. Martin, Jesse Alexander.

Among the guests present were: Very Rev Joseph Lefebvre, provincial; Rev. Joseph Manguin, O.M.I. superior O.M.I; Hon. J. W. Bennett and wife; M. l'Abbe Caisse of Marlboro; Rev. Fr. Joyce, O.M.I.; W. H. T. Hayes; Rev Fr. Gagnon, O.M.I; Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Farley, Mr and Mrs. J. H. Gullet; Mr and Mrs. Arthur Beaudoin; Rev. Fr. Godouin, O.M.I., Salem; Mr. and Mrs. Alme Gauthier; Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Daoust; Rev. Frs. Fournier, O.M.I., Marion, O.M.I., Campeau, O.M.I., Lamothe, O.M.I., Sirois, O.M.I., Amyot, O.M.I., and Pitois, O.M.I. Thomas J. Goyette, Rev. W. Alexander of Holyoke, Rev. M. Rainville of Brockton, Rev. Bro. Chryseuil, Rev. M. Caisse, St. Stanislaus, Can.; Rev. Fr. Levesque, Lynn; Rev. Fr. Bilaud, Central Falls, R. I.; D. J. Murphy, Miss Murphy and others.

The feast over, Mr. T. J. Goyette opened the post prandial exercises in an eloquent "Bienvenue" to Rev. Fr. Lefebvre, O.M.I., the mention of the name of the reverend provincial calling forth loud applause.

Mr. Goyette also spoke in English, welcoming the beloved provincial and superior. A toast was drunk to the health of Rev. Fr. Lefebvre and he arose amid great applause to answer to the toast to his honor. Rev. Fr. Lefebvre made a beautiful address in French, his remarks being frequently interrupted by his enthusiastic audience who applauded him to the echo, showing unmistakably the great esteem in which he is held by the Catholics of Lowell.

Rev. Fr. Lefebvre was followed by the new superior, Rev. Fr. Manguin, O.M.I., who also spoke in French, after which the choir rendered a very acceptable selection.

Mr. Goyette then introduced as toastmaster of the evening Arthur Beaudoin who responded in French and introduced Rev. Fr. Guillard, the ex-provincial of the order. Rev. Fr. Guillard addressed the audience in French.

He was followed by Mayor Bennett, at whose appearance the band played "The Star Spangled Banner." Mayor Bennett read a very nice speech, as usual.

"America" was sung at the conclusion of Mayor Bennett's remarks, the audience joining in one grand chorus.

Rev. J. C. Caisse of Marlboro responded to the toast of "Les Oblats" speaking in French, his remarks being frequently interrupted with applause.

At the conclusion of the speaker's remarks the choir sang a very tuneful potpourri of French-Canadian airs which brought forth great applause.

Rep. Hayes responding to the toast, "The State of Massachusetts," referred to the Rev. Fr. Lefevre as one who does honor, not only, to those of his own faith but to citizens of the commonwealth of every faith, and of the French-American citizens, he said they are an honor to any community.

Rev. Fr. Joyce, O.M.I. responded in English to the toast, "The Clergy" He said that brevity was the soul of wit, and he proposed to be brief. He had his address all prepared, he said, but if the audience wished to hear it, they must come to the Immaculate Conception church. "The doors of that church are always open to you and we all speak French. I have always loved the French-American people. Rev. Fr. Lefevre, so he says, spent several of the happiest years of his life at the Immaculate Conception church, and I believe if he had his way, would be living at the Immaculate Conception church now.

"If energy and zeal can accomplish much, Fr. Lefevre is the right man in the right place."

Rev. Fr. Perron, O.M.I, responded to the toast, in French. In responding to the toast, "The Societies," J H. Guillet, Esq., spoke on the growth and progress of the French societies, while Philip J. Farley, Esq., responded in English.

The festivities concluded shortly after midnight.

STATE HIRELINGS

Enter Houses in New York City

TO DEPRIVE CITIZENS OF THE FRANCHISE.

Most Disgraceful Tactics Ever Adopted.

There has never been such a bold and outrageous attempt to deprive citizens of the right to vote as that which is being carried out at the present time in the city of New York by a horde of hireling authorized by the state to enter ter homes of the people and take the names of the inmates in order to debar from voting all who do not happen to be in when the deputies make their visit.

The law under which the state superintendent of elections for the Metropolitan district, was created, is seen today, if never before, to be a most cleverly conceived scheme to deprive of his vote the poor man, whose limited means and intermittent work require a residence in a cheap lodging house.

McCullagh's emissaries began work last Saturday night. As a result it is already evident that at least 200,000 workingmen will be frightened away from the polls.

There are three hundred lodging houses in New York. The man who lives in the ten and twenty-five cent lodging houses is not a trump. He is a man whose income is so limited that he cannot afford to take an expensive room or whose work is so variable that he cannot take a fixed habitation, not knowing where his employment will carry him next day.

Lodging houses with few exceptions, register their guests each day to avoid unnecessary bookkeeping. A majority of their lodgers are permanent patrons, save when their work occasionally calls them out of the city.

The machinery which Supt. McCullagh set to work Saturday night indicates how the screws are to be brought to bear to frighten the lodging house resident from the polls.

McCULLAGH'S MEN IN CONTROL.

At 11 o'clock two of McCullagh's deputies took possession of each lodging house in the city. A copy of the register was taken and each name recorded until the clock struck midnight. Saturday was the last day on which a voter could claim a thirty days' residence preceding election in an election district.

The deputies refused to take the name of a single man who came in after 12 o'clock.

Saturday night is the recreation night of the workingman. He has drawn his pay and likes to spend some of it enjoyment. A great percentage of the men do not come in until after midnight. They may have been registering every day in the same house for years. But if they returned home one minute after midnight they were booked by Superintendent McCullagh for jail if they attempted to register a vote.

McCullagh's deputies did move their negative work. Shortly after midnight in all houses where the night clerks did not have the grit to defy them, they went through the rooms, pulled the lodgers out of bed inquired their names and pretended to take down their descriptions. They had their hands full in some houses.

At the Alabama, No. 231 Bowery, they got Manager Frank Slattery out of bed, and demanded that he produce every man on the register. Slattery refused to awaken his guests. They then went through the house, pounding at doors and demanding that the doors be unlocked. Some guests swore and others laughed at the ruffian deputies. Then they procured a ladder and peeped over transoms to see whether there was any one in the rooms, they said. About twenty guests came in after midnight, every one a permanent lodger.

"This thing is absurd and unjust," said Manager Slattery last night. "There are two hundred men who receive their mail here, whether in or out of town. The twenty men who registered after midnight on Saturday dare not vote. About one hundred other men who were absent from town on Saturday night will hardly dare to vote, unless somebody stiffens their backbone.

EFFORT IS TO SCARE MEN AWAY.

"This wholesale intimidation of voters," continued the manager of the lodging house, "is a disgrace to New York. I believe there will be 3500 men scared away from the polls by McCullagh's men."

Scenes similar to those at the Alabama were repeated at the Grand Windsor and Chatham Square, where forty men registered after midnight. The deputies could not get into the rooms, and practiced the same stepladder act as at the Alabama.

Complaints of outrageous treatment made their way into police headquarters yesterday. Chief Devery called attention particularly to the Arcade at No. 317 Bowery, where twenty-four men who came in after midnight Saturday could not vote and at the Olive Tree Inn, at No. 312 East Twenty-Third street, where over three hundred men were obliged to submit to a personal examination in their rooms far into the morning. The same high handed treatment occurred at every lodging house in the city. A close estimate revealed yesterday that at least 5000 men registered at lodging houses after midnight on Saturday who were entitled to vote, and that at least 15,000 men registered at lodging houses who were entitled to vote and that at least 15,000 men who consider the lodging house their residence, were absent from their homes on Saturday.

Supt. McCullagh has still another scheme to debar more votes. The lodging houses must daily report to him the name of each lodger, birthplace, residence, including state, county and city, street number; color, age, height, weight peculiarities of form, visible marks on face, including beard, scars, etc, monthly, weekly or daily lodging and whether he occupies a bed. Thousands will not be at their homes every day until election. Their votes will also be challenged.

McCullagh's deputies yesterday also began a tour of the Raines law hotels, but the method of intimidation to be used there did not develop.

Chief of Police Devery has discovered that McCullagh and his men are violating the law by wearing a similar badge and using a club tagged the same as those used by the police and has asked the board to let him arrest the deputy state superintendent of elections and perhaps McCullagh himself. The board considered the matter yesterday and will render a decision today. Police Commissioner Ahell indicated that the board would approve Devery's contention by stating that McCullagh's men had no right to wear such badges. Chief Devery said yesterday:

"McCullagh has had made for the deputies a badge patterned after the one used by the roundsmen and ward and Central Office detectives. At a distance of a few feet you cannot tell them apart. Section 339 of the charter makes it a misdemeanor for such an act.

"McCullagh knows he violated the law. He is bigoted and narrow. He designed the badges in use by the police and copied them for purposes unknown to me with evident intention."

In reply to Chief Devery, Supt. McCullagh said: "Devery is now on record I am not. If Chief Devery wants to arrest my men, let him go ahead. I don't want to criticize any act of Chief Devery. Let him do his duty and I'll do mine."

GET FLESH.

Get Strength, Vigor, Clear Complexion and Good Digestion, Not by Patent Medicine, But in Nature's Own Way.

Any honest physician will tell you that there is but one way to get increased flesh; all the patent medicines and cod liver oils to the contrary, notwithstanding.

Nature has but one way to increase flesh, strength, and vigor, mind and body, and that is through the stomach by wholesome food, well digested. There is no reason or common sense in other methods whatever.

People are thin, run down, nervous, pale and shaky in their nerves simply because their stomachs are weak.

They may not think they have dyspepsia, but the fact remains that they do not eat enough food, or what they eat is not quickly and properly digested, as it should be.

Dr. Harlandson says the reason is because the stomach lacks certain digestive acids and peptones and deficient secretion of gastric juice.

Nature's remedy in such cases is to supply what the weak stomach lacks. There are several good preparations which will do this but none so readily as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which are designed especially for all stomach troubles and which cure all digestive weakness on the common sense plan of furnishing the digestive principles which the stomach lacks.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets give perfect digestion. First effect is to increase the appetite and increased vigor added flesh, pure blood and strength of nerve and muscle is the perfectly natural result.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the safest tonic known and will cure any form of stomach trouble except cancer of the stomach. May be found at the druggists at 50 cents for full sized package or direct by mail from Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

BOOMING

The enthusiasm increases. The selling increases. As this sale grows in age so does it grow in proportions. All judges of good values are highly interested. Our great Suit and Overcoat departments are overflowing with bargains. Every garment was designed especially for this season's wear, and made to sell at about one-third more than the prices we are selling them at. At no time in our long business career have we felt more justified in saying come to our friends and customers than now.

All Wool Suits $4.98.

Regular price is $8 and worth it. Now, stylish and well made suits.

Fancy Worsted Suits $8.50.

Sold everywhere for at least $3 and $4 more. Every one finely tailored and up-to-date style. They're trade winners.

Undressed Worsted $8.00.

Every fibre pure worsted. The equal of these suits cannot be bought outside this store for less than $12.

Come in and see our matchless line of Suits from $5 to $20. If we can't save you from 20 to 30 per cent. on every one of your purchases, here's your money back. We're not afraid of this "money back" proposition—if we're not, you needn't be. It's all your way. Now isn't that a fair business proposition?

Lowell One-Price Clothing Co.

72-86 MERRIMACK STREET.

FUNERALS.

LOGUE—The funeral of Miss Mary A. Logue, who died on last Tuesday morning, took place on Thursday at 2 o'clock from the home of her parents in Collinsville and was largely attended. Many friends sent beautiful floral pieces, among which were a broken crescent and sickle, inscribed, "Mary, from her room mates"; a basket of flowers from P. Kiernan and family of Lowell; a pillow inscribed "Mary," from the family; basket of flowers from Mrs. Andrew McManus; spray of pinks from Misses Maggie and Katie Cotbeck; spray of pinks from Miss Sarah Martin; bouquet from Mrs. Cullinan; bouquet from Mrs. Kemps.

Miss Logue was a very estimable young lady and will be sadly mourned by a large circle of friends. The parents have the sincere sympathy of all in their bereavement, for by the death of their daughter they lost a kind and dutiful child and a loving sister. The bearers were William Kiernan of Lowell; Hugh McManus, John Connelly, John Perdon, Jr.

WESCOTT—The funeral of the late Mrs. Eliza Wescott was held yesterday afternoon from her late residence, 10 Lawson street at 2 o'clock. Rev. J. W. Higgins officiated and the bearers were the Messrs. Wilson, Burgess and Scott. Burial was in the Edson cemetery.

DAVIS—Asahel Davis, aged 81 years, died at his home, 237 Church street, yesterday afternoon. Mr. Davis was one of Lowell's oldest citizens, having resided here for more than half a century. He is survived by a widow, one daughter, Mrs. Florence Burtt and three grandchildren, Carl D. Burtt, Paul R. Burtt and Emery F. Hosmer of the naval school at Newport, R. I.

McCARTHY—The funeral of John, son of William and Mary McCarthy, was held this afternoon at 4 o'clock from the home of his parents, 8 Garnet street. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

To realize the heat in coal, buy some of W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike St.

COME OVER AND AVE COAL

Your Order With

WM. E. LIVINGSTON

15 Thorndike Street.

WHERE THERS OFTEN EAL WOOD

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

A DEMONSTRATION OF

MADAM THOMPSON'S CURLING PINS

FOR WAVING AND CURLING THE HAIR,

Is now going on in charge of an expert Demonstrator on Small Ware Counter. Only one pin is required to wave or curl the hair and insures the most beautiful curl or wave without rusting or discoloring the most delicate blonde or white. Try one set, you will never try others, 25c. PER SET OF 3.

AN ADVANCE DISCOUNT CASH SALE OF

FINE FUR GARMENTS

Consisting of Electric and Alaska Seal Jackets, Persian Lamb Jackets, Astrachan Jackets, Krimmer Jackets.

Collarettes and Capes in every conceivable fur and style. We carry a full line of sizes in Jackets and will take orders and make Fur Garments on special measurements at prices of regular Stock Garments.

Electric Coats, $13.50, $17.50, $21.50 and upwards. Olaska Seal Coats, $125 and upwards. Astrachan Coats, $21 and upwards. Persian Lamb Coats, $85 and upwards.

If you are thinking of having a fur garment any time this winter it will pay you to inspect our stock at once.

FREE TEA FOR ONE WEEK.

Our Mocha and Java blend gave so much satisfaction to the purchaser, so much gratification by its genuine success and big sale, that we gladly renew the offer for one week. Until closing hour Saturday night, we will give free of charge one-half pound of best 50c. Tea with every pound of best 35c. Mocha or Java Coffee.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

BEAUTY IS ONLY SKIN DEEP.

But a beautiful skin cannot exist unless the blood be pure. Every woman can bring to her cheeks the rosy and delicate hues of youth by taking Cleveland's Celery Compound Tea, which cleanses the blood imperceptibly but effectually of all impurities, banishing pimples, eruptions, itch, boils, carbuncles, and sallow color. Call on F. H. Butler & Co., 265 Central street and 391 Middlesex street and get a trial package free. Large package, 25 cents.

DR. WILLIAMS'

PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. All cents per box—six for $2.50.

DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO., Schenectady, N. Y.

shortness of breath—a sensation of dryness and heat in the throat. Neglect is dangerous.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar acts like a charm on the throat and bronchial tubes. Use it before it's too late. Sold by druggists.

Expenses of Living Must Be Kept Down

We will help you. To commence with, we quote you a few prices which cannot help to draw you to our store. For 25c. you can buy

2 lbs. Round Steak, or
4 qts. Cranberries.
4 Glasses Mustard.
20 lbs. Sweet Potatoes.
Half Bushel Beets.
Half Bushel Turnips.
3 lbs. Frankfurts.
3 lbs. Sausages.
3 lbs Bologna.
Best Sirloin Steak 15c. to 20c. lb.
Roast Beef from 5c. to 12c. lb. Leg Lamb 12c. lb.

Central Cash Market, Cor. Central Charles Sts.

Chris Holmes' Specialty Cloak and Fur Store

124 and 126 Merrimack Street.

OUR OCTOBER SALE

Wrappers

10 dozen Fall Wrappers, dark prints, warranted fast color, made to sell for $1,

Sale Price 49c.

10 dozen Flannelette Wrappers, braid trimmed, worth $1.25,

Sale Price 79c.

Eiderdown Dressing Sacques
75c., 98c., $1.25 to $2.50.

Kersey Beaver Capes
$2.98, $3.98 to $15.

Astrachan Capes
$12.50, $17.50 and $25.

1000 Misses' Jackets, $2.98 to $17.50. Furs made over. Lowest prices.

Boucle Capes
Black Thibet Trimmings.
$4.98, $7.50 and $10.

Children's Cloaks
2, 3, 4, and 5 years sizes, 98c., $1.98, to $5.75.

Children's Cloaks, 4 to 14 years sizes $1.98 to $10.

Dress Skirts
100 Figured Brilliantine Skirts, velvet bound, perfect hanging, worth $2, this sale $1.18

50 Serge Skirts, best make, worth $5, sale price, $2.98.

50 Dewey Satin Flounce Skirts, worth $8.75, sale price, $4.98.

20 Black Figured Silk Skirts, worth $6, sale price, $2.98. All our better skirts at bargain prices.

Children's Dresses
1 piece plaid dresses 4 to 14 sizes, 98c. to $3.49.

Tailor-Made Suits
250 new ones to select from $7.50 to $35. All the newest effects.

Odd lot of 10 Tailor made Suits, cost from $5 to $10, while they last, $1 each.

Mackintoshes, $2.98 to $10

Electric Seal Jackets
$17.50, $25, $35.50, $45, $65.00.

Made by the best furrier in the country warranted for two years.

WAISTS
For a leader we have secured the best possible values in black and colored plain taffetas—broad stripe and new plaid designs. Also black and colored satins—all made in the latest tucked and plain effects, $5.

Plaid Waists, in plain yoke effects, 98c. and $1.49.

Braided Flannel Waists, $1.49, $1.98, $2.25, $2.75, $2.98.

Flannel Waists in solid colors, $1.50, $1.75, and $2.25.

Collarettes
Coney Collarettes, $1.98.
Electric Collarettes, $1.19.
Combination Collarettes, $2.98.
Fancy Combination Collarettes, $3.98.
500 New Collarettes from $5 to $35.

OUR SPECIALTY IN

FURS
For this week is Electric, Astrachan and Canadian Seal Coats.

Having placed our orders very early in the season for the above goods, we were not only successful in getting a very choice lot, but at prices very much below the value of such goods today, and as we believe in quick sales and small profits, we have decided to place these garments before the public at such unheard-of prices as to at once close out the entire lot. These coats must be seen to be appreciated fully. They are as follows:

Canada Seal, latest style, box front, large full collar, 26 inches long, all sizes, fully worth $25, $17.50.

Extra Canada Seal, with an extra lining, a fine garment in every way, the same as sold last year at $30.50, $24.75.

Electric Seal, 26 inches long, large full collar, a very handsome garment, cheap at $50.00, $39.75.

Black Astrachan, in the prevailing styles, made from whole skins, and lined with a good quality of satin, a good $15 garment, at the extremely low figure of $12.50.

Golf Capes
Of foreign and domestic materials in plain cloth and plaid back shawl effects,
$5, $8.75, $10.98 and $15.
The most practical garment in the market.

Braided Capes
Fur trimmed of all wool kersey, made in good length, with storm collar, lined throughout with satin rhadame, an excellent value
$13.50.

FIFTY DOZEN

New Petticoats
In Flannel 48c., in satine 75c., and $1.25, in moreen $1.98, to $4.98, in silk, $4.98 to $10.

Children's Fall Weight Reefers
4 to 14 sizes at 98c., $1.49, and $1.98, marked down from $2.50 and $5.

Black Kersey Cape
Lined throughout with extra quality rhadame, full skunk opossum collar, edge of some down fronts, also come with astrachan trimming, $13.50.

Cashmere Tea Gowns in all the popular colorings, trimmed with narrow black braid, plaited back, finished with strap,
$4.98 to $10.00.

SOMETHING INTERESTING.

If you are in need of a SMALL range for a SMALL amount of money, we have one, and it only costs

$12.00.

IRON BED, with Brass Trimmings, and All-Iron Spring, only

$6.00.

These goods are worth more money, but $6.00 will buy them.

REMEMBER

The Grand Prize Range is the range to buy. It has more practical improvements than any other range made. Sold only by

GAYNOR & CO.

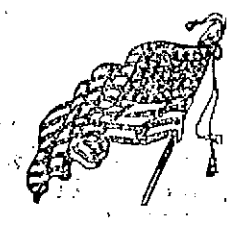
85 Prescott Street.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month.

ANY TWO

The Sun has a larger circulation than any two papers published in Lowell. It is the best and cheapest advertising medium in the city.
The real cost of advertising is not the price per inch, but the price per inch per thousand papers.

See The Point?



The democratic county convention endorsed the republican ticket. The democrats should not go to the trouble of appointing delegates or holding a convention if they persist in endorsing republican candidates.

The Manchester Union justly applauds the action of the board of fire engineers of that city in driving politics out of the department. It is right that a fireman should exercise his political rights as well as any other citizen; but when cliques and gamilies are formed by political discussions it is but right that such discussions should be prohibited. The board of engineers acts wholly within its province in insisting that the firemen shall give their time and attention to their duties rather than to politics.

Col. Bryan's regiment is to be placed in the second division of General Lee's corps, re-organized for winter garrison duty in Cuba. While Mark Hanna can keep Col. Bryan, President McKinley's opponent, in Cuba, there is slight chance of that officer's return home to Nebraska. The administration did not send Bryan to the Philippines as at first intended, but now they are sending him to Cuba which is more unhealthy and we have no doubt that their earnest wish is that he may fall a victim to disease and thus save them the alarms of another such campaign as that waged by William J. Bryan in 1896. But Bryan is every inch a man, a soldier and a patriot, and the men who could not meet him in 1896 cannot kill him in 1898 unless they conspire to shoot him, which is more than a number of cowards would dare attempt.

REPUBLICAN BLUFF.

It is incumbent upon the democrats of this state to unite their forces in support of the state ticket so as to show that they are not content to remain in perpetual abeyance to the republican party that has gerrymandered the state in one shape or another until half the democrats have been practically disfranchised. It is the policy of the republicans in times of local depression to gloat over national issues and now they make bombastic speeches on the war, on the terrific volume of trade we are to have from the Philippines and the islands taken from Spain. But this is the merest speculation. We have not taken the Philippines; there is no certainty of our taking or holding them; yet the republican office seekers are as ready to delude the people by such clap trap as they were by promising prosperity as a result of President McKinley's election.

NEW YORK CAMPAIGN.

Dick Croker says he can see no possibility of Van Wyck's defeat in the contest for governor of New York, while Tom Platt expresses equal confidence of Roosevelt's election. But Platt is a discredited boss and Croker rides on the wave of success. The republicans base their hopes on the majority of over a quarter of a million which the state gave McKinley in 1896, forgetting that in 1897, Alton B. Parker, democrat, was chosen chief justice of the court of appeals by a plurality of 60,000. Furthermore, the defeat of Seth Low in Greater New York shows a turn of the tide, while recent events, among them the popular indignation over the ill treatment of the soldiers, the business depression, and the operation of the Dingley tariff act will bring the democrats back to their allegiance. New York state is democratic by a large majority on a straight party vote. In addition to the causes mentioned, the Roosevelitiers will be opposed by the opponents of the Raines law, as well as the citizens who condemn tax dodging. The Van Wycks are destined to rule New York, city and state.

MORTALITY OF THE WAR.

It will be rather a difficult task for the whitewashing commission to turn aside the stubborn fact that in the war with Spain only 345 men were killed in battle while 2565 died of disease, making a total mortality of 2910. Yet in spite of this vast sacrifice of life, by mismanagement and ill treatment, Secretary Alger and the leaders of the republican party gloat over the victory, "the glorious results" and the "slight loss of life." Of the 275,000 troops called to the service, only 54,000 went to war, but those who remained at home suffered even more severely from disease than did those in active warfare from the fire of the enemy. In the civil war, two soldiers died of disease to every one killed in battle but in the Hispano-American war, seven men died of disease to every one who was killed otherwise. This is something that the commission can never explain otherwise than by admitting the grossest mismanagement of the department.

If the sum of $500 is to be spent in honoring the Sixth, the soldiers of Co. M. should be invited to share the honor as they saw as much fighting as did the members of the Sixth. All have earned the gratitude of the city for their noble sacrifices and all should be equally honored.

SOLDIERS' RECEPTION.

ARRANGED FOR BY CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the joint special committee appointed under the order entitled, "Joint order for the appointment of a special committee to arrange reception to soldiers," was held at city hall yesterday afternoon. All the members were present, Councilman Smith in the Chair. Councilman Reark was chosen secretary.

An order introduced by Alderman Peirce relating to the employment of veteran soldiers and sailors and the widow of a deceased sailor was laid on the table.

On motion of Councilman Reark, President Taylor of the common council was added to the committee.

On motion of Councilman Smith it was voted to recommend an appropriation of $450 to pay the expenses of the return of the soldiers and sailors who left the city to serve in the late war.

Adjourned.

O'CONNELL TESTIFIES.

Bernard D. O'Connell was taken from the Lowell jail to the police court yesterday afternoon as a witness in the case of Sullivan vs. McManus.

In this case the plaintiff alleged that a horse was taken from him some time ago by Constable McManus on a judgment for a debt owed by Mr. Sullivan. Constable McManus then sold the horse to C. F. Keyes, the auctioneer, for a sum as plaintiff alleged, that was larger than the debt and constable's share for services amounted to, but the balance was never paid the plaintiff.

Mr. Sullivan sued to recover the difference and at the first trial Mr. O'Connell appeared as his counsel, but when he was sentenced Mr. Courtney was assigned as counsel for the plaintiff and Mr. O'Connell was summoned as a witness.

The case was tried before Judge Hadley and he gave a verdict for the plaintiff. Constable McManus appealed.

FREE EXHIBITION.

If there is anything brings joy to a lady's heart, it is to have a chance to revel in a display of needle work and the most extravagant display ever seen in this city, is at C. I. W. Maynard & Co.'s, 142 Merrimack street. The display consists of sofa pillows, scarfs, table covers, dollies, handkerchiefs, toilet sets(in an almost endless variety. But the most beautiful piece of embroidery was a box of strawberries, the whole being as natural as real fruit. Words cannot describe it and it should be seen to be appreciated.

There is a hand made center piece for a table made of thread. The goods were made in Mexican convents and are marvels of beauty and should be seen by all the ladies. The exhibition continues the rest of the week. The prevailing fashions are the styles of our grandmothers' days.

EVENING HIGH SCHOOL.

The special examination for admission to the stenography and typewriting department of the Evening High school was taken by about 100 people last night, a large increase over former years. Examinations will also be taken for the same studies this evening at room 8.

TALKED OF ART.

Mr. Vesper L. George, principal of the art department of the Lowell Textile school, spoke on art yesterday afternoon to the Middlesex Women's club at the Textile school hall.

ALLAN LINE

NEW YORK and GLASGOW
Via Londonderry.

From company's Pier, West 21st St., New York.
State of Nebraska, Friday, Sept. 30, at 11 a.m.
Mongolian, Friday, Oct. 14, at 3 p. m.
State of Nebraska, Friday, Oct. 28, at 3 p. m.
Mongolian, Friday, November 11, at 11 p. m.
First Cabin, $47.25 to $60 single, $85.75 to $111 return. Second Cabin, $31.50 round trip $51.75. Steerage, $21.50; prepaid, $21.00.
Glasgow and Boston, Via Londonderry and Galway; Second Cabin, $31.50; Steerage, $21.00.
For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allen, 22 State street, Boston, or

Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.

MONEY BRINGS COMFORT

but you must know how to spend it. Get Dows' Headache Powders—3 for only 10c.—and you get heap comfort. Instant relief. Never fails. 359 Central St.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

THEY'RE MIGHTY BOLD.

Those Bankers Who Are Still Out of Jail Think They Own the Earth.

The bankers say that it is dangerous to issue greenbacks, but that bonds will always be good because the credit of the government is behind them. Is not the credit of the government behind the greenbacks also? Is there any difference between the two except that one bears interest and the other doesn't? If congress had issued $900,000,000 of greenbanks instead of bonds, we would have saved $6,000,000 a year interest for years and years to come, and so much increase in money that always circulates among the people would have raised the price of all the farmers' products. But the bankers would not have it that way, and what the bankers say goes every time with the Republican party. H. H. Hanna, the president of the executive committee of the Indianapolis monetary convention, says there will be no permanent prosperity until the present greenbacks are destroyed and recommends that money be issued by the banks to take their place and that said extra money be issued on the credit of the banks instead of the credit of the government.

Here are two interesting statements. First, prosperity has not yet come and the politicians have been lying to us; second, money issued without security by national bankers like Charles Mosher is better than that issued by 75,000,000 of people, most of whom are honest. These bankers are getting mighty bold. They think they own the earth and the fullness thereof. They know they own McKinley and the Republican party. How soon will the people awaken to the enormities of the present banking system? How long will they allow their dishonest servants to issue unnecessary bonds for them and their children to pay? How long will they continue to vote all the wealth of this country into the hands of their oppressors?

In 1860 8,000,000 of black slaves were working without wages for 100,000 slave owners. Today 70,000,000 of white slaves are working night and day to enrich 30,000 millionaires. The blunet foolishness of the people seems to increase in proportion to the increase of population.—Omaha Nonconformist.

Hurrah For Us!

The war which was undertaken in the name of justice and on behalf of humanity for the Cubans is coming rapidly to be seen as a conquest for commercial gain and nothing more. We are now told by Mr. F. B. Thurber, president of the United States Export association, that "production has outrun consumption," and therefore additional markets must be found for American products. The opportunity of American capitalists comes now with the close of the war and must not be thrown away, and so Mr. Thurber proposes that such territory as has fallen into our lap as a result of the "war for justice and humanity" shall be retained.

"Production has outrun consumption." We have in the United States 70,000,000 of people, all well housed, well clothed and well fed.

Seventy millions of people wanting nothing and all prosperous!

Seventy millions of people with unrestricted access to the means of life!

Seventy millions provided with every comfort and every luxury known to our higher civilization!

There is a plethora of riches in every home. There isn't a loose hollyband in the land!

There is no want anywhere and no fear of want!

Never in the whole course of history have any people been so universally well supplied with everything that makes life worth living!

Nobody is poor! Everybody is rich!

"Production has outrun consumption!"

Hurrah for us!—Social Democratic Herald.

Bacon on Money.

Following is what Lord Bacon wrote about usury:

"The discommodities of usury are, first, it maketh fewer merchants; for were it not for this lazy trade of usury, money would not lie still, but would in great part be employed upon merchandising, which is the true vena porta of wealth in a state; the second, that it makes poor merchants; for as a farmer cannot husband his ground to well if he sit at a great rent, so the merchant cannot drive his trade so well if he sit a great usury; the third is the decay of customs of kings, or states, which ebb or flow with merchandising; the fourth, that it bringeth the treasure of a realm or state into the hands of the few; for the usurer being at certainties, at the end of the game most of the money will be in the box, and ever a state flourished when wealth is most equally spread; the fifth, that it bears down the price of land, for the employment of money is chiefly either merchandising or purchasing, and usury waylays both; the sixth, that it doth dull and damp all industries, improvements and new inventions, wherein money would be stirring if it were not for this sing; the last, that it is canker and ruin of many men's estates, which in process of time breeds a public poverty."

Padded Statistics.

When you tell a hireling of plutocracy or a fellow who has been stuffed by some plutocratic newspaper that the working people are getting worse off year by year, he is quite apt to spring some statistics at you showing that the rate of wages is on the increase. You can easily take the wind out of such a fellow's sails by telling him that such statistics are prepared by capitalists or capitalistic toadies with the intention to deceive. Tell him that those figures are bolstered up by including the fat salaries of gilt edge managers and corporation presidents. Here is just one instance, but it is a significant one: President Seamans of the typewriter trust gets a salary of $50,000 a year. Such figures help out the statistician wonderfully.—Social Democratic Herald.

IT IS BARBAROUS

The Cruelty Practised on Political Prisoners

BY GENERAL ARAVATE OF SALVADOR.

A Judge and an Editor Publicly Whipped.

San Francisco, Oct. 14.—The City of Panama has arrived from South American ports, bringing news of executions and horrible cruelties in Salvador upon political prisoners. In Armenia, a small city of the republic, a prominent citizen was shot, while two others died in prison as the result of cruelties on the part of General Aravale. In the police station two men were tricked up by the thumbs and two colonels were shot. These officers had distinguished themselves in the army under the regime of the president.

Twenty ladies have been expelled from Salvador, among them being the wife of one of the most prominent citizens of Salvador City. Furthermore, under the direction of General Villegas five persons were shot in San Pedro, while at St. Michael many were executed.

An editor incurred the displeasure of the government by a publication in defence of certain students. For this offense he was publicly whipped, as also was the judge who rendered a decision in favor of the students.

EDITORS DINE IN BOSTON.

Boston, Oct. 14.—The eighth annual reunion and dinner of the Republican Editorial association of Massachusetts was held yesterday afternoon, and brought together a distinguished gathering of newspaper men, beside a large number of Republicans. Governor Wolcott dropped in just to tell the members of the association that other matters would prevent him from staying to dinner.

T. Maloney of Rutland, late candidate for governor of Vermont, has accepted the invitation of the Democratic state committee to speak at the ratification meeting of the state ticket next Monday night. The chairmen of the various city and town committees throughout the state have been invited to meet the state committee for a conference.

Secret Service Agent D. Bedforn says that New Englanders cannot be too careful in scrutinizing paper money. The amount of counterfeit money in circulation hereabouts is astonishing. Among some of the seizures made within the past few days are a bill of the denomination, one of the $20, several tens, a large number of fives and a much larger number of twos.

The Massachusetts Single Tax league held a meeting last night and elected the following officers: President, William Garrison; secretary, H. Fillebrown; treasurer, Mrs. Twitchell; auditor, Edward Twitchell. Several speeches were made and $650 were raised by subscription to carry on the work. The treasurer showed the receipts and expenditures to be $1,160.

ITALY AND COLOMBIA.

Washington, Oct. 14.—On inquiry at the Colombian legation with reference to the suspension of relations between Colombia and Italy, the charge of affairs made the following statement: "It is true that the Colombian government has passed a decree suspending relations with Italy. I have not seen the text of the decree, but I am advised officially that it guarantees to Italians the protection of the laws and besides that the British legation is charged with protecting Italian interests in Colombia. This act of the Colombian government is without doubt the result of popular indignation at the hostile measures adopted last summer by the Italian government with its fleet in Colombian waters, on the pretext of some failure on the part of Colombia in fulfilling the award of President Cleveland in the Cerruti case."

A Tempter

of fickle appetites, a builder of muscles and nerves, a healthful, digestible, economical aid to every meal, between meals and for picnics and excursions.

Favorite MILK BISCUIT. Sold everywhere. Made only by NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

Dominion Line BOSTON SERVICE
(U. S. and Royal Mail Steamer)

S.S. "CANADA" (New)
(650 Tons, has been appointed to sail as follows:
THURSDAY, SEPT. 22, 1.30 P. M.

S. S. New England
THURSDAY, SEPT. 8, 3.00 P. M.
ST. LAWRENCE SERVICE.
Steamers from Montreal every Thursday.
Saloon passage $50 and upwards, according to location and season.
Second cabin (very superior accommodations) $30.00; return $57.50. Steerage Passage $25.
For passage plans and information apply to the company's office, 134 State street, Boston, or in Lowell to
Dennis Murphy, Agt., 18 Appleton street; J. F. O'Donnell, Market, corner Worthen streets; F. B. Leeds, 4 Bridge street, G. A. Bernston, 750 Gorham street.

Merchants and Travelling Men

having business down town can economize time in the busy part of the day by stopping at

Hotel Albert, New York.

COR. 11TH ST. AND UNIVERSITY PL.
[One block from Broadway cars.]
Rooms, $1 Up. RESTAURANT Prices Reasonable.
Good beds—good food—quiet airy rooms—close to heart of wholesale district. Half portions served, making it possible for one to dine alone at moderate cost.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Sold by all Local Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILADA., PA.
Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. General Agents.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS

Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner

For Over 14 Years

these highly meritorious preparations have stood at the head of all hair restoratives. More than 3,000,000 bottles have been used by the American people, and thousands of testimonials bear witness to their excellence, while there were never any complaints when directions were followed.

Ask your druggist about it.

FREE

Medical Examinations Saturday.

DR. MARY NEWCOMB

Of Salem, Mass. By special request she will take an office in Lowell at No. 66 Kirk street, off Merrimack, on Saturday of each week. Hours: 9 to 6 p. m. Her name is widely known through New England as performing many wonderful cures, and hundreds of invalids who were given up as incurable, are today enjoying the best of health. Remember by the natural gift of intuition she is enabled to locate disease at once, giving all the symptoms.

Medicines, natures remedies, which are compounded from roots, barks, lups and gums.

A specialty is made of all chronic and nervous diseases of both sexes. Has been located 15 years at Salem, Mass., 186 Essex street, treating these diseases with marked success.

TERMS MODERATE.

N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,
Hunels Building, Merrimack Square,
Lowell, Mass.,
is the ONLY FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS and SHORTHAND TRAINING SCHOOL in this part of New England, nearer than Boston and we challenge ANYONE to dispute it publicly. OPEN DAY AND EVENING.
W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. Williams, Mgr.

SCHOEFFLER'S
DYSPEPSIA CURE
CURES
DYSPEPSIA.
25c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmacal Co., Newark, N. J.

MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.
Commencing Thursday, Oct. 13, 14 and 15, with Matinee Each Day.
May Howard's Extravaganza Co.
Everything new from start to finish. New Co., new ideas, new wardrobe, new scenery; 3 new burlesques written by Fred Solomon and Edgar Smith; Ladies' Alimony Club and Secret Service, sparkling dialogue; entrancing music; gorgeous costumes; magnificent scenery; an elaborate exemplification of elegance, introducing the peerless and dashing queen of burlesque, Miss May Howard and twenty pretty girls.
Seats on sale at box office.
October 17, 18 and 19, with Wednesday Matinee the Barnum of All Attractions.
Al. Reeves' BIG BURLESQUE CO.
Of 25—Whites—25 and 25 Blacks—25.
Presenting Comedy, Vaudeville, Minstrel, Opera and Burlesque. All New Scenery and Grand Electrical Effects.

BREVOORT HOUSE
NEW YORK,
Homelike Hotel of Envious Reputation.
FIFTH AVE. AND EIGHTH ST.
Near Washington Memorial Arch, Washington Square.
The location is unsurpassed and is absolutely unequalled for business and sight-seeing; all the cable and rapid transit lines passing within two blocks of the door.
The hotel is managed on both the European and American plans.
The regular tariff charge for each person will be: European Plan, $1 and upwards, American Plan, $3 and upwards.
JAMES & MEYER, Props.

It is Easy to Love
your neighbor as yourself when your neighbor is a pretty girl. It is just as easy to take Dows' Cough Wafers, because they're like candy. They relieve that hacking and coughing. 359 Central St.

BAY STATE
Dye House
Poverty is no crime, but to be a penny wise and a pound foolish is what most of the people are and if they were not they would not throw their old clothes away when they are not half worn out, and this applies to the ladies as well as gents.
Now what we wish to say is that we know just where you can save dimes and often dollars by bringing your old winter clothing to the
BAY STATE DYE WORKS,
54 Prescott Street.
and when we get done with them they will look almost as good as new. Just give them a trial order and you will feel like thanking us for our advice.

SUFFOLK LOAN CO.
(CORPORATION.)
345 Washington Street, Boston, up one flight. (Near entrance to Boston Tavern.)
MONEY TO LOAN
At legal rates of interest on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, legacies, shares, bonds or any other good security.

TAXES

Collector's Notice.

The assessors have committed to the Collector of Taxes, the

TAX LIST FOR 1898,

With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth and the Ordinances of the City of Lowell the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein and he is now ready to receive payment of said taxes at his office in City Hall.

When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the Collector will proceed to collect the Tax as directed by the General Statutes.

WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.

SUMMONS, bearing costs, will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.

INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent. per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 20, 1898, until the same shall be paid; and such interest shall be added to and considered a part of said Taxes, Poll Taxes are assessed upon every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the tax. Each partner is liable for the whole tax assessed under the partnership name.

The assessors are now distributing Tax Bills. If any ratable inhabitant by removing his residence since the first day of May or from any cause, should not receive his Tax Bill, he must consider the tax demanded by this notice and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes if a tax has been assessed.

All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.

THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1898 IS $18.00 ON $1000.

Office Hours: From 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M. For the convenience of the Tax Paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows: Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from October 3 to October 15, inclusive, 7 to 8 o'clock P. M. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, from October 17 to 20, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock P. M.

Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence May 1st, 1898, and bring it with you.

CHARLES F. COBURN,
City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.

You Won't Need Bellows
To induce your coal to burn if you buy it of us. Our coal burns when you ask it to and it all burns, too. It will raise heat, time, temper and money for you. This is a good time to lay in your next season's stock.
D. W. HORNE & SON,
16 Central Street.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Colden Cream
India Pale Ale
And Porter.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE
JOHN LENNON & CO., AND
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.
Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.
The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:
JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
NOEL TRAVERSY.
J. H. McCAFFREY & CO.
PATRICK TEAGUE.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
JOHN M. FEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
C. M. DONOHOE & CO.
It can also be found at the following places:
FRANK BARNARD.
JNO. H. BURKE.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
WM. H. MERRITT & CO
P. H. BROSNAHAN & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
SMITH & DUNN.
F. H. CALLAHAN & CO
EDWARD F. FAULKNER & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
FRANK BRADY & CO.
JAMES CALNIN.
D. T. FINNEGAN.
FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED)

FLOWER STANDS
All Kinds.
APPLE PARERS
Corers and Slicers.
MEAT CUTTERS
All Kinds.
FRUIT PRESSES
For Small Fruits.
FRUIT PICKER
With Long Handle.
FIBRE PAILS and TUBS
BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

Notice. For the next 10 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $25 Suits for $15; his $30 Suits for $20; his $35 suits for $25. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

THE WONDERFUL NEW DRINK
"GLORIA"
ASK FOR GLORIA.
Gives the vigor and pleasure of youth. Half a day of new and vigorous life in every drink. Try it. 5 CENTS A GLASS.
S. BARTLETT, Agt., 160 and 161 Middlesex St.

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company
Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.
SEWELL C. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewall C. Mack, Lowell Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George E. Motley, Edward M. Tucker, James Francis.
Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is
$1.00 One Thousand Feet.
First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke for sale in lots to suit purchasers, screened and delivered at $1.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per load. Lime for whitewashing made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office will be promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 0.05 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. H. Emery
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock
And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.
GEORGE W. ENRIGHT'S
Corner Willis and Broadway.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 127 Central St.
Opposite American House.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,
Mansur Block.
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
182 Merrimack Street
PHOTOGRAPHERS.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 313 Bridge St.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

DR. DONEHUE, Runels Building.
DENTIST.

DEWAR'S DENTISTS

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY
Wholesale Dealers in
Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neats-foot Oil,
SOAP AND SOAP POWDER.
Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.
Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.
532-4—Telephone—322-3.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 1st, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing, flat tone and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

OATELY & PEARSON,
SOLICITORS OF PATENTS
Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty.
41 HILDRETH BUILDING.

MILES WAS SNUBBED

Probable Reason for His Feeling Toward Alger.

What the War Documents Disclose — Alger's Orders From Washington Counteracted Those of Miles on the Scene of Action—Lexington Trouble—Color Line at Santiago.

Washington, Oct. 14.—After devoting the forenoon to hearing the testimony of Dr. Hoff, a chief surgeon of the Third army corps at Camp Thomas, the war investigation commission gave the remainder of Thursday to the reading of papers submitted by Secretary Alger, with his statement concerning the conduct of the war. The documents reveal that General Miles recommended the occupation of the Isle of Pines about the time of the battle of Santiago, and that Secretary Alger disapproved the suggestion; that he recommended that a point between Santiago and Porto Rico be taken previous to the beginning of either campaign; that there was an apparent conflict of authority between the general and Shafter at Tampa before the Santiago campaign was inaugurated, and that orders were issued by the secretary of war that, in the event that General Shafter should be disabled by sickness or other cause, the command of the troops at Santiago should devolve upon General Wheeler, and upon the next in command in case of disability of both Shafter and Wheeler.

During Dr. Hoff's examination he said that he knew of no case in which men in the hospitals had been compelled to lie on the ground; but he thought there were probably cases in which sick men had been kept under flies for several days. He was asked if it was true that at night there was an average of only one nurse to each 40 patients in the hospital of the second division of the Third corps, and said this could not be true.

Dr. Conner read an extract from a letter from the Arkansas governor saying that he had made a personal investigation of the conditions in this hospital, and that he had found "the conditions deplorable — simply disgraceful." He charged that the doctors in the institution were all northern men, unfamiliar with diseases incidental to the south; that there were cases of fever in which patients had gone without water for 24 hours and in which sick men went without attention from a surgeon, or without receiving a dose of medicine for a week. Replying, Dr. Hoff said that several southern physicians were engaged at the hospital, and that he did not think it possible that men could have been neglected as indicated by the governor's letter. He had not heard of such cases.

Dr. Hoff said that there had been a shortage in medical supplies for several weeks, but there was generally sufficient to meet the immediate demands. Some requisitions had been returned by the Washington authorities because improperly filled, and he was under the impression that there had been complaints of some suffering on this account. There was considerable delay in securing flooring for the tents.

"Was there any deprivation on account of the shortage of tents and of medical supplies?" asked Governor Woodbury.

"It was so reported," responded Dr. Hoff.

"Whose fault was it?" was asked.

"Not mine," he replied.

SOLDIERS AT ODDS.

Cincinnati, Oct. 14.—A Lexington special to the Times says that the trial of Private Kitchen, who killed Private Nygram, Twelfth New York, was postponed till Saturday because a new outrage had stirred up such feeling that violence was feared. Sergeant McClellan of the Third Kentucky was caught after midnight by a party of Twelfth New York soldiers and so mistreated that he may be injured for life. This aroused bitterness against the New York regiment on the part of the Kentucky regiment, and it was deemed unwise to risk an outbreak by proceeding with the trial of Kitchen.

COLOR LINE IN SANTIAGO.

Santiago, Oct. 14.—A question has cropped up that is causing General Wood, who, in the absence of General Lawton, is in command of the military department of Santiago, not a little perplexity. A majority of the officers of the immune regiments from the southern states object to eating at the same restaurants with colored officers, most of whom are from the northern states. Some of the colored men, apparently desirous of bringing the matter to an issue, formally reported that they could not get served at the principal Spanish restaurant, under Spanish law, whereas the American law compelled a proprietor of any house of public entertainment to serve all who paid. The proprietor involved complained that if served the colored officers he would lose almost his entire patronage, as a majority of his customers were southerners. General Wood appealed to the common sense of the colored officers, and advised that the restaurant be turned into a club.

BEGUN BY THE DEPUTIES.

Springfield, Oct. 14.—Assistant Adjutant-General Ewart has mustered into the Illinois national guard three companies of the Sons of Veterans regiment, and will muster in a fourth company for service at Virden.

Adjutant-General Reece has returned from Virden. He states that, from the best information obtainable, the firing was begun by the deputies on the train. The bodies of the dead men showed the wounds ranged downward, indicating that shots were fired from the train and tower. General Reece denied the statement of Manager Lukens of the Chicago-Virden company that he and Lukens had an understanding about troops being sent to Virden when Lukens needed them.

The miners held a mass meeting yesterday, at which it was declared that the imported negroes must be taken out of Springfield. Secretary Ryan says the United Mine Workers' union will not be responsible for them.

SITUATION IS GRAVE.

London, Oct. 14. — Henry Asquith, Liberal member of parliament for East Fife and former home secretary, in an address to his constituents, spoke of the situation at Fashoda in a strain similar to Lord Rosebery's declaration Wednesday at Epsom. He said it was the duty of patriotic Britons and lovers of peace not to say a word that might even seem to impair the title of Lord Salisbury's government to act in the name of a united people. "Grave as is the situation," he continued, "it is difficult to find a cause for real dispute, as the international status of the valley of the upper Nile cannot be a matter for serious controversy between the French and British governments."

PRESSING THE SULTAN.

Rome, Oct. 14.—Great Britain, Russia, France and Italy have decided to reject the porte's suggested modification in the ultimatum to the Turkish government on the evacuation of the island of Crete, particularly the sultan's proposal to hold three fortified places, with garrisons sufficient to protect the Mohammedans and to defend the ottoman flag. They are sending an identical note to this effect to Constantinople, reminding the sultan that every Turkish soldier must leave Crete within the time specified in the ultimatum.

WILSON'S SCORES.

BREAK ALL FORMER RECORDS AT WAMESIT ALLEYS.

It was Wilson-Pawtucket-Belmont night at the Wamesit alleys last night. The Pawtuckets won by almost 100 even, though Wilson did put up the record breaking score of the tournament, 570. Wilson's 222 in the second box also smashed the scores that were formerly made in the tournament. The score.

PAWTUCKETS.

	1	2	3	Totals
Knapp	148	148	167	463
Grover	163	202	123	488
Weston	129	151	154	434
Sawyer	155	172	167	494
Goulding	179	155	202	535
Totals	774	828	813	2415

BELMONTS

Adams	151	136	169	456
Fels	182	167	140	489
Rands	122	160	113	395
Stevens	153	111	150	414
Wilson	156	192	222	570
Totals	764	766	794	2324

PROBATE COURT.

Wills allowed of Solomon Thompson, Louisa S. Balch, Lowell, exrx.; Phineas Whiting, Clara Whiting, Lowell, exec.; Timothy Dalley, James F Sullivan, Lowell, exec.; Ward Charters, Susan M. Charters, Lowell exrx.; Eva Whiting, Charles M Whiting, Lowell, admrs.; Thomas Whiting, Jr., Charles M. Williams, Lowell, admin.; Ann Whitehead, Thomas J Sparks, Lowell, admin.; Ann Maguire, Philip Maguire, Lowell, admin.; John J. Barrows, Hannah E. Barrows, Lowell, admin.

Pay your taxes now.

DISLOCATED HIS SHOULDER.

John Crane, an employe of the Hamilton Manufacturing company, slipped and fell on the railroad track in the yard yesterday and fell into a hole at the end of a sleeper, dislocating his shoulder. The ambulance removed him to the Corporation hospital.

MISSING MAN.

Alexander Ross, an old man, aged 81 years, has been missing from his home in Charlestown, for several days and it is expected that he came to Lowell to visit his son Monroe, who resides in Cross street. A telgram was sent to this city, but no information concerning the missing man has been received.

FOUND A HORSE.

A man coming through Dracut Centre in the direction of Lowell last night, found a horse and buggy not far from the Yellow Meeting House. Nearby he found a hat, but the owner was nowhere to be seen. He took the team to 1107 Bridge street, where it awaits an owner. Captain Kew notified the officers patrolling in that vicinity but nothing further was learned in this case.

FAKER'S REPORT

Purporting to be From Wainright Board.

FOUND TO BE A PURE FABRICATION.

Deputies Mustered for Service at Virdon.

Washington, Oct. 14.—The publication of what purported to be the report of the Wainwright board on the parts taken by the respective vessels of the United States fleet in the destruction of Cervera's squadron caused considerable commotion in the navy department. In view of the fact that the report had not reached Washington at the date of the publication, an inquiry was set on foot by the department to ascertain first, whether the publication was accurate, and second, who was responsible for the discourtesy involved in the publication of an official report before it had reached the navy department. Commander Wainwright, the head of the board, very promptly disclaimed any knowledge of the publication, saying that he had left instructions that the report was to be transmitted by the recorder, Lieutenant Capehart, to the commander of the North Atlantic station, Commodore Philip. The commodore, in answer to an inquiry, returned the following dispatch: "Fake report of Wainwright board first time tonight. Articles in the papers manufactured by a reporter entire; no word of semblance between the two."

Commodore Philip has not transmitted the document to the department, but something is known of its general character, and this knowledge tends to show a misconception of the functions of this board. Admiral Sampson, who appointed the board, chose the navigators of the vessels in the fleet that were engaged in the battle of July 3. He made but one exception, in the case of his own flagship, the New York, refusing to nominate a member. The navigators of the Brooklyn, the Gloucester, the Texas, Iowa and Indiana were all members of this board; but the New York had no representative. It was directed to ascertain and report the positions of the vessels engaged in this action. It did not exceed this instruction in any point in its report, which comprises very little more than a chart on which the positions of the vessels are defined. This chart is the result of the combination of all the data contained in the separate charts made by the various navigating officers of the fleet. The report is said to be unanimous, being signed by the navigating officer of the Brooklyn along with the others. It draws no conclusions; makes no deductions; and neither takes from nor gives credit to any officer of the American fleet from the admiral down. To do so would be to exceed the instructions to the board; and what it has presented other than the instructions is, as already stated, nothing more than a diagram from which the facts may be gleaned by individual inspection.

ANOTHER LOAD OF NEGROES.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—President T. C. Loucks of the Chicago-Virden Coal company made the following statement last night: "Our employes, having waited at Atlanta in order to get to their destination without further attack from mob violence and to begin the labors they were hired to perform, asked that they be again brought to Virden. Their train accordingly left Atlanta at 2 o'clock and arrived at Virden at 5.20. Mr. Gray, general superintendent of the Chicago & Alton railroad company, told me that when the train arrived his conductor was ordered by the officer in command of the troops to not unload his passengers, but to take them and the train out of town. The conductor took the train to Girard, five miles beyond Virden, where he stopped and asked for orders as to the disposition of his passengers. Mr. Gray wired for such disposition. We replied that the matter was out of our hands as soon as our employes reached Virden, and that if the military authorities had the power to do a thing like this it was a question now between the Chicago & Alton railroad company, a common carrier, and the military or state authorities; that executive power had been exceeded, and that redress therefore would be late obtained in a legal manner."

Delicate Silks

"White and light delicate silks can be successfully washed in warm suds made from Fairy Soap. Rinse in clear, warm water, and iron on wrong side when half dry."—*Mrs. Sarah Tyson Rorer.*

FAIRY SOAP

Pure—White—Floating.

The Soap of the Century.

Sold everywhere in three convenient sizes for the toilet, bath and laundry.

FREE Send us your name, address and one Fairy Soap wrapper to nearest office below, and we will mail you free a copy of our booklet, "Fairy Tales," second series, larger and handsomer than the first, and containing new stories and illustrations.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,

Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia. Pittsburgh. Baltimore.

THE INVESTIGATION

Of the War Department Continued Today.

Testimony Presented by Officials was Very Interesting and Important.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 13.—Lieut. Col. J. N. G. Hoff was before the war investigating commission at its forenoon session today. He is a regular army officer and was chief surgeon in the Third Army Corps, at Camp Thomas, Chickamauga Park. He said he did not consider the camp to be in the best sanitary condition, but expressed the opinion that it was the best under the circumstances. The men were encamped somewhat closer to each other than they should properly have been, but it had been impossible without blasting to make the sinks as good as good sanitation required. Furthermore, it was impossible to compel men to use the sinks and he thought it probable that this difficulty had led to injurious results. Every effort had been made to have the sinks properly covered and disinfected and to have the men use them.

Dr. Hoff said in the beginning that the camp was deficient in medical supplies. The shortage was due to the fact that it had been expected that troops would come to camp supplied with medicines, but some of them failed in this respect, making a greater demand than had been counted upon. Continuing, Dr. Hoff said the capacity of the division hospitals was often doubled and trebled. It sometimes occurred that there were eight men in tents which were intended to accommodate six, because of delay in securing tentage to care for the increase of the disease which was unexpectedly rapid. On one or two occasions, patients were necessarily placed in beds made up on the floors because of a temporary deficiency in cots.

Dr. Hoff said that the shortage in medical supplies had continued for several weeks, but there was generally sufficient to meet the immediate demand. He said that some requisitions had been returned by the Washington authorities because improperly filled out and he was under the impression that there had been complaints of some suffering on this account. There was considerable delay in securing flooring for the tents.

"Was there any deprivation on account of the shortage of tents and of medical supplies?" asked Governor Woodbury.

"It was so reported," responded Dr. Hoff.

"Whose fault was it?" was asked.

"Not mine," he replied, "I did all that I could do."

The troops of the Third Corps were more closely crowded than they should have been, but he understood that the crowding had been supposed to be a military necessity in the beginning.

GENERAL WILSON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 13.—The statement made by General John M. Wilson, chief of engineers to the commission investigating the conduct of the war department, was given out today.

During the progress of the war the following additions were made to the country's armament:

Armament was placed in position for six 12-inch guns, for 29 10-inch, 31 8-inch, 56 12-inch mortars and for 35 rapid fire guns and additional platforms were made ready for a still larger number and additional emplacements are under construction for still more. When all the works begun are completed, the armament will consist of 80 12-inch guns, 117 10-inch, 84 8-inch, 312 12-inch mortars and 79 rapid fires. The emplacements were under construction at 26 different harbors on the 31st of August and there were double shifts working at each place. The total expenditures on account of gun and mortar batteries during the period of the war amount to $1,821,500.

Among the purchases for harbor defence were 400 miles of cable, 150 tons of high explosives, 1650 new torpedo cases and 14 searchlights. Twenty-eight harbors were mined, 635 mines being planted. The expenditures on harbor defence for the period were $1,661,000. Intrenching tools were purchased and stored at Willet's Point sufficient for an army of 30,000 men.

Enclosed with the statement was a letter written by General Wilson on the 3rd of April, before the declaration of war to the officers of the corps of engineer in charge of harbor defences, directing them in view of the approaching emergency to make the best possible torpedo defences and instructing them how to proceed.

A GREAT WRANGLE

At Investigation of Standard Oil Co.

BOOKS AND WITNESSES WERE NOT PRODUCED

As Promised by Rockefeller's Attorney.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Oct. 13.—The special commission, which is investigating on behalf of the state of Ohio the affairs of the Standard Oil company, re-convened this morning. Commissioner Brinsmaid had gone to the office of the Stanard Oil company to subpoena Henry M. Flagler, the secretary of the liquidating trustees of the Standard Oil trust, and W. T. Wardwell, the secretary of the trustees, and compel them to appear before the commission. The commissioner went himself so as to see that the proper books were brought along. Commissioner Brinsmaid returned shortly after 11 o'clock, and the hearing began at 11.20.

Attorney General Monnett asked Commissioner Brinsmaid if he had served the subpoenas and the latter answered that the gentlemen he had subpoenaed for were not to be found at their offices. Mr. Monett then asked Mr. Kline, one of Mr. Rockefeller's attorney, why he had not kept his word in producing witnesses. Mr. Kline answered that he did not keep witnesses on tap and indicated that the prosecution should get the witnesses for themselves.

A general wrangle followed over the production of books wished by the prosecution.

It was arranged that a deputy sheriff should serve the subpoenas for the witnesses and books. The books specified as wanted, are understood to be the stock register of the liquidating trustees and the records of the Standard Oil Co. of Ohio, showing its transactions with the liquidating trustees.

This proceeding is said to be without precedent. There was apparently some doubt as to the power of a deputy sheriff in this state under orders from a commissioner from Ohio.

Attorney General Monett said that if the books and witnesses could not be procured by means of deputy sheriffs he had another way of getting them.

Mr. Rockefeller was not present today.

BROCKTON STRIKE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Brockton, Mass., Oct. 13.—Secretary Smith of the Lasters' union this morning stated very emphatically that the rumor of a settlement of the strike was absolutely without foundation in fact. He was endorsed by Secretary Higgins of the Rockland union and both gentlemen were very positive to their statements and very eager for an unequivocal denial.

INQUEST HELD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Stoughton, Mass., Oct. 13.—An inquest on the railroad accident of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad at Canton Junction, August 3, was begun in the district court this morning before Judge Marden. Assistant District Attorney E. H. O. Schultz about 20 witnesses were called.

IN WALL STREET.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Oct. 13.—Wall Street, 11 a. m. The pressure upon prices was abated and the market took on a strong tone on heavy buying in the specialties. Tobacco advanced 2½; sugar 1⅝; People's Gas, 1¼; and some inactive stocks about a point. Northern Pacific improved ⅜ and the railway list generally sold above last night.

At 2 p. m. Investment buying of the gilt edge stocks was the feature of the afternoon trading. Great Northern preferred, Pullman, Manitoba and St. Paul preferred rose from 1 to 4 points. Operations in the active list were light but a strong undertone prevailed.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Liverpool, Oct. 13.—(4 p. m.)—Cotton spot sales today, 12,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 11,000 bales American.

Futures closed steady; American middlings L. M. C. Oct. 2, 63s6d sellers; Oct., Nov. 2, 62 a 63 buyers; Nov. Dec. 2, 62 sellers.

GREAT ACTIVITY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Halifax, N. S., Oct. 13.—Great activity prevails in military circles here. Reserve men are being rapidly enlisted in the First Battalion Leinster regiment, Royal Canadians, for two years instead of seven and 200 men have been secured so far.

The enlisting officers have their hands full and are eager to secure all who are willing to join. A large bonus is being offered.

COMING HOME.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 13.—President McKinley arose at the Omaha club at 8 o'clock and breakfasted with Secretary Hitchcock and his young nephew, James McKinley. At 9 o'clock, the president was driven to the station, escorted by a platoon of police and mounted members of the Ak-Sar-Ben. The ride to the depot was a repetition of the enthusiastic scenes of yesterday, people lining the streets to obtain a glimpse of the president.

SLOAN WON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Oct. 13—The Lorillard-Beresford stable's chestnut filly Miakka, won the Prendergast stakes today with Ted Sloan up. The betting was 13 to 8 against Miakka.

Interest on taxes begins October 20th.

BOARD'S REPORT

The Ordnance Officers Submit Their Findings.

SMOKELESS POWDER DESIRABLE FOR FIELD GUNS.

No Chance to Test Siege Guns.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 13.—The board of ordnance officers, known as the Monmouth board, has made its report to General Flagler, chief of ordnance. The purpose of the board was to secure information direct from the officers, who had command of the troops in action, as to the respective merits of the various arms used and obtain any suggestions they might have to make regarding improvements and changes that would make the arms more effective. The reports go to show that the 3.2 inch field guns are satisfactory in every way. The fuses were arranged so as to cause the bursting of the shrapnel at the range desired and the important features which make field guns successful were found in those at Santiago.

The board also reports favorably upon the Krag-Jorgenson rifle for the infantry and cavalry. No fault is found with the Springfield rifles except that smokeless powder would be better. Smokeless powder is also found very desirable for the field guns.

The army had no opportunity to test the siege guns.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Fair Haven, Vt., Oct. 13—Myron B. Barnes, a prosperous farmer, who resided 20 miles south of this village, committed suicide this morning by cutting his throat. He arose before daylight and went to his barn where he committed the deed. He was found later by a farm hand and was still alive, but died before medical aid could be summoned. He was 65 years of age and leaves a widow and one son. It is thought the suicide was caused by a business disappointment.

HAZING ABOLISHED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Hanover, N. H., Oct. 13.—Considerable excitement prevails that Dartmouth College over an order abolishing hazing at the institution. It is stated that the sophomore class caused the issuance of the order. The members of the class are implicated in a severe case of hazing and an investigation is in progress.

SLEPT NINETEEN WEEKS.

Strange Case and Queer Experiences of a Wyoming (Ills.) Woman.

Mrs. Rosalie P. Havens of Wyoming, Ills., finally awakened the other day after a sleep of 19 weeks. Two days before her slumbers began she wandered away from home in the afternoon and was found late at night two miles away, lying unconscious under a brush heap, on the Spoon river. She was carried home and restored to consciousness.

She explained that she felt herself losing consciousness, and, fearing that she would suffer from the cold before she was discovered, she had crawled under the pile of brush. She complained of great weariness and sank into the sleep which continued 19 weeks. For the first two weeks of her slumber the case attracted much attention among the people of the little village. Then the story spread, and every train brought from one to a dozen strangers. Physicians from this and other states, mesmerists, faith healers, hypnotists and curiosity seekers flocked to the town to see the sleeping woman. All sorts of tests failed to rouse her.

A few days ago she rubbed her eyes, sat up in bed and looked with astonishment at those around her. She insisted that she had gone to sleep the evening before, and even now she cannot realize that she has been dead to the world for such a long time. While her body has been lying in the cottage in Wyoming her spirit has journeyed through space. She has traveled in dreams with strange, prohistoric people through the icefields of Greenland, Alaska and the mountains of the west. She tells remarkable stories of her adventures, and it is difficult to convince her that they were not real. Mrs. Havens is 89 years old and was afflicted with melancholia before her sleep began.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

GRAND MASTER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 13.—Reuben H. Lloyd of San Francisco was elected grand master of the grand encampment Knights Templar.

PERIODS OF PAIN.

Menstruation, the balance wheel of woman's life, is also the bane of existence to many because it means a time of great suffering.

While no woman is entirely free from periodical pain, it does not seem to have been nature's plan that women otherwise healthy should suffer so severely. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the most thorough female regulator known to medical science. It relieves the condition that produces so much discomfort and robs menstruation of its terrors. Here is proof:

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—How can I thank you enough for what you have done for me? When I wrote to you I was suffering untold pain at time of menstruation; was nervous, had headache all the time, no appetite, that tired feeling, and did not care for anything. I have taken three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, one of Blood Purifier, two boxes of Liver Pills, and to-day I am a well person. I would like to have those who suffer know that I am one of the many who have been cured of female complaints by your wonderful medicine and advice. —MISS JENNIE R. MILES, Leon, Wis.

If you are suffering in this way, write as Miss Miles did to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for the advice which she offers free of charge to all women.

Louis Tanty

formerly Chief of Napoleon III and the Imperial family of Russia, says:

"I will never think of preparing for myself frying fat so long as I will be able to get Cottolene, and I firmly believe that there is no neutral frying material except the most expensive and pure olive oil, equal to Cottolene for frying purposes."

Cottolene

is pure vegetable oil combined with choice beef suet, and is healthful, appetizing, digestible. Endorsed by eminent physicians, and recommended by cooking experts as in every way preferable to lard or animal fat.

The genuine Cottolene is sold everywhere in one to ten pound yellow tins, with our trade-marks—"Cottolene" and steer's head in cottonseed wreath—on every tin. Not guaranteed if sold in any other way. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,

Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Montreal.

Inquirer. I know a man in Brooklyn whose daughter, a child of eight years, has for a number of months past been bothered with pin worms. The father works as a compositor in New York. Now, pin worms, as you know, are annoying and while not a serious ailment they caused the child, the wife and the man himself a great deal of trouble and sore worry. They tried several preparations and the last medicine used was Ripans Tabules. The first trial of Ripans Tabules was made some two or three weeks after other remedies had been tried without result. The dose given the girl was two Tabules at night and two in the morning. The parents say that now there is no more trouble with pin worms and they assert positively that Ripans Tabules being the only medicine used must have credit for the relief. Ripans Tabules, though taken in larger doses than those called for by the directions, did not upset the girl nor did she object to taking them. In fact, several times it happened that the girl asked for more Ripans Tabules from her mother during the day. Now what I want to know is how a dyspepsia remedy can be made a cure for pin worms.

Doctor. Pin worms, or thread worms as they are sometimes called, are small white worms resembling a portion of ordinary white cotton thread. They inhabit the rectum and usually cause severe irritation, very rarely present in adults. I recollect prescribing for a case of pin worms last winter. The prescription was a liquid preparation very similar to Ripans Tabules, practically the same.

A new style packet containing TEN RIPANS TABULES in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores—FOR FIFTY CENTS. This low-priced sort is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the five cent cartons (Ripans Tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton (TEN TABULES) will be sent for five cents.

SAD MINE DISASTER

Five Men Killed and Many Wounded by Explosion.

Gas Forced From Old Mine Caught Fire—The Mine Owned by the Lehigh Company—Meeting of Monarchs.

Tamaqua, Pa., Oct. 14.—Five men were killed and 11 injured by an explosion of gas in a colliery in Coaldale, near here. The dead are: Fire Boss Smith, William R. Reese, Matis Clarke of Coaldale and William Cook and John Koonicka of Lansford. Koonicka died after he had been taken from the mine, but the other men met instant death. All were married and leave large families. The most seriously injured are: William Lawton, badly burned; James Rogers, leg broken; James Walter, burned about head; James Powell, shoulder broken; Evan Evans, seriously burned about the face and body; Daniel Dorrian, leg broken; Reese Price, badly burned; Patrick O'Donnell, burned about the body; John Gallagher, nervous shock.

The colliery is the largest producer of four in that valley owned by the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company. It has a capacity of over 300,000 tons of coal and employs 500 hands. In consequence of fire, which originated in the left section of the mines some months ago, shifts of men were put to work driving holes from the gangway through which water was to be forced upon the flames. While the men were building a dam to back up the water, the gangway caught fire. Nearly 100,000 gallons of water were turned into the holes, and almost instantly a terrific explosion occurred, followed in quick succession by four lighter explosions. The gangway was torn up for over 300 feet and workmen were blown about in all directions.

Rescue gangs were put to work, and an hour later it was thought that all the dead and injured had been found. The supposition is that the great body of water sent into the holes forced volumes of escaping gas from some of the old workings back upon the flames, causing the explosion.

A 9-HOUR WORKDAY.

THE MOVEMENT TO SECURE IT FOR BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS.

After Many Futile Attempts the Typographical Union Now Expects to Win a Shorter Workday—A Talk With Chairman Murphy.

[Special Correspondence.]

A shorter workday for printers throughout the United States and Canada, at all points under the jurisdiction of the International Typographical union, is a possibility of the near future. Since the Colorado Springs convention of the International work along the lines of a reduction in the hours of the workday in book and job offices has progressed wonderfully both in the actual inauguration of the new system in some offices and in preparation for a universal demand at a set time. Too much credit cannot be given the shorter workday committee of the International, of which Mr. James J. Murphy of New York is the chairman. Since its appointment this committee has been untiring in its labors. In addition to the work of organizing the shorter workday movement in the local unions and in harmonizing and perfecting the local machinery that all may turn smoothly at the proper time the committee has had many interviews with employing printers individually and has also had to deal with the employers' organization, the Typothetæ. As a result of these interviews the conference between the Typothetæ committee and committees of the I. T. U., the bookbinders and the pressmen was arranged to take place at Syracuse during the convention of the International Typographical union.

I met Mr. James J. Murphy, chairman of the printers' shorter workday committee, recently, and, being interested in all movements of the kind, I engaged him in conversation upon the subject of his special labors.

"A number of attempts have been made during the last 25 years by members of the International Typographical union to reduce the hours of labor," said Mr. Murphy. "At times success has been met with and in other cases a determined resistance on the part of employing printers gave a temporary setback to the movement. At the convention held in Colorado Springs in October, 1896, the present movement was launched by the introduction of resolutions calling for the submission of the proposition of a united demand for a shorter workday in book and job offices to a referendum of the membership. The proposition carried with it the request that unions be asked to levy an assessment for the purpose of raising special funds to carry out the demand for the nine hour day, each local union to have control of the funds it raised.

"The membership supported the proposition by a vote of about 4 to 1, and President Prescott appointed a special committe of five, of which I have the honor to be chairman, to carry on the International's part of the work.

"The committee met in Indianapolis last year and unanimously decided that no general demand for a shorter workday would be effective unless backed up by a fund of reasonable proportions, to inaugurate an active propaganda in favor of reducing the hours of labor and to send circulars and literature to every subordinate union, inviting its co-operation, and to work along lines of a complete plan which the committee had prepared, as they realized that the shorter workday could only be secured by united action and a vigorous and carefully planned campaign. Every president of a local union was asked to appoint a special committee of five active, earnest workers to assist the International Typographical union committee, and after statistical information was received from them the following circular was sent out:

"To Shorter Workday Committee:

"The first duty of your committee, after the accumulation of funds, is organization. Bring every office in your city strictly into line as to union rules, and keep it so.

"Bring every nonunion printer into your ranks. Use every means to make your city thoroughly union on its present basis.

"If you have an allied printing trades council, enlist its support. If there is none and there are unions of pressmen, stereotypers, bookbinders or other allied trades, take immediate steps to form one.

"If there are no unions of allied trades and there are enough men working at any branch to form one, organize them at once.

"If the bookbinders, pressmen or other unions have a local shorter workday committee, arrange a joint meeting and work together wherever possible. Do not let any past differences stand in the way of bettering your condition. If there are no local committees, get the unions to appoint them at once and get to work.

"The day for enforcing the shorter workday is rapidly approaching. Do not be caught unprepared.

"If any officers whose duty it is to attend to matters herein mentioned are remiss, do not hesitate to spur them up. The interests of the union must not be jeopardized by the carelessness of one or two members who happen to be in positions of responsibility.

"Work, prompt, effective work, will carry you through. It must be done, and you are the ones to do it. You will be held responsible for failure. But do not shrink from your duty, and there will be no failure.

"The reception accorded this circular was most generous and has been the means of strengthening and solidifying our allied trades already organized, and in a number of cases the formation of new councils.

"The information received by the International Typographical union committee at this time was of such a nature that they were in a position to agree on a date for the general enforcement of the shorter workday, and the following was sent to the membership:

"To Officers and Members:

"The International Typographical union shorter workday committee has fixed the date on which the shorter workday shall go into effect 'in all book and job offices under the jurisdiction of the International Typographical union.' The day is not far distant—positively before the end of the present year.

"It may not be out of place to state that since the inception of the recent agitation of the International Typographical union over 70 unions have reduced the hours of labor, and at the present time 153 unions are now working on a shorter workday basis.

"The recent action of the International Brotherhood of Bookbinders at the Toronto convention in endowing their shorter workday committee with full and plenary power is an indication of the progressive sentiment among their membership and is of such a character as to inspire their fellow trades unionists with hopes of ultimate success. At the convention of the International Printing Pressmen's union, held in Cleveland in June, legislation affecting the shorter workday was given the most careful consideration, and at a conference held in that city during convention week, at which the leading representatives of the unions forming the triple alliance were present, the date agreed on by the printers was acceptable to the pressmen and bookbinders. This means much to every one of us. We have now but to do our duty, and the ten hour day is a thing of the past in the printing industry.

"Members of the International Typographical union have every reason to revere and be loyal to the parent body. Notwithstanding the prodigious introduction of typesetting machinery during the past several years, displacing temporarily, as it has done, hundreds of our fellow members, by conservative action the International Typographical union has succeeded in reducing the number of hours and in increasing scales of wages."

Mr. Murphy expressed the opinion that the Syracuse convention of the International Typographical union, which was to begin its session within two or three days after my talk with him, would be one of the most important ever held by the organization, though the fact might not be fully realized until after the final settlement of the shorter workday question. JAMES.

New York.

The Retail Clerks.

The secretary of the Retail Clerks' National Protective association reports eight new locals organized since the adjournment of the convention a few weeks ago. This association is also meeting with fair success in its attempts to establish the early closing custom and the six day week. The national organization is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, and in nearly all cases the locals are connected with the central labor bodies.

CURRENT EVENTS

ECCENTRIC OAKEY HALL

Wrote an Obituary Sketch of His Career.

TO BE PUBLISHED AT DEATH.

The Well Known Ex-Mayor of New York Gave the Story of His Life Several Years Ago to a Newspaper, With Instructions as to Its Use. Modesty a Characteristic of His Life—His Career Was Full of Vivid Experiences.

Abraham Oakey Hall, ex-mayor of New York city, who recently died, wrote an autobiographical sketch of himself for the New York World in 1893. This he sealed with directions that it be used at his death. It reads as follows:

I have left directions with my son:

First.—No publication in death columns until after burial, and funeral strictly private, without fuss or funeral feathers or bother to acquaintances.

Second.—No flags at half mast except on Lotus and Press club staffs.

I can only hope this will be allowed, and yet in late years family custom as well as the law strangely disregards dying wishes and the commands of decedents. Why fuss over the remains as a whole when we do not collect cast off hair from a barber's shop or pared nails from the atelier of a manicure?

What I now pen is written with a view of its being my own obituary. I was often in life twitted with eccentricity. It is a trait of the Oakey family. The Oakeys on my side are direct descendants of that Colonel John Oakey (as the spelling was 200 years ago) who joined in the eccentricity of being one of the regicides of Charles I. And doubtless the fact that I write my own obituary notice will be regarded as the crowning eccentricity of an eccentric career.

I was born July 26, 1826, at Albany in the house of my maternal grandfather and namesake, Abraham Oakey, then and for many previous years deputy treasurer of the state. He had married the daughter of an exiled French count, the Count d'Assignie. My paternal grandfather was an Englishman who married a native of Wales. Their son, my father, was a merchant in New Orleans, where he was buried when I was scarcely 3 years old. Some of my early years were passed in New Orleans and Albany.

But since the age of 5 I have been a resident of New York city, where I was first schooled and whore I graduated in 1844 from its university. Thence I went to Harvard Law school in the declining days of Professors Story and Greenleaf and where I had as fellow classmates and boarding inmates the after President Hayes and the subsequent Governor Hoadly of Ohio. Sketches of my knowledge of Judge Joseph Story while there are embraced in his son's biography of that great jurist. Thence I went to New Orleans to study civil law; was there admitted to its bar, Judah P. Benjamin being one of my examiners, while I took certificate from John Slidell and where I casually at a dinner party made the acquaintance of Jefferson Davis, then, as colonel of a Mississippi regiment, en route to Mexican battlefields.

I was again admitted to the bar in New York city during October, 1848. In 1851 I was appointed assistant district attorney. I was elected full district attorney in 1854, again in 1861, again in 1864, again in 1867, and in 1868 foolishly and reluctantly resigned that office (for which I was fitted by taste and training) for the office of mayor, for which I was unfitted by habits, taste and training. I was re-elected in 1870. In the spring of 1871 found that the municipal ship I commanded had fallen into the hands of pirates. After suffering a "walk over the plank" I successfully swam ashore. If my political life was short and bitter, my professional one was long and sweet as founder of the once noted law firm of Brown, Hall & Vanderpoel, the latter having been a college chum, and we agreeing at the university to study law and become partners. The partnership continued from 1852 until 1877.

Whether I acquired fame as a lawyer and advocate can be best learned from my contemporaries or—and pretty continuously—from nearly 100 volumes of the law reports. My first law case of importance is to be found in the eighth volume of Howard's reports of United States supreme court, to which I was admitted on motion of Attorney General Roverdy Johnson. The New York statute books from 1853 to 1877 contain about 60 acts which I drafted and assisted in procuring, most of them relating to reforms in criminal jurisprudence suggested by my experience as public prosecutor, and each of which in more or less compressed form yet live in the criminal codes. The metropolitan police law of 1857 and the charter of that year were solely drafted by me.

With the charter of 1870 I had absolutely no connection in a professional or political way. It was professionally the work of the late Judge John W. Edmonds, and politically of the New York senate, which passed by a vote, embracing both parties, of 30 to 2—singularly as that majority may read by the light of subsequent revelations and events.

I was in my day a noted social and club man. I have belonged to the South Side, Islip, the Yacht, the Jockey, the Blossom and the Union clubs. I have been one of the governors of the Manhattan club, and I die a life member and ex-president of the Lotus club and an honorary life member of the world renowned Press club. I began very early to write for the press. In college days I assisted a slender income by being a reporter and writer on The Sunday Aurora (that rose like the fabled goddess; but, unlike her, set to rise no more), The Noah's Messenger, the New York American. While a law student I wrote for The Evening Tattler and Evening Signal, The Sunday Mercury, The Brother Jonathan, The Western Continent and the New Orleans Delta and Bulletin. As a young practitioner I wrote for the International and Harper's magazines, for The Evening Mirror and Home Journal of Morris & Willis, The Literary World, edited by the Duyckincks, and The Broadway Journal in the days of Harry Francis Briggs and Edgar A. Poe. During the exacting, dutiful days of district attorneyships and mayoralties I was only a slapdash amateur unpaid journalist for the New York daily newspapers and The Weekly Leader. In 1876, threatened severely with symptoms of paresis, I was medically ordered to adopt the only reliable remedy adapted to that insidious disorder—change of employment.

I at first became an actor, but really quitted the stage because that profession was so distasteful and health distressing to an aged mother, to whose nurture and care I owed all that was good in my composition, who believed a theater was a limited section of sheol, and next went upon the editorial staff of the New York World when owned successively by Tom Scott and Jay Gould, who sought to control it for their Wall street purposes. There I continued from 1876 to the spring of 1883 in pleasant journalistic association with Messrs. Hurlbert, Montgomery Schuyler, John H. Copleston, Lanigan the versatile, Tom Wilson, the amiable cynic; the philosophic John G. Speed, the Addisonian Nat Babcock, the kaleidoscopic Julian Ralph, the genial Krik (Harry Crickmore), the musical and literary Gustave Kobbe, the clever Jim Graham, the omnipresent Whitley and the Crichtonian James B. Townsend, who on that paper first invented the word "dude."

When Gould quitted ownership of The World, I became editor of The Daily Truth, owned by a speculative gentleman named Hart, who had made a fortune as a theatrical manager, but when I discovered that he was using the paper for his personal private ends I resigned. Then it was I received an offer from Commodore Benett to come to London as subhead of his bureau there. From January, 1884, to October, 1889, I there remained. "Why" and "how" I have abundantly told in recollections published during my lifetime. It is to the journalistic and literary episodes of my career I recur in memories the oftenest. But I claim that my episode as district attorney during so many years entitles me to claim that (notwithstanding my many mistakes in other respects) I deserve metropolitan remembrance. I as prosecutor was never persecutor. I never convicted an innocent accused. I perhaps made mercy too elastic. I never placed victory above justice. And I quitted the office without even political aspersion upon any one of my official acts.

I shall pass from this to the other life with only one regret—that of leaving to follow me one who is all of this world to me. I feel as Sir Charles Coldstream, in the comedy of "Used Up," felt when he languidly said to every offer for change in order to better his health: "Been there! There's nothing in it!" In moral and religious beliefs I am a Swedenborgian, and in that belief much of my life has been soothed. I cannot conceive how any lawyer who diligently tests the later life, the trances and the writings of that marvelous seer by logic connected with the testimony of his contemporaries and of many who did not even believe in his claims—and they were modestly expressed and without act of proselytism—can doubt that he, like St. John at Patmos, was allowed to visit and obtain revelations from the other world.

I have long believed in those revelations. They rob death of any sting and grave of any victory. They are summed up in Longfellow's lines about transition. Death, in the words of St. Paul, simply changes us "in the twinkling of an eye." Stage direction would say: "Exit from mortality. Enter immortality. Exit the physical 'myself.' Enter et romance the spiritual 'me.'" What—and no more and no less—"me" was in mortality it exists in immortality. I do not expect to be, after death, an inmate of heaven. I was not pious in life, and church and its associations, although not unpleasant and charming in sentiment and effects, were not attractive to my mortal life. Thus heaven would not be attractive under the Swedenborg revelations.

But there are consociations in the next world those proclaim. And among the majority I should somewhere find congenial consociation and work. The curtain of mystery of course falls on our exits to the other world, and only (what without irreverent intention I denominate) the stage managers behind the curtain know what are there, the scenes and the drama, while the mortal audience on this side of the curtain cannot know those scenes or those occurrences.

I have had a big share of experiences. Those of the "myself," known only to the "me," are infinitely larger than all that my relatives and friends and the world at large can ever fancy. I have often been asked as regards certain things, "What has been your experience?" My answer has always been—borrowed from an old writer—"Experience resembles in effect the stern lights of a ship. It illumines only the track sailed over and can shed no light on the track to come." I should like to hear today as I prepare this Thanatopsislike screed the name of one man whoever profited by the self narrated experience of any other man which militated against the judgment of the asker and listener.

In dying I shall remember the publican and not the Pharisee. I have been taunted with caprices in political faiths. The taunt is mistaken. I have successively been at various exigencies of political events a Seward Whig, a Fremont Republican and a Democrat. A Seward Whig naturally became a Republican when new issues on the Missouri compromise and Kansas arose. A Republican lawyer might logically and naturally become a Democrat when military law in northern Union states usurped the civil law and when the "bloody shirt" was waved beside the restored flag of peace with union. The man who dies with the unchanged "sympathies of youth" beneath his "Mincio elbows" has not graduated with a degree of honor.

N. B.—Thus far to Easter, 1893. Unless I live to continue the editor can strike out ecteris desunt and insert!

A CITY'S NOVEL INNOVATION

All Reporters In St. Joseph, Mo., Are Commissioned as Policemen.

Although St. Joseph, Mo., is not a city of great metropolitan pretensions, it has of late made a number of innovations that could be instituted in many cities of much greater size with satisfaction to all concerned. The latest of these is the commissioning of all the newspaper reporters as police officers.

When it is stated that the reporters have been made officers it is not meant that they wear the regulation uniforms and pose on street corners for the purpose of exciting envy in the eyes of all small boys and breaking the hearts of the "loidies." The reporters do not want that part of the policemen's duties. They are satisfied with what they have been given. Each reporter is an officer, sworn in regularly and allowed to carry a club and wear a star.

But the novelty of the unusual practice soon wore off and reporters learned to turn what was at first somewhat of a predicament into an advantage. On their daily rounds the newspaper men noticed that they were treated with more respect when it was known that they were dignitaries of the police department. People were more willing to give them news and now the reporters have very little trouble in performing their daily tasks.—San Francisco Examiner.

HOBSON'S LUCK.

Recovers the Binoculars Seized When He Was Made Prisoner.

"Hobson is certainly a lucky as well as a plucky chap," remarked Captain James O. Read of Pittsburg, now representing the quartermaster's department on board the transport Massachusetts, which is being overhauled at the navy yard in Brooklyn. "When Hobson was picked up in the water after performing his heroic deed," continued Captain Read, "he had his binoculars with him. They were suspended from his shoulders by means of a lanyard. Well, Cervera took possession of the glasses when Hobson and his men were made prisoners of war, and of course he hardly expected to see them again. A few weeks ago the lieutenant and I went out to the Maria Teresa, which then lay where she went down. The waters of the Caribbean sea are very clear, and while gazing into the depths something bright caught my eye. I called Hobson's attention to the find, and he let down a grapple and hauled up—can you guess? His own binoculars." Hobson luck ought to be as comforting as the Hobson kiss.—New York Cor. Pittsburg Dispatch.

THE SUDANESE TROOPS.

Why Those Who Fought the British Are Now on Their Side.

The Sudanese are splendid troops. There are six regiments of them, about 800 men in each. It is a curious thing to reflect on that among their ranks are between 700 and 800 men who fought against us at the Atbara. It will perhaps be a little difficult for those who are not well acquainted with the history of the Sudan to understand how these men could have come so entirely over to our side as within three or four months to be fighting against their former comrades, so I give the following explanation:

The inhabitants of the Sudan may be roughly divided into two distinct types—the Arabs and the blacks. The Arabs are the ruling race, the blacks being mostly slaves, who consequently have no particular love for their Arab masters, although, at the same time, they are on account of their bravery the khalifa's most trusted troops. The blacks, however, fight for sheer love of the game and are ready, as a rule, to side with whoever they think will win and treat them best, and it is there men who are now enlisted in the Sudanese regiments.

These Sudanese regiments present a very fine appearance. They are nearly all very tall men, slender, but at the same time very wiry, and their marching powers are wonderful. Their uniform is particularly neat and serviceable, consisting of a red fez, colored with khaki. On one side of the fez is a strip of colored cloth, varying with the different regiments, on which in brass Arabic characters is the number of the regiment itself. They wear a brown woolen jersey, khaki breeches, blue puttis and last, but certainly not least, a pair of enormous boots. Fourteen is a common size.

Their equipment is of brown leather, and they wear a bandolier belt for cartridges, khaki haversack and water bottle. They are armed with the Martini-Henri rifle and bayonet. They are good natured fellows, and are inordinately fond of music, or, rather, a good noise. However, their bands are wonderfully well turned out, and will play for mile after mile without stopping. They are particularly fond of the bagpipes, and one or two of the regiments have pipers who have been trained by the highland regiments.—Cor. Dublin Express.

Music on a Gigantic Scale.

A gigantic musical instrument is being constructed for the Paris exposition. The machinery will be kept in motion by an enormous petroleum motor of six horsepower, and the music, it is promised, will equal in volume of execution some of the most famous instrumental bands.

Royal ABSOLUTELY THE BEST!
In style, fit, finish and durability they have no equal.
Superiority Unquestioned. Great variety of styles, lengths, colors and sizes.
Ask to see the new style, 545, French model, short hip, low bust.
Best fitting and most comfortable corset for ONE DOLLAR.
Sold by all first-class dealers.
Worcester
If your dealer can't supply you, write us and we will furnish you through the nearest dealer.
Worcester Corset Co., Worcester, Mass.
Corsets

THE UMBRELLA DISEASE.

Strange Affliction of a Man Who Formed a Habit.

William Michaels, who lives in Armstrong county, Pa., recently returned from New York, where he has spent several months receiving treatment for a very remarkable disease. Mr. Michaels formed the habit of carrying an umbrella at all times and places. For many years he has continued this practice, using the umbrella as a walking stick. The constant pressure of a portion of the handle upon the ball of the thumb finally caused a diseased condition but rarely found or recognized by the medical profession. The disease began with a slight but continuous pain in the hand, which gradually increased in intensity until it became almost unbearable. Soon the muscles of the ball of the thumb began to contract and harden and apparently to grow fast to the bone. Local physicians were unable to give any relief or to discover the nature or cause of the disease. Finally it became evident that a process of ossification was going on and that the hand was slowly turning into bone.

It was not until the fingers had become hard and rigid and until the disease had paralyzed the wrist and showed signs of progress almost to the elbow that Mr. Michaels awoke to the necessity of seeking relief among eastern physicians. He then went to New York city, where he was treated for several months without success. It was finally resolved to resort to amputation to prevent the process of ossification from extending to the body and thus in time reached the vital organs, when death would result.

His arm was amputated at the elbow, as the disease had not yet extended that far. He has not experienced any further trouble, and it is not expected that he will. The disease is of very rare occurrence, but a few years ago a member of the British house of commons was similarly affected, the cause being the habit of constantly carrying a walking stick.

It is also said that the "ossified man," who a few years ago was exhibited in city museums, was afflicted with the same disease. In his case the exciting cause was a ill fitting shoe, causing undue pressure on the heel. In time his entire body became like bone. He lost all the power of motion, except in his lower jaw. Finally the disorder reached the heart and death resulted.—Pittsburg Leader.

BIG RISK IN KAISER'S TRIP.

Jerusalem Filled With Austrian and German Bands of Brigands.

The National Zeitung of Berlin reports that, in anticipation of the festivities planned for the kaiser's reception and sojourn in Jerusalem, the city is already thronged with crowds of German and Austrian tramps and vagabonds. These men, the Zeitung says, are a dangerous set, who spend their time for the most part in the wineshops, and are forming regular bands of brigands, who commit all sorts of crimes. Unless the Holy City is cleaned of this canaille, concludes the report, before the arrival of the kaiser in Jerusalem, the lives of his majesty and the imperial party will be greatly imperiled during their visit.

The National Zeitung in another article also expresses the fear that, in consideration of the nervous unrest in old world politics, a two months' absence of the German sovereign from the fatherland cannot fail to prove detrimental, and is a very risky adventure at any rate. A dispatch from Rome says that the Italian government has instructed the police authorities of the towns which Kaiser Wilhelm and his party will visit on the way to Palestine to take the utmost precautionary measures and to arrest all persons suspected of anarchistic propensities.

The railroad over which the imperial train will pass will be lined from beginning to end with soldiers who will carefully keep away all suspicious characters, as it is feared that the anarchists, who are increasing in alarming numbers, may attempt to blow up the train.—Special Cable to New York Journal.

King Wheat.

You may tell of your armored cruisers,
And your great ships of the line;
And swift or slow may steamers go
Across the billowy brine.
Like thunder may the cannon boom
To greet their flags unfurled,
And for an hour they may have power
To rule the frightened world.

From ocean shore to ocean shore
Lie lines of gleaming steel,
And night or day we hear alway
The ring of rushing wheel;
Though buffalo have left the plain,
And Indian tents are furled,
Nor steam nor hand at wealth's command
Can rule the busy world.

But where the hillside rises fair
In terraces of green,
And on the plain where wind and rain
Sweep fields of golden sheen,
Where sturdy yellow stalks arise,
With bannered heads unfurled,
Here you may greet the great King Wheat—
The ruler of the world.

Oh, hills may shake and vales resound
Beneath the flying car,
And driven by steam and winds a-beam
Our ships ride fast and far.
Cities may crumble 'neath the guns
Which guard our flag unfurled,
Yet all shall greet, at least, King Wheat,
For hunger rules the world.

—Ninette M. Lowater in Youth's Companion.

THE ETHICAL ARGUMENT.

High Principle Involved in the Eight Hour Movement.

Dr. George Hodges, writing in The Congregationalist of the eight hour day movement, says it is "essentially ethical, being in the direction of the betterment of manners and the increase of happiness." The underlying principles are: That the most important factor in the industrial and social situation is not a machine nor even a sum of money, but a man, and that men in order to be men must have some leisure. They cannot have moral or mental manhood without it. To the objection that men will not use leisure time aright he concedes that holidays have been often abused, but believes that a reasonable faith in human nature will be a sufficient answer; that when life is so adjusted that men can they will make helpers of the school, the library and the church.

He meets the objection that the reduction of working hours will demoralize industry and bankrupt the employer by the results wherever such conditions have prevailed. It has been repeatedly demonstrated that the successive lessening of hours of work has not caused "diminution of production, fall of wages, rise of prices or slackening of trade." Instead the quality and quantity of work have often been improved. He cites as a representative case that of the Salford Iron works, Mr. Mather, employing 1,200 men at eight hours a day, says they have produced more in the shorter than formerly in the longer time, "owing to the unimpaired and cheerful energy on the part of every man and boy throughout the day;" that it seems that now they are working in harmony with a natural law. Dr. Hodges refers to the war as the result of the ethical argument and closes his discussion of the question thus: "The war was felt to be necessary for the sake of manhood; that our neighbors might live like men. The eight hour matter must be met and decided on the same high principle. The interests of individuals must yield to the interests of the community."

CZAR AND LABOR UNIONS.

How the Great Advocate of Peace Secures That Article at Home.

The czar of Russia favors worldwide peace. At home he is found to have it—at the point, if need be, of bayonet or sword.

The New Charter, a San Francisco weekly, publishes what it declares to be "a confidential circular, issued by the Russian minister of internal affairs, communicated from a trustworthy source. It is an illustration of the growth of the labor movement in Russia and of the attitude the czar's government assumes toward it."

THE CIRCULAR.

To the Provincial Governors, Prefects, Head Police Masters and Local Chief Officers of the Gendarmes:

An increased fermentation among the factory workers is being observed of late as well as attempts on the part of politically untrustworthy individuals to call forth strikes under different pretexts at as many factories as possible. So far as could be ascertained the existing intention is to strike work on the day which is regarded abroad as a labor holiday. It is therefore urgent to take at once and without any delay the necessary measures for a stricter surveillance of the workmen, for the stopping of any agitation that may be noticed in the workshops, and, in case of any strikes, for their suppression at the very beginning, besides the temporary increase of police supervision generally.

The appearance of different agitators in localities with a manufacturing population must be strictly watched, and so must be the spreading of the different appeals and other prohibited literature among the workmen, as also—and that in particular—the commencement of the so called propaganda among the workers. The agitators, whether people of the educated class or workmen, must be searched and arrested, and, according to results of searching and observation, either they must be indicted and a formal inquiry into their doings begun under clause 1,455 of the penal code or the question of the expulsion of the guilty according to the rules of the state of siege—i. e., administratively without any trial (this latter course is suggested in cases when the result of searching and observation would not reveal any proofs against the prisoner)—must be made to the higher administrative authorities.

In case of strikes it must be explained to the workmen (by arrangement with the factory inspectors) that their demand will not be listened to nor receive any attention until they resume work. The shortest possible notice must be given them for either resuming work or finishing all accounts with the factory. Those who have settled their accounts and received their money as well as those who have refused to do so (without resuming work) must be sent on foot and under guard to their respective homes. The money earned but not received by the last mentioned class must also be sent to their respective places, to be handed them by the local authorities.

Informing your excellency of all the above mentioned, I ask you to inform me without delay of all that may follow concerning this matter.

Railroads and the Law.

In 1893 a law was passed by congress ordering the railroads to equip all cars with safety appliances for the protection of human life and gave them until Jan. 1, 1896, to comply with the law. When that time came, the work wasn't done, and the railroads were still killing and crippling employees with reckless abandon. Then the time was extended two years longer. While ignoring a law of congress the railroads have killed 1,693 and injured 27,667 persons. If a starving man steals a loaf of bread, the law will grab him in a holy minute, but if hundreds are killed and thousands maimed by a railroad company contrary to law congress kindly overlooks the matter and gives them two years more time so that they can kill some more people. It is a blessed thing to be a railroad company in this free country.—Omaha Nonconformist.

PRESIDENT'S SPEECH

He Addressed Iowans Returning From Omaha Fair.

Speeches From the Train Platform in Response to Cheers—Gage Makes Campaign Speech Asking Support for President McKinley.

Glenwood, Ia., Oct. 14.—President McKinley was not permitted to leave for the east yesterday without making one more address to his western constituents who had gathered at the station to watch the departure of his train. Hundreds of eager people crowded about the rear platform, and as the flyer pulled out the president said to them: "I see that here in Nebraska, as in every other state of the Union, everybody loves the government and everybody loves the flag, and I cannot tell you how hard it is for me to bid you an goodbye."

Just across the river, at Council Bluffs, Mr. McKinley again responded to the cheers of a great crowd, and said: "My fellow citizens, I am very much gratified at your reception. I have just come from the great city of the west and have witnessed a wonderful exhibition of your genius, skill and industry as shown at the trans-Mississippi exposition. Nothing has given me greater satisfaction as I have journeyed through the country than to look into the cheerful faces of the people and to be assured from their appearance that despair no longer hangs over the west, but that you are having a fair share of prosperity; and, not only that, but you are having a baptism of patriotism in which we all rejoice."

At Hastings President McKinley spoke as follows: "It has given me great pleasure, as I have journeyed through this glorious state, to observe evidence both of patriotism and of prosperity. We have pretty much everything in this country to make it happy. We have good money, we have ample revenues, we have unquestioned national credit, but what we want is new markets; and as trade follows the flag, it looks very much as if we were going to have new markets."

At Red Oak, Ia., the president faced a crowd of 5000. He said: "What nation of the world has more to be thankful for than ours? We have material wealth; we have rich and fertile lands; we have great shops and great factories that make everything. We have skilled workmen; we have genius for invention, and in the last 30 years we have achieved commercial triumphs which have been the wonder of the world. We have come out of events of the last five months glorious in our victories and more glorious in the results which are to follow them. We are fortunate in the virtue of our people, and in the valor of our soldiers and sailors. We have been patriotic in every crisis of our history, and never more patriotic than from April, 1898, to the present hour. Our patriotism must be continued. We must not permit it to abate, but we must stand unitedly until every settlement of the recent contest shall be written in enduring form and shall record a triumph for civilization and humanity. I am glad to be at the home of that gallant young hero who went down in the harbor of Havana, Ensign Merritt. I am glad to pay a fitting tribute to him and to all the other heroes of the war. His name and his fame will be sacredly guarded by his own neighbors and fellow citizens, and will be always held in remembrance by a grateful people."

The president then introduced Secretary Gage, who said: "It is to me a source of pride and satisfaction that you, the people of this mighty west, can be brought into contact as you have been brought into contact with this man, the president of the United States, in whose judgment, wisdom, courage, virtue, fortitude, zeal and patriotism the fortunes of the American people are so fully committed. Citizens, he is worthy of your confidence and love; support him by your sympathies and your confidence."

Postmaster General Smith spoke next. "You are here," said he, "to greet the president of the United States. You have given him your confidence and your support through the greatest crisis and emergency which this country has faced since the civil war, because you knew that he is firmly devoted to the welfare of the entire American people, and has given his earnest purpose to the promotion of the interests of our whole country. In his further work you will continue the confidence and support which you have thus far given him, and in the settlements which are to come he will have the support of the American people as he has had in the great conflict through which we have passed."

By far the largest and most vociferous crowd of the day had gathered at Creston. When the presidential party ascended the platform 12,000 persons cheered the president. Mr. McKinley said: "I do not know a period of our history when the country enjoyed more real and substantial prosperity than it does today. In every one of the great industries of the country we are feeling a degree of prosperity which gives new hope to all our people. Not only are the people reasonably prosperous, but the government is alike prosperous. We have had no bad luck lately. We have got along fairly well thus far, thanks to the patriotism of the American people, and thanks to the valor and courage and heroism of the boys of Iowa and of the rest of the United States."

At Chariton, Ia., the president said: "We have been very fortunate as a nation in the last six months. We have made much progress in a very little while. We have made some substantial gains without resort to arms. We have the people of Hawaii that came to us free and independent and asked to be annexed to the United States. Wherever our flag floats it is always for the sake of humanity and the advancement of civilization. Territory sometimes comes to us when we go to war in a holy cause, and whenever it does, the banner of liberty will float over it and bring, I trust, blessings and benefits to all of the people."

BASE BALL.

Baltimore, Oct. 14.—In the initial inning of yesterday's game four hits and four runs were garnered by the Bostons. The latter were off in their work at times, however, and in the seventh inning the Baltimores secured three runs and the game. Attendance, 1,135. Score:

Baltimores.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
McGraw, 3 b	1	2	0	2	0	0
Keeler, r f	4	0	1	3	0	0
Jennings, s s	4	0	1	1	5	0
Kelley, c f	4	1	1	2	0	0
Demont, 2 b	4	1	1	1	4	0
Holmes, 1 f	4	0	0	1	0	0
Clarke, 1 b	3	0	0	11	0	1
Heydon, c	1	1	0	2	1	1
McJames, p	2	1	1	1	4	0
Totals	28	6	5	27	14	2

Boston.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Hamilton, c f	3	1	1	2	0	0
Tenney, 1 b	4	1	1	10	2	0
Long, 2 b	4	1	1	2	2	0
Duffy, l f	4	1	1	1	0	1
Collins, 3 b	4	0	3	2	3	0
Stahl, r f	3	0	0	0	0	1
Yeager, c	4	0	0	4	3	1
Smith, s s	3	1	1	2	3	1
Willis, p	3	0	0	1	1	1
Stafford, x	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	33	5	8	24	14	6

x—Batted for Willis in ninth inning.

Baltimore ....2 0 0 0 0 1 3 0 —6
Boston .....4 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—5

Stolen bases—McGraw, 2. Three-base hit—Jennings. Earned runs—Boston, 2. First base on balls—Off McJames, 1; off Willis, 4. Hit by pitched ball—Heydon. Struck out—By McJames, 3; by Willis, 1. Passed balls—Heydon, 1. Wild pitches—McJames, 1. Left on bases—Baltimore, 2; Boston, 4. Umpires—Gaffney and Brown.

Gardner pitched a good game for the Pittsburghs, but Taylor did better for the Chicagos, and was better supported at critical stages.

The Phillies won a double header from the Brooklyns, and thereby clinched their place in the first division.

Every run tallied at the polo grounds in New York excepting one had an error attached to it. The Washingtons were the worst sinners in this respect and the giants won easily. The New Yorks tried Puhl, an infielder from the Connecticut league.

END OF THE CONCLAVE.

Pittsburg, Oct. 14.—The turning point in the Knights Templar's conclave came yesterday when some of the visitors began to prepare for their return. The resources of the local entertainers were by no means exhausted, however. Several detachments went out sightseeing early in the morning. Street car parties went to local points of interest. For those who remained in the city there were concerts and other entertainments at the headquarters of the various commanderies.

Officers were elected and Louisville was selected as the place where the next conclave is to be held. Reuben H. Lloyd of San Francisco was chosen master, H. B. Stoddard of Texas deputy, C. M. Moulton of Chicago generalissimo, H. W. Rugg of Providence captain general, W. B. Mellish of Ohio senior warden.

Joseph A. Locke of Portland was elected junior warden, Wales L. Lines of Meriden, Conn., and W. Mayo of St. Louis were re-elected grand treasurer and grand recorder respectively.

NEW HAMPSHIRE RED MEN.

Manchester, Oct. 14.—The great council of Red Men was held yesterday. There are now 27 tribes and 2113 members. During the year $1098 were spent for relief. The tribes have $9300 invested and $2601.23 in their wampum belts. In the degree of Pochontas there has been a slight loss, three councils having disbanded. There are 13 councils and 901 members.

The following great chiefs were elected and raised up to their stumps: Sachem, Levi N. Edwards, Wolfeboro; senior sagamore, E. D. Seaver, Manchester; junior sagamore, E. W. Hodsdon, Centre Harbor; prophet, J. F. Emery, Strafham; chief of records, J. F. Whitehead, Dover; keeper of wampum, Benjamin Herbert, Manchester.

NEGROES IN WANT.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Mr. Lyons, the register of the treasury, has received a letter from James Hill, collector of internal revenue in Jackson, Miss., in which he makes an appeal for aid in behalf of the colored people there who, owing to the quarantine against yellow fever, are unable to obtain work. The letter says: "Nearly all of the white people have left the city. We have at least 1,000 or 5,000 colored people in the city, and from 2,500 to 3,000 have to be fed by charity. The city is strictly quarantined. Many are suffering for the necessities of life."

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

IN TWENTY YEARS

A Bank Cashier Stole Large Amount

FROM BANK OF WHICH PLATT IS PRESIDENT.

A Dutch Crook to be Extradited.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Charles D. Dawes, comptroller of the currency, wired the cashier of the Tioga National bank of Owego, N. Y., of which Senator T. C. Platt is president, to close the doors of the institution, receive no more deposits and transact no more business. This action was taken as a result of a recent examination, which disclosed a large defalcation on the part of Edward W. Stone, the assistant cashier of the bank.

Stone died Wednesday night shortly after he had been confronted by the examiner with the defalcation. He confessed his guilt. The examiner reports that from as careful an examination of the books as he has been able to make, there is no evidence whatever of any complicity on the part of the other officers of the bank. The defalcation occurred through the manipulation of the individual deposit ledger by the assistant cashier, who acted as receiving teller. It is understood that the peculations covered about 20 years, small amounts being taken at a time. This was made possible by Stone acting at times as both receiving teller and individual bookkeeper.

TO SURRENDER A SWINDLER.

Washington, Oct. 14.—The secretary of state has issued a warrant for the surrender to the authorities of the Netherlands of Barend J. Stranders, who was committed by an extradition magistrate of New York for having obtained money under false pretences. His scheme was to obtain money from brokers on consignments of tobacco which he represented to be worth about $15,000, though as a fact they were worth about $1,000. The New York and Boston people repudiated these drafts, and Stranders was arrested at the instance of the Dutch authorities.

LABOR TROUBLES IN PARIS.

Paris, Oct. 14.—In consequence of the committee of the Railroad Men's union deciding in favor of a general strike and sending instructions to the provincial branches to cease work, with a reminder of the secret measures agreed upon at the railroad men's congress for the hindrance of traffic in the event of a strike, the police raided the offices of the committee and seized all the papers.

In consequence of a false report that the police intended to close the labor exchange, there was considerable excitement among the strikers, who gathered in large numbers around the building, remaining until dispersed by the police.

The troops have been ordered to remain in barracks. Owing to the threatened strike of railway men, the stations at Rouen, Amiens, Grenoble, Arras, Bethune, Lons and other points have been occupied by soldiers. All the railway stations in Paris are occupied by the military. The companies have engaged extra men and taken other precautions for possible, but unexpected, defections.

The strikers voted in favor of a general strike.

HAVE ABOLISHED HAZING.

Hanover, N. H., Oct. 14.—As a result of the action taken by the Dartmouth college authorities on recent cases of hazing, the students at a mass meeting voted to abolish the custom. There has been an exceptionally large amount of hazing during the present term, and a committee of the faculty investigated a number of cases. The committee ended its investigation on Tuesday night, and, pending the action of the faculty on the matter, the representatives of the different classes met and drew up a resolution, which was accepted.

MRS. SHERMAN PARALYZED.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Mrs. Sherman, wife of the former secretary of state, lies at her home in a very critical condition. A stroke of paralysis has affected her right side, and even in brief periods of consciousness she is unable to speak. Mrs. Sherman's health always has been exceptionally good, and while she is well advanced in years, her physicians hold out the hope that she may recover the present attack, though they realize that the chance is small.

EMPEROR IS DYING.

London, Oct. 14.—The British, German and Japanese ministers in Pekin, according to a special despatch from Shanghai, have vainly sought for a week past an audience of the emperor.

An official of the foreign office says the emperor lies in a dying condition in a small building on a lake near the empress dowager's palace, where no man can penetrate.

PETER H. SAVAGE.
Undertaker and Funeral Director
169 WORTHEN ST.
Telephone connection 464-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE
Henry W. Garrity, Prop.
CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.
Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.
The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.
M. H. Carey, Clerk. H. Gerrals.

LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL
Evening Classes Begin Oct. 17.
Special entrance examination in Arithmetic and English on Friday, Oct. 14, at 7 p. m.
Art Students Now Received.
Prof. George will continue his classes as usual both day and evening. Apply immediately.

WANTED.

WANTED—A partner with $100 to invest in a profitable amusement enterprise. Address M. E. Cushing, 103 Church Street, Lowell, Mass.

SITUATION WANTED by a young man, would work for board and go to school; well experienced around horses; the best of references. Address A., Sun office.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS—Don't prepare for any civil service examination without seeing our illustrated catalogue of information. Sent free. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C.

PLEASANT HOME WORK for men or women, day or evening; $6 to $12 weekly; no canvassing or experience needed; plain instructions and work mailed on application. Brazilian Manufacturing Co., New York City.

WORK WANTED—Washing, ironing and house work wanted by Mrs. Brendel, 236 Main street.

WANTED—Art model, young female, for light work. State experience, if any, and wages expected. Herb, Hearn, this office.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their old felt hats dyed and blocked in the latest shapes at the Hat Bleachery, 161 Merrimack street, up stairs.

WANTED—At all times lady chorus singers. Apply by mail. Address Ivory, 30 Merrill street, Lowell.

WANTED—Saleswoman to assist in the introduction of an article of merit; salary. References required. Call or address A. P. L. Hicks, Room 31, Bon Marche building, Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 377 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

WANT BLUSH OF YOUTH, soft, delicate skin? Use Noonen's Roman Secret. At all drug stores. A. W. Dow, A. E. Moar, agent for Lowell, corner of Gorham and Appleton streets.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A pocketbook on Appleton street. Owner can have same by calling at 78 Middlesex Street.

LOST—On Monday a pair of eye glasses. Finder will be rewarded at 754 Merrimack street.

TO LET.

TO LET—Now house with eight rooms, 212 Stevens street. Furnace heat, cemented cellar, set tubs, and all modern improvements. Inquire of Walter H. Howe, 815 Suffolk Street.

TO LET CHEAP—A small tenement opposite Highland hall. Inquire at 128 Branch Street.

TO LET—Very pleasant small tenements Belvidere; rent low. Apply to F. A. Pennington, 255 High street.

TO LET—Choice low-priced tenements, ranging in price from $5 to $10 per month. T. H. Elliott, 61 Central street.

TO LET—Half a house of ten rooms at 9 Everett street; rent $16 a month. Apply at 318 High street.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 252 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun building. Inquire at The Sun office.

Weak Men Made Vigorous

What PEFFER'S NERVIGOR Did!

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men rapidly lost manhood and can recover youthful vigor. Absolutely guaranteed to Cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggist impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund Money. Pamphlet free. PEFFER MEDICAL AGENCY, Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Ellingwood & Co., corner Central and Merrimack streets.

LANTERNS
FOR
House, Mill, Stable
Carriage
And out-of-door use. Lantern Globes in white, red and blue. Parts of Lanterns lost or destroyed, furnished.
C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 TO 67 MARKET STREET.

IF
PETER WATSON
Was anywhere near the army camps the people of the country would not be asking for an investigation as to the feeding of the starving soldiers. He supplies enough of people in Lowell to make an army with the choicest kind of bread, cake and pastry to be had in this city. There is nothing better than the best and Peter Watson's bakery is the best.
Ask for Peter Watson's celebrated Bread and take no other. Bakery from
52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.
Weddings and parties supplied at short notice and orders delivered to all parts of the city.

Our Stand
Is at 400 Merrimack St.
We can fit your feet with Boots, Shoes and Rubbers. Reliable goods, lowest prices. That's our economy.
F. E. LABARCE, Prop.
CITY HALL SHOE STORE
400 Merrimack St.

Sewing Machines
For $24.00
You can buy the same machine that others sell us $40. We have no canvassers; you get his commission by buying at our store.
Ring's Big Store
221-229 DUTTON ST.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A first class confectionery store on one of the principal streets doing a good cigar, tobacco and fruit trade. Owner having other business is obliged to sell. Call at this office.

FOR SALE—Trimmed hats of every description; lowest prices in Lowell. Turban, all trimmed, for $1.50 and $1.75. Ladies can save from 25 to 40 per cent. by buying their hats from Mdo. Maximo Lepine, the milliner, 332 Moody street, cor Race.

WAGONS—My remaining stock of high grade democrats, Concords, square wagons, panel skin wagons, together with a variety of 2nd hand wagons, buggies, etc., will be offered at very low figures to close. J. F. Libby, 60 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—11 acre farm, 7 miles from Lowell, not far from electrics. Easy terms; price only $650. T. H. Elliott, 61 Central street.

CALL at 859 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford and Washington streets good cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land, lots of fruit. Price only $1000. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—In Billerica, small farm of 10 acres, fair building, near cars. This is a bargain; price $900. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Furniture and carpets at a sacrifice; nearly new. 178 Chapel street. 1st hall.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

ANYTHING and everything in the line of RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. The best linen marker in use only 25c. J. M. Fellows, 168 Merrimack street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, a nice 9-room cottage house, with all modern improvements, 5000 feet of land, lots of fruit, near bridge. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

OWNER IN NEED OF MONEY—A lot of land containing 1500 feet, 60x25, on a 50 foot street, 15 minutes from Centralville bridge. Price $100, also two second-hand furnaces. Inquire at 1123 Bridge street.

FOR SALE—Near Broadway and School streets good house and large lot of land for a little money. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Good corporation boarding house, lots of boarders. Must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 3 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street, Boston.

FOR SALE—Good farm for the money, 18 acres of land, good buildings, 9 miles from Lowell on main road. Price $850. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CONSULT MADAM CLENDENING, scientific palmist. Advice on love, business marriage, tells past and future, also locates diseases, etc. 168 Appleton street.

James Walsh,
Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardener. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

CONCRETE pavement laid under in coal, tar and pitch. Orders collected for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 155 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

If You Are Short
And want a loan we can help you out. Security taken, real estate and personal property.
DONOVAN & MANSUR
Room 1, Swan Building, 20 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

If You Want Clean, Bright
COAL
Free from impurities, coal that ignites quickly and has good lasting qualities. Order of the
Middlesex Coal Co.
6 FLETCHER STREET,
And order now.
H. P. Hasey, President. J. J. Smith, Manager.
Telephone 571-2.

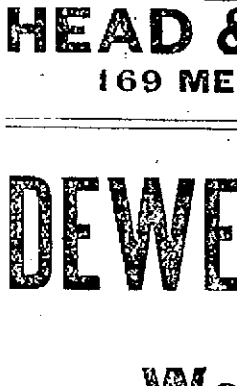
PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 GORHAM STREET.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

YOUR WORN OUT
Carriage will be taken for what its worth in exchange for any carriage built by us.
We build to order only, and every carriage we build is guaranteed by us. We would like to talk with you about carriages.
SAWYER Carriage Company
Worthen St., Lowell.

AN ARRAY
Of Ladies' Shoes made to protect the feet from the inclemency of the weather, which is so prevalent at this time of the year.
They are HAND SEWED SHOES, made from plump Dongola stock, with half double soles and kid tips, very stylish and comfortable. They do away with the annoyance of rubbers.
$3 a Pair.
J. J. LONERGAN.
215 DUTTON ST.

Millinery, Millinery
EVERYBODY IS TALKING MILLINERY.

So Are We
Our line of Millinery includes all the latest novelties in trimmed and untrimmed Hats, shapes, feathers, flowers and ribbons of all kinds and colors and all prices. Our new line of trimmed hats from the best houses in New York has just arrived and are now ready for your inspection and range in prices from $1.75 up to $8 and $10. Everybody ought to see the hat we have for $3.98 and $4.98. These are two special bargains. Our $3.98 hat is equal to any $8 hat in Lowell and our $4.98 you can't duplicate in your down town stores for less than $10. Now we are right in it on Millinery and if you fail to visit
JOHN DRAIN'S,
111 Gorham St.
You make the mistake of your life.
Great bargains in Men's, Ladies' and Children's Underwear. All kinds and all prices. Our line of Hosiery is complete from the cheapest to the best.
One great bargain in Men's Heavy Blue Ribbed, our price only 15c., others ask 25c.; and hundreds of other bargains which space won't permit to mention.
As usual we are ready with a full line of Yarns of all kinds and all colors.
Scotch, Germantown, Saxony, Spanish. All kinds and the very best grades.
Remember the place,
JOHN DRAIN
IN BLOCK WITH McCARTIN'S BAKERY.



There is Strength
In Harvard Ale.
The workingman who buys his pint of ale or beer cannot afford to lose money. The best costs him no more than the poorest. There is more strength and more refreshment in a pint of Harvard Ale or Harvard $1000 Pure Beer than in any other. Why not get the best?
Our guarantee of purity speaks for itself. See that you get the genuine. We bottle both Ale and Beer.
HARVARD BREWING CO.
LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.
We Brew Pure Ale in Our Ale Brewery.

MILLINERY FACTS
That our efforts to present to the attention of the Ladies of Lowell, a handsome line of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, that are stylish and dressy, and at the same time reasonable in price, have met with their approval is evident by the large number we have sold the past week. For this week we shall offer the finest lines of BONNETS, TOQUES, TURBANS and LARGE HATS ever shown in Lowell for from $5.00 to $7.00 that will cost you from $7 to $12 in any other store in the city. Nice line of Walking Hats, Children's Dress Hats and Tams. Ostrich Wings, Ornaments and Fancy Feathers at the same small margin of profit. Best goods, small profits and quick sales is our motto. Come in when you want anything in Millinery. We can save you money.
HEAD & SHAW, THE MILLINERS,
169 MERRIMACK STREET.

DEWEY HAVE GOOD BUTTER
Well! Well!
Have just received a large lot of June Vermont Dairy and Creamery Butter in 5, 10 and 20-lb packages at prices that will keep our competitors guessing, and the quality that will please everybody. Give us a trial and we will convince you that we have no competitors in the city.
Bargains in All Departments This Week.
Banner Market
Prescott Street.

TEETH
No Charge For Extracting
$5 to $10 a Set
Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Rootless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists Rooms 24, 25, 32, Hurd's Bld'g, cor. Merr'k & Bridge

Fifty Cents Per Box
TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets
HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY,
stop forever all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold) $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALCID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.
Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 317 CENTRAL STREET.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—6:07; sets, 5:02.
Moon sets—Eve.
High water—10:45 a. m.; 11:15 p. m.

Fair weather prevailed yesterday, except rains in the lake region, where a storm of considerable energy is central. It is moving over slowly eastward, and the cloudy weather and showers probable from it is likely to continue through tonight, probably followed by clearing weather Saturday morning and fair afternoon and night. At this time no great change is indicated in the temperature for the remainder of the week.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FLOWER POTS.

We have a lot of them and will sell them cheap All sizes from 3 cents up. Dickson Bros., the big ten dealers, 63 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star, French and German lines, sailing from Boston and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money sent to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Canada bills bought at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 19 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred Cigars.

Buy a Jacob Doll high grade Piano.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins, 223 Central street.

Watches, 75c. up. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

Save interest and cost by paying your taxes at once.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 439-4.

The opening night of "Joe's" Saturday Night Socials will take place at Prescott hall this week, Satruday. Music, Hibbard's orchestra.

The city treasurer's office will be open Friday and Saturday evenings, Oct. 14, and 15, from 7 to 8 o'clock, and Monday Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings, Oct. 17, 18, 19, and 20, from 7 to 9 o'clock, for the receipt of taxes.

Mr. Clinton R. Carpenter, who has been for the last two years employed at city hall in the office of the purchasing agent's department has accepted a position with the Atlas Tack company of Taunton and left the city Wednesday afternoon. He was chosen out of 30 applicants for the place.

The children must be shod with shoes. We have 10 pairs at 5 cents a pair. We have 75 pairs of ladies' boots at 50 and 69 cents, warranted. Slippers at 25 cents a pair, worth 50 cents a pair. We have all kinds of nails, leather, and razor straps, at give away prices. For the balance of the month, we will sell ladies' $3.00 boots for $1.76; also give a pair of nickel-plated heel plates free to the ladies.
William Wade, 23 Merrimack St.

LINCOLN CLUB.

The Lincoln club held an interesting meeting last evening, Vice President Alexander Mack presiding in the absence of President McDowell. Six applicants for membership were admitted and two other applicants were considered. When the news came from the republican headquarters that George E. Varney, a member of the club, had been nominated for representative, a committee was appointed to escort him to the rooms of the club.

When Mr. Varney appeared he was given a most enthusiastic greeting and responded with a brief address.

WONDERS NEVER CEASE.

That was the remark of a lady yesterday as she came out of 32 Central street. She had been told where to find her lost purse and she had come back to tell Madame Marianie that she had found it and wanted to reward her. The wonderful gypsy palm and card readers are the talk of our city and a visit to 32 Central street will convince the most skeptical that they all get value for the money. Ten cents pays for full palm reading or your choice of cards if you wish. The camp will be located at 32 Central street for the month of October from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. Ladies will do well to go in the daytime.

CHESS AND CHECKER CLUB.

The team match at Lowell Checker club last evening was well attended including Messrs. Irwin and Thompson, two fine players from Boston and Providence, who played with the club.

The following scores were made and many fine games were played that evoked much interest and comment.

McKillop 0, Foye , drawn 1; Dearborn 0, Hill 0, drawn 2; Richardson 0, *Irwin 0, drawn 2; *Thompson 1, Morris 0, drawn 1; Saunders 1, Moore 1, drawn, 0, Sheehey 1, Riley 1, drawn, 0; Joy 2, Casey 0, drawn 0; Dowd 1, Cawley 1, drawn 0.

Totals—McKillop's side 6; Foye's side, 4; drawn 6.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Following is a synopsis of the bulletin for September prepared by the board of health:

Deaths during the month of September, 1898, 169; population estimated at 87,000; rate per $1000 inhabitants, 23.69.

Place of death—Ward one, 9; ward two, 23; ward three, 19, ward four, 14; ward five, 16; ward six, 33; ward seven, 33; ward eight, 8; ward nine, 9; almshouse, 13; Lowell Hospital, 1; Lowell General Hospital, 0; St. John's Hospital, 4; still births, 10; total number, 169; males, 86; females, 83.

Contagious Cases Reported.

	1898.	1897.
Diphtheria	5	2
Croup	1	1
Scarlet fever	23	6
Measles	0	0
Typhoid fever	21	26

Comparative Mortality and Death Rate for September.

	1898	1897
Deaths	169	162
Population (estimated)	87,000	87,000
Death rate per 1000	23.69	22.7
Per cent. under five years	57	51
Per cent. in zymotic class	20	128
Per cent in zymotic class including tubercular diseases	29	40

DR. [illegible] DENTIST [illegible] MERRIMACK ST.

NEW VOTERS MADE

At Yesterday's Registration Session.

GREATER ACTIVITY AMONG THE POLITICIANS.

Many Swedes and Armenians Registered.

In both the afternoon and evening yesterday, the registration work was light. In all a total of 49 names were added to the check lists. The full list follows:

Ward One—George B. Murphy, 97 South; Clarence Edmonds, 395 Middlesex; Charles H. McBride, 23 Hamilton corp.; Joseph Boisfaur, 28 Lee; Uberto F. Talsr, 66 Third.

Ward Two—Joseph J. Redmond, 391 Market; Chas. S. Brunelle, 71 Hanover; Edward Sherlock, 133 Suffolk; David Thompson, 25 Suffolk; Thomas J. Wallace, Jr., 30 Lagrange.

Ward Three—Wm. W. Whitney, 1 Lane; Albert E. Smith, 1 Lane.

Ward Four—Patrick J. Cunniffe, 711 Central; Chas. T. Townsend, 15 Winter; Daniel J. Curtin, 42 Kinsman; Francis J. Drumm, 353 Gorham; Alexander Craig, 56 Whipple; Samuel R. W. Willis, 307 Thorndike; Wm. H. Conroy, 589 Gorham; Edward T. Dowd, 212 Crosby; James J. Murphy, 347 Gorham; Patrick Cullinan, 10 Auburn; John Mahoney, 27 Madison; George J. Doyle, 9 Bassett; Frederick O'Brien, 118 Appleton.

Ward Five—Xavier L. Gonzales, 19 Tyler; Martin T. Galvin, 43 North; Patrick Gillogly, 30 Chapel; John J. King, 203 Lawrence; Martin F. Kelley 11 Mill; John J. Conlon, 31 Chapel; Charles A. McSwiggin, 10 Rogers.

Ward Six—Ernest Lanoue, 160 Fulton; George B. Sinclair, 639 Bridge; George Bray, rear 311 Lakeview avenue; John A. Weatherson, 32 West Fourth; James Garin, 341 Lakeview avenue; Arthur A. Foster, 218 Hildreth.

Ward Seven—Louis G. Turgeon, Jr., 16 Dodge; Jeremiah Donohue, 139 Mammoth road; Thomas T. Sullivan, 39 Claire.

Ward Eight—Joseph J. Hartford, 118 Marshall road; Wm. L. Gillespie, 215 Lincoln; George P. Dow, 40 Leverett.

Ward Nine—John J. Lacey, rear 27 Agawam; Thomas Lacey, rear 27 Agawam; Michael F. Devine, 174 High; Edward B. Latour, 4 Oak.

The following list of aplications for naturalization was filed in the office of the city clerk, Oct. 3:

Aalios, Robert, 4 rear No. 11 Mill street; Blakely, James, 546 Central street; Bowker, John W., 823 Lawrence street; Brooks, Fred, 26 Webster street; Bjock, Axelludor, 29 Paige street; Bell, Angus, 4 Hale street; Curran, William H., Jr., 129 Church street; Connell, William H., 73 Bartlett street; Chadwick, Richard P., 101 White street; Creamer, Ambrose, 86 Andrews street; Dunault, Henry, 115 Merrimack street; Foster, Robert, 131 Howard street; Faulkner, William J., 516 Central street; Fraser, James, 1 Puffer avenue; Hibbert, Thomas, 21 Richmond street; Highland, Thos., 583 Broadway; Lawson, Charles, 67 South Whipple street; Leith, Norman, 41 London street; Maguire, John, 10 Tyler street; Model, Henry William, 673 Broadway; Marsden, Bannister, 39 Lilley avenue; Mackley, George E., 55 Lundberg street; McShane, Henry, 312 Lawrence street; Powell, John, 65 South Whipple street; Porter, Albert, 5 Devlin street; Pihl, Martin R., 27 Cosgrove street; Rookey, George W., 14 Madison street; Russell, David, Crawford, Miller; Rideout, Judson D., Middlesex street; Ryan, William S., 31 Webster street; Rawlings, Joseph J., 43 London street; Smith, Orville, W., 22 West Bowers street; Smith, Prince, 43 Agawam street; Weston, Simeon Butler, 21 Boott corporation; Widlund, William E., 47 South Whipple street; Wisby, Henry, 47 Worthen street; Wilson, William J., 47 Pleasant street; Wagandar, Charles E., 1 Carter place; Walker, Reuben, 58 Crosby street.

Following is the list of applications filed Oct. 4.:

Anderson, Edward F., 436 School; street; Bailey, Ernest E., 119 Chapel street; Brown, Arthur, 42 Tyler street; Brown, William, 580 Gorham street; Cuff, Michael, 102 Bourne street; Crane, Thomas, 255 Thorndike street; Clough, John, 97 Fulton street; Dostaler, Alphonse, 8 Decatur street; Goldrick, William, 102 Bourne street; Graham, William, 31 Chapel street; Hansen, Hans Peter, 690 Lawrence street; Haigh, Walter, 71 Whipple street; Holmes, George W., 15 Shaw street; Leahey, William George, 410 Central street; McKittrick, Frank G. W., 810 Merrimack; Myers, George, 9 Wamesit street; Moriarty, Daniel F., 37 Adams street; McLellan, Jeremiah, 27 Smith street; Matthews, Samuel, 4 Wamesit court; Pallsoul, John B., 28 Grand street; Robertson, Dougal, 21 Richmond street; Storey, Charles R., 12 John street; Wardell, Thomas, 160 Andover street; Waite Charles, 61 Andrews street; Whitehead, Thos., 43 Lincoln street; Wotton, Stephen A., 116 Walker street; Wilson, James, 431 School street; Hastings, James S., 1055 Bridge street; Gamb, John D., Jr., 9 Pihl street; Gagnon, Peter M., 725 Merrimack street; Carroll, John J., 113 High street.

Applications filed Oct. 5th:

Archibald, William A., 12 C street; Areibald, Vincent, 48 Barrington street; Battersby, Joseph, 62 Church street; Bent, Ralph C., 162 Smith street; Demuit, Arthur, 190 Fletcher street; Douglas, Edmund W., 23 Davenport street; Fielding, Lewis, 11 Olive street; Hambleton, David, 405 School street; Hayes, George, 178 E. Merrimack street; Kennery, John G. 17 Westwood street; Ladulse, Victorie, Moran place, Moody street; Lahaise, Amedee F., 117 Coburn street; Murphy Edward, 332 Lawrence street; Midgley, Jonathan, 26 Crowley street; Perrin, Peter, 651 Middlesex street; Roberts, Amos, 730 Lawrence street; Senior, George, 59 St. James street; Sloan, Robert J., 31 Robinson street; McManus, Thomas, 356 Market street.

WORN OUT.

Recently a marketman advertised a lot of "bargain corned beef." Of course this suggested green meat, and the ad. didn't "pull."

The word is in bad odor.

Once, when it was new, its appearance was the signal for everybody to be interested. This doesn't happen any more.

It has been worn threadbare—and patched.

The $15 line of fall suits at the Merrimack Clothing Co.'s are not "bargain" suits in the sense the word is applied. To be sure, they furnish more than is expected of $15 suits elsewhere, but call it by some other name. Notably the little traits of careful, tailor-like, handfinished collars and lapels that are made to fit the form—not hang off like "bargain" suits.

LAWRENCE AND TAYLOR.

TRICK CYCLISTS PERFORM TO LARGE CROWDS HERE.

"Billie" Lawrence and "Bert" Taylor started from Portland, Ore., four months ago on a wager that they would ride across the continent on their wheels and earn all expenses on the way.

They arrived in Lowell from Boston last evening, stayed in the city over night, and started for Lawrence early this morning.

These two young men are surpassed by few in the art of trick riding. Mr. Lawrence gave half an hour's performance of some difficult tricks on his wheel on the pastoffice sidewalk last evening, but owing to a bad fall in the afternoon Mr. Taylor was not able to perform many tricks. They expect to finish their tour in about two weeks, arriving in Portland about the end of the month.

MUSIC HALL

The May Howard Extravaganza company was given a grand reception last evening at Music Hall. Every seat in the house was occupied. The entertainment opened with the Ladies' Albany club and the entire company could be seen to good advantage. There were several songs and choruses which were well received by the audience. The costumes of the ladies were beautiful and made a pretty picture. The second part opened up the olio with Leonora Wilson and Carrie Massoney with songs and tinley hits. The Mills trio in a comedy sketch were quite funny. Al. Weston, the favorite descriptive vocalist, caught the house rendering several encores. James Flynn and Fannie De Costa in an original sketch were good. Irene Watson, the Elastic Girl, is a wonder. Morgan and Willsey, Irish sports, kept the audience in good humor. The show continues tonight ,tomorrow afternoon and evening.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

Among the young ladies who were at the game Wednesday were Misses Crevier, Hanson, Bertrand, Jewett, and Coughlin.

Cronin is a valuable man for the foot ball eleven.

The members of the school who were at the game Wednesday were treated by Mr. Jewett.

This year each company in the battalion should have a company commander as tall as his men.

Kelley will be adjutant this year, and is a good man for that place.

Miss Katherine O'Grady of New York is the guest of Miss Crevier.

Colonel Rogers is being congratulated upon his new appointment.

You can get the best fuel for domestic use at Rourke & Sullivan's, 223 Central street.

THE BON MARCHE DRY GOODS COMPANY

Friday and Saturday Specials

A Few Bargain Items That Cannot Be Duplicated By Any House in the Country—Not Even Us.

READ THIS

Four thousand, eight hundred and seventy skeins of the best Rhoda GERMANTOWN YARNS in all colors, and black, always retailed at 12½ cents a skein, to be sold by us on Saturday at just one half price.

6 1-4c. a Skein.

Not more than 2 pounds (20 skeins) to a customer. None sold to dealers or peddlers.

READ THIS

Over 600 pieces of Jersey Vests, bought direct from the mill, therefore enabling us to give our customer the intermediate profits. A regular 25 cent Vest, always 25 cents; everywhere 25 cents. Buying from the mill

14c. Each.

Not more than (4) to a customer.

SPECIAL FEATHER COUNTER.

Every conceivable thing in fancy feathers, quills, etc., on our special center counter, front of main entrance. Prices commence at 5 cents and run up to 69 cents, all worth more than marked by 25 per cent.

INFANTS' HATS AND BONNETS.

Just in, our fall and winter bargain lines of Infants' and Children's Hats, Caps, and Bonnets.

25c. EACH.

Infants' Embroidered Silk Bonnets (white), lined, silk ribbon strings. Each and only, twenty-five cents.

49c. EACH.

Elderdown and white and colored Silk Caps and Bonnets, embroidered ribbon strings, lined, etc., etc., and only forty-nine cents.

98c. EACH.

Velvet, Satin and Silk ,in white and colors Bayadier Velvet and Novelty Cloth Hats, Caps, and Bonnets; lined, silk ribbon strings, ruchings, etc, etc, and only ninety-eight cents.

MILLINERY.

Never in our history were we so well equipped in everything pertaining to millinery. A superb stock - all that's new and desirable—lower prices than ever before—a large and efficient staff of clerks.

READ THESE!

A beautiful stock of walking hats in all colors and shapes, including the Dewey shape and color trimmed in truly mannish styles.

89c. Each.

A beautiful lot of trimmed velvet hats, trimmed with the latest novelties in the proper styles, only fifty in the lot to be sold Friday and Saturday at the round figure of

$3.98 Each.

Misses and Children's Caps, all kinds, styles and colors for street wear, high school, bicycle , etc., large line.

25c., 49c. and 69c.

N. B.—Our store being closed Friday evenings, henceforth and forever, we would suggest to our many millinery customers, come early in the day and leave orders, with our extra staff of makers, trimmers and designers We can fill your orders correctly and promptly.

The Big Store Closed This Evening

POLICE COURT

John Theroux, with aliases, who, it is alleged, stabbed Dr. E. B. Holt while the latter was walking along Kirk street one evening in August, was among the first to be called. "Guilty or not guilty?" the clerk asked. "Not guilty," answered Theroux. He was held in $500 until next Friday.

After some spicy testimony by witnesses, John Moran was committed to the Lowell jail for four months on the charge of assault. Moran pleaded not guilty and contradicted all that the witnesses related of the affair.

Charles Barry was fined $3 for riding a bicycle on the sidewalk on Middlesex street near the power house.

For drunkenness, William J. Flynn was fined $10 and Powell Ray, $12.

Noel St. John, a sailor, for alleged larceny, from P. O'Connor, was continued until tomorrow.

Thomas Loughlan was fined $3 for violating the fish and game laws and $3 for assault and battery on Officer Lawrence Lynch of Tewksbury.

Thomas Bodkin's wife told the court that he was troublesome to her when drunk, and that he refused to work.

"To separate you for a time," the court said to him, "I will send you to the workhouse for six months."

Louis Perry, for assault and battery was held in $500 until Oct. 21.

DR. DONLAN

GOES WITH LEE AND BRYAN TO CUBA.

Dr. Charles E. Donlan of Lowell, assistant surgeon U.S.A., has been detailed to go with the 7th Army Corps commanded by General Fitzhugh Lee to Cuba. The sick soldiers of Wm. J. Bryan's regiment have been under the care of Dr. Donlan and on Wednesday of last week Col. Bryan and his wife paid an extended visit to the hospital, visiting each soldier of his command.

GEN. MILES' PLANS,

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 14.—After his return to the Millard from the exposition last night, General Miles was asked by the Associated Press what his future plans were, whether he proposed going to Leech Lake, Minn., to quell the Indian troubles there or would resume operations in Porto Rico and Cuba.

His reply was: "Neither. I expect to go to St. Paul, Rock Island and the peace jubilee at Chicago, and then return to Washington."

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Cook, Taylor & Co.,

CENTRAL STREET.

THE PLACE OF POPULAR PRICED READY-MADE

GARMENTS

Equal to the Best Custom Made.

Tailor Made Suits. Nothing like them to be found elsewhere. From $8.50 to $20.

Jackets to please every one from $2.49 to $35.

Silk Waists that are well made and good fitting from $3.49 to $8.50.

Skirts, everybody knows their excellence, from $1.25 to $12.50.

Capes, Fur Collarettes and Scarfs, Velveteen and Woolen Waists, Children's Dresses, Wrappers, etc.

The best values in Lowell.

Tailor made Suits to order. Satisfactionguaranteed.

Imperial Supply Co.

The Largest and Most Liberal Supply Store in New England. ISRAEL & LEAVITT, Proprietors.

A complete stock of Ladies' and Gent's Clothing and Garments, as well as Youths' and Boys' Fine Clothing, Silk Waists, Ladies' Suits and Fancy Skirts made to order by the best dressmakers.

Ladies' and Gents' Macintoshes, Dry and Fancy Goods, Gent's Furnishing Goods, at the lowest cash prices and also on Credit.

No. 616 Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass.

Give Us a Call and Save Money.

Charles F. Miles,

FLORIST.

492 MERRIMACK ST. LOWELL.

For the past 11 years with John Oliver.

M. J. SHARKEY & CO.

44 CENTRAL ST. LOWELL.

Fire, Life, Accident and Liability Insurance in the leading companies. Office hours 8 to 9 a. m., 12 to 1.30, and 7.30 to 9 p. m. Drop a postal if unable to call.

MISS HARD'S

Shorthand School

Graduates recommended to business men. Thoroughly equipped typewriting department. Hildreth building. Call for Catalogue.

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.

BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES

In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.

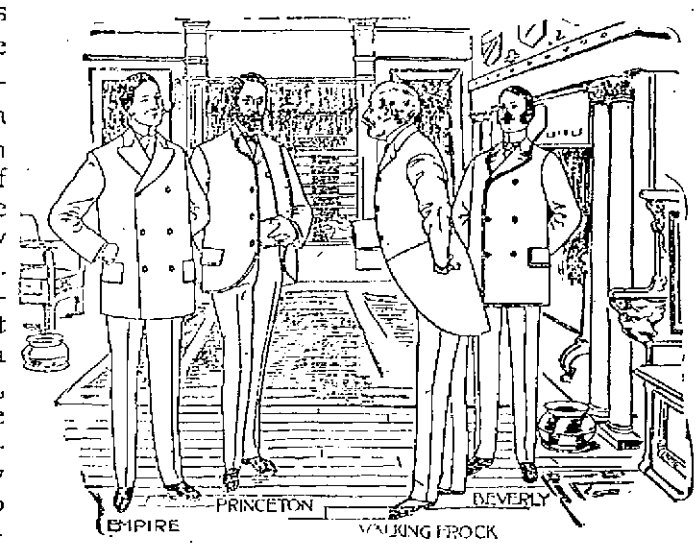
4—QUEENS OF PALMISTRY—4 32 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

10 CENTS. 10 CENTS.

These are the Palm Readers selected by Mr. O. H. P. Belmont for his Gray Craig Lawn Party Aug. 5, 1898. They read the palms of the 400. Are they good enough for you? ADMISSION FREE. Fortunes told by the world's best palmists for 10c. No humbug.

A. L. MORRELL, Manager.

THE MILITARY ERA



Military neatness has taken the place of the sway of sports over fashionable clothing. As a soldier the man of fashion has learned the value of a close fitting double breasted garment to show off the athletic physique. The military influence demands that the coat should fit without a wrinkle, the shoulder, chest and collar must be snug as a glove. Military colorings—military simplicity—six buttons, no more. Careful observance to these requirements will produce the best dressed Lowellite.

The Merrimack Clothing Co. prides itself in supplying the required fabrics, correctly cut and properly fitted.

SILK-FACED DOUBLE-BREASTED BLUE SERGE SUITS

selling for $12.00, up, exemplifies this. Starting with $12.00 this suit has all the requirements of soldierly preciseness combined with good tailoring and quality of material. The word "up" denotes that the prices advance with increased fineness of texture and weight of fabric.

LOOK THROUGH OUR WINDOWS

GREEN, BLUE, BROWN Boucle Cloth $3

Make nobby effects in Reefers for small boys. In these garments we have a special value in 3 to 8 year sizes for This particular garment we want parents to examine. A search elsewhere in Lowell for its equal will be loss of time. Others as low as $2.00—none over $8.00.

Merrimack Clothing Co.

ONLY LOWELL PAPER.

The Sun is the only Lowell paper receiving the full day service of the Associated Press. A loop from their leased wires runs into this office, where an operator is stationed to take the entire report for this paper.

THE LOWELL SUN

FOR THE PEOPLE

A paper of the people, published by one of the people, for all the people is THE SUN, which the people have made Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

22ND YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1898. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

SUN NIGHT EDITION

SIX O'CLOCK.

GEN. GARCIA

Has Accepted No Position From Lawton.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Havana, Oct. 14.—The aide de camp and secretary of General Callxto Garcia, Cosme de la Torrinte, is quoted as saying that the general has not accepted any post from General Lawton or the other American officials; that it is not rue that he is making a tour of the eastern part of Cuba, advising the disbanding of the Cuban army; and that there is no truth in the statement that General Garcia is going to the United States for the purpose of endeavoring to raise a loan, which he has no authority to do.

THE PHILIPPINES

Now Being Considered by Commission.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 4.—Commander Bradford U. S. N., who has arrived here from Washington, was examined this morning by the members of the United States peace commission relative to the conditions prevailing and the main features of interest in the Philippine Islands, with which the commander is well acquainted.

The fifth joint session of the two commissions was convened at 2 o'clock today. It may be said that the first, second and third meetings scarcely penetrated the surface of any protocol point and less still the marrow. Last Tuesday, however, marked the Spanish presentment regarding the Cuban debt, which has during recess brought the Americans to serious preparation, adjustment of their diplomatic forces and to the formulation of a plan upon which they may ultimately stand in relation to the Cuban phase of their mission here. It is not unlikely that since Tuesday's meeting the Americans, who have been exceedingly busy, have determined upon an attitude towards the Spanish proposition that the United States assume the Cuban debt in whole or in part and that it has been reduced to writing for presentation to the Spaniards at today's session, stating the American view broadly as to what is the Cuban debt, what proportion is fairly chargeable to the island as legal and beneficial thereto, and the proportion to be charged to Spain as beneficiary of the so-called Cuban debt. A party conclusion, however, should not be drawn from the fact of this careful weighing of the Spanish proposition by the Americans that they accept either alternative classification of the Cuban obligation; but rather that they are acting on a line and purpose to meet every point raised as exhaustively as presented. They have fully traversed the Cuban debt views and the proposals submitted in writing by the Spaniards on Tuesday. The Americans, therefore, undoubtedly submitted in writing today their return for the Spanish presentment and there will be either an oral discussion today or a written interchange of views at the next meeting.

HOWES NOMINATED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Malden, Mass., Oct. 14.—The Sixth councillor republican convention which was held here today nominated S. Herbert Howes of Marlboro by acclamation.

SERGEANT MURPHY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Oct. 14.—The church services of First Sergeant Stephen D. Murphy of Company L, Ninth regiment was held in St. Margaret's Catholic church at Dorchester, today.

WANTS AUDIENCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Pekin, Oct. 14—The new Italian minister, Signor Martino, has arrived here and demands the customary audience of the Emperor. Much interest is aroused in the part the Dowager Empress will take in the ceremony.

MISS WALDRON HELD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Oct. 5.—Miss Frances Waldron, the young woman who attempted suicide by inhaling chloroform while under arrest in a cell in Station 7, East Boston, last night, was arraigned in the East Boston police court this morning charged with larceny of clothing, jewelry, etc., valued at $127 from Miss Clara B. George in East Boston. She pleaded not guilty and was held in $300 for the grand jury. She is 21 years of age.

STRIKE ORDERED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 14.—The Railroad Workers' union has posted placards ordering a strike today, urging the strikers to refrain from violence and informing the public that if danger threatens the country the strikers will immediately return to their posts. The strike includes the Algerian provinces.

EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Church unity was again the absorbing topic before the house of deputies of the Episcopal convention. The notable and eloquent discussion of yesterday being continued on Rev. Dr. Huntington's proposition to broaden the scope of the church by permitting bishops to take under their spiritual guidance outside congregations not conforming strictly to the Episcopal liturgy. The patriotic spirit of the convention was shown in the unanimous adoption of a resolution by Mr. George C. Thomas of Philadelphia, providing that as the American flag was to be raised over Porto Rico on the 18th inst., St. Luke's Day, special reference to this national event be made in the prayers of that day.

OFFICIAL REPORT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Cairo, Oct. 14.—A steamer having on board an officer belonging to the French force under the command of Major Marchand, now at Fashoda, has arrived at Khartoum. This officer is the bearer of a report sent for by the French minister for foreign affairs, M. Delcasse, by courtesy of the British government, over the Anglo-Egyptian lines of communication. It is presumed the officer will proceed to Cairo in order to be able to use the official cipher of the French consulate here for transmitting the report to Paris.

UNDER OUR FLAG.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Tacoma, Wash., Oct. 14.—It is stated on good authority that the Northern Pacific Steamship company is arranging to put under the American flag six British steamers which it is operating to China and Japan from this city. These steamers include the transport Arizona, which was sold to the government last July; the Tacoma, the Olympia, Columbia and Argyle.

SEAMAN A WITNESS

The Doctor Talks About Soldiers' Rations.

Says They Were Unsuitable for an Army in the Tropics, But Were Served in Plenty.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Dr. Louis L. Seaman, major and surgeon of the First Volunteer Engineers, was the forenoon witness before the war investigating commission today. He saw service in Porto Rico and has been quoted as making serious charges against the manner of conducting the war. He asked that he be permitted to have present in the room as a friend Mr. E. F. Ayreault, an attorney of New York. The request being granted, he said he would rather affirm than be sworn. He declined to stand up for this ceremony, saying:

"I will sit; I don't have to stand up."

No objection was made on the part of the commission and the testimony proceeded.

Dr. Seaman said he had never seen any military service before the beginning of the present war, but he had studied at Princeton and afterwards in London, Berlin and Paris. After joining the service and before going to Porto Rico, he was stationed with his regiment at Camp Townsend.

There his requisitions were promptly filled and no regiment went to the front better prepared to cope with disease or casualty. The command sailed south on the Chester and there was no sickness going out. He had left Porto Rico on the 20th of September. The regiment had enjoyed better health in Porto Rico than had been anticipated and there were only two deaths in the command during the stay there up to the time of his departure. A regimental hospital was established and there was never at any time a deficiency of medical supplies. The same was also true of the tentage and the ambulance supplies furnished by the quartermaster's department. The commissary department had also furnished sufficient army rations but he complained of them as being unsuitable for an army in the tropics.

"It is the same ration used in the Lake regions when the mercury is 40 degrees below zero. It is not suitable and the men do not want it," he said.

He added that the men were at first denied the right to commute their rations and the men came to him by hundreds complaining of the deprivation of this right. He complained especially of the shortage of rice and declared that officers insisted the men should take no more fresh meat than they desired.

TWO INQUESTS

Held To-Day on Railroad Cases.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Stoughton, Mass., Oct. 14.—The inquest into the fatal wreck on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad at Canton Junction on August 8 was resumed in the district court here today Supt. McAlpine of the road was recalled and producted the broken standard pipe connection, which was the cause of the failure of a frog to operate, thereby bringing about the accident.

Joseph I. Vernon, supervisor of interlocking switches, was the next witness called. He examined this particular switch about one month previous to the accident. He thought the only way to have discovered that this connection was defective before it broke was to have disconnected it, as these switches are so tightly held together that the defect would not have been revealed by handling it. Since the accident, the road has done away with pipe connections and has substituted a solid connection in their place. This closed the testimony in the Canton hearing.

ANOTHER HEARING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Stoughton, Mass., Oct. 14—An inquest into the serious collision on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad at Sharon on the night of August 21, was commenced in the district court this forenon before Judge Marvin. District Attorney Harris was present and conducted the examination of witnesses. About 20 witnesses were present. It had been decided to hold an inquest on the death of F. M. Waters who was killed in the wreck.

Dr. Sturtevant, medical examiner of Norfolk county, the first witness, related the particulars of his examination of the body. He said Waters' death was caused by a fraction of the skull.

Dr. Bennett of Sharon was on the first section of the New London train standing at the depot and testified that he saw another train coming on the same track as the one upon he stood. It was daylight and it seemed to him as if the train was coming at a good speed. He could not see anything was done towards lessening the speed of the train and the speed had not been diminished perceptibly until it struck the train at the depot.

Engineer E. J. Cole, who was running the first section of the New London train testified that he lost twelve minutes on the way from New London and had been at Sharon only one minute when the second section crashed into his train. The signal at Sharon seemed to be working all right.

W. H. Alden, conductor of the first section, testified that the first warning of danger before the crash was two whistles followed almost immediately by the collision. He noticed his signals at East Foxboro and they were in place. He had no explanations to offer in regard to the disaster.

The next witness was Engineer Daniel W. Getchell of Mansfield, who testified that he was engineer of the second section on the night of the accident. Orders were given him at Mansfield to look out for the section ahead of him. "As I came to Sharon," he continued, "I noticed the banjo signal set red for danger. This signal is three quarters of a mile south of Sharon station. I applied the brakes, and they took hold, but not as well as usual. I was running at about forty miles an hour at the time; the brakes did not seem to diminish speed and did not seem to be working as well as they ought to but this did not alarm me. I saw a train at the Sharon station as we came around the curve about half a mile away. The brakes were put on and I immediately stopped the emergency and they did not seem to know what to do, although the train slowed down considerably, probably to 15 miles an hour. By this time I was three or four car lengths from the train at the station.

FOUND DEAD

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Oct. 14.—Sidney Smith, brother-in-law of Judge Josiah S. Dean of South Boston, was found dead this morning in bed at the home of Judge Dean. Gas asphyxiation was the cause of death.

SIXTH REGIMENT

Will Leave Porto Rico on Sunday

AND COME HOME WITHOUT DELAY.

Will be Mustered Out After 60 Days.

The following despatch will be of interest to the friends of the Sixth regiment:

Washington, D. C., Oct. 13.

Maj. Gen. Brooke, commanding the United States forces in Porto Rico, cabled to the war department tonight that the Sixth Massachusetts and four batteries of regular artillery would be the first troops sent home.

The Bay State boys will leave next Sunday and will be mustered out with the usual 60 days' furlough. It is understood that they will be sent direct to Boston.

HABEAS CORPUS

Petition for Writ in Mrs. Botkins' Case.

THE SUPREME COURT REFUSES TO INTERFERE.

Awaits the Action of Monday's Hearing.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 14.—John E. Rosmer, assistant district attorney at San Francisco, yesterday presented a petition to the supreme court for a writ of habeas corpus in the case of Mrs. Cordelia Botkin, accused of poisoning Mrs. J. P. Dunning and Mrs. Deane of Delaware, by means of poisoned candy. The petitioner was Detective McVey, who came from the east to take Mrs. Botkin back and in his petition it is set forth that the defendant is illegally restrained of her liberty by Chief of Police Lees.

The supreme court refused to interfere in any way, presumably desiring to await action of the superior court in San Francisco before which on Monday the petition of Mrs. Botkin for a writ of habeas corpus will be heard.

MAY PROVE FATAL

Philip Mulcahey Got a Bad Fall Today

WHILE AT PLAY IN SCHOOL YARD.

Believed That His Back is Broken.

Philip Mulcahey, aged 11 years, while at play this morning met with an accident that may prove fatal.

He attends St. Patrick's Boy's school and was playing in the school yard at recess this morning. He climbed the stone wall in the rear of the yard.

He did not have a good footing and he slipped and fell to the concrete walk. He struck on his back and when picked up was unconscious. One of the Brothers took the little boy to his home on Franklin court and a physician was summoned. It was stated that the boy's back is broken.

DEATHS.

McKEW—Mrs. Jane McKew, a former well known resident of this city, died at her home in Hillsborough, N. H. Oct. 11. Services were conducted yesterday at Hillsborough, N. H., and the remains were shipped to Lowell. Burial was in Cemetery No. 2.

KEARNIN—Henry Kearnin, aged 16 years, died last night at his parents' home 53 Auburn street. He leaves a mother and a sister

WOODS—Henry Woods, aged 29 years, died yesterday morning at his home, 102 Common street. He was unmarried.

Designated Depository of the U. S.
TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK
Of Lowell.
DEPOSITS:
July 1, 1892..... $ 50,739.18
Oct. 11, 1898..... 1,654,911.70
BANKING ROOMS:
Middlesex St, Cor. Post Office Avenue.
C. J. Glidden Pres. Wm. F. Hills, Cashier

James F. O'Donnell,
UNDERTAKER,
Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables.
MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

A COAL HOD Given away with one Pound of Co. Tea at O'Brien Bros. Tea Dealers, 77 E. Merrimack street. Telephone connected. Free delivery.

A NEW METHOD

To Protect Soldiers In Tropical Climes.

PLANS OF BRITISH ARMY TO BE COPIED.

Gen. Sumner Given Command of Corps.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Major General Sumner, who received his promotion for gallantry at the battle of Santiago, will soon be sent to one of the corps in the south and given command of a division. General Sumner expressed his preference for service with the soldiers.

General Sumner has given attention to the subject of care of soldiers in southern climates and is of the opinion that some such system for troops in southern climates, as Great Britain employs, ought to be adopted. While his command in Cuba was a captain in the British army who told him that the troops in India were inspected every day by an English officer to make sure that they were wearing the flannel belt next their skins and also a pad on the back of their backs. This was regarded by the medical officers as a great protection against disease incidental to tropical climates.

WILL NOT ABSORB.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Denver, Col., Oct. 14.—President Burt of the Union Pacific railroad states positively that the Union Pacific will not absorb the Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf, nor any part of it. The Julesburg line has already passed into the control of the Union Pacific.

NEW MINISTRY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Cape Town, Oct. 14.—The Hon. W. P. Schreiner, the Afrikander leader and former attorney general of Cape Colony whose motion for want of confidence in the government recently overthrew the Gordons-Sprigg or Rhodes ministry, has succeeded in forming a new ministry. It is regarded as being a strong Afrikander combination.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Vien of Pawtucket, R. I., were united in marriage last Tuesday and are spending their honeymoon in Lowell. The young and happy couple are enjoying their trip very much and have a host of relatives and friends in this city. They are stopping at the home of Mrs. S. J. Denner, 35 Third street, this city.

MINERS' TROUBLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Virden, Ill., Oct. 14.—Col. Young's Illinois cavalry today relieved Battery B of guard duty in this city. Col Young is ranking officer and will be in command of all the troops here, over 500 men.

The arrival of Col. Young's command has caused a feeling among the strikers that the negroes will be kept out at all hazards. The town presents a most military aspect today; soldiers are met everywhere.

It is reported that Lukens is going to land the negroes at another point and Governor Tanner has ordered the military authorities to head them off and prevent the landing by force.

APPLICATION DISMISSED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 11.—Superior Judge Sewell has rendered an important decision dismissing the application of the board of railway commissioners for a writ to compel the Market street railroad company (Southern Pacific) to produce its books for examination.

STORE BURGLARIZED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

West Derry, N. H., Oct. 14.—Burglars entered the millinery store of Mrs Herbert F. Tebbets here early this morning and took $1000 worth of stock. There is no clue.

LASTERS' STRIKE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Rockland, Mass., Oct. 14.—There has been no change in the strike at Rice & Hutchinson's factory. The other departments in the shop are rapidly closing up the work and the operatives are being laid off as fast as possible.

FIRST WHITE MAN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 14.—The first white men to ascend the Neatak river in Alaska, have arrived here. They are Dr. Franklin, and D. H. Griffith of Richmond, Va., N. Livermore of Port Townsend; John Mason, Charles Gay and Wallace Rhodes of Seattle, O. Payne of

$50,000 FOR TUFTS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Oct. 14.—The will of the late John D. W. Joy of the firm of Joy, Langdon & Co., is found to make a provision for the gift of $50,000 to the trustees of Tufts' college in addition to the sum of $30,000, originally announced.

SEVENTH OFF.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Oct. 14.—The Seventh regular infantry, 555 men, left Camp Wikoff today for forts in the department of the lakes. The Seventh regiment was the last in camp and its departure practically brings Camp Wikoff to an end after a period of about ten weeks.

Putnam & Son

There's a continual accession of fresh merchandise here that keeps our store in close touch with New York's latest notions.

SIX NEW STYLES in Fedora Hats, particularly adapted to the young man's taste, unlike anything you've seen. Nattier shapes, new colors, late ideas in heavy corded silk bands and bindings. The most stylish headwear of the season.

NEW GLOVES. Fashionable grays and the new browns, mocha and dogskin in self embroidered and spear point backs. Exceptional value, and the newest for **$1.00** and **$1.50.**

BLACK AND WHITE Neckwear, especially desirable this season. Great, generous Puff scarfs in superb black satin and charming white brocaded silks. Such scarfs as the Haberdasher sells for a dollar, here for **50 cents.**

FANCY SHIRTS. Fancy bodies and fancy bosoms, new and attractive patterns, stripes across the bosom or vertical; detached link cuffs with each shirt. The fifty and seventy five cent kinds for **37 cents.** The dollar and a half kind for **98 cents.**

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—6:57; sets, 5:02.
Moon sets—Eve.
High water—10:45 a. m.; 11:15 p. m.

Fair weather prevailed yesterday, except rains in the lake region, where a storm of considerable energy is central. It is moving over slowly eastward, and the cloudy weather and showers probable from it is likely to continue through tonight, probably followed by clearing weather Saturday morning and fair afternoon and night. At this time no great change is indicated in the temperature for the remainder of the week.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FLOWER POTS.

We have a lot of them and will sell them cheap All sizes from 3 cents up. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 63 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star, French and German lines, sailing from Boston and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money sent to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Canada bills bought at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred Cigars.

Buy a Jacob Doll high grade Piano.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins, 223 Central street.

Watches, 75c. up. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

Save interest and cost by paying your taxes at once.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 139-4.

The opening night of "Joe's" Saturday Night Socials will take place at Prescott hall this week, Saturday. Music, Hibbard's orchestra.

The city treasurer's office will be open Friday and Saturday evenings, Oct. 14, and 15, from 7 to 8 o'clock, and Monday Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings, Oct. 17, 18, 19, and 20, from 7 to 9 o'clock, for the receipt of taxes.

Mr. Clinton R. Carpenter, who has been for the last two years employed at city hall in the office of the purchasing agent's department has accepted a position with the Atlas Tack company of Taunton and left the city Wednesday afternoon. He was chosen out of 30 applicants for the place.

The children must be shod with shoes. We have 10 pairs at 5 cents a pair. We have 75 pairs of ladies' boots at 50 and 60 cents, warranted. Slippers at 25 cents a pair, worth 50 cents a pair. We have all kinds of nails, leather, and razor straps, at give away prices. For the balance of the month, we will sell ladies' $3.00 boots for $1.75; also give a pair of nickel-plated heel plates free to the ladies.

William Wade, 23 Merrimack St.

LINCOLN CLUB.

The Lincoln club held an interesting meeting last evening, Vice President Alexander Mack presiding in the absence of President McDowell. Six applicants for membership were admitted and two other applicants were considered. When the news came from the republican headquarters that George E. Varney, a member of the club, had been nominated for representative, a committee was appointed to escort him to the rooms of the club.

When Mr. Varney appeared he was given a most enthusiastic greeting and responded with a brief address.

WONDERS NEVER CEASE.

That was the remark of a lady yesterday as she came out of 32 Central street. She had been told where to find her lost purse and she had come back to tell Madame Marianie that she had found it and wanted to reward her. The wonderful gypsy palm and card readers are the talk of our city and a visit to 32 Central street will convince the most skeptical that they all get value for the money. Ten cents pays for full palm reading or your choice of cards if you wish. The camp will be located at 32 Central street for the month of October from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. Ladies will do well to go in the daytime.

CHESS AND CHECKER CLUB.

The team match at Lowell Checker club last evening was well attended including Messrs. Irwin and Thompson, two fine players from Boston and Providence, who played with the club.

The following scores were made and many fine games were played that evoked much interest and comment.

McKillop 0, Foye , drawn 1; Dearborn 0, Hill 0, drawn 2; Richardson 0, *Irwin 0, drawn 2; *Thompson 1, Morris 0, drawn 1; Saunders 1, Moore 1, drawn, 0, Sheehey 1, Riley 1, drawn 0; Joy 2, Casey 0, drawn 0; Dowd 1, Cawley 1, drawn 0.

Totals—McKillop's side 6; Foye's side, 4; drawn 6.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Following is a synopsis of the bulletin for September prepared by the board of health:

Deaths during the month of September, 1898, 169; population estimated at 87,000; rate per 1000 inhabitants, 23.69.

Place of death—Ward one, 9; ward two, 23; ward three, 13, ward four, 14; ward five, 16; ward six, 20; ward seven, 33; ward eight, 8; ward nine, 9; almshouse, 13; Lowell Hospital, 1; Lowell General Hospital, 0; St. John's Hospital, 4; still births, 10; total number, 169; males, 86; females, 83.

Contagious Cases Reported.

	1898.	1897.
Diphtheria	5	2
Croup	1	1
Scarlet fever	33	6
Measles	0	0
Typhoid fever	21	26

Comparative Mortality and Death Rate for September.

	1898	1897
Deaths	169	162
Population (estimated)	87,000	87,000
Death rate per 1000	23.69	22.7
Per cent. under five years	57	51
Per cent. in zymotic class	20	25
Per cent in zymotic class including tubercular diseases	29	40

DR. W. T. FISH DENTIST 91 MERRIMACK ST.

NEW VOTERS MADE

At Yesterday's Registration Session.

GREATER ACTIVITY AMONG THE POLITICIANS.

Many Swedes and Armenians Registered.

In both the afternoon and evening yesterday, the registration work was light. In all a total of 49 names were added to the check lists. The full list follows:

Ward One—George B. Murphy, 97 South; Clarence Edmonds, 395 Middlesex; Charles H. McBride, 23 Hamilton corp.; Joseph Bolsedair, 28 Lee; Uberto F. Tabar, 66 Third.

Ward Two—Joseph J. Redmond, 391 Market; Chas. S. Brunelle, 71 Hanover; Edward Sherlock, 133 Suffolk; David Thompson, 25 Suffolk; Thomas J. Wallace, Jr., 30 Lagrange.

Ward Three—Wm. W. Whitney, 1 Lane; Albert E. Smith, 1 Lane.

Ward Four—Patrick J. Cunniffe, 711 Central; Chas. T. Townsend, 15 Winter; Daniel J. Curtin, 42 Kinsman; Francis J. Drumm, 353 Gorham; Alexander Craig, 66 Whipple; Samuel R. W. Willis, 307 Thorndike; Wm. H. Conroy, 589 Gorham; Edward T. Dowd, 212 Crosby; James J. Murphy, 217 Gorham; Patrick Cullinan, 10 Auburn; John Mahoney, 27 Madison; George J. Doyle, 9 Bassett; Frederick O'Brien, 118 Appleton.

Ward Five—Xavier L. Gonzales, 19 Tyler; Martin T. Galvin, 43 North; Patrick Gillogly, 40 Chapel; John J. King, 201 Lawrence; Martin F. Kelley 11 Mill; John J. Conlon, 31 Chapel; Charles A. McSwiggin, 10 Rogers.

Ward Six—Ernest Lanoue, 100 Fulton; George B. Sinclair, 639 Bridge; George Bray, rear 341 Lakeview avenue; John A. Weatherson, 32 West Fourth; James Carin, 341 Lakeview avenue; Arthur A. Foster, 218 Hildreth.

Ward Seven—Louis G. Turgeon, Jr., 16 Dodge; Jeremiah Donohue, 139 Mammoth road; Thomas T. Sullivan, 39 Claire.

Ward Eight—Joseph J. Hartford, 118 Marshall road; Wm. L. Gillespie, 245 Lincoln; George P. Dow, 10 Leverett.

Ward Nine—John J. Lacey, rear 27 Agawam; Thomas Lacey, rear 27 Agawam; Michael F. Devine, 174 High; Edward B. Latour, 4 Oak.

The following list of applications for naturalization was filed in the office of the city clerk, Oct. 3:

Antles, Robert, 4 rear No. 11 Mill street; Blakely, James, 516 Central street; Bowker, John W., 823 Lawrence street; Brooks, Fred, 25 Webster street; Bjack, Axelludor, 29 Paige street; Bell, Angus, 4 Hale street; Currul, William H., Jr., 129 Church street; Connell, William R., 73 Bartlett street; Chadwick, Richard P., 101 White street; Creamer, Ambrose, 86 Andrews street; Demault, Henry, 145 Merrimack street; Foster, Robert, 131 Howard street; Faulkner, William J., 536 Central street; Fraser, James, 4 Putter avenue; Hibbert, Thomas, 21 Richmond street; Highland, Thos., 583 Broadway; Lawson, Charles, 67 South Whipple street; Leith, Norman, 41 London street; Maguire, John, 10 Tyler street; Model, Henry William, 673 Broadway; Marsden, Bannister, 39 Lilley avenue; Markley, George E., 55 Lundberg street; McShane, Henry, 312 Lawrence street; Powell, John, 65 South Whipple street; Porter, Albert, 5 Devlin street; Pihl, Martin R., 27 Cosgrove street; Rooney, George W., 11 Madison street; Russell, David, Crawford, 3Miller; Rideout, Judson D., Middlesex street; Ryan, William S., 31 Webster street; Rawlings, Joseph J., 43 London street; Smith, Orville W., 22 West Bowers street; Smith, Prince, 43 Agawam street; Weston, Simeon Butler, 21 Booth corporation; Wildlund, William E., 47 South Whipple street; Wisby, Henry, 47 Worthen street; Wilson, William J., 47 Pleasant street; Wuguedar, Charles E., 4 Carter place; Walker, Reuben, 58 Crosby street.

Following is the list of applications filed Oct. 4.:

Anderson, Edward F., 435 School street; Bailey, Ernest E., 119 Chapel street; Brown, Arthur, 42 Tyler street; Brown, William, 580 Gorham street; Cugg, Michael, 102 Bourne street; Crane, Thomas, 255 Thorndike street; Clough, John, 97 Fulton street; Dostaler, Alphonse, 8 Decatur street; Goldrick, William, 102 Bourne street; Graham, William, 31 Chapel street; Hansen, Hans Peter, 830 Lawrence street; Haigh, Walter, 74 Whipple street; Holmes, George W., 15 Shaw street; Leahey, William Gearge, 410 Central street; McKittrick, Frank G. W., 819 Merrimack; Myers, George, 9 Wamesit street; Moriarty, Daniel F., 37 Adams street; McLellan, Jeremiah, 27 Smith street; Matthews, Samuel, 4 Wamesit court; Pullsoul, John B., 28 Grand street; Robertson, Dougal, 21 Richmond street; Storey, Charles R., 12 John street; Warden, Thomas, 160 Andover street; Waite Charles, 64 Andrews street; Whitehead, Thos., 13 Lincoln street; Wotton, Stephen A., 116 Walker street; Wilson, James, 131 School street; Hastings, James S., 1055 Bridge street; Gumb, John D., Jr., 9 Pihl street; Gagnon, Peter M., 725 Merrimack street; Carroll, John J., 113 High street.

Applications filed Oct. 5th:

Archibald, William A., 12 C street; Archbald, Vincent, 48 Barrington street; Battersby, Joseph, 62 Church street; Bent, Ralph C., 153 Smith street; Denault, Arthur, 150 Fletcher street; Douglas, Edmund W., 23 Davenport street; Fielding, Lewis, 11 Olive street; Hambleton, David, 105 School street; Hayes, George, 178 E. Merrimack street; Kennery, John G. 17 Westwood street; Lahaise, Victorie, Moran place, Moody street; Lahaise, Amedee P., 117 Coburn street; Murphy Edward, 333 Lawrence street; Midgley, Jonathan, 26 Crowley street; Perrin, Peter, 651 Middlesex street; Roberts, Amos, 730 Lawrence street; Senior, George, 59 St. James street; Sloan, Robert J., 34 Robinson street; McManus, Thomas, 356 Market street.

WORN OUT.

Recently a marketman advertised a lot of "bargain corned beef." Of course this suggested green meat, and the ad. didn't "pull."

The word is in bad odor.

Once, when it was new, its appearance was the signal for everybody to be interested. This doesn't happen any more.

It has been worn threadbare—and patched.

The $15 line of fall suits at the Merrimack Clothing Co.'s are not "bargain" suits in the sense the word is applied. To be sure, they furnish more than is expected of $15 suits elsewhere, but call it by some other name. Notably the little traits of careful, tailor-like, handfinished collars and lapels that are made to fit the form—not hang off like "bargain" suits.

LAWRENCE AND TAYLOR.

TRICK CYCLISTS PERFORM TO LARGE CROWDS HERE.

"Billie" Lawrence and "Bert" Taylor started from Portland, Ore., four months ago on a wager that they would ride across the continent on their wheels and earn all expenses on the way.

They arrived in Lowell from Boston last evening, stayed in the city over night, and started for Lawrence early this morning.

These two young men are surpassed by few in the art of trick riding. Mr. Lawrence gave half an hour's performance of some difficult tricks on his wheel on the postoffice sidewalk last evening, but owing to a bad fall in the afternoon Mr. Taylor was not able to perform many tricks. They expect to finish their tour in about two weeks, arriving in Portland about the end of the month.

MUSIC HALL

The May Howard Extravaganza company was given a grand reception last evening at Music Hall. Every seat in the house was occupied. The entertainment opened with the Ladies' Alimony club and the entire company could be seen to good advantage. There were several songs and choruses which were well received by the audience. The costumes of the ladies were beautiful and made a pretty picture. The second part opened up the olio with Leonora Wilson and Carrie Massoney with songs and funny hits. The Mills trio in a comedy sketch were quite funny. Al. Weston, the favorite descriptive vocalist, caught the house reddering several encores. James Flynn and Fannie De Costa in an original sketch were good. Irene Watson, the Elastic Girl, is a wonder. Morris and Wilsey, Irish sports, kept the audience in good humor. The show continues tonight ,tomorrow afternoon and evening.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

Among the young ladies who were at the game Wednesday were Misses Crevier, Hanson, Bertrand, Jewett, and Coughlin.

Cronin is a valuable man for the foot ball eleven.

The members of the school who were at the game Wednesday were treated by Mr. Jewett.

This year each company in the battalion should have a company commander as tall as his men.

Kelley will be adjutant this year, and is a good man for that place.

Miss Katherine O'Grady of New York is the guest of Miss Crevier.

Colonel Rogers is being congratulated upon his new appointment.

You can get the best fuel for domestic use at Rourke & Sullivan's, 223 Central street.

THE BON MARCHE DRY GOODS COMPANY

Friday and Saturday Specials

A Few Bargain Items That Cannot Be Duplicated By Any House in the Country—Not Even Us.

READ THIS

Four thousand, eight hundred and seventy skeins of the best Rhoda GERMANTOWN YARNS in all colors, and black, always retailed at 12½ cents a skein, to be sold by us on Saturday at just one half price,

6 1-4c. a Skein.

Not more than 2 pounds (20 skeins) to a customer. None sold to dealers or peddlers.

READ THIS

Over 600 pieces of Jersey Vests, bought direct from the mill, therefore enabling us to give our customer the intermediate profits. A regular 25 cent Vest, always 25 cents; everywhere 25 cents. Buying from the mill

14c. Each.

Not more than (4) to a customer.

SPECIAL FEATHER COUNTER.

Every conceivable thing in fancy feathers, quills, etc., on our special center counter, front of main entrance. Prices commence at 5 cents and run up to 69 cents, all worth more than marked by 25 per cent.

INFANTS' HATS AND BONNETS.

Just in, our fall and winter bargain lines of Infants' and Children's Hats, Caps, and Bonnets.

25c. EACH.

Infants' Embroidered Silk Bonnets (white), lined, silk ribbon strings. Each and only, twenty-five cents.

49c. EACH.

Elderdown and white and colored Silk Caps and Bonnets, embroidered ribbon strings, lined, etc., etc., and only forty-nine cents.

98c. EACH.

Velvet, Satin and Silk in white and colors Bayadier Velvet and Novelty Cloth Hats, Caps, and Bonnets; lined, silk ribbon strings, ruchings, etc, etc, and only ninety-eight cents.

MILLINERY.

Never in our history were we so well equipped in everything pertaining to millinery. A superb stock —all that's new and desirable—lower prices than ever before—a large and efficient staff of clerks.

READ THESE!

A beautiful stock of walking hats in all colors and shapes, including the Dewey shape and color trimmed in truly manish styles.

89c. Each.

A beautiful lot of trimmed velvet hats, trimmed with the latest novelties in the proper styles, only fifty in the lot to be sold Friday and Saturday at the round figure of

$3.98 Each.

Misses and Children's Caps, all kinds, styles and colors for street wear, high school, bicycle , etc., large line.

25c., 49c. and 69c.

N. B.—Our store being closed Friday evenings, henceforth and forever, we would suggest to our many millinery customers, come early in the day and leave orders, with our extra staff of makers, trimmers and designers We can fill your orders correctly and promptly.

The Big Store Closed This Evening

POLICE COURT

John Theroux, with aliases, who, it is alleged, stabbed Dr. E. D. Holt while the latter was walking along Kirk street one evening in August, was among the first to be called. "Guilty or not guilty?" the clerk asked. "Not guilty," answered Theroux. He was held in $500 until next Friday.

After some spicy testimony by witnesses, John Moran was committed to the Lowell jail for four months on the charge of assault. Moran pleaded not guilty and contradicted all that the witnesses related of the affair.

Charles Barry was fined $3 for riding a bicycle on the sidewalk on Middlesex street near the power house.

For drunkenness, William J. Flynn was fined $10 and Powell Ray, $12.

Noel St. John, a sailor, for alleged larceny, from P. O'Connor, was continued until tomorrow.

Thomas Loughlan was fined $3 for violating the fish and game laws and $3 for assault and battery on Officer Lawrence Lynch of Tewksbury.

Thomas Bodkin's wife told the court that he was troublesome to her when drunk, and that he refused to work.

"To separate you for a time," the court said to him, "I will send you to the workhouse for six months."

Louis Perry, for assault and battery was held in $500 until Oct. 21.

DR. DONLAN

GOES WITH LEE AND BRYAN TO CUBA.

Dr. Charles E. Donlan of Lowell, assistant surgeon U.S.A., has been detailed to go with the 7th Army Corps commanded by General Fitzhugh Lee to Cuba. The sick soldiers of Wm. J. Bryan's regiment have been under the care of Dr. Donlan and on Wednesday of last week Col. Bryan and his wife paid an extended visit to the hospital, visiting each soldier of his command.

GEN. MILES' PLANS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 14—After his return to the Millard from the exposition last night, General Miles was asked by the Associated Press what his future plans were, whether he proposed going to Leech Lake, Minn., to quell the Indian troubles there or would resume operations in Porto Rico and Cuba.

His reply was: "Neither. I expect to go to St. Paul, Rock Island and the peace jubilee at Chicago, and then return to Washington."

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Cook, Taylor & Co.,

CENTRAL STREET.

THE PLACE OF POPULAR PRICED READY-MADE

GARMENTS

Equal to the Best Custom Made.

Tailor Made Suits. Nothing like them to be found elsewhere. From $8.50 to $20.

Jackets to please every one from $2.49 to $15.

Silk Waists that are well made and good fitting from $3.49 to $8.50.

Skirts, everybody knows their excellence, from $1.25 to $12.50.

Capes, Fur Collarettes and Scarfs, Velveteen and Woolen Waists, Children's Dresses, Wrappers, etc.

The best values in Lowell.

Tailor made Suits to order. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Imperial Supply Co.

The Largest and Most Liberal Supply Store in New England. ISRAEL & LEAVITT, Proprietors.

A complete stock of Ladies' and Gent's Clothing and Garments, as well as Youths' and Boys' Fine Clothing, Silk Waists, Ladies' Suits and Fancy Skirts made to order by the best dressmakers.

Ladies' and Gents' Mackintoshes, Dry and Fancy Goods, Gent's Furnishing Goods, at the lowest cash prices and also on Credit.

No. 616 Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass.

Give Us a Call and Save Money.

Charles F. Miles,

FLORIST,

492 MERRIMACK ST. LOWELL.

For the past 14 years with John Oliver.

M. J. SHARKEY & CO.

44 CENTRAL ST. LOWELL.

Fire, Life, Accident and Liability Insurance in the leading companies. Office hours 8 to 9 a. m., 12 to 1.30, and 7.30 to 9 p. m. Drop a postal if unable to call.

MISS HARD'S

Shorthand School

Graduates recommended to business men. Thoroughly equipped typewriting department. Hildreth building. Call for Catalogue.

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.

BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES

In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.

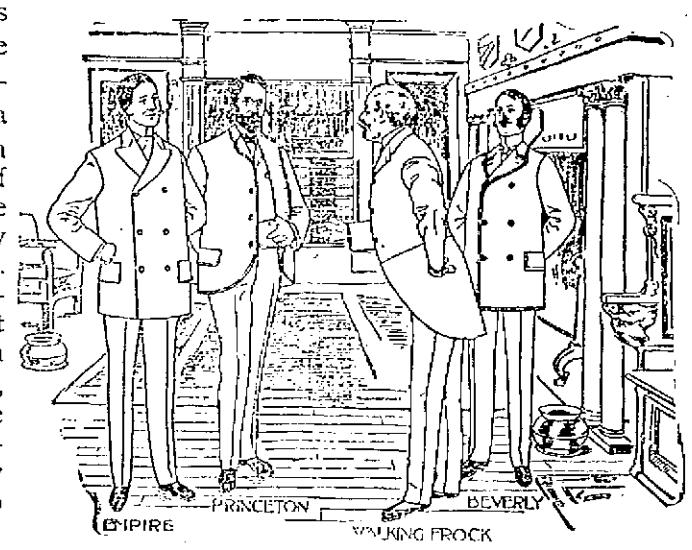
4—QUEENS OF PALMISTRY—4 32 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

10 CENTS. 10 CENTS.

These are the Palm Readers selected by Mr. O. H. P. Belmont for his Gray Craig Lawn Party Aug. 5, 1898. They read the palms of the 400. Are they good enough for you? ADMISSION FREE. Fortunes told by the world's best palmists for 10c. No humbug.

A. L. MORRELL, Manager.

THE MILITARY ERA



Military neatness has taken the place of the sway of sports over fashionable clothing. As a soldier the man of fashion has learned the value of a close fitting double breasted garment to show off the athletic physique. The military influence demands that the coat should fit without a wrinkle, the shoulder, chest and collar must be snug as a glove. Military colorings—military simplicity—six buttons, no more. Careful observance to these requirements will produce the best dressed Lowellite.

The Merrimack Clothing Co. prides itself in supplying the required fabrics, correctly cut and properly fitted.

SILK-FACED DOUBLE-BREASTED BLUE SERGE SUITS

selling for $12.00, up, exemplifies this. Starting with $12.00 this suit has all the requirements of soldierly preciseness combined with good tailoring and quality of material. The word "up" denotes that the prices advance with increased fineness of texture and weight of fabric.

LOOK THROUGH OUR WINDOWS

GREEN, BLUE, BROWN **Boucle Cloth $3**

Make nobby effects in Reefers for small boys. In these garments we have a special value in 3 to 8 year sizes for This particular garment we want parents to examine. A search elsewhere in Lowell for its equal will be loss of time. Others as low as $2.00—none over $8.00.

Merrimack Clothing Co.

ONLY LOWELL PAPER.

The Sun is the only Lowell paper receiving the full day service of the Associated Press. A loop from their leased wires runs into this office, where an operator is stationed to take the entire report for this paper.

THE LOWELL SUN

FOR THE PEOPLE

A paper of the people, published by one of the people, for all the people is THE SUN, which the people have made Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

22ND YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1898. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

SUN NIGHT EDITION

SIX O'CLOCK.

GEN. GARCIA

Has Accepted No Position From Lawton.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Havana, Oct. 14.—The aide de camp and secretary of General Callxto Garcia, Cosme de la Torrinte, is quoted as saying that the general has not accepted any post from General Lawton or the other American officials; that it is not rue that he is making a tour of the eastern part of Cuba, advising the disbanding of the Cuban army; and that there is no truth in the statement that General Garcia is going to the United States for the purpose of endeavoring to raise a loan, which he has no authority to do.

THE PHILIPPINES

Now Being Considered by Commission.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 4.—Commander Bradford U. S. N., who has arrived here from Washington, was examined this morning by the members of the United States peace commission relative to the conditions prevailing and the main features of interest in the Philippine Islands, with which the commander is well acquainted.

The fifth joint session of the two commissions was convened at 2 o'clock today. It may be said that the first, second and third meetings scarcely penetrated the surface of any protocol point and less still the marrow. Last Tuesday, however, marked the Spanish presentment regarding the Cuban debt, which has during recess brought the Americans to serious preparation, adjustment of their diplomatic forces and to the formulation of a plan upon which they may ultimately stand in relation to the Cuban phase of their mission here. It is not unlikely that since Tuesday's meeting the Americans, who have been exceedingly busy, have determined upon an attitude towards the Spanish proposition that the United States assume the Cuban debt in whole or in part and that it has been reduced to writing for presentation to the Spaniards at today's session, stating the American view broadly as to what is the Cuban debt, what proportion is fairly chargeable to the island as legal and beneficial thereto, and the proportion to be charged to Spain as beneficiary of the so-called Cuban debt. A party conclusion, however, should not be drawn from the fact of this careful weighing of the Spanish proposition by the Americans that they accept either alternative classification of the Cuban obligation; but rather that they are acting on a line and purpose to meet every point raised as exhaustively as presented. They have fully traversed the Cuban debt views and the proposals submitted in writing by the Spaniards on Tuesday. The Americans, therefore, undoubtedly submitted in writing today their return for the Spanish presentment and there will be either an oral discussion today or a written interchange of views at the next meeting.

HOWES NOMINATED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Malden, Mass., Oct. 14.—The Sixth councillor republican convention which was held here today nominated S. Herbert Howes of Marlboro by acclamation.

SERGEANT MURPHY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Oct. 14.—The church services of First Sergeant Stephen D. Murphy of Company I, Ninth regiment was held in St. Margaret's Catholic church at Dorchester, today.

WANTS AUDIENCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Pekin, Oct. 14—The new Italian minister, Signor Martino, has arrived here and demands the customary audience of the Emperor. Much interest is aroused in the part the Dowager Empress will take in the ceremony.

MISS WALDRON HELD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Oct. 4.—Miss Frances Waldron, the young woman who attempted suicide by inhaling chloroform while under arerst in a cell in Station 7, East Boston, last night, was arraigned in the East Boston police court this morning charged with larceny of clothing, jewelry, etc., valued at $127 from Miss Clara B. George in East Boston. She pleaded not guilty and was held in $300 for the grand jury. She is 21 years of age.

STRIKE ORDERED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 14.—The Railroad Workers' union has posted placards ordering a strike today, urging the strikers to refrain from violence and informing the public that if danger threatens the country the strikers will immediately return to their posts. The strike includes the Algerian provinces.

EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Church unity was again the absorbing topic before the house of deputies of the Episcopal convention. The notable and eloquent discussion of yesterday being continued on Rev. Dr. Huntington's proposition to broaden the scope of the church by permitting bishops to take under their spiritual guidance outside congregations not conforming strictly to the Episcopal liturgy. The patriotic spirit of the convention was shown in the unanimous adoption of a resolution by Mr. George C. Thomas of Philadelphia, providing that as the American flag was to be raised over Porto Rico on the 18th inst., St. Luke's Day, special reference to this national event be made in the prayers of that day.

OFFICIAL REPORT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Cairo, Oct. 14.—A steamer having on board an officer belonging to the French force under the command of Major Marchand, now at Fashoda, has arrived at Khartoum. This officer is the bearer of a report sent for by the French minister for foreign affairs. M. Delcasse by courtesy of the British government, over the Anglo-Egyptian lines of communication. It is presumed the officer will proceed to Cairo in order to be able to use the official cipher of the French consulate here for transmitting the report to Paris.

UNDER OUR FLAG.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Tacoma, Wash., Oct. 14.—It is stated on good authority that the Northern Pacific Steamship company is arranging to put under the American flag six British steamers which it is operating to China and Japan from this city. These steamers include the transport Arizona, which was sold to the government last July; the Tacoma, the Olympia, Columbia and Argyle.

SEAMAN A WITNESS

The Doctor Talks About Soldiers' Rations.

Says They Were Unsuitable for an Army in the Tropics, But Were Served in Plenty.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Dr. Louis L. Seaman, major and surgeon of the First Volunteer Engineers, was the forenoon witness before the war investigating commission today. He saw service in Porto Rico and has been quoted as making serious charges against the manner of conducting the war. He asked that he be permitted to have present in the room as a friend Mr. E. F. Ayreault, an attorney of New York. The request being granted, he said he would rather affirm than be sworn. He declined to stand up for this ceremony, saying:

"I will sit; I don't have to stand up."

No objection was made on the part of the commission and the testimony proceeded.

Dr. Seaman said he had never seen any military service before the beginning of the present war, but he had studied at Princeton and afterwards in London, Berlin and Paris. After joining the service and before going to Porto Rico, he was stationed with his regiment at Camp Townsend.

There his requisitions were promptly filled and no regiment went to the front better prepared to cope with disease or casualty. The command sailed south on the Chester and there was no sickness going out. He had left Porto Rico on the 20th of September. The regiment had enjoyed better health in Porto Rico than had been anticipated and there were only two deaths in the command during the stay there up to the time of his departure. A regimental hospital was established and there was never at any time a deficiency of medical supplies. The same was also true of the tentage and the ambulance supplies furnished by the quartermaster's department. The commissary department had also furnished sufficient army rations but he complained of them as being unsuitable for an army in the tropics.

"It is the same ration used in the Lake regions when the mercury is 40 degrees below zero. It is not suitable and the men do not want it," he said.

He added that the men were at first denied the right to commute their rations and the men came to him by hundreds complaining of the deprivation of this right. He complained especially of the shortage of rice and declared that officers insisted the men should take no more fresh meal than they desired.

TWO INQUESTS

Held To-Day on Railroad Cases.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Stoughton, Mass., Oct. 14.—The inquest into the fatal wreck on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad at Canton Junction on August 8 was resumed in the district court here today. Supt. McAlpine of the road was recalled and produced the broken standard pipe connection, which was the cause of the failure of a frog to operate, thereby bringing about the accident.

Joseph I. Vernon, supervisor of interlocking switches, was the next witness called. He examined this particular switch about one month previous to the accident. He thought the only way to have discovered that this connection was defective before it broke was to have disconnected it, as these switches are so tightly held together that the defect would not have been revealed by handling it. Since the accident, the road has done away with pipe connections and has substituted a solid connection in their place. This closed the testimony in the Canton hearing.

ANOTHER HEARING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Stoughton, Mass., Oct. 14—An inquest into the serious collision on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad at Sharon on the night of August 21, was commenced in the district court this forenon before Judge Marvin. District Attorney Harris was present and conducted the examination of witnesses. About 20 witnesses were present. It had been decided to hold an inquest on the death of F. M. Waters who was killed in the wreck.

Dr. Sturtevant, medical examiner of Norfolk county, the first witness, related the particulars of his examination of the body. He said Waters' death was caused by a fraction of the skull.

Dr. Bennett of Sharon was on the first section of the New London train standing at the depot and testified that he saw another train coming on the same track as the one upon he stood. It was daylight and it seemed to him as if the train was coming at a good speed. He could not see anything was done towards lessening the speed of the train and the speed had not been diminished perceptibly until it struck the train at the depot.

Engineer B. J. Cole, who was running the first section of the New London train testified that he lost twelve minutes on the way from New London and had been at Sharon only one minute when the second section crashed into his train. The signal at Sharon seemed to be working all right.

W. H. Alden, conductor of the first section, testified that the first warning of danger before the crash was two whistles followed almost immediately by the collision. He noticed his signals at East Foxboro and they were in place. He had no explanations to offer in regard to the disaster.

The next witness was Engineer Daniel W. Getchell of Mansfield, who testified that he was engineer of the second section on the night of the accident. Orders were given him at Mansfield to look out for the section ahead of him. "As I came to Sharon," he continued, "I noticed the banjo signal set red for danger. This signal is three quarters of a mile south of Sharon station. I applied the brakes, and they took hold, but not as well as usual. I was running at about forty miles an hour at the time; the brakes did not seem to diminish speed and did not seem to be working as well as they ought to but this did not alarm me. I saw a train at the Sharon station as we came around the curve about half a mile away. The brakes were put on and I immediately stopped the emergency and they did not seem to know what to do, although the train slowed down considerably, probably to 15 miles an hour. By this time I was three or four car lengths from the train at the station.

FOUND DEAD

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Oct. 14.—Sidney Smith, brother-in-law of Judge Josiah S. Dean of South Boston, was found dead this morning in bed at the home of Judge Dean. Gas asphyxiation was the cause of death.

SIXTH REGIMENT

Will Leave Porto Rico on Sunday

AND COME HOME WITHOUT DELAY.

Will be Mustered Out After 60 Days.

The following despatch will be of interest to the friends of the Sixth regiment:

Washington, D. C., Oct. 13.

Maj. Gen. Brooke, commanding the United States forces in Porto Rico, cabled to the war department tonight that the Sixth Massachusetts and four batteries of regular artillery would be the first troops sent home.

The Bay State boys will leave next Sunday and will be mustered out with the usual 60 days' furlough. It is understood that they will be sent direct to Boston.

HABEAS CORPUS

Petition for Writ in Mrs. Botkins' Case.

THE SUPREME COURT REFUSES TO INTERFERE.

Awaits the Action of Monday's Hearing.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 14.—John E. Hosmer, assistant district attorney at San Francisco, yesterday presented a petition to the supreme court for a writ of habeas corpus in the case of Mrs. Cordelia Botkin, accused of poisoning Mrs. J. P. Dunning and Mrs. Deane of Delaware, by means of poisoned candy. The petitioner was Detective McVey, who came from the east to take Mrs. Botkin back and in his petition it is set forth that the defendant is illegally restrained of her liberty by Chief of Police Lees.

The supreme court refused to interfere in any way, presumably desiring to await action of the superior court in San Francisco before which on Monday the petition of Mrs. Botkin for a writ of habeas corpus will be heard.

MAY PROVE FATAL

Philip Mulcahey Got a Bad Fall Today

WHILE AT PLAY IN SCHOOL YARD.

Believed That His Back is Broken.

Philip Mulcahey, aged 11 years, while at play this morning met with an accident that may prove fatal.

He attends St. Patrick's Boy's school and was playing in the school yard at recess this morning. He climbed the stone wall in the rear of the yard.

He did not have a good footing and he slipped and fell to the concrete walk. He struck on his back and when picked up was unconscious. One of the Brothers took the little boy to his home on Franklin court and a physician was summoned. It was stated that the boy's back is broken.

DEATHS.

McKEW—Mrs. Jane McKew, a former well known resident of this city, died at her home in Hillsborough, N. H. Oct. 11. Services were conducted yesterday at Hillsborough, N. H., and the remains were shipped to Lowell.

Burial was in Cemetery No. 2.

KEARNIN—Henry Kearnin, aged 15 years, died last night at his parents' home 53 Auburn street. He leaves a mother and a sister

WOODS—Henry Woods, aged 29 years, died yesterday morning at his home, 103 Common street. He was unmarried.

Designated Depository of the U. S.
TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK
Of Lowell.
DEPOSITS:
July 1, 1893..... $ 50,788.48
Oct. 11, 1898..... 1,654,911.70
BANKING ROOMS:
Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office Avenue.
C. J. Glidden Pres. Wm. F. Hills, Cashier

James F. O'Donnell,
UNDERTAKER.
Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables.
MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

A COAL HOD Given away with one Pound of Coal. Tea at O'Brien Bros. Tea Dealers, 77 E. Merrimack street. Telephone connected. Free delivery.

A NEW METHOD

To Protect Soldiers in Tropical Climes.

PLANS OF BRITISH ARMY TO BE COPIED.

Gen. Sumner Given Command of Corps.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Major General Sumner, who received his promotion for gallantry at the battle of Santiago, will soon be sent to one of the corps in the south and given command of a division. General Sumner expressed his preference for service with the soldiers.

General Sumner has given attention to the subject of care of soldiers in southern climates and is of the opinion that some such system for troops in southern climates, as Great Britain employs, ought to be adopted. With his command in Cuba was a captain in the British army who told him that the troops in India were inspected every day by an English officer to make sure that they were wearing the flannel belt next their skins and also a pad on the back of their backs. This was regarded by the medical officers as a great protection against disease incidental to tropical climates.

WILL NOT ABSORB.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Denver, Col., Oct. 14.—President Burt of the Union Pacific railroad states positively that the Union Pacific will not absorb the Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf, nor any part of it. The Julesburg line has already passed into the control of the Union Pacific.

NEW MINISTRY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Cape Town, Oct. 14.—The Hon. W. P. Schreiner, the Afrikander leader and former attorney general of Cape Colony whose motion for want of confidence in the government recently overthrew the Gordon-Sprigg or Rhodes ministry, has succeeded in forming a new ministry. It is regarded as being a strong Afrikander combination.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Vien of Pawtucket, R. I., were united in marriage last Tuesday and are spending their honeymoon in Lowell. The young and happy couple are enjoying their trip very much and have a host of relatives and friends in this city. They are stopping at the home of Mrs. S. J. Benner, 35 Third street, this city.

MINERS' TROUBLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Virden, Ill., Oct. 14.—Col. Young's Illinois cavalry today relieved Battery B of guard duty in this city. Col Young is ranking officer and will be in command of all the troops here, over 500 men.

The arrival of Col. Young's command has caused a feeling among the strikers that the negroes will be kept out at all hazards. The town presents a most military aspect today; soldiers are met everywhere.

It is reported that Lukens is going to land the negroes at another point and Governor Tanner has ordered the military authorities to head them off and prevent the landing by force.

APPLICATION DISMISSED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 14.—Superior Judge Sewell has rendered an important decision dismissing the application of the board of railway commissioners for a writ to compel the Market street railroad company (Southern Pacific) to produce its books for examination.

STORE BURGLARIZED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

West Derry, N. H., Oct. 14.—Burglars entered the millinery store of Mrs Herbert F. Tebbets here early this morning and took $1000 worth of stock. There is no clue.

LASTERS' STRIKE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Rockland, Mass., Oct. 14.—There has been no change in the strike at Rice & Hutchinson's factory. The other departments in the shop are rapidly closing up the work and the operatives are being laid off as fast as possible.

FIRST WHITE MAN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Seattle, Washn., Oct. 14.—The first white men to ascend the Nentak river in Aniska, have arrived here. They are Dr. Franklin, and D. H. Griffith of Richmond, Va., N. Levermore of Port Townsend; John Mason, Charles Gay and Wallace Rhodes of Seattle, O. Payne of

$50,000 FOR TUFTS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Oct. 14.—The will of the late John D. W. Joy of the firm of Joy, Langdon & Co., is found to make a provision for the gift of $50,000 to the trustees of Tufts' college in addition to the sum of $10,000, originally announced.

SEVENTH OFF.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Oct. 14.—The Seventh regular infantry, 865 men, left Camp Wikoff today for forts in the department of the lakes. The Seventh regiment was the last in camp and its departure practically brings Camp Wikoff to an end after a period of about ten weeks.

Putnam & Son

There's a continual accession of fresh merchandise here that keeps our store in close touch with New York's latest notions.

SIX NEW STYLES in Fedora Hats, particularly adapted to the young man's taste, unlike anything you've seen. Nattier shapes, new colors, late ideas in heavy corded silk bands and bindings. The most stylish headwear of the season.

NEW GLOVES. Fashionable grays and the new browns, mocha and dogskin in self embroidered and spear point backs. Exceptional value, and the newest for **$1.00** and **$1.50.**

BLACK AND WHITE Neckwear, especially desirable this season. Great, generous Puff scarfs in superb black satin and charming white brocaded silks. Such scarfs as the Haberdasher sells for a dollar, here for **50 cents.**

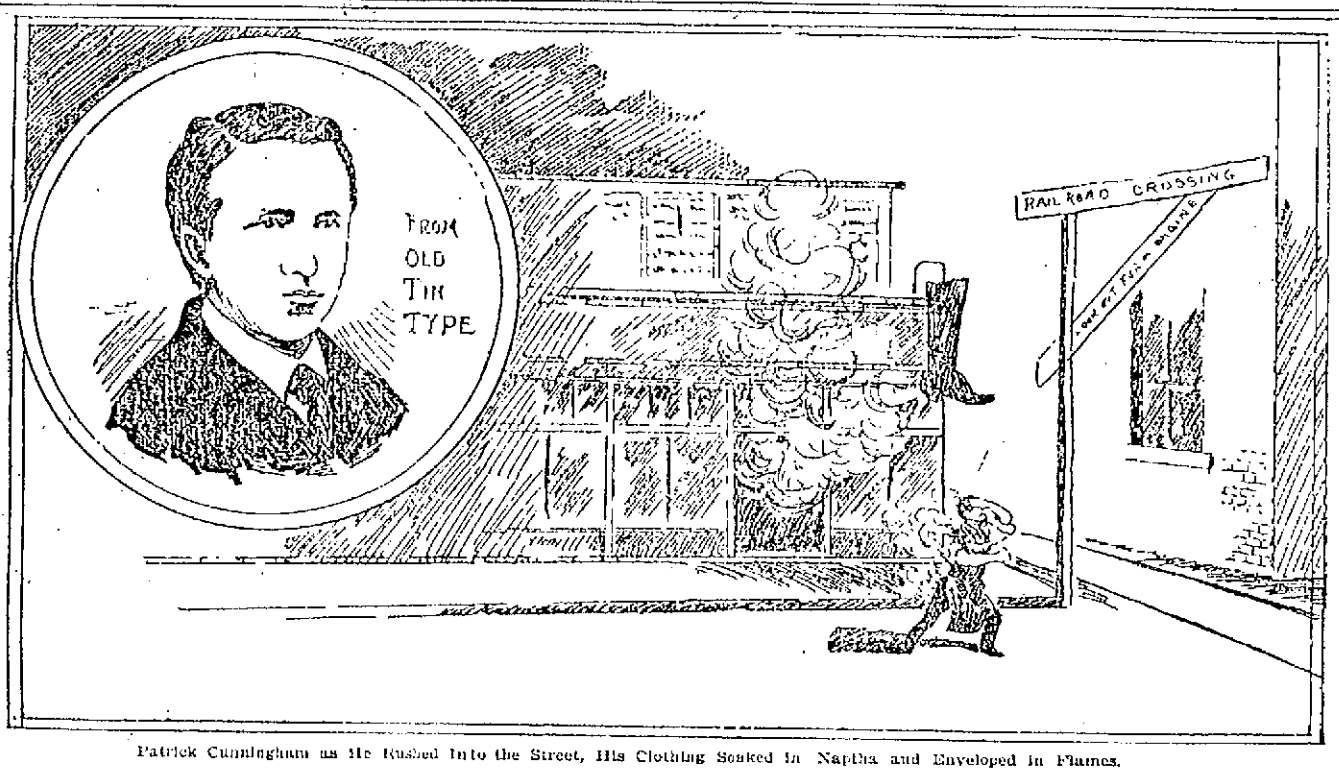
FANCY SHIRTS. Fancy bodies and fancy bosoms, new and attractive patterns, stripes across the bosom or vertical; detached link cuffs with each shirt. The fifty and seventy five cent kinds for **37 cents.** The dollar and a half kind for **98 cents.**

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

THE SUN LATEST!

5 O'CLOCK



Patrick Cunningham as He Rushed Into the Street, His Clothing Soaked in Naptha and Enveloped in Flames.

FATALLY BURNED

Horrible Fate of P. H. Cunningham of Palmer St.

Naphtha Exploded While He was Working Over it in His Palmer Street Store and He was Burned Almost to a Crisp.

P. H. Cunningham, the well known shoe repairer whose principal establishment is the long, narrow store extending on Palmer street from Market street to the Central fire station, was fatally burned yesterday and his place of business was reduced to ashes.

Just how the unfortunate affair happened is not known, but it is supposed that the naphtha which Mr. Cunningham used in the mixture of rubber paste exploded, for about three o'clock a noise was heard in the little shop followed by the cracking of the glass in the windows and the roar of escaping flames which spread throughout the entire establishment in a twinkling.

Just after the first noise, Mr. Cunningham staggered out of the door, a mass of flames and fell into the street moaning.

The first man to notice him was James ("Dutchy") McDonald, who pulled a blanket off his horse and threw it around Mr. Cunningham temporarily saving his life without any doubt.

The firemen rushed out of the central station and Herb Merrill got out the Chemical in quick order but in less than 10 minutes the entire place was a total wreck.

Mr. Cunningham, in the meantime, was carried into the fire station and laid upon the floor. As the blanket was taken from about him, his clothes fell from his body in shreds.

His body presented a horrible sight, the flesh in some portions hanging on.

While Dr. Meigs was examining him the unfortunate man opened his eyes and murmured with an effort: "Thank God! I am going to die conscious!" and after an unsuccessful attempt to fold his hands, which were burned almost to a crisp, he began to pray for a happy death, apparently totally unmindful of his frightfully painful injuries.

Dr. Meigs stated that Mr. Cunningham cannot live. He was taken to St. John's hospital in the ambulance.

At the hospital it was given out that there is no hope for his recovery.

Everybody knew "Cunningham, the cobbler," as he was known, as he has been in the business for many years, having kept stores in Suffolk, Bridge, and Palmer streets. He was a very religious man and was at one time a prominent member of St. Patrick's parish. He resides on Bartlett street.

Thomas Welch was also severely burned on the arm and neck.

At the hospital this morning Mr. Cunningham was reported still alive, but there is no hope of his recovery.

The building was owned by ex-alderman Staples and was not insured. Mr. Cunningham had insurance with Thomas C. Lee.

FRIDAY CLOSING

Still Agitated by the Store Clerks.

THE BEST STORES FAVOR THE MOVEMENT.

Another Meeting to be Held Tonight.

The store clerks will hold a meeting in the Knights of Columbus hall, Associate building, tonight, at 7.30 o'clock which will doubtless result in the formation of a permanent organization. That the clerks are interested in the closing enterprise and anything pertaining to its success is indicated in the fact that to defray incidental expenses amounting in all to perhaps $10, a fund of about $100 has been contributed. The clerks were asked to give any old amount they pleased and their contributions have been unexpectedly liberal.

It is anticipated that before the Friday night closing movement will have been made perfectly unanimous, the co-operation of many fraternal, as well as all of the labor organizations will be asked.

Messrs. Hastings and Blorey were well satisfied with yesterday's developments. The firm of O'Hearn & Dowd, who did not sign the agreement last Friday because of the fact that they had no authority to do so without first consulting the assignees, stated that they had received the necessary permission and would close.

Charles K. Fiske, dealer in fancy goods, signed the document yesterday.

There seems to be a misunderstanding with regard to the position taken by the firm of Head & Shaw in this movement, the impression prevailing that they have refused to get in line. Mr. Shaw said in this connection yesterday that the store would positively close tonight.

Following is a list of the merchant tailors who will close tonight: Louis Alexander, H. W. Barnes, Ware Bros., George V. Gregg, David H. Nickerson, D. F. Cavanaugh, E. B. Brady & Co.

Dickson Bros.' tea and coffee dealers, signed the document unsolicited. They said they were willing to close regardless of the action of the other dealers in their goods.

At the meeting tonight several merchants are expected to be present including Louis Alexander. They will address the clerks before steps are taken towards organization.

NEGROES AT BAY

They are Shut up in a Hall

FOR SAFETY, WAITING CHANCE TO RETURN,

While Miners Surround the Building.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 14.—All of the negro miners from Alabama who came to work in the Chicago-Virden company's mines at Virden with the exception of the few who went north on the train from Springfield, are in Allen's hall, the headquarters of the local miners' union in this city. Policemen are guarding the hall. Mayor Wheeler yesterday afternoon had the street cleared of miners for several blocks from the hall. The negroes number 60. It was understood that the negroes would be shipped back to Alabama last night, but it was not done.

Adjutant General Reese stated last night that the Federation of Miners refused to have anything to do with the transportation of negroes from here to their homes, that the state had no authority to send them away and that the authorities were in a quandary.

PRIZE WINNER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Oct. 14.—At the fourth and last day's racing of the New Market second October meeting today, the Lorillard-Beresford stable's three-year old chestnut colt, Grodno, ridden by Tod Sloan, won the Southfield plate. The betting was 4 to 1 against Grodno.

ARRESTS FOR LARCENY.

Noel St. John, 29 years old and clad in a United States sailor's garb, was arrested at two o'clock this morning by Lieut. Brosnan and Officer Dennett, on a warrant charging him with the larceny of a coat.

Albert Taylor, claiming to live in Brockton, was arrested by the inspectors Thursday afternoon on a warrant from out of town, charging larceny.

MATRIMONIAL.

PILLSBURY—HUTCHINS

Miss Sadie C. Hutchins formerly of Lowell, and Mr. Thomas H. Pillsbury of Concord, N. H., were married at Woodstock, Vt., on Wednesday, Oct. 12th. After a short trip, during which they will visit New York and Washington, they will reside in Concord, N. H.

McGRATH—O'BRIEN.

Mr. Frank McGrath and Miss Nellie O'Brien were united in marriage Wednesday afternoon at St. Peter's parochial residence. Rev. Fr. McKenna performed the ceremony. Miss Maggie McGrath, sister of the groom, attended the bride and the best man was Mr. John Broderick. After the performance of the ceremony, a reception was held at the future home of the happy couple, 22 Abbott street. The bride was attired in a gown of blue silk, as was the bridesmaid. Among the numerous presents, received from friends are: Parlor suite, Mr. and Miss McGrath; parlor lamp, the Misses McNulty; hall lamp, Miss Jenny Hennessey; parlor clock, Mr. Samuel and Miss Colson; banquet lamp, Mrs. Bridget Lavelle; picture, Mr. and Mrs. O'Grady; willow rocker, Mr. and Mrs. Mulligan; picture, Miss Mary McShea; picture, Miss Slavin; picture, Mr. and Mrs. Dooley; lemonade set and silver spoons, Miss McGurn; table linen, Miss Blessington; plate glass mirror, a Boston friend; rug, J. J. Gaynor & Co.; table linen, Mrs. George Stowell; couch, Mr. John Brodyrick; picture, Mr. McGrath; china set, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Hurley.

Councilman Sykes is making an active canvass of ward 9 for the support in the coming municipal caucuses for overseer of the poor on the republican ticket.

THE UNITARIANS

Of North Middlesex Hold Annual Meeting

WITH LARGE ATTENDANCE AT CHELMSFORD CENTRE.

Able Discussion and Election of Officers.

The annual meeting of the Unitarian Middlesex Congregation conference of Unitarian and other Christian churches was held at the Unitarian church, Chelmsford Centre, yesterday. There were 21 societies at the conference including eight from New Hampshire.

The conference opened at ten o'clock with a devotional meeting conducted by Rev. William Furman of Boston who made a brief address. At 10.30 a business meeting was held, President Thomas Elliott of Lowell presiding.

At the afternoon session the nominating committee reported the following officers who were elected: President, Thomas H. Elliott of Lowell; vice presidents, Ashael W. Sawyer of Littleton; H. A. Brown of Ayer; Rev. Joshua Young DD., of Groton; secretary, Rev. George C Wright of Lowell; treasurer, Charles H Coburn of Lowell; prudential committee, Rev. Enoch Powell of Nashua, N. H., Rev. Granville Pierce of Chelmsford, Miss Georgianna Boutwell of Groton, Rev. A. J. Rich of Milford and Rev J W Roberts of Ayer; committee on Sunday school work, Mrs A. M. Hendley of Littleton. Miss Henrietta Prescott of Nashua, Rev. J. S. Moulton of Stow, Rev. Mr. Elkins of Peterboro and George A Parkhurst of Chelmsford; committee on missionary work. Rev Charles T. Billings of Lowell, Rev. William Brown of Tyngsboro, Rev. George S. Shaw of Ashby, Rev. Enoch Powell of Nashua, Rev. Louis H. Buckshorn of Westford and Rev William F. Furman of Wilton.

HIGHLAND CLUB.

Entries are now being made for a two-man handicap bowling tournament. Entries will close Oct. 19. Handicaps have all been fixed.

There is to be a hurdy gurday party next Tuesday evening.

The Ladies' Whist Club begins its season next Wednesday afternoon. They will play every other Wednesday during the season.

The pool and billard tables and all been newly covered and it is expected that there will be tournaments arranged at an early date.

MEETING OF MONARCHS.

Venice, Oct. 14.—The king and queen of Italy met the emperor and empress of Germany at the railroad station yesterday. The meeting was of the most cordial nature. Emperor William kissed the hand of the queen of Italy, and King Humbert kissed the hand of the empress of Germany. The queen and the empress embraced. While the meeting was in progress military bands played the national anthems.

The emperor and empress, accompanied by King Humbert and Queen Margaret, were rowed to the palace in the state gondolas by way of the grand canal. The emperor and the king occupied one gondola and the empress and the queen were seated in another. Both these boats were escorted by eight municipal barges, richly ornamented, and were followed by a great flotilla of gondolas. There was great cheering all along the route, and crowds of people welcomed the visitors. After their majesties had entered the palace they appeared on a balcony, which brought forth a renewal of the acclamations of the people, and the bands played the Italian and German anthems.

After luncheon at the palace the emperor and empress boarded the imperial yacht and sailed for Constantinople, convoyed by a German cruiser. The warships in port saluted, and the imperial travelers were repeatedly cheered by the crowds as the yacht went to sea.

TIRED OF ARMY LIFE.

Washington, Oct. 14.—In spite of all the precautions taken by the war department and all the warnings uttered against applications for discharge except through the regular channels of the army, the department is besieged with letters and by callers who want enlisted men released from the service. These applications are granted for the most part, and the discharges are issuing at such a rate as to give concern in some quarters at the perceptible diminution of company strength.

STATION SAFE WRECKED.

Haverhill, Mass., Oct. 14.—The Boston and Maine depot in Georgetown was entered by burglars. A new safe was wrecked and $28 were stolen. Three explosions were required to clear the safe, the latter two awakening Officer Buckley, who lives near. He opened a window and spoke, and two shots were fired at him. Then he dressed and appeared with a shotgun, but the men had gone.

UNION VETERANS' UNION.

Haverhill, Mass., Oct. 14.—The annual convention of the department of Massachusetts, Union Veterans' union, was held in this city yesterday. The following officers were elected: Commander, Walter L. French; first deputy, Dennis F. Brennan; second deputy, Walter A. Haines; surgeon general, Edwin F. Taylor; chaplain, Daniel W. Gould.

NEW WAVERLEY HOUSE.

The renovated and entirely new Waverley House will be opened to the public on Saturday, and souvenirs will be distributed. The furniture and fixtures of the house have been changed from garret to cellar, including the pipes, drainer, etc., in the bar. Proprietor Pattee announces that the best of goods will be found there, including the celebrated Pilsner and Anheuser-Busch lagers.

CHIEF INJURED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Chief Swenie, while directing his men at work on a fire at Conkey building, 347 Dearborn street, yesterday, fell into a manhole and was severely injured. The engineer of the building, John Meldrum, was killed and two other men were scalded by escaping steam. The damage to the building was slight.

The Largest Stock and the Lowest Possible Prices.

How Can We Do It?

We've got the cash! We've got the goods, and we've got the people's confidence. Every dollar's worth of goods is bought under our closest scrutiny and for CASH on the NAIL.

That's why we can offer such values and show such an assortment.

New Suits.

New tailor-made Suits received every day from New York. Serge Suits at $5.75, $6.95 and $8.75. We always warrant the fitting.

We have just opened a beautiful line of fine Venetian Cloth high grade suits in all colors. Special price $14.75, regular price $20.00.

Jackets.

Black and blue Kersey Jackets, lined throughout with colored satin, $4.98, worth $7.50.

Kersey Jackets, with strap seams, a beauty in fit and finish, lined throughout, $6.75, worth $10.

Fur Jackets.

Seal and Electric Seal Jackets, made specially for us in the month of May, when the furriers were not busy. They are all lined with superior lining that is guaranteed. Prices $14.48, $17.50, $19.50, $21.50, $22.50, $24.50, $27.50, $29.50, $32.50, up to $60. Positively worth from $19.50 to $75.

Superior quality of Alaska Seal Jackets at $165.

New York Cloak and Suit Company.

No. 12 John Street.

Our Store Will Be Closed Tonight at 6 O'Clock.

PATTEE DROPPED

George Varney Defeated Him in Representative Fight

CLUER AND DOBBINS WERE ALSO NAMED.

Ticket in 26th. District Now Complete.

Rep. J. E. Pattee was thrown down good and hard by the republicans of the 26th representative district last night.

George E. Varney who has been prominent in republican politics in ward two and of old ward one ever since he became a voter, won the legislative nomination receiving three-fifths of the votes in the convention, on the first ballot.

Joseph Miller was chosen temporary chairman of the convention and Geo. H. Tryder, temporary secretary. A. H. Cluer of ward six and Richard Dobbins of ward three were nominated by acclamation and a ballot was taken for a choice of a third candidate.

Ex-Councilman Hounsell presented the name of Rep. J. E. Pattee of ward one and placed him in nomination.

Joel Knapp moved to proceed to ballot. He was told that nominations were not closed.

A. G. Bowen then arose and in a spirited speech referred to the allotment made Sept. 29, 1896, when ward two was allotted the representative nomination for 1898 and 1899, and placed George E. Varney in nomination.

F. K. Stearns seconded the nomination and reviewed the history of Mr. Varney's antecedents, his work for the success of the party and of his aspirations. In closing he said that the promise made to ward two should be stood by.

Mr. Bowen then moved that the convention proceed to an informal ballot for the choice of a candidate to represent ward two.

The voting was done by wards in order and resulted as follows: Whole number of votes cast, 50; Joseph E. Pattee had 20; George E. Varney 30.

The announcement was received with applause and then, on motion of Mr. Hounsell, the nomination of Mr. Varney was made unanimous.

Each of the candidates appeared before the convention and spoke a little piece.

SICK SOLDIERS.

Sergt. Charles Lang of Wigglesville has been taken to St. John's hospital suffering from malaria. Wm. Haigh and Leslie Grant also are now arrivals there.

FINE TRIBUTE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 14.—A remarkable tribute is paid to Louis Kempner, the United States postal agent in Cuba, in a numerously signed testimonial of his services which has just reached the post office department. Kempner went to Cuba on the first expedition with Eben Brewer who subsequently died and he has since been in charge of the postal operations at Santiago. The testimonial is signed by the leading army officers in Cuba at the time and gives him credit for a thorough organization of the complete postal service in Santiago. Major General Lawton, Brigadier General Wood, Acting Civil Governor Wiley and over a score of other prominent officers joined in the tribute. Kempner will land at Key West by tomorrow on leave, reporting here at once on the postal work in Cuba.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

FOUND DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Lewiston, Me., Oct. 14.—C. N. Howard of Howard Brothers, grocers, was found dead in the cellar of his store at 3 a. m. Friday. Mr. Howard not returning home as usual on Thursday evening, a search was instituted. There are no suspicions of foul play. Mr. Howard was a man of good habits and has been in his usual good health.

MILLS CLOSE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Pittsfield, Mass., Oct. 14.—Notices have been posted at the Thomas Woolen mills here announcing that they will be shut down tomorrow night for an indefinite period. The mills are in charge of an assignee and were owned by Wilson & Horton, who failed last summer.

Business at most of the other woolen mills here is said to be improving.

"DENVER" SMITH DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—According to John E. Grace, the western sporting man, "Denver" Ed Smith, the pugilist, is dead. Smith and one of his old sporting partners got into a quarrel sometime ago at Wichita, Kas., and the partner shot Smith, the bullet entering the heavyweight pugilist's right lung. Smith lingered for some time, but died September 13th. The affair was never heard of because Smith was known under an assumed name.

Hood's Pills

Are gaining favor rapidly. Business men and travelers carry them in vest pockets, ladies carry them in purses, housekeepers keep them in medicine closets, friends recommend them to friends. 25c.

RESCUED FROM DEATH.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 14.—The schooner Viva has rescued from almost certain death Harry Thompson, Frank Johnston, and John Christepnsen who were attempting to sail from St. Michael's to San Francisco in a boat only 28 feet long. They had come from Lake Bennett down the Yukon, had safely crossed Behring sea and were on their way to the south, when a severe gale sprung up, and their frail craft would doubtless have foundered had it not been seen and saved by the Viva on September 21st.

SNOW FELL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Snow fell in this city for over an hour last night. It was the first this season and the earliest in 20 years. A gale accompanied the snowfall making navigation on the lake impossible.

FUTILE CONFERENCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 14.—The wage committee of the American Glass company, the combination of window glass manufacturers and the scale committee of the Cutter's league, had another futile wage conference yesterday and adjourned sine die. It is probable that factories which have fires lighted in anticipation of starting Monday will remain idle in consequence.

AN EARTHQUAKE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Visalia, Cal., Oct. 14.—An earthquake felt here yesterday, rocked houses on their foundations, broke crockery and aroused many people

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Oct. 14.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity: Showers tonight; clearing during Saturday morning; colder Saturday night; variable winds.

BROKE CAMP.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 14.—The Seventh California Volunteer regiment has broken camp and started for Los Angeles, where, after a furlough of thirty days, the men will be mustered out. Most of the members of the Seventh are South Californians.

BROCKTON STRIKE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Brockton, Mass., Oct. 14.—The meeting of the conference committee of Lasters' union did not end until 5 o'clock this morning. When Secretary Smith announced that "a committee has been appointed to work upon special lines and good results are expected."

Lost flesh lately?
Does your brain tire?
Losing control over your nerves?
Are your muscles becoming exhausted?
You certainly know the remedy. It is nothing new; just the same remedy that has been curing these cases of thinness and paleness for twenty-five years. Scott's Emulsion. The cod-liver oil in it is the food that makes the flesh, and the hypophosphites give tone to the nerves.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

FESTIVE GATHERING

To Greet Very Rev. Lefevre, Oblate Provincial.

Large Delegation of Church Societies Meet Him at the Banquet Board—Long List of Speakers, Mostly French.

Very Rev. Joseph Lefevre, O.M.I., the newly appointed provincial of the Oblate order in the United States, was tendered a reception and banquet under the auspices of L'Association Catholique, last evening at Associate Hall all the French societies and a total gathering of 450 welcoming the new provincial to Lowell.

The pleasant affair was a grand success and much credit is due to the following committee: N. Choquette, T. J. Goyette, Charles Geroux, Dr. P. Brunelle, J. A. Choquette, Adelard Guimond, H. J. Bourget, W. J. Alexander, Joseph Lambert, J. B Martin, Jesse Alexander, and A. Bonin.

Pease's orchestra furnished a pleasing program of instrumental music and a delightful feature of the evening was the singing of a choir of 100 boys and girls from the parochial schools under the direction of Rev. Bro. Chryseuil. The children are possessed of beautiful voices which have been finely trained by their teachers, and through the talented supervision of Bro. Chryseuil they form one of the finest juvenile choruses in the state.

The societies represented were as follows: Saint Anne; Notre Dame; Le Tiers Ordere Notre Dame de Bon Secours; Le Cercle d'Yourville; Societe St. Jean Baptiste; L'Union St. Joseph; Corporation St. Andre; L'Association Catholique; Le Cercle Garin; Club des Citoyens Americains; Club de Pawtucketville; Les Foresters Catholiques; Les Artisans Canadiens-Francais; Le Choeur Rossini.

The reception committee was as follows: E. H. Chaquette, president; T. J. Goyette, Charles Geroux; Dr. P. Brunelle, J. A. Choquette, Adelard Guimond, H. J. Bourget, W. J. Alexander, Joseph Lambert, Jean B. Martin, Jesse Alexander.

Among the guests present were: Very Rev Joseph Lefebvre, provincial; Rev. Joseph Manguin, O.M.I. superior O.M.I; Hon. J. W. Bennett and wife; M. l'Abbe Caisse of Marlboro; Rev. Fr. Joyce, O.M.I.; W. H. I. Hayes; Rev Fr. Gagnon, O.M.I; Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Farley, Mr and Mrs. J. H. Gullet; Mr and Mrs. Arthur Beaucage; Rev. Fr. Godouin, O.M.I., Salem; Mr. and Mrs. Alme Gauthier; Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Daoust; Rev. Frs. Fournier, O.M. I., Marion, O.M.I., Campeau, O.M.I., Lamothe, O.M.I., Sirois, O.M.I., Amyot, O.M.I., and Pitois, O.M.I. Thomas J. Goyette, Rev. W. Alexander of Holyoke, Rev. M. Rainville of Brockton, Rev. Bro. Chryseuil, Rev. M. Caisse, St. Stanislaus, Can.; Rev. Fr. Levesque, Lynn; Rev. Fr. Bitaud, Central Falls, R. I.; D. J. Murphy, Miss Murphy and others.

The feast over, Mr. T. J. Goyette opened the post prandial exercises in an eloquent "Bienvenue" to Rev. Fr. Lefebvre, O.M.I., the mention of the name of the reverend provincial calling forth loud applause.

Mr. Goyette also spoke in English, welcoming the beloved provincial and superior. A toast was drunk to the health of Rev. Fr. Lefebvre and he arose amid great applause to answer to the toast to his honor. Rev. Fr. Lefebvre made a beautiful address in French, his remarks being frequently interrupted by his enthusiastic audience who applauded him to the echo, showing unmistakably the great esteem in which he is held by the Catholics of Lowell.

Rev. Fr. Lefebvre was followed by the new superior, Rev. Fr. Manguin, O.M.I., who also spoke in French, after which the choir rendered a very acceptable selection.

Mr. Goyette then introduced as toastmaster of the evening Arthur Beaucage who responded in French and introduced Rev. Fr. Guillard, the ex-provincial of the order. Rev. Fr. Guillard addressed the audience in French.

He was followed by Mayor Bennett, at whose appearance the band played "The Star Spangled Banner." Mayor Bennett read a very nice speech, as usual.

"America" was sung at the conclusion of Mayor Bennett's remarks, the audience joining in one grand chorus.

Rev. J. C. Caisse of Marlboro responded to the toast of "Les Oblats" speaking in French, his remarks being frequently interrupted with applause.

At the conclusion of the speaker's remarks the choir sang a very tuneful potpourri of French-Canadian airs which brought forth great applause.

Rep. Hayes responding to the toast, "The State of Massachusetts," referred to the Rev. Fr. Lefevre as one who does honor, not only to those of his own faith but to citizens of the commonwealth of every faith, and of the French-American citizens, he said they are an honor to any community.

Rev. Fr. Joyce, O.M.I, responded in English to the toast, "The Clergy" He said that brevity was the soul of wit, and he proposed to be brief He had his address all prepared, he said, but if the audience wished to hear it, they must come to the Immaculate Conception church. "The doors of that church are always open to you and we all speak French. I have always loved the French-American people. Rev. Fr. Lefevre, so he says, spent several of the happiest years of his life at the Immaculate Conception church, and I believe if he had his way, would be living at the Immaculate Conception church now.

"If energy and zeal can accomplish much, Fr. Lefevre is the right man in the right place."

Rev. Fr. Perron, O.M.I, responded to the toast, In French In responding to the toast, "The Societies," J H. Gulliet, Esq., spoke on the growth and progress of the French societies, while Phillip J. Furley, Esq., responded in English.

The festivities concluded shortly after midnight.

shortness of breath—a sensation of dryness and heat in the throat. Neglect is dangerous.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar acts like a charm on the throat and bronchial tubes. Use it before it's too late. Sold by druggists.

STATE HIRELINGS

Enter Houses In New York City

TO DEPRIVE CITIZENS OF THE FRANCHISE.

Most Disgraceful Tactics Ever Adopted.

There has never been such a bold and outrageous attempt to deprive citizens of the right to vote as that which is being carried out at the present time in the city of New York by a horde of hireling authorized by the state to enter the homes of the people and take the names of the inmates in order to debar from voting all who do not happen to be in when the deputies make their visit.

The law under which the state superintendent of elections for the Metropolitan district, was created, is seen today, if never before, to be a most cleverly conceived scheme to deprive of his vote the poor man, whose limited means and intermittent work require a residence in a cheap lodging house.

McCullagh's emissaries began work last Saturday night. As a result it is already evident that at least 200,000 workingmen will be frightened away from the polls.

There are three hundred lodging houses in New York. The man who lives in the ten and twenty-five cent lodging houses is not a tramp. He is a man whose income is so limited that he cannot afford to take an expensive room or whose work is so variable that he cannot take a fixed habitation, not knowing where his employment will carry him next day.

Lodging houses with few exceptions, register their guests each day to avoid unnecessary bookkeeping. A majority of their lodgers are permanent patrons, save when their work occasionally calls them out of the city.

The machinery which Supt. McCullagh set to work Saturday night indicates how the screws are to be brought to bear to frighten the lodging house resident from the polls.

McCULLAGH'S MEN IN CONTROL.

At 11 o'clock two of McCullagh's deputies took possession of each lodging house in the city. A copy of the register was taken and each name recorded until the clock struck midnight. Saturday was the last day on which a voter could claim a thirty days' residence preceding election in an election district.

The deputies refused to take the name of a single man who came in after 12 o'clock.

Saturday night is the recreation night of the workingman. He has drawn his pay and likes to spend some of it enjoyment. A great percentage of the men do not come in until after midnight. They may have been registering every day in the same house for years. But if they returned home one minute after midnight they were booked by Superintendent McCullagh for jail if they attempted to register a vote.

McCullagh's deputies did move their negative work. Shortly after midnight in all houses where the night clerks did not have the grit to defy them, they went through the rooms, pulled the lodgers out of bed inquired their names and pretended to take down their descriptions. They had their hands full in some houses.

At the Alabama, No. 221 Bowery, they got Manager Frank Slattery out of bed, and demanded that he produce every man on the register. Slattery refused to awaken his guests. They then went through the house, pounding at doors and demanding that the doors be unlocked. Some guests swore and others laughed at the ruffian deputies. Then they procured a ladder and peeped over transoms to see whether there was any one in the rooms, they said. About twenty guests came in after midnight, every one a permanent lodger.

"This thing is absurd and unjust," said Manager Slattery last night. "There are two hundred men who receive their mail here, whether in or out of town. The twenty men who registered after midnight on Saturday dare not vote. About one hundred other men who were absent from town on Saturday night will hardly dare to vote, unless somebody stiffens their backbone.

EFFORT IS TO SCARE MEN AWAY.

"This wholesale intimidation of voters," continued the manager of the lodging house, "is a disgrace to New York. I believe there will be 3500 men scared away from the polls by McCullagh's men."

Scenes similar to those at the Alabama were repeated at the Grand Windsor and Chatham Square, where forty men registered after midnight. The deputies could not get into the rooms, and practiced the same stepladder act as at the Alabama.

Complaints of outrageous treatment made their way into police headquarters yesterday. Chief Devery called attention particularly to the Arcade at No. 317 Bowery, where twenty-four men who came in after midnight Saturday could not vote and at the Olive Tree Inn, at No. 312 East Twenty-Third street, where over three hundred men were obliged to submit to a personal examination in their rooms far into the morning. The same high handed treatment occurred at every lodging house in the city. A close estimate revealed yesterday that at least 5000 men registered at lodging houses after midnight on Saturday who were entitled to vote, and that at least 15,000 men registered at lodging houses who were entitled to vote and that at least 16,000 men who consider the lodging house their residence, were absent from their homes on Saurday.

Supt. McCullagh has still another scheme to debar more votes. The lodging houses must daily report to him the name of each lodger, birthplace, residence, including state, county and city, street number; color, age, height, weight peculiarities of form, visible marks on face, including beard, scars, etc, monthly, weekly or daily lodging and whether he occupies a bed. Thousands will not be at their homes every day until election. Their votes will also be challenged.

McCullagh's deputies yesterday also began a tour of the Raines law hotels, but the method of intimidation to be used there did not develop.

Chief of Police Devery has discovered that McCullagh and his men are violating the law by wearing a similar badge and using a club togged the same as those used by the police and has asked the board to let him arrest the deputy state superintendent of elections and perhaps McCullagh himself. The board considered the matter yesterday and will render a decision today. Police Commissioner Abell indicated that the board would approve Devery's contention by stating that McCullagh's men had no right to wear such badges. Chief Devery said yesterday:

"McCullagh has had made for the deputies a badge patterned after the one used by the roundsmen and ward and Central Office detectives. At a distance of a few feet you cannot tell them apart. Section 339 of the charter makes it a misdemeanor for such an act.

"McCullagh knows he violated the law He is bigoted and narrow. He designed the badges in use by the police and copied them for purposes unknown to me with evident intention."

In reply to Chief Devery, Supt. McCullagh said: "Devery is now on record I am not. If Chief Devery wants to arrest my men, let him go ahead. I don't want to criticize any act of Chief Devery. Let him do his duty and I'll do mine."

GET FLESH.

Get Strength, Vigor, Clear Complexion and Good Digestion, Not by Patent Medicine, But in Nature's Own Way.

Any honest physician will tell you that there is but one way to get increased flesh; all the patent medicines and cod liver oils to the contrary, notwithstanding.

Nature has but one way to increase flesh, strength, and vigor, mind and body, and that is through the stomach by wholesome food, well digested. There is no reason or common sense in other methods whatever.

People are thin, run down, nervous, pale and shaky in their nerves simply because their stomachs are weak.

They may not think they have dyspepsia, but the fact remains that they do not eat enough food, or what they eat is not quickly and properly digested, as it should be.

Dr. Hackandson says the reason is because the stomach lacks certain digestive acids and peptones and defetent secretion of gastric juice.

Nature's remedy in such cases is to supply what the weak stomach lacks. There are several good preparations which will do this but none so readily as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which are designed especially for all stomach troubles and which cure all digestive weakness on the common sense plan of furnishing the digestive principles which the stomach lacks.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets give perfect digestion. First effect is to increase the appetite and increased vigor added flesh, pure blood and strength of nerve and muscle is the perfectly natural result.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the safest tonic known and will cure any form of stomach trouble except cancer of the stomach. May be found at the druggists at 50 cents for full sized package or direct by mail from Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

BOOMING

The enthusiasm increases. The selling increases. As this sale grows in age so does it grow in proportions. All judges of good values are highly interested. Our great Suit and Overcoat departments are overflowing with bargains. Every garment was designed especially for this season's wear, and made to sell at about one-third more than the prices we are selling them at. At no time in our long business career have we felt more justified in saying come to our friends and customers than now.

All Wool Suits $4.98.

Regular price is $8 and worth it. New, stylish and well made suits.

Fancy Worsted Suits $8.50.

Sold everywhere for at least $3 and $1 more. Every one finely tailored and up-to-date style. They're trade winners.

Undressed Worsted $8.00.

Every fibre pure worsted. The equal of these suits cannot be bought outside this store for less than $12.

Come in and see our matchless line of Suits from $5 to $20. If we can't save you from 20 to 30 per cent. on every one of your purchases, here's your money back. We're not afraid of this "money back" proposition—if we're not, you needn't be. It's all your way. Now isn't that a fair business proposition?

Lowell One-Price Clothing Co.

72-86 MERRIMACK STREET.

FUNERALS.

LOGUE—The funeral of Miss Mary A. Logue, who died on last Tuesday morning, took place on Thursday at 2 o'clock from the home of her parents in Collinsville and was largely attended. Many friends sent beautiful floral pieces, among which were a broken crescent and sickle, inscribed, "Mary, from her room mates"; a basket of flowers from P. Kiernan and family of Lowell; a pillow inscribed "Mary," from the family; basket of flowers from Mrs. Andrew McManus; spray of pinks from Misses Maggie and Katie Colbeck; spray of pinks from Miss Sarah Martin; bouquet from Mrs. Cullinan; bouquet from Mrs. Kemps.

Miss Logue was a very estimable young lady and will be sadly mourned by a large circle of friends. The parents have the sincere sympathy of all in their bereavement, for by the death of their daughter they lost a kind and dutiful child and a loving sister. The bearers were William Kiernan of Lowell; Hugh McManus, John Connelly, John Ferdon, Jr.

WESCOTT—The funeral of the late Mrs. Eliza Wescott was held yesterday afternoon from her late residence, 10 Lawson street at 2 o'clock. Rev. J. W. Higgins officiated and the bearers were the Messrs. Wilson, Burgess and Scott. Burial was in the Edson cemetery.

DAVIS—Asahel Davis, aged 81 years, died at his home, 227 Church street, yesterday afternoon Mr. Davis was one of Lowell's oldest citizens, having resided here for more than half a century. He is survived by a widow, one daughter, Mrs. Florence Burtt and three grandchildren, Carl D. Burtt, Paul R. Burtt and Emery F. Hosmer of the naval school at Newport, R I.

McCARTHY—The funeral of John, son of William and Mary McCarthy, was held this afternoon at 4 o'clock from the home of his parents, 8 Garnet street. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

To realize the heat in coal, buy some of W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike St.

COME OVER AND LEAVE COAL

Your Order With

WM. E. LIVINGSTON

15 Thorndike Street.

WHERE OTHERS OFTEN WOOD FAIL

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

A DEMONSTRATION OF

MADAM THOMPSON'S CURLING PINS

FOR WAVING AND CURLING THE HAIR,

Is now going on in charge of an expert Demonstrator on Small Ware Counter. Only one pin is required to wave or curl the hair and insures the most beautiful curl or wave without rusting or discoloring the most delicate blonde or white. Try one set, you will never try others, 25c. PER SET OF 3.

AN ADVANCE DISCOUNT CASH SALE OF

FINE FUR GARMENTS

Consisting of Electric and Alaska Seal Jackets, Persian Lamb Jackets, Astrachan Jackets, Krimmer Jackets.

Collarettes and Capes in every conceivable fur and style. We carry a full line of sizes in Jackets and will take orders and make Fur Garments on special measurements at prices of regular Stock Garments.

Electric Coats, $13.50, $17.50, $21.50 and upwards. Olaska Seal Coats, $125 and upwards. Astrachan Coats, $21 and upwards. Persian Lamb Coats, $85 and upwards.

If you are thinking of having a fur garment any time this winter it will pay you to inspect our stock at once.

FREE TEA FOR ONE WEEK.

Our Mocha and Java blend gave so much satisfaction to the purchaser, so much gratification by its genuine success and big sale, that we gladly renew the offer for one week. Until closing hour Saturday night, we will give free of charge one-half pound of best 50c. Tea with every pound of best 35c. Mocha or Java Coffee.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

BEAUTY IS ONLY SKIN DEEP.

But a beautiful skin cannot exist unless the blood be pure. Every woman can bring to her cheeks the rosy and delicate hues of youth by taking Cleveland's Celery Compound Tea, which cleanses the blood imperceptibly but effectually of all impurities, banishing pimples, eruptions, itch, boils, carbuncles, and sallow color. Call on F. H. Butler & Co., 255 Central street and 391 Middlesex street and get a trial package free. Large package, 25 cents.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box—six for $2.50. Dr. Williams' Med. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Expenses of Living Must Be Kept Down

We will help you. To commence with, we quote you a few prices which cannot help to draw you to our store. For 25c. you can buy

2 lbs. Round Steak, or
4 qts. Cranberries.
4 Classos Mustard.
20 lbs. Sweet Potatoes.
Half Bushel Beets.
Half Bushel Turnips.
3 lbs. Frankfurts.
3 lbs. Sausages.
3 lbs. Bologna.
Best Sirloin Steak 15c. to 20c. lb.
Roast Beef from 5c. to 12c. lb. Leg Lamb 12c. lb.

Central Cash Market, Cor. Central Charles Sts.

Chris Holmes' Specialty Cloak and Fur Store

124 and 126 Merrimack Street.

OUR OCTOBER SALE

Wrappers

10 dozen Fall Wrappers, dark prints, warranted fast color, made to sell for $1,

Sale Price 49c.

10 dozen Flannelette Wrappers, braid trimmed, worth $1.25,

Sale Price 79c.

Elderdown Dressing Sacques
75c., 98c., $1.25 to $2.50.

Kersey Beaver Capes
$2.98, $3.98 to $15.

Astrachan Capes
$12.50, $17.50 and $25.

1000 Misses' Jackets, $2.98 to $17.50. Furs made over. Lowest prices.

Boucle Capes
Black Talbot Trimmings.
$4.98, $7.50 and $10.

Children's Cloaks
2, 3, 4, and 5 years sizes, 98c., $1.98, to $3.75.

Children's Cloaks, 4 to 14 years sizes $1.98 to $10.

Dress Skirts
100 Figured Brilliantine Skirts, velvet bound, perfect hanging, worth $2, this sale $1.18

50 Serge Skirts, best make, worth $5, sale price, $2.98.

50 Dewey Satin Flounce Skirts, worth $3.75, sale price, $1.98.

20 Black Figured Silk Skirts, worth $5, sale price, $3.98. All our better skirts at bargain prices.

Children's Dresses
1 piece plaid dresses 4 to 14 sizes, 98c. to $2.49.

Tailor-Made Suits
250 new ones to select from $7.50 to $35. All the newest effects.

Odd lot of 10 Tailor made Suits, cost from $5 to $10, while they last, $1 each.

Mackintoshes, $2.98 to $10

Electric Seal Jackets
$17.50, $25, $35.50, $45, $65.00.

Made by the best furrier in the country warranted for two years.

WAISTS
For a leader we have secured the best possible values in black and colored plain taffetas—broad stripe and new plaid designs. Also black and colored satins—all made in the latest tucked and plain effects, $5.

Plaid Waists, in plain yoke effects, 98c. and $1.49.

Braided Flannel Waists, $1.49, $1.98, $2.25, $2.75, $2.98.

Flannel Waists in solid colors, $1.50, $1.75, and $3.25.

Collarettes
Coney Collarettes, $1.98.
Electric Collarettes, $1.19.
Combination Collarettes, $2.98.
Fancy Combination Collarettes, $3.98.
500 New Collarettes from $5 to $35.

OUR SPECIALTY IN

FURS

For this week is Electric, Astrachan and Canadian Seal Coats.

Having placed our orders very early in the season for the above goods, we were not only successful in getting a very choice lot, but at prices very much below the value of such goods today, and as we believe in quick sales and small profits, we have decided to place these garments before the public at such unheard-of prices as to at once close out the entire lot. These coats must be seen to be appreciated fully. They are as follows:

Canada Seal, latest style, box front, large full collar, 26 inches long, all sizes, fully worth $25, $17.50.

Extra Canada Seal, with an extra lining, a fine garment in every way, the same as sold last year at $39.50, $21.75.

Electric Seal, 26 inches long, large full collar, a very handsome garment, cheap at $50.00, $30.75.

Black Astrachan, in the prevailing styles, made from whole skins, and lined with a good quality of satin, a good $45 garment, at the extremely low figure of $12.50.

Golf Capes
Of foreign and domestic materials in plain cloth and plaid back shawl effects,
$5, $8.75, $10.98 and $15.
The most practical garment in the market.

Braided Capes
Fur trimmed of all wool kersey, made in good length, with storm collar, lined throughout with satin rhadame, an excellent value
$13.50.

FIFTY DOZEN
New Petticoats
In Flannel 49c., in satine 75c., and $1.25, in moreen $1.98, to $4.98, in silk, $4.98 to $10.

Children's Fall Weight Reefers
4 to 14 sizes at 98c., $1.49, and $1.95, marked down from $2.50 and $3.

Black Kersey Cape
Lined throughout with extra quality rhadame, full skunk opossum collar, edge of some down fronts, also come with astrachan trimming, $13.50.

Cashmere Tea Gowns in all the popular colorings, trimmed with narrow black braid, plaited back, finished with strap,
$4.98 to $10.00.

SOMETHING INTERESTING.

If you are in need of a SMALL range for a SMALL amount of money, we have one, and it only costs

$12.00.

IRON BED, with Brass Trimmings, and All-Iron Spring, only

$6.00.

These goods are worth more money, but $6.00 will buy them.

REMEMBER

The Grand Prize Range is the range to buy. It has more practical improvements than any other range made. Sold only by

GAYNOR & CO.

25 Prescott Street.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month.

ANY TWO

The Sun has a larger circulation than any two papers published in Lowell. It is the best and cheapest advertising medium in the city.
The real cost of advertising is not the price per inch, but the price per inch per thousand papers.

See The Point?

The democratic county convention endorsed the republican ticket. The democrats should not go to the trouble of appointing delegates or holding a convention if they persist in endorsing republican candidates.

The Manchester Union justly applauds the action of the board of fire engineers of that city in driving politics out of the department. It is right that a fireman should exercise his political rights as well as any other citizen; but when cliques and committees are formed by political discussions it is but right that such discussions should be prohibited. The board of engineers acts wholly within its province in insisting that the firemen shall give their time and attention to their duties rather than to politics.

Col. Bryan's regiment is to be placed in the second division of General Lee's corps, re-organized for winter garrison duty in Cuba. While Mark Hanna can keep Col. Bryan, President McKinley's opponent, in Cuba, there is slight chance of that officer's return home to Nebraska. The administration did not send Bryan to the Philippines as at first intended, but now they are sending him to Cuba which is more unhealthy and we have no doubt that their earnest wish is that he may fall a victim to disease and thus save them the alarms of another such campaign as that waged by William J. Bryan in 1896. But Bryan is every inch a man, a soldier and a patriot, and the man who could not meet him in 1896 cannot kill him in 1898 unless they conspire to shoot him, which is more than a number of cowards would dare attempt.

REPUBLICAN BLUFF

It is incumbent upon the democrats of this state to unite their forces in support of the state ticket so as to show that they are not content to remain in perpetual abeyance to the republican party that has gerrymandered the state in one shape or another until half the democrats have been practically disfranchised. It is the policy of the republicans in times of local depression to gloat over national issues and now they make bombastic speeches on the war, on the terrific volume of trade we are to have from the Philippines and the islands taken from Spain. But this is the merest speculation. We have not taken the Philippines; there is no certainty of our taking or holding them; yet the republican office seekers are as ready to delude the people by such clap trap as they were by promising prosperity as a result of President McKinley's election.

NEW YORK CAMPAIGN.

Dick Croker says he can see no possibility of Van Wyck's defeat in the contest for governor of New York, while Tom Platt expresses equal confidence of Roosevelt's election. But Platt is a discredited boss and Croker rides on the wave of success. The republicans base their hopes on the majority of over a quarter of a million which the state gave McKinley in 1896, forgetting that in 1897, Alton B. Parker, democrat, was chosen chief justice of the court of appeals by a plurality of 50,000. Furthermore, the defeat of Seth Low in Greater New York shows a turn of the tide, while recent events, among them the popular indignation over the ill treatment of the soldiers, the business depression, and the operation of the Dingley tariff act will bring the democrats back to their allegiance. New York state is democratic by a large majority on a straight party vote. In addition to the causes mentioned, the Roosevelt-ites will be opposed by the opponents of the Raines law, as well as the citizens who condemn tax dodging. The Van Wycks are destined to rule New York, city and state.

MORTALITY OF THE WAR.

It will be rather a difficult task for the whitewashing commission to turn aside the stubborn fact that in the war with Spain only 345 men were killed in battle while 2565 died of disease, making a total mortality of 2910. Yet in spite of this vast sacrifice of life, by mismanagement and ill treatment, Secretary Alger and the leaders of the republican party gloat over the victory, "the glorious results" and the "slight loss of life." Of the 275,000 troops called to the service, only 54,000 went to war, but those who remained at home suffered even more severely from disease than did those in active warfare from the fire of the enemy. In the civil war, two soldiers died of disease to every one killed in battle but in the Hispano-American war, seven men died of disease to every one who was killed otherwise. This is something that the commission can never explain otherwise than by admitting the grossest mismanagement of the department.

If the sum of $500 is to be spent in honoring the Sixth, the soldiers of Co. M. should be invited to share the honor as they saw as much fighting as did the members of the Sixth. All have earned the gratitude of the city for their noble sacrifices and all should be equally honored.

SOLDIERS' RECEPTION.

ARRANGED FOR BY CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the joint special committee appointed under the order entitled, "Joint order for the appointment of a special committee to arrange reception to soldiers," was held at city hall yesterday afternoon. All the members were present, Councilman Smith in the Chair. Councilman Roark was chosen secretary.

An order introduced by Alderman Peirce relating to the employment of veteran soldiers and sailors and the widow of a deceased sailor was laid on the table.

On motion of Councilman Roark, President Taylor of the common council was added to the committee.

On motion of Councilman Smith it was voted to recommend an appropriation of $450 to pay the expenses of the return of the soldiers and sailors who left the city to serve in the late war.

Adjourned.

O'CONNELL TESTIFIES.

Bernard D. O'Connell was taken from the Lowell jail to the police court yesterday afternoon as a witness in the case of Sullivan vs. McManus.

In this case the plaintiff alleged that a horse was taken from him some time ago by Constable McManus on a judgment for a debt owed by Mr. Sullivan. Constable McManus then sold the horse to C. F. Keyes, the auctioneer, for a sum as plaintiff alleged, that was larger than the debt and constable's share for services amounted to, but the balance was never paid the plaintiff.

Mr. Sullivan sued to recover the difference and at the first trial Mr. O'Connell appeared as his counsel, but when he was sentenced Mr. Courtney was assigned as counsel for the plaintiff and Mr. O'Connell was summoned as a witness.

The case was tried before Judge Hadley and he gave a verdict for the plaintiff. Constable McManus appealed.

FREE EXHIBITION.

If there is anything brings joy to a lady's heart, it is to have a chance to revel in a display of needle work and the most extravagant display ever seen in this city, is at C. I. W. Maynard & Co.'s, 132 Merrimack street. The display consists of sofa pillows, scarfs, table covers, doilies, handkerchiefs, toilet sets in an almost endless variety. But the most beautiful piece of embroidery was a box of strawberries, the whole being as natural as real fruit. Words cannot describe it and it should be seen to be appreciated.

There is a hand made center piece for a table made of thread. The goods were made in Mexican convents and are marvels of beauty and should be seen by all the ladies. The exhibition continues the rest of the week. The prevailing fads are the styles of our grandmothers' days.

EVENING HIGH SCHOOL.

The special examination for admission to the stenography and typewriting department of the Evening High school was taken by about 100 people last night, a large increase over former years. Examinations will also be taken for the same studies this evening at room 8.

TALKED OF ART.

Mr. Vesper L. George, principal of the art department of the Lowell Textile school, spoke on art yesterday afternoon to the Middlesex Women's club at the Textile school hall.

ALLAN LINE
NEW YORK and GLASGOW
Via Londonderry.
From company's Pier, West 21st St., New York.
State of Nebraska, Friday, Sept. 30, at 11 a.m.
Mongolian, Friday, Oct. 14, at 3 p. m.
State of Nebraska, Friday, Oct. 28, at 3 p. m.
Mongolian, Friday, November 11, at 1 p. m.
First Cabin, $17.50 to $60 single; $80.75 to $111 return. Second Cabin, $32.50; round trip $61.75. Steerage, $23.50; prepaid, $24.00.
Glasgow and Boston, Via Londonderry and Galway; Second Cabin, $31.25; Steerage, $21.00.
For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allen, 29 State street, Boston, or
Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.

MONEY BRINGS COMFORT
but you must know how to spend it. Get Dows' Headache Powders—3 for only 10c.—and you get head comfort. Instant relief. Never fails. 359 Central St.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

THEY'RE MIGHTY BOLD.

Those Bankers Who Are Still Out of Jail Think They Own the Earth.

The bankers say that it is dangerous to issue greenbacks, but that bonds will always be good because the credit of the government is behind them. Is not the credit of the government behind the greenbacks also? Is there any difference between the two except that one bears interest and the other doesn't? If congress had issued $200,000,000 of greenbacks instead of bonds, we would have saved $6,000,000 a year interest for years and years to come, and so much increase in money that always circulates among the people would have raised the price of all the farmers' products. But the bankers would not have it that way, and what the bankers say goes every time with the Republican party. H. H. Hanna, the president of the executive committee of the Indianapolis monetary convention, says there will be no permanent prosperity until the present greenbacks are destroyed and recommends that money be issued by the banks to take their place and that said extra money be issued on the credit of the banks instead of the credit of the government.

Here are two interesting statements. First, prosperity has not yet come and the politicians have been lying to us; second, money issued without security by national bankers like Charles Mosher is better than that issued by 75,000,000 of people, most of whom are honest. These bankers are getting mighty bold. They think they own the earth and the fullness thereof. They know they own McKinley and the Republican party. How soon will the people awaken to the enormities of the present banking system? How long will they allow their dishonest servants to issue unnecessary bonds for them and their children to pay? How long will they continue to vote all the wealth of this country into the hands of their oppressors?

In 1860 3,000,000 of black slaves were working without wages for 100,000 slave owners. Today 70,000,000 of white slaves are working night and day to enrich 30,000 millionaires. The blamed foolishness of the people seems to increase in proportion to the increase of population.—Omaha Nonconformist.

Hurrah For Us!

The war which was undertaken in the name of justice and on behalf of humanity for the Cubans is coming rapidly to be seen as a conquest for commercial gain and nothing more. We are now told by Mr. F. D. Thurber, president of the United States Export association, that "production has outrun consumption," and therefore additional markets must be found for American products. The opportunity of American capitalists comes now with the close of the war and must not be thrown away, and so Mr. Thurber proposes that such territory as has fallen into our lap as a result of the "war for justice and humanity" shall be retained.

"Production has outrun consumption." We have in the United States 70,000,000 of people, all well housed, well clothed and well fed.

Seventy millions of people wanting nothing and all prosperous!

Seventy millions of people with unrestricted access to the means of life!

Seventy millions provided with every comfort and every luxury known to our higher civilization!

There is a plethora of riches in every home. There isn't a loose dollyband in the land!

There is no want anywhere and no fear of want!

Never in the whole course of history have any people been so universally well supplied with everything that makes life worth living!

Nobody is poor! Everybody is rich!

"Production has outrun consumption!"

Hurrah for us!—Social Democratic Herald.

Bacon on Money.

Following is what Lord Bacon wrote about usury:

"The discommodities of usury are, first, it makes fewer merchants; for were it not for this lazy trade of usury, money would not lie still, but would in great part be employed upon merchandising, which is the true means of wealth in a state; the second, that it makes poor merchants; for as a farmer cannot husband his ground so well if he sit at a great rent, so the merchant cannot drive his trade so well if he sit at a great usury; the third is the decay of customs of kings, or states, which ebb or flow with merchandising; the fourth, that it bringeth the treasure of a realm or state into the hands of the few; for the usurer being at certainties, at the end of the game most of the money will be in the box, and ever a state flourished when wealth is most equally spread; the fifth, that it beats down the price of land, for the employment of money is chiefly either merchandising or purchasing, and usury waylays both; the sixth, that it doth dull and damp all industries, improvements and new inventions, wherein money would be stirring if it were not for this clog; the last, that it is canker and ruin of many men's estates, which in process of time breeds a public poverty."

Padded Statistics.

When you tell a hireling of plutocracy or a fellow who has been stuffed by some plutocratic newspaper that the working people are getting worse off year by year, he is quite apt to spring some statistics at you showing that the rate of wages is on the increase. You can easily take the wind out of such a fellow's sails by telling him that such statistics are prepared by capitalists or capitalistic toadies with the intention to deceive. Tell him that those figures are bolstered up by including the fat salaries of gilt edge managers and corporation presidents. Here is just one instance, but it is a significant one: President Sessions of the typewriter trust gets a salary of $50,000 a year. Such figures help out the statistician wonderfully.—Social Democratic Herald.

IT IS BARBAROUS

The Cruelty Practised on Political Prisoners

BY GENERAL ARAVATE OF SALVADOR.

A Judge and an Editor Publicly Whipped.

San Francisco, Oct. 14.—The City of Panama has arrived from South American ports, bringing news of executions and horrible cruelties in Salvador upon political prisoners. In Armenia, a small city of the republic, a prominent citizen was shot, while two others died in prison as the result of cruelties on the part of General Aravale. In the police station two men were tricked up by the thumbs and two colonels were shot. These officers had distinguished themselves in the army under the regime of the president.

Twenty ladies have been expelled from Salvador, among them being the wife of one of the most prominent citizens of Salvador City. Furthermore, under the direction of General Villegas five persons were shot in San Pedro, while at St. Michael many were executed.

An editor incurred the displeasure of the government by a publication in defence of certain students. For this offense he was publicly whipped, as also was the judge who rendered a decision in favor of the students.

EDITORS DINE IN BOSTON.

Boston, Oct. 14.—The eighth annual reunion and dinner of the Republican Editorial association of Massachusetts was held yesterday afternoon, and brought together a distinguished gathering of newspaper men, beside a large number of Republicans. Governor Wolcott dropped in just to tell the members of the association that other matters would prevent him from staying to dinner.

T. Maloney of Rutland, late candidate for governor of Vermont, has accepted the invitation of the Democratic state committee to speak at the ratification meeting of the state ticket next Monday night. The chairmen of the various city and town committees throughout the state have been invited to meet the state committee for a conference.

Secret Service Agent D. Redfern says that New Englanders cannot be too careful in scrutinizing paper money. The amount of counterfeit money in circulation hereabouts is astonishing. Among some of the seizures made within the past few days are a bill of the 8-denomination, one of the $20, several tens, a large number of fives and a much larger number of twos.

The Massachusetts Single Tax league held a meeting last night and elected the following officers: President, William Garrison; secretary, H. Fillebrown; treasurer, Mrs. Twitchell; auditor, Edward Twitchell. Several speeches were made and $630 were raised by subscription to carry on the work. The treasurer showed the receipts and expenditures to be $1,100.

ITALY AND COLOMBIA.

Washington, Oct. 14.—On inquiry at the Colombian legation with reference to the suspension of relations between Colombia and Italy, the charge of affairs made the following statement: "It is true that the Colombian government has passed a decree suspending relations with Italy. I have not seen the text of the decree, but I am advised officially that it guarantees to Italians the protection of the laws and besides that the British legation is charged with protecting Italian interests in Colombia. This act of the Colombian government is without doubt the result of popular indignation at the hostile measures adopted last summer by the Italian government with its fleet in Colombian waters, on the pretext of some failure on the part of Colombia in fulfilling the award of President Cleveland in the Cerruti case."

A Tempter
of fickle appetites, a builder of muscles and nerves, a healthful, digestible, economical aid to every meal, between meals and for picnics and excursions.
Favorite MILK BISCUIT. Sold everywhere. Made only by NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

Dominion Line BOSTON SERVICE
(U. S. and Royal Mail Steamer)
S.S. "CANADA" (New)
9000 Tons, has been appointed to sail as follows:
THURSDAY, SEPT. 27, 1.30 P. M.
S. S. New England
THURSDAY, SEPT. 8, 3.00 P. M.
ST. LAWRENCE SERVICE.
Steamers from Montreal every Thursday.
Saloon passage $75 and upwards, according to location and season.
Second cabin (very superior accommodations) $42.50; return $78.85; Steerage Passage $25.
For passage, plans and information apply to the company's office, 360 State street, Boston, or in Lowell to
Dennis Murphy, Agt., 18 Appleton street; J. F. O'Donnell, Market, corner Worthen streets; F. B. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, G. A. Bernston, 780 Gorham street.

Merchants and Travelling Men
having business down town can economize time in the busy part of the day by stopping at
Hotel Albert, New York,
COR. 11TH ST. AND UNIVERSITY PL.
[One block from Broadway cars.]
Rooms, $1 Up. RESTAURANT Prices Reasonable.
Good beds—good food—quiet airy rooms—close to heart of wholesale district.
Half portions served, making it possible for one to dine alone at moderate cost.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES, ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations, at Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, last of all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA.
Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. General Agents.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS

Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner
For Over 14 Years
these highly meritorious preparations have stood at the head of all hair restoratives. More than 3,000,000 bottles have been used by the American people, and thousands of testimonials bear witness to their excellence, while there were never any complaints when directions were followed.
Ask your druggist about it.

FREE
Medical Examinations Saturday.
DR. MARY NEWCOMB
Of Salem, Mass. By special request she will take an office in Lowell at No. 63 Kirk street, off Merrimack, on Saturday of each week. Hours: 9 to 6 p. m. Her name is widely known through New England as performing many wonderful cures, and hundreds of invalids who were given up as incurable, are today enjoying the best of health. Remember by the natural gift of intuition she is enabled to locate disease at once, giving all the symptoms.
Medicines, natures remedies, which are compounded from roots, barks, laps and gums.
A specialty is made of all chronic and nervous diseases of both sexes. Has been located 15 years at Salem, Mass., 139 Essex street, treating these diseases with marked success.
TERMS MODERATE.

N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,
Runels Building, Merrimack Square,
Lowell, Mass.,
is the ONLY FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS and SHORTHAND TRAINING SCHOOL in this part of New England, nearer than Boston; and we challenge ANYONE to dispute it publicly. OPEN DAY AND EVENING.
W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. Williams, Mgr.

SCHOEFFLER'S
DYSPEPSIA CURE
CURES
DYSPEPSIA.
25c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmacal Co., Newark, N. J.

MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.
Commencing Thursday, Oct. 13, 14 and 15, with Matinee Each Day.
May Howard's Extravaganza Co.
Everything new from start to finish. New Co., new ideas, new wardrobe, new scenery; 3 new burlesques written by Fred Solomon and Edgar Smith; Ladies' Alimony Club and Secret Servers, sparkling dialogue; entrancing musical; gorgeous costumes; magnificent scenery; an elaborate creation of elegance, introducing the peerless and dashing queen of burlesque, Miss May Howard and twenty pretty girls.
Seats on sale at box office.
October 17, 18 and 19, with Wednesday Matinee the Barnum of All Attractions.
Al. Reeves' BIG BURLESQUE CO.
Of 25—Whites—25 and 25 Blacks—25.
Presenting Comedy, Vaudeville, Minstrel, Opera and Burlesque. All New Scenery and Grand Electrical Effects.

BREVOORT HOUSE
NEW YORK,
Homelike Hotel of Envious Reputation.
FIFTH AVE. AND EIGHTH ST.
Near Washington Memorial Arch, Washington Square.
The location is unsurpassed and is absolutely unexcelled for business and sight-seeing; all the cable and rapid transit lines passing within two blocks of the door.
The hotel is managed on both the European and American plans.
The regular tariff charge for each person will be: European Plan, $1 and upwards; American Plan, $3 and upwards.
JAMES & MEYER, Props.

It is Easy to Love
your neighbor as yourself when your neighbor is a pretty girl. It is just as easy to take Dows' Cough Wafers, because they're like candy. They relieve that hacking and coughing. 359 Central St.

BAY STATE
Dye House
Poverty is no crime, but to be a penny wise and a pound foolish is what most of the people are and if they were not they would not throw their old clothes away when they are not half worn out, and this applies to the ladies as well as gents.
Now what we wish to say is that we know just where you can save dimes and often dollars by bringing your old winter clothing to the
BAY STATE DYE WORKS,
54 Prescott Street.
and when we get done with them they will look almost as good as new. Just give them a trial order and you will feel like thanking us for our advice.

SUFFOLK LOAN CO.
(CORPORATION.)
343 Washington Street, Boston, up one flight. (Near entrance to Horton Tavern.)
MONEY TO LOAN
At legal rates of interest on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, legacies, shares, bonds or any other good security.

TAXES

Collector's Notice.
The assessors have committed to the Collector of Taxes, the
TAX LIST FOR 1898,
With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth and the Ordinances of the City of Lowell the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein and he is now ready to receive payment of said taxes at his office in City Hall.
When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the Collector will proceed to collect the Tax as directed by the General Statutes.
WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.
SUMMONS, bearing costs, will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.
INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent. per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 20, 1898, until the same shall be paid; and such interest shall be added to and considered a part of said Taxes. Poll Taxes are assessed upon every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the tax. Each partner is liable for the whole tax assessed under the partnership name.
The assessors are now distributing Tax Bills. If any taxable inhabitant by removing his residence since the first day of May or from any cause, should not receive his Tax Bill, he must consider the tax demanded by this notice and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes if a tax has been assessed.
All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.
THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1898 IS $18.00 ON $1000.
Office Hours: From 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M. For the convenience of the Tax Paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows: Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from October 3 to October 15, inclusive, 7 to 8 o'clock P. M. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, from October 17 to 20, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock P. M.
Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence May 1st, 1898, and bring it with you.
CHARLES F. COBURN,
City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.

You Won't Need Bellows
To induce your coal to burn if you buy it of us. Our coal burns when you ask it to—and it all burns, too. It will save heat, time, temper and money for you. This is a good time to lay in your next season's stock.
D. W. HORNE & SON,
15 Central Street.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Golden Cream India Pale Ale And Porter.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE
JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.
Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.
The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:
JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
NOEL TRAVERSY.
J. H. McCAFFREY & CO.
PATRICK TEAGUE.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.
It can also be found at the following places:
FRANK BARNARD.
JNO. H. BURKE.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
WM. H. MERRITT & CO
P. H. BROSNAHAN & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
SMITH & DUNN.
F. H. CALLAHAN & CO
EDWARD F. FAULKNER & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
FRANK BRADY & CO.
JAMES CALNIN.
D. T. FINNEGAN.
FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED)

FLOWER STANDS
All Kinds.
APPLE PARERS
Corers and Slicers.
MEAT CUTTERS
All Kinds.
FRUIT PRESSES
For Small Fruits.
FRUIT PICKER
With Long Handle.
FIBRE PAILS and TUBS
BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

Notice, For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $20 Suits for $15; his $25 Suits for $20; his $30 suits for $25. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

THE WONDERFUL NEW DRINK
"GLORIA"
ASK FOR GLORIA.
Gives the vigor and pleasure of youth. Half a day of new and vigorous life in every drink. Try it. 5 CENTS A GLASS.
S. BARTLETT, Agt., 109 and 101 Middlesex St.

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company
Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.
SEWELL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.
Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is
$1.00 One Thousand Feet.
First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $1.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 5,625 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans and Prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. H. Emery
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock
And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.
GEORGE W. ENRIGHT'S
Corner Willie and Broadway.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 127 Central St., Opposite American House.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.
COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block.
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.
LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street.
PHOTOGRAPHERS.
W. A. LEW, 49 John Street.
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.
J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge St.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.
DR. DONEHUE, Runels Building.
DENTIST.
DR. WARKER DENTIST
LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY
Wholesale Dealers in
Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neatsfoot Oil,
SOAP AND SOAP POWDER,
Hides, Calfskins and Pelts,
Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.
532-4—Telephone—322-3.
DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 9th, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing, Flat Copy and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.
GATELY & PEARSON,
SOLICITORS OF PATENTS
Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty.
41 HILDRETH BUILDING.

THE SUN EXTRA!

6 O'CLOCK

BIG POLITICAL FIGHT

Among the Republicans of 25th. Rep. District.

Hayes and Watson Nominated But the Chelmsford Men Fight Against Ramsey's Attempt to Rob Them of a Representative According to Allotment.

The 25th district republican representative convention was held in the republican headquarters in Wyman's Exchange at 10 o'clock this morning and was largely attended and as a fight was expected on the nomination of a third man, for Chelmsford claims candidates according to an apportionment, while Rep. James Ramsey, who, by the way, resides in a democratic ward, wants Chelmsford to stand aside for another year and give him a third term.

The meeting was somewhat late, owing to the delinquency of some of the delegates, but no time was lost after the meeting was called to order.

The convention was called to order by George L. Fowler who was made temporary chairman and Carl J. A. Sanderson, temporary secretary.

A committee of six on credentials, representing wards 4, 7, 8, and Chelmsford, Tyngsboro, and Dunstable.

The committee on credentials reported as follows: Ward four, 7; ward seven, 11; ward eight, 18; Chelmsford, 5; Tyngsboro, 2; Dunstable, 0. Total, 46. Entitled to vote, 52. Two of the delegates from ward eight who lost credentials were allowed to vote. The wards then filled their vacancies.

The temporary organization was then made permanent with 56 delegates present.

Robert Mountford of ward four then arose to favor Rep. Ramsey's cause by presenting a new apportionment. He argued that one year in office was not sufficient for a representative as new men each year could not do as good work as men with experience. He then asked that the following allotment b accepted by the convention:

For ten years ending 1906: Ward eight, one each year from 1897 to 1901, inclusive and two in 1905 and 1906; total, 12. Ward seven, one each year from 1897 to 1906, inclusive; total, 10. Ward four, one in 1897, 1898 and 1899 inclusive; total, 3. Chelmsford, one in 1900, 1901 and 1902, inclusive; total, 3. Tyngsboro, one in 1903. Dunstable, one in 1904.

Hon. Frederick Lawton suggested that the matter be laid on the table as it required considerable thought before being acted upon, and he so moved it. Mr. Mountford was agreeable and the matter was tabled.

Mr. Lawton then nominated from ward seven, W. H. I. Hayes by acclamation and W. H. I. was so nominated. Z. Wm Sartevant then moved to nominate Walter S Watson and Watson was so nominated.

Mr. Mountford then moved the adoption of his apportionment and Mr. Mathews seconded the motion.

Mr. McKay, chairman of the Chelmsford delegation, opposed the apportionment. He said that an allotment is an evidence of bad faith. To be fair, that allotment should have been made two years ago. It looks as if Lowell didn't want any out-of-town representatives. "You must stand by your original agreement. We have no assurance that you would live up to this new agreement. This idea of changing agreements is not fair. The sentiment in Chelmsford is so strong in favor of the Chelmsford candidate that if you do not live up to your original agreement, you cannot hold the Chelmsford republicans in check. Live up to your agreement, man-fashion."

Mr. Ed. Lachance of ward eight went into ancient history as he called it, to show that the Chelmsford people were playing a double-headed game of politics. In the Cushing-Shaw fight, the Chelmsford people illegally barred out the delegates of Cushing and Ramsay and would not let voters vote Cushing and Ramsay ballots. The check list out there does not correspond with the ballots cast and if Mr. Ramsay had been given a fair show at the caucus, he would have carried the town.

"Dunstable hasn't even a delegate down here and if she doesn't take interest enough in it to send a delegate, I believe in taking her representation away."

Mr. McKay in reply stated that the men who came to the Chelmsford caucuses to vote for Cushing and Ramsey were all democrats and that Mr. Ramsay made his headquarters with a leading democrat.

He was promptly called down by the chairman and several members who said that he had no proof that they were democrats. He then urged the convention to stand by his agreement.

Mr. Ferris asked Mr. McKay several question about the "freeze out" on the ballot and Mr. Lachance asked what reason Mr. McKay could give for barring any candidate. He said his reputation for truth would compare favorably with that of McKay.

Mr. Mountford said the town committee had told him that the Australian ballot would not be used.

Then G. S. Coburn made a point of order stating that the question was on the apportionment and not on what was done in Chelmsford.

The point was well taken and the previous question was in order, although ward four's delegation asked for an opportunity to present its case. Several members asked for further information in the matter.

Ex-Councilman George said that Dunstable had made a request that it have one representative in 1901 as in that year it is to have a centennial celebration, and wants the honor of having a resident in the legislature in that year. This change would affect Dunstable.

Mr. G. S. Coburn as a disinterested member spoke in favor of standing by the original allotment on general principles. He said:

There is a question of honor in the matter which cannot be gone behind and all personal motives should be laid aside and we should stand by the original agreement like honorable men.

Rev. N. W. Mathews, a delegate from ward four, stated that there is an almost universal sentiment in favor of a change of allotment, while ward four has a list of 250 voters in Chelmsford who are in favor of it. There is a well grounded sentiment in ward four in favor of having our three years continuous.

Mr. Lawton then caused a small sensation by stating that the officers of the Chelmsford caucus were criminally liable by refusing to accept a ballot.

It was then voted that Samuel Naylor of South Chelmsford and Daniel Riordan of North Chelmsford be allowed to testify regarding the Chelmsford caucus.

BOWDOIN DISFRANCHISED.

Samuel Bowdoin of East Chelmsford stated that both he and his son and several others were refused an opportunity to vote because they wanted to vote the Ramsay ballot. He was told he could vote a long ballot, but no other.

Stuart McKay of Chelmsford then opened up the other side. He said he was in a barge with 15 or 16 men, but was there in time to vote on the ballot matter. There were two barges from North Chelmsford and the one he was on was the last one. He said that it was a turbulent meeting and that Lowell men disturbed the meeting and were ordered out as they should be, in his judgment.

It was then decided to take a yea and nay vote by ballot on the change of allotment.

VOTE TAKEN.

The vote was as follows:

Whole number	50
Yes	27
No	23

And the allotment is changed.

It was moved and carried that the chairman of each ward and town committee serve as a district committee.

While the vote was being taken, the lone delegate from Dunstable blew in, bringing his whiskers with him.

Mr. Mountford then thanked the convention and nominated James P. Ramsay.

Mr. Ramsay was then nominated by acclamation.

A rush was made for the door, but on the suggestion of Mr. George, committees were appointed to bring the nominees before the convention.

Then Mr. Butterfield, the Dunstable man, wanted a chance to talk and he got it. He had a vigorous kick to make stating that Dunstable had not been notified of the date of the convention and the only one who knew about it was a democrat in Tyngsboro.

Mr. Butterfield of Tyngsboro said that he received no notice of the date of the convention.

The district committee was authorized to fill vacancies.

FAVORS HIGH LICENSE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Col., Oct. 14.—Thomas Newell, a prominent citizen of Boston, who has just returned from Alaska, where he has spent four months annually for the last 13 years, says the district should have a representative in congress and should have the protection of adequate land laws. He also thinks that the prohibitory liquor law enforced to protect the Indians, but now possible of evasion, with a great population of white men and thousands of miles of unguarded sea coast, should be replaced by high license producing revenue sufficient to pay many of the expenses of the territory.

ART EXHIBITION.

All day yesterday, Maynard's art store at 142 Merrimack street, was crowded with ladies admiring their elegant display of fancy work. It is well worthy of everyone's inspection. If you have not seen it, call this week.

VERY REV. FR. LEFEVRE, The New Provincial of the Oblate Order, Who Was the Honored Guest at Associate Hall Last Night.
(See Page Three.)

A PLOT DISCOVERED

To Overthrow the French Government at Paris.

The Authorities to Take Prompt Action—Another Insurrection in the Philippines—Aguinaldo Opposed.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Oct. 14.—It is announced here this morning that a military plot against the government has been discovered. The Pappel, Aurore and Petite Republique Francaise publish almost identical stories on the subject. It appears that the plot was discovered by a general holding an important position. The plotters were to have taken action on Saturday, during the absence of the minister of war, General Chanoine. It further appears that when the government was warned of the plot, the ministers were not surprised, having obtained information regarding the conspiracy.

The Matin says the plot was not in favor of one of the pretenders to the throne of France who has been talked about for some time but was only for the purpose of changing certain officials without touching the president.

The premier, M. Brisson, was among those who were not surprised when notified of the plot. He promised to take action in the matter.

PHILIPPINE BATTLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Manila, Oct. 14.—A rumor here says that Macabulos, chief of the five northern provinces of the Philippine Islands, has rebelled against Aguinaldo and that hard fighting has already taken place between the opposing factions.

It is also reported that General Rios, the Spanish commander at Iloilo, has sent emissaries from that place to undermine Aguinaldo's influence and induce the natives to demand that Spain retain the Philippine Islands.

GENERAL SHAFTER

Tells Why Landing Was Not at Aguadores.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—General William R. Shafter, in an interview here regarding the Santiago campaign, says as to the suggestion that the landing should have been made at Aguadores:

"Any commanding general who would have landed his troops at Aguadores in preference to Baiquiri ought to be court martialled and shot for incompetency. It was not a good beach on which to land. The ground was covered with a vine or plant more deadly than the poisonous ivy. Through this the soldiers would have had to cut their way. The point was strongly defended and there was no water between Aguadores and Santiago. Had I landed at Aguadores and invested Santiago, the Spanish would have had a road over which they could have retreated from the city if they so desired. My army went in over the hills and cut off the Spanish retreat."

STARKWEATHER DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Nashua, N. H., Oct 14.—Alfred G. Starkweather, for nearly half a century clown in many circuses, died this morning. He was 76 years of age and had been retired from the show business several years.

HAGAN HELD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Oct. 14.—Arthur Hagan, who was arrested in Chicago a week ago and brought to this city charged with the murder of drug clerk Russell here on April 4th, 1898, was arraigned in the Superior criminal court here this morning and he pleaded not guilty. He was held without bail.

BOILER EXPLODED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 14.—A special from Ionia, Mich., says that the boiler of a wing of the asylum for dangerous and criminal insane people, exploded last night, killing one man and badly injuring three others.

A BIG FIRE.

Henry Edward's house, barn and brush factory to Andover were destroyed by fire this noon.

CHANGE MADE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Jacksonville, Fla., Oct. 14.—An order was issued from headquarters yesterday by which the Seventh Army Corps is changed from three divisions to two divisions of three brigades each. This change was made necessary by reason of the many regiments recently sent away to be mustered out. As at present arranged, the corps consists of twelve infantry and two cavalry regiments. Definite orders have as yet not been issued as to when the corps will leave for Savannah.

PROMINENT LAWYER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Foxcroft, Me., Oct. 14.—Hon. H. M. Robinson, of Dover, a prominent lawyer, and the oldest member of the Piscataqua bar, died last night. He was 81 years of age.

MILES WAS SNUBBED

Probable Reason for His Feeling Toward Alger.

What the War Documents Disclose — Alger's Orders From Washington Counteracted Those of Miles on the Scene of Action—Lexington Trouble—Color Line at Santiago.

Washington, Oct. 14.—After devoting the forenoon to hearing the testimony of Dr. Hoff, a chief surgeon of the Third army corps at Camp Thomas, the war investigation commission gave the remainder of Thursday to the reading of papers submitted by Secretary Alger, with his statement concerning the conduct of the war. The documents reveal that General Miles recommended the occupation of the Isle of Pines about the time of the battle of Santiago, and that Secretary Alger disapproved the suggestion; that he recommended that a point between Santiago and Porto Rico be taken previous to the beginning of either campaign; that there was an apparent conflict of authority between the general and Shafter at Tampa before the Santiago campaign was inaugurated, and that orders were issued by the secretary of war that, in the event that General Shafter should be disabled by sickness or other cause, the command of the troops at Santiago should devolve upon General Wheeler, and upon the next in command in case of disability of both Shafter and Wheeler.

During Dr. Hoff's examination he said that he knew of no case in which men in the hospitals had been compelled to lie on the ground; but he thought there were probably cases in which sick men had been kept under tiles for several days. He was asked if it was true that at night there was an average of only one nurse to each 40 patients in the hospital of the second division of the Third corps, and said this could not be true.

Dr. Conner read an extract from a letter from the Arkansas governor saying that he had made a personal investigation of the conditions in this hospital, and that he had found "the conditions deplorable — simply disgraceful." He charged that the doctors in the institution were all northern men, unfamiliar with diseases incidental to the south; that there were cases of fever in which patients had gone without water for 24 hours and in which sick men went without attention from a surgeon, or without receiving a dose of medicine for a week. Replying, Dr. Hoff said that several southern physicians were engaged at the hospital, and that he did not think it possible that men could have been neglected as indicated by the governor's letter. He had not heard of such cases.

Dr. Hoff said that there had been a shortage in medical supplies for several weeks, but there was generally sufficient to meet the immediate demands. Some requisitions had been returned by the Washington authorities because improperly filled, and he was under the impression that there had been complaints of some suffering on this account. There was considerable delay in securing flooring for the tents.

"Was there any deprivation on account of the shortage of tents and of medical supplies," asked Governor Woodbury.

"It was so reported," responded Dr. Hoff.

"Whose fault was it?" was asked.

"Not mine," he replied.

SOLDIERS AT ODDS.

Cincinnati, Oct. 14.—A Lexington special to the Times says that the trial of Private Kitchen, who killed Private Nygram, Twelfth New York, was postponed till Saturday because a new outrage had stirred up such feeling that violence was feared. Sergeant McClellan of the Third Kentucky was caught after midnight by a party of Twelfth New York soldiers and so maltreated that he may be injured for life. This aroused bitterness against the New York regiment on the part of the Kentucky regiment, and it was deemed unwise to risk an outbreak by proceeding with the trial of Kitchen.

COLOR LINE IN SANTIAGO.

Santiago, Oct. 14.—A question has cropped up that is causing General Wood, who, in the absence of General Lawton, is in command of the military department of Santiago, not a little perplexity. A majority of the officers of the immune regiments from the southern states object to eating at the same restaurants with colored officers, most of whom are from the northern states. Some of the colored men, apparently desirous of bringing the matter to an issue, formally reported that they could not get served at the principal Spanish restaurant, under Spanish law, whereas the American law compelled a proprietor of any house of public entertainment to serve all who paid. The proprietor involved complained that if served, the colored officers he would lose almost his entire patronage, as a majority of his customers were southerners. General Wood appealed to the common sense of the colored officers, and advised that the restaurant be turned into a club.

FAKER'S REPORT

Purporting to be From Wainright Board.

FOUND TO BE A PURE FABRICATION.

Deputies Mustered for Service at Virden.

Washington, Oct. 14.—The publication of what purported to be the report of the Wainwright board on the parts taken by the respective vessels of the United States fleet in the destruction of Cervera's squadron caused considerable commotion in the navy department. In view of the fact that the report had not reached Washington at the date of the publication, an inquiry was set on foot by the department to ascertain first, whether the publication was accurate, and second, who was responsible for the discourtesy involved in the publication of an official report before it had reached the navy department. Commander Wainwright, the head of the board, very promptly disclaimed any knowledge of the publication, saying that he had left instructions that the report was to be transmitted by the recorder, Lieutenant Capehart, to the commander of the North Atlantic station, Commodore Philip. The commodore, in answer to an inquiry, returned the following dispatch: "I saw report of Wainwright board first time tonight. Articles in the papers manufactured by a reporter entire; no word of semblance between the two."

Commodore Philip has not transmitted the document to the department, but something is known of its general character, and this knowledge tends to show a misconception of the functions of this board. Admiral Sampson, who appointed the board, chose the navigators of the vessels in the fleet that were engaged in the battle of July 3. He made but one exception, in the case of his own flagship, the New York, refusing to nominate a member. The navigators of the Brooklyn, the Gloucester, the Texas, Iowa and Indiana were all members of this board; but the New York had no representative. It was directed to ascertain and report the positions of the vessels engaged in this action. It did not exceed this instruction in any point in its report, which comprises very little more than a chart on which the positions of the vessels are defined. This chart is the result of the combination of all the data contained in the separate charts made by the various navigating officers of the fleet. The report is said to be unanimous, being signed by the navigating officer of the Brooklyn along with the others. It draws no conclusions; makes no deductions; and neither takes from nor gives credit to any officer of the American fleet from the admiral down. To do so would be to exceed the instructions to the board; and what it has presented other than the instructions is, as already stated, nothing more than a diagram from which the facts may be gleaned by individual inspection.

ANOTHER LOAD OF NEGROES.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—President T. C. Loucks of the Chicago-Virden Coal company made the following statement last night: "Our employes, having waited at Atlanta in order to get to their destination without further attack from mob violence and to begin the labors they were hired to perform, asked that they be again brought to Virden. Their train accordingly left Atlanta at 2 o'clock and arrived at Virden at 5.20. Mr. Gray, general superintendent of the Chicago & Alton railroad company, told me that when the train arrived his conductor was ordered by the officer in command of the troops to not unload his passengers, but to take them and the train out of town. The conductor took the train to Girard, five miles beyond Virden, where he stopped and asked for orders as to the disposition of his passengers. Mr. Gray wired for such disposition. We replied that the matter was out of our hands as soon as our employes reached Virden, and that if the military authorities had the power to do a thing like this it was a question now between the Chicago & Alton railroad company, a common carrier, and the military or state authorities, that executive power had been exceeded, and that redress therefore would be later obtained in a legal manner."

BEGUN BY THE DEPUTIES.

Springfield, Oct. 14.—Assistant Adjutant-General Ewart has mustered into the Illinois national guard three companies of the Sons of Veterans regiment and will muster in a fourth company for service at Virden.

Adjutant-General Reece has returned from Virden. He states that, from the best information obtainable, the firing was begun by the deputies on the train. The bodies of the dead men showed the wounds ranged downward, indicating that shots were fired from the train and tower. General Reece denied the statement of Manager Lukens of the Chicago-Virden company that he and Lukens had an understanding about troops being sent to Virden when Lukens needed them.

The miners held a mass meeting yesterday, at which it was declared that the imported negroes must be taken out of Springfield. Secretary Ryan says the United Mine Workers' union will not be responsible for them.

SITUATION IS GRAVE.

London, Oct. 14.—Henry Asquith, Liberal member of parliament for East Fife and former home secretary, in an address to his constituents, spoke of the situation at Fashoda in a strain similar to Lord Rosebery's declaration Wednesday at Epsom. He said it was the duty of patriotic Britons and lovers of peace not to say a word that might even seem to impair the title of Lord Salisbury's government to act, in the name of a united people. "Grave as is the situation," he continued, "it is difficult to find a cause for real dispute, as the international status of the valley of the upper Nile cannot be a matter for serious controversy between the French and British governments."

PRESSING THE SULTAN.

Rome, Oct. 14.—Great Britain, Russia, France and Italy have decided to reject the porte's suggested modification in the ultimatum to the Turkish government on the evacuation of the island of Crete, particularly the sultan's proposal to hold three fortified places, with garrisons sufficient to protect the Mohammedans and to defend the ottoman flag. They are sending an identical note to this effect to Constantinople, reminding the sultan that every Turkish soldier must leave Crete within the time specified in the ultimatum.

WILSON'S SCORES.

BREAK ALL FORMER RECORDS AT WAMESIT ALLEYS.

It was Wilson-Pawtucket-Belmont night at the Wamesit alleys last night. The Pawtuckets won by almost 100 even, though Wilson did put up the record breaking score of the tournament, 570. Wilson's 222 in the second box also smashed the scores that were formerly made in the tournament. The score,

PAWTUCKETS.

	1	2	3	Totals
Chapin	118	113	167	463
Grover	109	202	123	433
Weston	120	151	161	434
Sawyer	165	172	167	494
Goulding	170	165	203	536
Totals	774	828	813	2415

BELMONTS

Adams	161	136	169	466
Pels	163	107	140	480
Russels	122	160	113	395
Stevens	153	111	150	414
Wilson	156	192	222	570
Totals	764	766	794	2324

PROBATE COURT.

Wills allowed of Solomon Thompson, Louisa S. Bateh, Lowell, exrx.; Phineas Whiting, Clara Whiting, Lowell, exec.; Timothy Dailey, James F Sullivan, Lowell, exec.; Ward Charters, Susan M. Charters, Lowell exrx.; Eva Whiting, Charles M Whiting, Lowell, admrx.; Thomas Whiting, Jr., Charles M. Williams, Lowell, admin.; Ann Whitehead, Thomas J Sparks, Lowell, admin.; Ann Maguire, Philip Maguire, Lowell, admin.; John J. Barrows, Hannah E. Barrows, Lowell, admin.

Pay your taxes now.

DISLOCATED HIS SHOULDER.

John Crane, an employe of the Hamilton Manufacturing company, slipped and fell on the railroad track in the yard yesterday and fell into a hole at the end of a sleeper, dislocating his shoulder. The ambulance removed him to the Corporation hospital.

MISSING MAN.

Alexander Ross, an old man, aged 84 years, has been missing from his home in Charlestown, for several days and it is expected that he came to Lowell to visit his son Monroe, who resides in Cross street. A telgram was sent to this city, but no information concerning the missing man has been received.

FOUND A HORSE.

A man coming through Dracut Centre in the direction of Lowell last night, found a horse and buggy not far from the Yellow Meeting House. Nearby he found a hat, but the owner was nowhere to be seen. He took the team to 1107 Bridge street, where it awaits an owner. Captain Kew notified the officer patrolling in that vicinity but nothing further was learned in this case.

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SAD MINE DISASTER

Five Men Killed and Many Wounded by Explosion.

Gas Forced From Old Mine Caught Fire—The Mine Owned by the Lehigh Company—Meeting of Monarchs.

Tamaqua, Pa., Oct. 14.—Five men were killed and 11 injured by an explosion of gas in a colliery in Coaldale, near here. The dead are: Fire Boss Smith, William R. Reese, Matis Clarke of Coaldale and William Cook and John Kosnicka of Lansford. Kosnicka died after he had been taken from the mine, but the other men met instant death. All were married and leave large families. The most seriously injured are: William Lawton, badly burned; James Rogers, leg broken; James Walter, burned about head; James Powell, shoulder broken; Evan Evans, seriously burned about the face and body; Daniel Durrian, leg broken; Reese Price, badly burned; Patrick O'Donnell, burned about the body; John Gallagher, nervous shock.

The colliery is the largest producer of four in that valley owned by the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company. It has a capacity of over 300,000 tons of coal and employs 500 hands. In consequence of fire, which originated in the left section of the mines some months ago, shifts of men were put to work driving holes from the gangway through which water was to be forced upon the flames. While the men were building a dam to back up the water, the gangway caught fire. Nearly 100,000 gallons of water were turned into the holes, and almost instantly a terrific explosion occurred, followed in quick succession by four lighter explosions. The gangway was torn up for over 300 feet and workmen were blown about in all directions.

Rescue gangs were put to work, and an hour later it was thought that all the dead and injured had been found. The supposition is that the great body of water sent into the holes forced volumes of escaping gas from some of the old workings back upon the flames, causing the explosion.

A 9-HOUR WORKDAY.

THE MOVEMENT TO SECURE IT FOR BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS.

After Many Futile Attempts the Typographical Union Now Expects to Win a Shorter Workday—A Talk With Chairman Murphy.

[Special Correspondence.]

A shorter workday for printers throughout the United States and Canada, at all points under the jurisdiction of the International Typographical union, is a possibility of the near future. Since the Colorado Springs convention of the International work along the lines of a reduction in the hours of the workday in book and job offices has progressed wonderfully both in the actual inauguration of the new system in some offices and in preparation for a universal demand at a set time. Too much credit cannot be given the shorter workday committee of the International, of which Mr. James J. Murphy of New York is the chairman. Since its appointment this committee has been untiring in its labors. In addition to the work of organizing the shorter workday movement in the local unions and in harmonizing and perfecting the local machinery that all may turn smoothly at the proper time the committee has had many interviews with employing printers individually and has also had to deal with the employers' organization, the Typothetæ. As a result of these interviews the conference between the Typothetæ committee and committees of the I. T. U., the bookbinders and the pressmen was arranged to take place at Syracuse during the convention of the International Typographical union.

I met Mr. James J. Murphy, chairman of the printers' shorter workday committee, recently, and, being interested in all movements of the kind, I engaged him in conversation upon the subject of his special labors.

"A number of attempts have been made during the last 25 years by members of the International Typographical union to reduce the hours of labor," said Mr. Murphy. "At times success has been met with and in other cases a determined resistance on the part of employing printers gave a temporary setback to the movement. At the convention held in Colorado Springs in October, 1896, the present movement was launched by the introduction of resolutions calling for the submission of the proposition of a united demand for a shorter workday in book and job offices to a referendum of the membership. The proposition carried with it the request that unions be asked to levy an assessment for the purpose of raising special funds to carry out the demand for the nine hour day, each local union to have control of the funds it raised.

"The membership supported the proposition by a vote of about 4 to 1, and President Prescott appointed a special committe of five, of which I have the honor to be chairman, to carry on the International's part of the work.

"The committee met in Indianapolis last year and unanimously decided that no general demand for a shorter workday would be effective unless backed up by a fund of reasonable proportions, to inaugurate an active propaganda in favor of reducing the hours of labor and to send circulars and literature to every subordinate union, inviting its cooperation, and to work along lines of a complete plan which the committee had prepared, as they realized that the shorter workday could only be secured by united action and a vigorous and carefully planned campaign. Every president of a local union was asked to appoint a special committee of five active, earnest workers to assist the International Typographical union committee, and after statistical information was received from them the following circular was sent out:

"To Shorter Workday Committee:

"The first duty of your committee, after the accumulation of funds, is organization. Bring every office in your city strictly into line as to union rules, and keep it so.

"Bring every nonunion printer into your ranks. Use every means to make your city thoroughly union on its present basis.

"If you have an allied printing trades council, enlist its support. If there is none and there are unions of pressmen, stereotypers, bookbinders or other allied trades, take immediate steps to form one.

"If there are no unions of allied trades and there are enough men working at any branch to form one, organize them at once.

"If the bookbinders, pressmen or other unions have a local shorter workday committee, arrange a joint meeting and work together wherever possible. Do not let any past differences stand in the way of bettering your condition. If there are no local committees, get the unions to appoint them at once and get to work.

"The day for enforcing the shorter workday is rapidly approaching. Do not be caught unprepared.

"If any officers whose duty it is to attend to matters herein mentioned are remiss, do not hesitate to spur them up. The interests of the union must not be jeopardized by the carelessness of one or two members who happen to be in positions of responsibility.

"Work, prompt, effective work, will carry you through. It must be done, and you are the ones to do it. You will be held responsible for failure. But do not shrink from your duty, and there will be no failure.

"The reception accorded this circular was most generous and has been the means of strengthening and solidifying our allied trades already organized, and in a number of cases the formation of new councils.

"The information received by the International Typographical union committee at this time was of such a nature that they were in a position to agree on a date for the general enforcement of the shorter workday, and the following was sent to the membership:

"To Officers and Members:

"The International Typographical union shorter workday committee has fixed the date on which the shorter workday shall go into effect 'in all book and job offices under the jurisdiction of the International Typographical union.' The day is not far distant—positively before the end of the present year.

"It may not be out of place to state that since the inception of the recent agitation of the International Typographical union over 70 unions have reduced the hours of labor, and at the present time 153 unions are now working on a shorter workday basis.

"The recent action of the International Brotherhood of Bookbinders at the Toronto convention in endowing their shorter workday committee with full and plenary power is an indication of the progressive sentiment among their membership and is of such a character as to inspire their fellow trades unionists with hopes of ultimate success. At the convention of the International Printing Pressmen's union, held in Cleveland in June, legislation affecting the shorter workday was given the most careful consideration, and at a conference held in that city during convention week, at which the leading representatives of the unions forming the triple alliance were present, the date agreed on by the printers was acceptable to the pressmen and bookbinders. This means much to every one of us. We have now but to do our duty, and the ten hour day is a thing of the past in the printing industry.

"Members of the International Typographical union have every reason to revere and be loyal to the parent body. Notwithstanding the prodigious introduction of typesetting machinery during the past several years, displacing temporarily, as it has done, hundreds of our fellow members, by conservative action the International Typographical union has succeeded in reducing the number of hours and in increasing scales of wages."

Mr. Murphy expressed the opinion that the Syracuse convention of the International Typographical union, which was to begin its session within two or three days after my talk with him, would be one of the most important ever held by the organization, though the fact might not be fully realized until after the final settlement of the shorter workday question. JAMES.

New York.

The Retail Clerks.

The secretary of the Retail Clerks' National Protective association reports eight new locals organized since the adjournment of the convention a few weeks ago. This association is also meeting with fair success in its attempts to establish the early closing custom and the six day week. The national organization is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, and in nearly all cases the locals are connected with the central labor bodies.

CURRENT EVENTS

ECCENTRIC OAKEY HALL

Wrote an Obituary Sketch of His Career.

TO BE PUBLISHED AT DEATH.

The Well Known Ex-Mayor of New York Gave the Story of His Life Several Years Ago to a Newspaper, With Instructions as to Its Use. Modesty a Characteristic of His Life—His Career Was Full of Vivid Experiences.

Abraham Oakey Hall, ex-mayor of New York city, who recently died, wrote an autobiographical sketch of himself for the New York World in 1893. This he sealed with directions that it be used at his death. It reads as follows:

I have left directions with my son:

First.—No publication in death columns until after burial, and funeral strictly private, without fuss or funeral feathers or bother to acquaintances.

Second.—No flags at half mast except on Lotus and Press club staffs.

I can only hope this will be allowed, and yet in late years family custom as well as the law strangely disregards dying wishes and the commands of decedents. Why fuss over the remains as a whole when we do not collect cast off hair from a barber's shop or pared nails from the atelier of a manicure?

What I now pen is written with a view of its being my own obituary. I was often in life twitted with eccentricity. It is a trait of the Oakey family. The Oakeys on my side are direct descendants of that Colonel John Okey (as the spelling was 200 years ago) who joined in the eccentricity of being one of the regicides of Charles I. And doubtless the fact that I write my own obituary notice will be regarded as the crowning eccentricity of an eccentric career.

I was born July 26, 1826, at Albany in the house of my maternal grandfather and namesake, Abraham Oakey, then and for many previous years deputy treasurer of the state. He had married the daughter of an exiled French count, the Count d'Assignio. My paternal grandfather was an Englishman who married a native of Wales. Their son, my father, was a merchant in New Orleans, where he was buried when I was scarcely 3 years old. Some of my early years were passed in New Orleans and Albany.

But since the age of 5 I have been a resident of New York city, where I was first schooled and where I graduated in 1844 from its university. Thence I went to Harvard Law school in the declining days of Professors Story and Greenleaf and where I had as fellow classmates and boarding inmates the after President Hayes and the subsequent Governor Hoadly of Ohio. Sketches of my knowledge of Judge Joseph Story while there are embraced in his son's biography of that great jurist. Thence I went to New Orleans to study civil law; was there admitted to its bar, Judah P. Benjamin being one of my examiners, while I took certificate from John Slidell and where I engaged at a dinner party made the acquaintance of Jefferson Davis, then, as colonel of a Mississippi regiment, en route to Mexican battlefields.

I was again admitted to the bar in New York city during October, 1848. In 1851 I was appointed assistant district attorney. I was elected full district attorney in 1854, again in 1861, again in 1864, again in 1867, and in 1868 foolishly and reluctantly resigned that office (for which I was fitted by taste and training) for the office of mayor, for which I was unfitted by habits, taste and training. I was reelected in 1870. In the spring of 1871 found that the municipal ship I commanded had fallen into the hands of pirates. After suffering a "walk over the plank" I successfully swam ashore. If my political life was short and bitter, my professional one was long and sweet as founder of the once noted law firm of Brown, Hall & Vanderpool, the latter having been a college chum, and we agreeing at the university to study law and become partners. The partnership continued from 1853 until 1877.

Whether I acquired fame as a lawyer and advocate can be best learned from my contemporaries or—and pretty continuously—from nearly 100 volumes of the law reports. My first law case of importance is to be found in the eighth volume of Howard's reports of United States supreme court, to which I was admitted on motion of Attorney General Reverdy Johnson. The New York statute books from 1853 to 1877 contain about 50 acts which I drafted and assisted in procuring, most of them relating to reforms in criminal jurisprudence suggested by my experience as public prosecutor, and each of which in more or less compressed form yet live in the criminal codes. The metropolitan police law of 1857 and the charter of that year were solely drafted by me.

With the charter of 1870 I had absolutely no connection in a professional or political way. It was professionally the work of the late Judge John W. Edmonds, and politically of the New York senate, which passed by a vote, embracing both parties, of 30 to 2—singularly as that majority may read by the light of subsequent revelations and events.

I was in my day a noted social and club man. I have belonged to the South Side, Jalap, the Yacht, the Jockey, the Blossom and the Union clubs. I have been one of the governors of the Manhattan club, and I die a life member and ex-president of the Lotus club and an honorary life member of the world renowned Press club. I began very early to write for the press. In college days I assisted a slender income by being a reporter and writer on The Sunday Aurora (that rose like the fabled goddess; but, unlike her, set to rise no more). The Noah's Messenger, the New York American. While a law student I wrote for The Evening Tattler and Evening Signal, The Sunday Mercury, The Brother Jonathan, The Western Continent and the New Orleans Delta and Bulletin. As a young practitioner I wrote for the International and Harper's magazines, for The Evening Mirror and Home Journal of Morris & Willis, The Literary World, edited by the Duyckincks, and The Broadway Journal in the days of Harry Francis Briggs and Edgar A. Poe. During the exacting, dutiful days of district attorneyships and mayoralties I was only a slapdash amateur unpaid journalist for the New York daily newspapers and The Weekly Leader. In 1876, threatened severely with symptoms of paresis, I was medically ordered to adopt the only reliable remedy adapted to that insidious disorder—change of employment.

I at first became an actor, but really quitted the stage because that profession was so distasteful and health distressing to an aged mother, to whose nurture and care I owed all that was good in my composition, who believed a theater was a limited section of sheol, and next went upon the editorial staff of the New York World when owned successively by Tom Scott and Jay Gould, who sought to control it for their Wall street purposes. There I continued from 1878 to the spring of 1888 in pleasant journalistic association with Messrs. Hurlbert, Montgomery Schuyler, John H. Copleston, Lanigan the versatile, Tom Wilson, the amiable cynic; the philosophic John G. Speed, the Addisonian Nat Babcock, the kaleidoscopic Julian Ralph, the genial Krik (Harry Cricksmere), the musical and literary Gustave Kobbe, the clever Jim Graham, the omnipresent Whitley and the Crichtonian James B. Townsend, who on that paper first invented the word "dude."

When Gould quitted ownership of The World, I became editor of The Daily Truth, owned by a speculative gentleman named Hart, who had made a fortune as a theatrical manager, but when I discovered that he was using the paper for his personal private uses I resigned. Then it was I received an offer from Commodore Bennett to come to London as subhead of his bureau there. From January, 1864, to October, 1869, I there remained. "Why" and "how" I have abundantly told in recollections published during my lifetime. It is to the journalistic and literary episodes of my career I recur in memories the oftenest. But I claim that my episode as district attorney during so many years entitles me to claim that (notwithstanding my many mistakes in other respects) I deserve metropolitan remembrance. I as prosecutor was never persecutor. I never convicted an innocent accused. I perhaps made mercy too elastic. I never placed victory above justice. And I quitted the office without even political aspersion upon any one of my official acts.

I shall pass from this to the other life with only one regret—that of leaving to follow me one who is all of this world to me. I feel as Sir Charles Coldstream, in the comedy of "Used Up," felt when he languidly said to every offer for change in order to better his health: "Been there! There's nothing in it!" In moral and religious beliefs I am a Swedenborgian, and in that belief much of my life has been soothed. I cannot conceive how any lawyer who diligently tests the later life, the trances and the writings of that marvelous seer by logic connected with the testimony of his contemporaries and of many who did not even believe in his claims—and they were modestly expressed and without not of proselytism—can doubt that he, like St. John at Patmos, was allowed to visit and obtain revelations from the other world.

I have long believed in those revelations. They rob death of any sting and grave of any victory. They are summed up in Longfellow's lines about transition. Death, in the words of St. Paul, simply changes us "in the twinkling of an eye." Stage direction would say: "Exit from mortality. Enter immortality. Exit the physical 'myself.' Enter et remanet the spiritual 'me.'" What—and no more and no less—"me" was in mortality it exists in immortality. I do not expect to be, after death, an inmate of heaven. I was not pious in life, and church and its associations, although not unpleasant and charming in sentiment and effects, were not attractive to my mortal life. Thus heaven would not be attractive under the Swedenborg revelations.

But there are consociations in the next world those proclaim. And among the majority I should somewhere find congenial consociation and work. The curtain of mystery of course falls on our exits to the other world, and only (what without irreverent intention I denominate) the stage managers behind the curtain know what are there, the scenes and the drama, while the mortal audience on this side of the curtain cannot know those scenes or those occurrences.

I have had a big share of experiences. These of the "myself," known only to the "me," are infinitely larger than all that my relatives and friends and the world at large can ever fancy. I have often been asked as regards certain things, "What has been your experience?" My answer has always been—borrowed from an old writer—"Experience resembles in effect the stern lights of a ship. It illumines only the track sailed over and can shed no light on the track to come." I should like to hear today as I prepare this Thanatopsislike screed the name of one man whoever profited by the self narrated experience of any other man which militated against the judgment of the asker and listener.

In dying I shall remember the publicans and not the Pharisee. I have been taunted with caprices in political faiths. The taunt is mistaken. I have successively been at various exigencies of political events a Seward Whig, a Fremont Republican and a Democrat. A Seward Whig naturally became a Republican when new issues on the Missouri compromise and Kansas arose. A Republican lawyer might logically and naturally become a Democrat when military law in northern Union states usurped the civil law and when the "bloody shirt" was waved beside the restored flag of peace with union. The man who dies with the unchanged "sympathies of youth" beneath his "Mineto elbows" has not graduated with a degree of honor.

N. B.—Thus far to Easter, 1892. Unless I live to continue the editor can strike out cetera desunt and insert!

A CITY'S NOVEL INNOVATION

All Reporters In St. Joseph, Mo., Are Commissioned as Policemen.

Although St. Joseph, Mo., is not a city of great metropolitan pretensions, it has of late made a number of innovations that could be instituted in many cities of much greater size with satisfaction to all concerned. The latest of these is the commissioning of all the newspaper reporters as police officers.

When it is stated that the reporters have been made officers it is not meant that they wear the regulation uniforms and pose on street corners for the purpose of exciting envy in the eyes of all small boys and breaking the hearts of the "loidies." The reporters do not want that part of the policemen's duties. They are satisfied with what they have been given. Each reporter is an officer, sworn in regularly and allowed to carry a club and wear a star.

But the novelty of the unusual practice soon wore off and reporters learned to turn what was at first somewhat of a predicament into an advantage. On their daily rounds the newspaper men noticed that they were treated with more respect when it was known that they were dignitaries of the police department. People were more willing to give them news and now the reporters have very little trouble in performing their daily tasks.—San Francisco Examiner.

HOBSON'S LUCK.

Recovers the Binoculars Seized When He Was Made Prisoner.

"Hobson is certainly a lucky as well as a plucky chap," remarked Captain James O. Read of Pittsburg, now representing the quartermaster's department on board the transport Massachusetts, which is being overhauled at the navy yard in Brooklyn. "When Hobson was picked up in the water after performing his heroic deed," continued Captain Read, "he had his binoculars with him. They were suspended from his shoulders by means of a lanyard. Well, Cervera took possession of the glasses when Hobson and his men were made prisoners of war, and of course he hardly expected to see them again. A few weeks ago the lieutenant and I went out to the Maria Teresa, which then lay where she went down. The waters of the Caribbean sea are very clear, and while gazing into the depths something bright caught my eye. I called Hobson's attention to the find, and he let down a grapple and hauled up—can you guess? His own binoculars." Hobson luck ought to be as comforting as the Hobson kiss.—New York Cor. Pittsburg Dispatch.

THE SUDANESE TROOPS.

Why Those Who Fought the British Are Now on Their Side.

The Sudanese are splendid troops. There are six regiments of them, about 800 men in each. It is a curious thing to reflect on that among their ranks are between 700 and 800 men who fought against us at the Atbara. It will perhaps be a little difficult for those who are not well acquainted with the history of the Sudan to understand how these men could have come so entirely over to our side as within three or four months to be fighting against their former comrades, so I give the following explanation:

The inhabitants of the Sudan may be roughly divided into two distinct types—the Arabs and the blacks. The Arabs are the ruling race, the blacks being mostly slaves, who consequently have no particular love for their Arab masters, although, at the same time, they are on account of their bravery the khalifa's most trusted troops. The blacks, however, fight for sheer love of the game and are ready, as a rule, to side with whoever they think will win and treat them best, and it is these men who are now enlisted in the Sudanese regiments.

These Sudanese regiments present a very fine appearance. They are nearly all very tall men, slender, but at the same time very wiry, and their marching powers are wonderful. Their uniform is particularly neat and serviceable, consisting of a red fez, colored with kharki. On one side of the fez is a strip of colored cloth, varying with the different regiments, on which in brass Arabic characters is the number of the regiment itself. They wear a brown woolen jersey, kharki breeches, blue rethis and last, but certainly not least, a pair of enormous boots. Fourteen is a common size.

Their equipment is of brown leather, and they wear a bandolier belt for cartridges, kharki haversack and water bottle. They are armed with the Marthi-Henri rifle and bayonet. They are good natured fellows, and are inordinately fond of music, or, rather, a good noise. However, their bands are wonderfully well turned out, and will play for mile after mile without stopping. They are particularly fond of the bagpipes, and one or two of the regiments have pipers who have been trained by the highland regiments.—Cor. Dublin Express.

Music on a Gigantic Scale.

A gigantic musical instrument is being constructed for the Paris exposition. The machinery will be kept in motion by an enormous petroleum motor of six horsepower, and the music, it is promised, will equal in volume of execution some of the most famous instrumental bands.

Royal ABSOLUTELY THE BEST!
In style, fit, finish and durability they have no equal.
Superiority Unquestioned. Great variety of styles, lengths, colors and sizes.
Ask to see the new style, 545, French model, short hip, low bust.
Best fitting and most comfortable corset for ONE DOLLAR.
Sold by all first-class dealers.
Worcester Corsets
If your dealer can't supply you, write us and we will furnish you through the nearest dealer.
Worcester Corset Co., Worcester, Mass.

THE UMBRELLA DISEASE.

Strange Affliction of a Man Who Formed a Habit.

William Michaels, who lives in Armstrong county, Pa., recently returned from New York, where he has spent several months receiving treatment for a very remarkable disease. Mr. Michaels formed the habit of carrying an umbrella at all times and places. For many years he has continued this practice, using the umbrella as a walking stick. The constant pressure of a portion of the handle upon the ball of the thumb finally caused a diseased condition but rarely found or recognized by the medical profession. The disease began with a slight but continuous pain in the hand, which gradually increased in intensity until it became almost unbearable. Soon the muscles of the ball of the thumb began to contract and harden and apparently to grow fast to the bone. Local physicians were unable to give any relief or to discover the nature or cause of the disease. Finally it became evident that a process of ossification was going on and that the hand was slowly turning into bone.

It was not until the fingers had become hard and rigid and until the disease had paralyzed the wrist and showed signs of progress almost to the elbow that Mr. Michaels awoke to the necessity of seeking relief among eastern physicians. He then went to New York city, where he was treated for several months without success. It was finally resolved to resort to amputation to prevent the process of ossification from extending to the body and thus in time reached the vital organs, when death would result.

His arm was amputated at the elbow, as the disease had not yet extended that far. He has not experienced any further trouble, and it is not expected that he will. The disease is of very rare occurrence, but a few years ago a member of the British house of commons was similarly affected, the cause being the habit of constantly carrying a walking stick.

It is also said that the "ossified man," who a few years ago was exhibited in city museums, was afflicted with the same disease. In his case the exciting cause was a ill fitting shoe, causing undue pressure on the heel. In time his entire body became like bone. He lost all the power of motion, except in his lower jaw. Finally the disorder reached the heart and death resulted.—Pittsburg Leader.

BIG RISK IN KAISER'S TRIP.

Jerusalem Filled With Austrian and German Bands of Brigands.

The National Zeitung of Berlin reports that, in anticipation of the festivities planned for the kaiser's reception and sojourn in Jerusalem, the city is already thronged with crowds of German and Austrian tramps and vagabonds. These men, the Zeitung says, are a dangerous set, who spend their time for the most part in the wineshops, and are forming regular bands of brigands, who commit all sorts of crimes. Unless the Holy City is cleaned of this canaille, concludes the report, before the arrival of the kaiser in Jerusalem, the lives of his majesty and the imperial party will be greatly imperiled during their visit.

The National Zeitung in another article also expresses the fear that, in consideration of the nervous unrest in old world politics, a two months' absence of the German sovereign from the fatherland cannot fail to prove detrimental, and is a very risky adventure at any rate. A dispatch from Rome says that the Italian government has instructed the police authorities of the towns which Kaiser Wilhelm and his party will visit on the way to Palestine to take the utmost precautionary measures and to arrest all persons suspected of anarchistic propensities.

The railroad over which the imperial train will pass will be lined from beginning to end with soldiers who will carefully keep away all suspicious characters, as it is feared that the anarchists, who are increasing in alarming numbers, may attempt to blow up the train. —Special Cable to New York Journal.

King Wheat.

You may tell of your armored cruisers,
And your great ships of the line;
And swift or slow may steamers go
Across the billowy brine.
Like thunder may the cannon boom
To greet their flags unfurled,
And for an hour they may have power
To rule the frightened world.

From ocean shore to ocean shore
Lie lines of gleaming steel,
And night or day we hear alway
The ring of rushing wheel;
Though buffalo have left the plain,
And Indian tents are furled,
Nor steam nor hand at wealth's command
Can rule the busy world.

But where the hillside rises fair
In terraces of green,
And on the plain where wind and rain
Sweep fields of golden sheen,
Where sturdy yellow stalks arise,
With bannered heads unfurled,
Here you may greet the great King Wheat—
The ruler of the world.

Oh, hills may shake and vales resound
Beneath the flying car,
And driven by steam and winds a-beam
Our ships ride fast and far.
Cities may crumble 'neath the guns
Which guard our flag unfurled,
Yet all shall greet, at least, King Wheat,
For hunger rules the world.

—Ninette M. Lowater in Youth's Companion.

THE ETHICAL ARGUMENT.

High Principle Involved in the Eight Hour Movement.

Dr. George Hodges, writing in The Congregationalist of the eight hour day movement, says it is "essentially ethical, being in the direction of the betterment of manners and the increase of happiness." The underlying principles are: That the most important factor in the industrial and social situation is not a machine nor even a sum of money, but a man, and that men in order to be men must have some leisure. They cannot have moral or mental manhood without it. To the objection that men will not use leisure time aright he concedes that holidays have been often abused, but believes that a reasonable faith in human nature will be a sufficient answer; that when life is so adjusted that men can they will make helpers of the school, the library and the church.

He meets the objection that the reduction of working hours will demoralize industry and bankrupt the employer by the results wherever such conditions have prevailed. It has been repeatedly demonstrated that the successive lessening of hours of work has not caused "diminution of production, fall of wages, rise of prices or slackening of trade." Instead the quality and quantity of work have often been improved. He cites as a representative case that of the Salford Iron works. Mr. Mather, employing 1,200 men at eight hours a day, says they have produced more in the shorter than formerly in the longer time, "owing to the unimpaired and cheerful energy on the part of every man and boy throughout the day;" that it seems that now they are working in harmony with a natural law. Dr. Hodges refers to the war as the result of the ethical argument and closes his discussion of the question thus: "The war was felt to be necessary for the sake of manhood; that our neighbors might live like men. The eight hour matter must be met and decided on the same high principle. The interests of individuals must yield to the interests of the community."

CZAR AND LABOR UNIONS.

How the Great Advocate of Peace Secures That Article at Home.

The czar of Russia favors worldwide peace. At home he is bound to have it—at the point, if need be, of bayonet or sword.

The New Charter, a San Francisco weekly, publishes what it declares to be "a confidential circular, issued by the Russian minister of internal affairs, communicated from a trustworthy source. It is an illustration of the growth of the labor movement in Russia and of the attitude the czar's government assumes toward it."

THE CIRCULAR.

To the Provincial Governors, Prefects, Head Police Masters and Local Chief Officers of the Gendarmes:

An increased fermentation among the factory workers is being observed of late as well as attempts on the part of politically untrustworthy individuals to call forth strikes under different pretexts at as many factories as possible. So far as could be ascertained the existing intention is to strike work on the day which is regarded abroad as a labor holiday. It is therefore urgent to take at once and without any delay the necessary measures for a stricter surveillance of the workmen, for the stopping of any agitation that may be noticed in the workshops, and, in case of any strikes, for their suppression at the very beginning, besides the temporary increase of police supervision generally.

The appearance of different agitators in localities with a manufacturing population must be strictly watched, and so must be the spreading of the different appeals and other prohibited literature among the workmen, as also—and that in particular—the commencement of the so called propaganda among the workers. The agitators, whether people of the educated class or workmen, must be searched and arrested, and, according to results of searching and observation, either they must be indicted and a formal inquiry into their doings begun under clause 1,035 of the penal code or the question of the expulsion of the guilty according to the rules of the state of siege—i. e., administratively without any trial (this latter course is suggested in cases when the result of searching and observation would not reveal any proofs against the prisoner)—must be made to the higher administrative authorities.

In case of strikes it must be explained to the workmen (by arrangement with the factory inspectors) that their demand will not be listened to nor receive any attention until they resume work. The shortest possible notice must be given them for either resuming work or finishing all accounts with the factory. Those who have settled their accounts and received their money as well as those who have refused to do so (without resuming work) must be sent on foot and under guard to their respective homes. The money earned but not received by the last mentioned class must also be sent to their respective places, to be handed them by the local authorities.

Informing your excellency of all the above mentioned, I ask you to inform me without delay of all that may follow concerning this matter.

Railroads and the Law.

In 1893 a law was passed by congress ordering the railroads to equip all cars with safety appliances for the protection of human life and gave them until Jan. 1, 1898, to comply with the law. When that time came, the work wasn't done, and the railroads were still killing and crippling employees with reckless abandon. Then the time was extended two years longer. While ignoring a law of congress the railroads have killed 1,693 and injured 27,667 persons. If a starving man steals a loaf of bread, the law will grab him in a holy minute, but if hundreds are killed and thousands maimed by a railroad company contrary to law congress kindly overlooks the matter and gives them two years more time so that they can kill some more people. It is a blessed thing to be a railroad company in this free country.—Omaha Nonconformist.

PRESIDENT'S SPEECH

He Addressed Iowans Returning From Omaha Fair.

Speeches From the Train Platform in Response to Cheers—Gage Makes Campaign Speech Asking Support for President McKinley.

Glenwood, Ia., Oct. 13.—President McKinley was not permitted to leave for the east yesterday without making one more address to his western constituents who had gathered at the station to watch the departure of his train. Hundreds of eager people crowded about the rear platform, and as the flyer pulled out the president said to them: "I see that here in Nebraska, as in every other state of the Union, everybody loves the government and everybody loves the flag, and I cannot tell you how hard it is for me to bid you all goodbye."

Just across the river, at Council Bluffs, Mr. McKinley again responded to the cheers of a great crowd, and said: "My fellow citizens, I am very much gratified at your reception. I have just come from the great city of the west and have witnessed a wonderful exhibition of your genius, skill and industry as shown at the trans-Mississippi exposition. Nothing has given me greater satisfaction as I have journeyed through the country than to look into the cheerful faces of the people and to be assured from their appearance that despair no longer hangs over the west, but that you are having a fair share of prosperity; and, not only that, but you are having a baptism of patriotism in which we all rejoice."

At Hastings President McKinley spoke as follows: "It has given me great pleasure, as I have journeyed through this glorious state, to observe evidence both of patriotism and of prosperity. We have pretty much everything in this country to make it happy. We have good money, we have ample revenues, we have unquestioned national credit, but what we want is new markets; and as trade follows the flag, it looks very much as if we were going to have new markets."

At Red Oak, Ia., the president faced a crowd of 5000. He said: "What nation of the world has more to be thankful for than ours? We have material wealth; we have rich and fertile lands; we have great shops and great factories that make everything. We have skilled workmen; we have genius for invention, and in the last 30 years we have achieved commercial triumphs which have been the wonder of the world. We have come out of events of the last five months glorious in our victories and more glorious in the results which are to follow them. We are fortunate in the virtue of our people, and in the valor of our soldiers and sailors. We have been patriotic in every crisis of our history, and never more patriotic than from April, 1898, to the present hour. Our patriotism must be continued. We must not permit it to abate, but we must stand unitedly until every settlement of the recent contest shall be written in enduring form and shall record a triumph for civilization and humanity. I am glad to be at the home of that gallant young hero who went down in the harbor of Havana, Ensign Merritt. I am glad to pay a fitting tribute to him and to all the other heroes of the war. His name and his fame will be sacredly guarded by his own neighbors and fellow citizens, and will be always held in remembrance by a grateful people."

The president then introduced Secretary Gage, who said: "It is to me a source of pride and satisfaction that you, the people of this mighty west, can be brought into contact as you have been brought into contact with this man, the president of the United States, to whose judgment, wisdom, courage, virtue, fortitude, zeal and patriotism the fortunes of the American people are so fully committed. Citizens, he is worthy of your confidence and love; support him by your sympathies and your confidence."

Postmaster General Smith spoke next. "You are here," said he, "to greet the president of the United States. You have given him your confidence and your support through the greatest crisis and emergency which this country has faced since the civil war, because you knew that he is firmly devoted to the welfare of the entire American people, and has given his earnest purpose to the promotion of the interests of our whole country. In his further work you will continue the confidence and support which you have thus far given him, and in the settlements which are to come he will have the support of the American people as he has had in the great conflict through which we have passed."

By far the largest and most vociferous crowd of the day had gathered at Creston. When the presidential party ascended the platform 12,000 persons cheered the president. Mr. McKinley said: "I do not know a period of our history when the country enjoyed more real and substantial prosperity than it does today. In every one of the great industries of the country we are feeling a degree of prosperity which gives new hope to all our people. Not only are the people reasonably prosperous, but the government is alike prosperous. We have had no bad luck lately. We have got along fairly well thus far, thanks to the patriotism of the American people, and thanks to the valor and courage and heroism of the boys of Iowa and of the rest of the United States."

At Chariton, Ia., the president said: "We have been very fortunate as a nation in the last six months. We have made much progress in a very little while. We have made some substantial gains without resort to arms. We have the people of Hawaii that came to us free and independent and asked to be annexed to the United States. Wherever our flag floats it is always for the sake of humanity and the advancement of civilization. Territory sometimes comes to us when we go to war in a holy cause, and whenever it does, the banner of liberty will float over it and bring, I trust, blessings and benefits to all of the people."

BASE BALL.

Baltimore, Oct. 14.—In the initial inning of yesterday's game four hits and four runs were garnered by the Bostons. The latter were off in their work at times, however, and in the seventh inning the Baltimores secured three runs and the game. Attendance, 1,435. Score:

Baltimores.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
McGraw, 3 b	1	2	0	2	0	0
Keeler, r f	4	0	1	3	0	0
Jennings, s s	4	0	1	1	6	0
Kelley, c f	4	1	1	2	0	0
Demont, 2 b	4	1	1	1	4	0
Holmes, l f	4	0	0	1	0	0
Clarke, 1 b	3	0	0	14	0	1
Heydon, c	1	1	0	2	1	1
McJames, p	3	1	1	1	4	0
Totals	28	6	5	27	14	2

Boston.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Hamilton, c f	3	1	1	2	0	0
Tenney, 1 b	4	1	1	10	2	0
Long, 2 b	4	1	1	2	2	0
Duffy, l f	4	1	1	1	0	1
Collins, 3 b	4	0	3	2	3	0
Stahl, r f	4	0	0	0	0	1
Yeager, c	4	0	0	4	3	1
Smith, s s	4	1	1	2	3	1
Willis, p	3	0	0	1	1	1
Stafford, x	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	35	5	8	24	14	5

x—Batted for Willis in ninth inning.

Baltimore ....2 0 0 0 0 1 3 0 —6
Boston .....4 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—5

Stolen bases—McGraw, 2. Three-base hit—Jennings. Earned runs—Boston, 2. First base on balls—Off McJames, 1; off Willis, 4. Hit by pitched ball—Heydon. Struck out—By McJames, 3; by Willis, 1. Passed balls—Heydon, 1. Wild pitches—McJames, 1. Left on bases—Baltimore, 2; Boston, 4. Umpires—Gaffney and Brown.

Gardner pitched a good game for the Pittsburghs, but Taylor did better for the Chicagoes, and was better supported at critical stages.

The Phillies won a double header from the Brooklyns, and thereby clinched their place in the first division.

Every run tallied at the polo grounds in New York excepting one had an error attached to it. The Washingtons were the worst sinners in this respect and the giants won easily. The New Yorks tried Puhl, an infielder from the Connecticut league.

END OF THE CONCLAVE.

Pittsburg, Oct. 14.—The turning point in the Knights Templar's conclave came yesterday when some of the visitors began to prepare for their return. The resources of the local entertainers were by no means exhausted, however. Several detachments went out sightseeing early in the morning. Street car parties went to local points of interest. For those who remained in the city there were concerts and other entertainments at the headquarters of the various commanderies.

Officers were elected and Louisville was selected as the place where the next conclave is to be held. Reuben H. Lloyd of San Francisco was chosen master, H. B. Stoddard of Texas deputy, C. M. Moulton of Chicago generalissimo, H. W. Rugg of Providence captain general, W. B. McIlish of Ohio senior warden.

Joseph A. Locke of Portland was elected junior warden, Wales L. Lines of Meriden, Conn., and W. Mayo of St Louis were re-elected grand treasurer and grand recorder respectively.

NEW HAMPSHIRE RED MEN.

Manchester, Oct. 13.—The great council of Red Men was held yesterday. There are now 27 tribes and 2413 members. During the year $4508 were spent for relief. The tribes have $9309 invested and $2601.93 in their wampum belts. In the degree of Pocohontas there has been a slight loss, three councils having disbanded. There are 13 councils and 901 members.

The following great chiefs were elected and raised up to their stumps: Sachem, Levi N. Edwards, Wolfeboro; senior sagamore, E. D. Seaver, Manchester; junior sagamore, E. W. Hodsdon, Centre Harbor; prophet, J. F. Emery, Stratham; chief of records, J. F. Whitehead, Dover; keeper of wampum, Benjamin Herbert, Manchester.

NEGROES IN WANT.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Mr. Lyons, the register of the treasury, has received a letter from James Hill, collector of internal revenue in Jackson, Miss., in which he makes an appeal for aid in behalf of the colored people there who, owing to the quarantine against yellow fever, are unable to obtain work. The letter says: "Nearly all of the white people have left the city. We have at least 4,000 or 5,000 colored people in the city, and from 2,500 to 3,000 have to be fed by charity. The city is strictly quarantined. Many are suffering for the necessities of life."

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

IN TWENTY YEARS

A Bank Cashier Stole Large Amount

FROM BANK OF WHICH PLATT IS PRESIDENT.

A Dutch Crook to bo Extradited.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Charles D. Dawes, comptroller of the currency, wired the cashier of the Tioga National bank of Owego, N. Y., of which Senator T. C. Platt is president, to close the doors of the institution, receive no more deposits and transact no more business. This action was taken as a result of a recent examination, which disclosed a large defalcation on the part of Eli W. Stone, the assistant cashier of the bank.

Stone died Wednesday night shortly after he had been confronted by the examiner with the defalcation. He confessed his guilt. The examiner reports that from as careful an examination of the books as he has been able to make, there is no evidence whatever of any complicity on the part of the other officers of the bank. The defalcation occurred through the manipulation of the individual deposit ledger by the assistant cashier, who acted as receiving teller. It is understood that the peculations covered about 20 years, small amounts being taken at a time. This was made possible by Stone acting at times as both receiving teller and individual bookkeeper.

TO SURRENDER A SWINDLER.

Washington, Oct. 14.—The secretary of state has issued a warrant for the surrender to the authorities of the Netherlands of Barend J. Stranders, who was committed by an extradition magistrate of New York for having obtained money under false pretences. His scheme was to obtain money from brokers on consignments of tobacco which he represented to be worth about $15,000, though as a fact they were worth about $1,000. The New York and Boston people repudiated these drafts, and Stranders was arrested at the instance of the Dutch authorities.

LABOR TROUBLES IN PARIS.

Paris, Oct. 14.—In consequence of the committee of the Railroad Men's union deciding in favor of a general strike and sending instructions to the provincial branches to cease work, with a reminder of the secret measures agreed upon at the railroad men's congress for the hindrance of traffic in the event of a strike, the police raided the offices of the committee and seized all the papers.

In consequence of a false report that the police intended to close the labor exchange, there was considerable excitement among the strikers, who gathered in large numbers around the building, remaining until dispersed by the police.

The troops have been ordered to remain in barracks. Owing to the threatened strike of railway men, the stations at Rouen, Amiens, Grenoble, Arras, Bethune, Lons and other points have been occupied by soldiers. All the railway stations in Paris are occupied by the military. The companies have engaged extra men and taken other precautions for possible, but unexpected, defections.

The builders voted in favor of a general strike.

HAVE ABOLISHED HAZING.

Hanover, N. H., Oct. 14.—As a result of the action taken by the Dartmouth college authorities on recent cases of hazing, the students at a mass meeting voted to abolish the custom. There has been an exceptionally large amount of hazing during the present term, and a committee of the faculty investigated a number of cases. The committee ended its investigation on Tuesday night, and, pending the action of the faculty on the matter, the representatives of the different classes met and drew up a resolution, which was accepted.

MRS. SHERMAN PARALYZED.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Mrs. Sherman, wife of the former secretary of state, lies at her home in a very critical condition. A stroke of paralysis has affected her right side, and even in brief periods of consciousness she is unable to speak. Mrs. Sherman's health always has been exceptionally good, and while she is well advanced in years, her physicians hold out the hope that she may recover the present attack, though they realize that the chance is small.

EMPEROR IS DYING.

London, Oct. 14.—The British, German and Japanese ministers in Pekin, according to a special despatch from Shanghai, have vainly sought for a week past an audience of the emperor.

An official of the foreign office says the emperor lies in a dying condition in a small building on a lake near the empress dowager's palace, where no man can penetrate.

PETER H. SAVAGE.
Undertaker AND Funeral Director
169 WORTHEN ST.
Telephone connection 464-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE
Henry W. Garrity, Prop.
CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.
Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.
The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.
M. H. Carey (Clerks) H. Gervais

LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL
Evening Classes Begin Oct. 17.
Special entrance examination in Arithmetic and English on Friday, Oct. 14, at 7 p. m.
Art Students Now Received.
Prof. George will continue his classes as usual both day and evening. Apply immediately.

WANTED.

WANTED—A partner with $450 to invest in a profitable amusement enterprise. Address M. E. Cushing, 100 Church Street, Lowell, Mass.

SITUATION WANTED by a young man, would work for board and go to school; well experienced around horses; the best of references. Address A., Sun office.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS—Don't prepare for any civil service examination without seeing our illustrated catalogue of information. Sent free. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C.

PLEASANT HOME WORK for men or women, day or evening; $6 to $18 weekly; no canvassing or experience needed; plain instructions and work mailed on application. Brazilian Manufacturing Co., New York City.

WORK WANTED—Washing, ironing and house work wanted by Mrs. Brendel, 230 Dutton street.

WANTED—Art model, young female, for light work. State experience, if any, and wages expected. Herb. Haeart, this office.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their old felt hats dyed and blocked in the latest shapes at the Hat Mandbery, 101 Merrimack street, up stairs.

WANTED—At all times lady chorus singers. Apply by mail. Address Ivory, 30 Merrill street, Lowell.

WANTED—Saleswoman to assist in the introduction of an article of merit; salary. References required. Call or address A. P. T. Hicks, Room 84, Bon Marche building, Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—600 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Low's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 427 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

WANT BLUSH OF YOUTH, soft, delicate skin? Use Nocomis Roman Secret. At all drug stores. A. W. Dow, A. E. Moor, agent for Lowell, corner of Gorham and Appleton streets.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A pocketbook on Appleton street. Owner can have same by calling at 78 Middlesex Street.

LOST—On Monday a pair of eye glasses. Finder will be rewarded at 751 Merrimack street.

TO LET.

TO LET—New house with eight rooms, 319 Stevens street. Furnace heat, cemented cellar, set tubs, and all modern improvements. Enquire of Walter H. Howe, 315 Summer Street.

TO LET CHEAP—A small tenement opposite Highland hall. Inquire at 198 Branch Street.

TO LET—Very pleasant small tenements Belvidere; rent low. Apply to F. A. Pennington, 283 High street.

TO LET—Choice low-priced tenements, ranging in price from $5 to $10 per month. T. H. Elliott, 61 Central street.

TO LET—Half a house of ten rooms at 9 Everett street; rent $10 a month. Apply at 318 High street.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 283 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

Weak Men Made Vigorous

What PEFFER'S NERVIGOR Did!
It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to Cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggist impose worthless substitute on you because it pays him a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund Money. Pamphlet free. PEFFER MEDICAL ASS'N, Chicago, Ill.
Sold by Ellingwood & Co., corner Central and Merrimack streets.

LANTERNS
FOR
House, Mill, Stable Carriage
And out-of-door use. Lantern Globes in white, red and blue. Parts of Lanterns lost or destroyed, furnished.
C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 TO 67 MARKET STREET.

IF
PETER WATSON
Was anywhere near the army camps the people of the country would not be asking for an investigation as to the feeding of the starving soldiers. He supplies enough of people in Lowell to make an army with the choicest line of bread, cake and pastry to be had in this city. There is nothing better than the best and Peter Watson's bakery is the best.
Ask for Peter Watson's celebrated Bread and take no other. Bakery from
52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.
Weddings and parties supplied at short notice and orders delivered to all parts of the city.

Our Stand
is at 400 Merrimack St.
We can fit your feet with Boots, Shoes and Rubbers. Reliable goods, lowest prices. That's true economy.
F. E. LABARGE, Prop.
CITY HALL SHOE STORE
400 Merrimack St.

Sewing Machines
For $24.00
You can buy the same machine that others sell at $60. We have no canvassers; you get his commission by buying at our store.
Ring's Big Store
221-229 DUTTON ST.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A first class confectionery store on one of the principal streets doing a good cigar, tobacco and fruit trade. Owner having other business is obliged to sell. Call at this office.

FOR SALE—Trimmed hats of every description; lowest prices in Lowell. Turban, all trimmed, for $1.39 and $1.75. Ladies can save from 25 to 40 per cent. by buying their Hats from Mdo. Maxime Lepine, the milliner, 357 Moody street, cor Race.

WAGONS—My remaining stock of high grade democrats, Concords, square wagons, panel side wagons, together with a variety of Eastburn wagons, buggies, etc., will be offered at very low figures to close. J. F. Libby, 59 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—11 acre farm, 7 miles from Lowell, not far from electrics. Easy terms; price only $350. T. H. Elliott, 54 Central street.

CALL at 252 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford and Washington streets good cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land, lots of fruit. Price only $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—In Billerica small farm of 10 acres, fair building, near cars. This is a bargain; price $350. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Furniture and carpets at a sacrifice; nearly new. 179 Chapel street, 1st bell.

FOR SALE—Ten ELDANS for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

ANYTHING and everything in the line of RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. The best linen marker in use only 25c. J. M. Fellows, 168 Merrimack street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pinehurstville, a nice 8-room cottage house, with all modern improvements, 8000 feet of land, lots of fruit, near bridge. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

OWNER IN NEED OF MONEY—A lot of land containing 4000 feet, 50x80, on a 53 foot street, 15 minutes from Centralville Lowell. Price $100, also two second-hand furnaces. Inquire at 1128 Bridge street.

FOR SALE—Near Broadway and School streets good house and large lot of land for a little money. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Good corporation boarding house, lots of boarders. Must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. Have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street, Boston.

FOR SALE—Good farm for the money, 10 acres of land, good buildings, 9 miles from Lowell on main road. Price $850. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CONSULT MADAM GLENDENING, scientific palmist. Advice on love, business marriage, tells past and future, also locates diseases, etc. 186 Appleton street.

James Walsh,
Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardener. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for paving down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouses and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 158 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

If You Are Short
And want a loan we can help you out. Security taken, real estate and personal property.
DONOVAN & MANSUR
Room 1, Ewan Building, 20 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

If You Want Clean, Bright
COAL
Free from impurities, emit that ignites quickly and has good lasting qualities. Order of the
Middlesex Coal Co.
6 FLETCHER STREET,
And order now.
H. P. Hazey, President. J. J. Smith, Manager.
Telephone 371-2.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 GORHAM STREET.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

YOUR WORN OUT
Carriage will be taken for what its worth in exchange for any carriage built by us.
We build to order only, and every carriage we build is guaranteed by us. We would like to talk with you about carriages.
SAWYER Carriage Company
Worthen St., Lowell.

AN ARRAY
Of Ladies' Shoes made to protect the feet from the inclemency of the weather, which is so prevalent at this time of the year.
They are HAND SEWED SHOES, made from plump Dongola stock, with half double soles and kid tips, very stylish and comfortable. They do away with the annoyance of rubbers.
$3 a Pair.
J. J. LONERGAN.
215 DUTTON ST.

Millinery, Millinery
EVERYBODY IS TALKING MILLINERY.
So Are We
Our line of Millinery includes all the latest novelties in trimmed and untrimmed Hats, shapes, feathers, flowers and ribbons of all kinds and colors and all prices. Our new line of trimmed hats from the best houses in New York has just arrived and are now ready for your inspection and range in prices from $1.75 up to $8 and $10. Everybody ought to see the Hat we have for $3.98 and $4.98. These are two special bargains. Our $3.98 hat is equal to any $5 hat in Lowell and our $4.98 you can't duplicate in your down town stores for less than $10. Now we are right in it on Millinery and if you fail to visit
JOHN DRAIN'S,
111 Gorham St.
You make the mistake of your life.
Great bargains in Men's, Ladies' and Children's Underwear. All kinds and all prices. Our line of Hosiery is complete from the cheapest to the best.
One great bargain in Men's Heavy Blue Ribbed, our price only 15c., others ask 25c.; and hundreds of other bargains which space won't permit to mention.
As usual we are ready with a full line of Yarns of all kinds and all colors.
Scotch, Germantown, Saxony, Spanish. All kinds and the very best grades.
Remember the place,
JOHN DRAIN
IN BLOCK WITH McCARTIN'S BAKERY.

There is Strength In Harvard Ale.
The workingman who buys his pint of ale or beer cannot afford to lose money. The best costs him no more than the poorest. There is more strength and more refreshment in a pint of Harvard Ale or Harvard $1000 Pure Beer than in any other. Why not get the best?
Our guarantee of purity speaks for itself. See that you get the genuine. We bottle both Ale and Beer.
HARVARD BREWING CO.
LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.
We Brew Pure Ale In Our Ale Brewery.

MILLINERY FACTS
That our efforts to present to the attention of the Ladies of Lowell a handsome line of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, that are stylish and dressy, and at the same time reasonable in price, have met with their approval is evident by the large number we have sold the past week. For this week we shall offer the finest lines of BONNETS, TOQUES, TURBANS and LARGE HATS ever shown in Lowell for from $5.00 to $7.00 that will cost you from $7 to $12 in any other store in the city. Nice line of Walking Hats, Children's Dress Hats and Tams. Ostrich Wings, Ornaments and Fancy Feathers at the same small margin of profit. Best goods, small profits and quick sales is our motto. Come in when you want anything in Millinery. We can save you money.
HEAD & SHAW, THE MILLINERS.
169 MERRIMACK STREET.

DEWEY HAVE GOOD BUTTER
Well! Well!
Have just received a large lot of June Vermont Dairy and Creamery Butter in 5, 10 and 20-lb packages at prices that will keep our competitors guessing, and the quality that will please everybody. Give us a trial and we will convince you that we have no competitors in the city.
Bargains in All Departments This Week.
Banner Market
Prescott Street.

TEETH
No Charge For Extracting
$5 to $10 a Set
Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $10 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Rootless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists. Rooms 34, 35, 36, Runnels' Bld'g, cor. Merr'k & Prescott

TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets
HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.
stop forever all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it. The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold) $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSEY DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.
Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 317 CENTRAL STREET.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—6:57; sets, 5:02.
Moon sets—Eve.
High water—10:45 a. m.; 11:16 p. m.

Fair weather prevailed yesterday, except rains in the lake region, where a storm of considerable energy is central. It is moving over slowly eastward, and the cloudy weather and showers probable from it is likely to continue through tonight, probably followed by clearing weather Saturday morning and fair afternoon and night. At this time no great change is indicated in the temperature for the remainder of the week.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FLOWER POTS.

We have a lot of them and will sell them cheap All sizes from 3 cents up. Dickson Bros., the big ten dealers, 63 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star, French and German lines, sailing from Boston and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money sent to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Canada bills bought at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred Cigars.

Buy a Jacob Doll high grade Piano.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins, 223 Central street.

Watches, 75c. up. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

Save interest and cost by paying your taxes at once.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 439-4.

The opening night of "Joe's" Saturday Night Socials will take place at Prescott hall this week, Satruday. Music, Hibbard's orchestra.

The city treasurer's office will be open Friday and Saturday evenings, Oct. 14, and 15, from 7 to 8 o'clock, and Monday Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings, Oct. 17, 18, 19, and 20, from 7 to 9 o'clock, for the receipt of taxes.

Mr. Clinton R. Carpenter, who has been for the last two years employed at city hall in the office of the purchasing agent's department has accepted a position with the Atlas Tack company of Taunton and left the city Wednesday afternoon. He was chosen out of 30 applicants for the place.

The children must be shod with shoes. We have 10 pairs at 5 cents a pair. We have 75 pairs of ladies' boots at 50 and 60 cents, warranted. Slippers at 25 cents a pair, worth 50 cents a pair. We have all kinds of nails, leather, and razor straps, at give away prices. For the balance of the month, we will sell ladies' $3.00 boots for $1.75; also give a pair of nickel-plated heel plates free to the ladies.
William Wade, 23 Merrimack St.

LINCOLN CLUB.

The Lincoln club held an interesting meeting last evening. Vice President Alexander Mack presiding in the absence of President McDowell. Six applicants for membership were admitted and two other applicants were considered. When the news came from the republican headquarters that George E. Varney, a member of the club, had been nominated for representative, a committee was appointed to escort him to the rooms of the club.

When Mr. Varney appeared he was given a most enthusiastic greeting and responded with a brief address.

WONDERS NEVER CEASE.

That was the remark of a lady yesterday as she came out of 32 Central street. She had been told where to find her lost purse and she had come back to tell Madame Marlanie that she had found it and wanted to reward her. The wonderful gypsy palm and card readers are the talk of our city and a visit to 32 Central street will convince the most skeptical that they all get value for the money. Ten cents pays for full palm reading or your choice of cards if you wish. The camp will be located at 32 Central street for the month of October from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. Ladies will do well to go in the daytime.

CHESS AND CHECKER CLUB.

The team match at Lowell Checker club last evening was well attended including Messrs. Irwin and Thompson, two fine players from Boston and Providence, who played with the club.

The following scores were made and many fine games were played that evoked much interest and comment.

McKillop 0, Foye 1, drawn 1; Dearborn 0, Hill 0, drawn 2; Richardson 0, Irwin 0, drawn 2; Thompson 1, Morris 0, drawn 1; Saunders 1, Moore 1, drawn 0, Sheehey 1, Riley 1, drawn 0; Joy 2, Casey 0, drawn 0; Dowd 1, Cawley 1, drawn 0.

Totals—McKillop's side 6; Foye's side, 4; drawn 6.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Following is a synopsis of the bulletin for September prepared by the board of health:

Deaths during the month of September, 1893, 169; population estimated at 87,000; rate per $1000 inhabitants, 23.69.

Place of death—Ward one, 9; ward two, 23; ward three, 19, ward four, 14; ward five, 16; ward six, 20; ward seven, 33; ward eight, 8; ward nine, 9; almshouse, 13; Lowell Hospital, 1; Lowell General Hospital, 0; St. John's Hospital, 4; still births, 10; total number, 169; males, 86; females, 83.

Contagious Cases Reported.

	1898.	1897.
Diphtheria	6	2
Croup	1	1
Scarlet fever	23	6
Measles	0	0
Typhoid fever	21	25

Comparative Mortality and Death Rate for September.

	1898	1897
Deaths	169	162
Population (estimated)	87,000	87,000
Death rate per 1000	23.69	22.7
Per cent. under five years	57	51
Per cent. in zymotic class	20	128
Per cent in zymotic class including tubercular diseases	29	40

DR. [illegible] DENTIST [illegible] ST.

NEW VOTERS MADE

At Yesterday's Registration Session.

GREATER ACTIVITY AMONG THE POLITICIANS.

Many Swedes and Armenians Registered.

In both the afternoon and evening yesterday, the registration work was light. In all a total of 49 names were added to the check lists. The full list follows:

Ward One—George B. Murphy, 97 South; Clarence Edmonds, 395 Middlesex; Charles H. McBride, 23 Hamilton corp.; Joseph Bolsdair, 28 Lee; Liberto F. Tabor, 66 Third.

Ward Two—Joseph J. Redmond, 391 Market; Chas. S. Brunelle, 71 Hanover; Edward Sherlock, 133 Suffolk; David Thompson, 25 Suffolk; Thomas J. Wallace, Jr., 30 Lagrange.

Ward Three—Wm. W. Whitney, 1 Lane; Albert E. Smith, 1 Lane.

Ward Four—Patrick J. Cunniffe, 711 Central; Chas. T. Townsend, 15 Winter; Daniel J. Curtin, 42 Kineman; Francis J. Drumm, 353 Gorham; Alexander Craig, 58 Whipple; Samuel R. W. Willis, 307 Thorndike; Wm. H. Conroy, 689 Gorham; Edward T. Dowd, 212 Crosby; James J. Murphy, 217 Gorham; Patrick Cullinan, 10 Auburn; John Mahoney, 27 Madison; George J. Doyle, 9 Bassett; Frederick O'Brien, 118 Appleton.

Ward Five—Xavier L. Gonzales, 19 Tyler; Martin T. Galvin, 43 North; Patrick Gillogly, 40 Chapel; John J. King, 203 Lawrence; Martin F. Kelley 11 Mill; John J. Coolon, 31 Chapel; Charles A. McSwiggin, 10 Rogers.

Ward Six—Ernest Lanoue, 100 Fulton; George B. Sinclair, 639 Bridge; George Bray, rear 311 Lakeview avenue; John A. Weatherson, 32 West Fourth; James Garin, 341 Lakeview avenue; Arthur A. Foster, 218 Hildreth.

Ward Seven—Louis G. Turgeon, Jr., 16 Dodge; Jeremiah Donohue, 139 Mammoth road; Thomas T. Sullivan, 39 Claire.

Ward Eight—Joseph J. Hartford, 113 Marshall road; Wm. L. Gillespie, 345 Lincoln; George P. Dow, 40 Leverett.

Ward Nine—John J. Lacey, rear 27 Agawam; Thomas Lacey, rear 27 Agawam; Michael F. Devine, 174 High; Edward B. Latour, 4 Oak.

The following list of aplications for naturalization was filed in the office of the city clerk, Oct. 3:

Astier, Robert, 4 rear No. 11 Mill street; Blakely, James, 516 Central street; Bowker, John W., 823 Lawrence street; Brooks, Fred, 25 Webster street; Hjock, Axeltuder, 29 Paige street; Holl, Angus, 4 Hale street; Currul, William H., Jr., 129 Church street; Connell, William R., 73 Bartlett street; Chadwick, Richard P., 104 White street; Creamer, Ambrose, 56 Andrews street; Denault, Henry, 145 Merrimack street; Foster, Robert, 131 Howard street; Faulkner, William J., 516 Central street; Fraser, James, 4 Puffer avenue; Hibbert, Thomas, 21 Richmond street; Highland, Thos., 583 Broadway; Lawson, Charles, 67 South Whipple street; Leith, Norman, 41 London street; Maguire, John, 10 Tyler street; Model, Henry William, 673 Broadway; Marsden, Bannister, 39 Lilley avenue; Mackley, George E., 55 Lundberg street; McShane, Henry, 312 Lawrence street; Powell, John, 55 South Whipple street; Porter, Albert, 6 Devlin street; Pihl, Martin R., 27 Cosgrove street; Rooney, George W., 11 Madison street; Russell, David, Crawford, Miller; Rideout, Judson D., Middlesex street; Ryan, William S., 31 Webster street; Rawlings, Joseph O., 43 London street; Smith, Orville, W., 22 West Bowers street; Smith, Prince, 43 Agawam street; Weston, Simeon Butler, 21 Boott corporation; Wiklund, William E., 47 South Whipple street; Wisby, Henry, 47 Worthen street; Wilson, William J., 47 Pleasant street; Wagandar, Charles E., 4 Carter place; Walker, Reuben, 58 Crosby street.

Following is the list of applications filed Oct. 4.:

Anderson, Edward F., 436 School; street; Bailey, Ernest E., 119 Chapel street; Brown, Arthur, 42 Tyler street; Brown, William, 580 Gorham street; Cuer, Michael, 102 Bourne street; Crane, Thomas, 255 Thorndike street; Clough, John, 97 Fulton street; Dostaler, Alphonse, 8 Decatur street; Goldrick, William, 103 Bourne street; Graham, William, 31 Chapel street; Hansen, Hans Peter, 690 Lawrence street; Haigh, Walter, 74 Whipple street; Holmes, George W., 15 Shaw street; Leahey, William George, 110 Central street; McKittrick, Frank G. W., 819 Merrimack; Myers, George, 9 Wamesit street; Moriarty, Daniel F., 37 Adams street; McLellan, Jeremiah, 27 Smith street; Matthews, Samuel, 4 Wamesit court; Patisoul, John B., 28 Grand street; Robertson, Dougal, 21 Richmond street; Storey, Charles H., 12 John street; Wardell, Thomas, 169 Andover street; Waite Charles, 64 Andrews street; Whitehead, Thos., 43 Lincoln street; Wotton, Stephen A., 116 Walker street; Wilson, James, 131 School street; Hastings, James S., 1055 Bridge street; Gumb, John D., Jr., 9 Pine street; Gagnon, Peter M., 725 Merrimack street; Carroll, John J., 113 High street.

Applications filed Oct. 5th:

Archibald, William A., 12 C street; Archbald, Vincent, 48 Barrington street; Battersby, Joseph, 62 Church street; Bent, Ralph C., 162 Smith street; Denault, Arthur, 190 Fletcher street; Douglas, Edmund W., 23 Davenport street; Fielding, Lewis, 11 Olive street; Hambleton, David, 405 School street; Hayes, George, 178 E. Merrimack street; Kennery, John C. 17 Westwood street; Lahaise, Victorie, Moran place, Moody street; Lahaise, Amedee F., 117 Coburn street; Murphy Edward, 332 Lawrence street; Midgley, Jonathan, 26 Crowley street; Perrin, Peter, 651 Middlesex street; Roberts, Amos, 730 Lawrence street; Senior, George, 59 St. James street; Sloan, Robert J., 34 Robinson street; McManus, Thomas, 356 Market street.

WORN OUT.

Recently a marketman advertised a lot of "bargain corned beef." Of course this suggested green meat, and the ad. didn't "pull."

The word is in bad odor.

Once, when it was new, its appearance was the signal for everybody to be interested. This doesn't happen any more.

It has been worn threadbare—and patched.

The $15 line of fall suits at the Merrimack Clothing Co.'s are not "bargain" suits in the sense the word is applied. To be sure, they furnish more than is expected of $15 suits elsewhere, but call it by some other name. Notably the little traits of careful, tailor-like, hand-finished collars and lapels that are made to fit the form—not hang off like "bargain" suits.

LAWRENCE AND TAYLOR.

TRICK CYCLISTS PERFORM TO LARGE CROWDS HERE.

"Billie" Lawrence and "Bert" Taylor started from Portland, Ore., four months ago on a wager that they would ride across the continent on their wheels and earn all expenses on the way.

They arrived in Lowell from Boston last evening, stayed in the city over night, and started for Lawrence early this morning.

These two young men are surpassed by few in the art of trick riding. Mr. Lawrence gave half an hour's performance of some difficult tricks on his wheel on the postoffice sidewalk last evening, but owing to a bad fall in the afternoon Mr. Taylor was not able to perform many tricks. They expect to finish their tour in about two weeks, arriving in Portland about the end of the month.

MUSIC HALL

The May Howard Extravaganza company was given a grand reception last evening at Music Hall. Every seat in the house was occupied. The entertainment opened with the Ladies' Alimony club and the entire company could be seen to good advantage. There were several songs and choruses which were well received by the audience. The costumes of the ladies were beautiful and made a pretty picture. The second part opened up the olio with Leonora Wilson and Carrie Massoney with songs and Daley hits. The Mills trio in a comedy sketch were quite funny. Al. Weston, the favorite descriptive vocalist, caught the house rendering several encores. James Flynn and Fannie De Costa in an original sketch were good. Irene Watson, the Elastic Girl, is a wonder. Moran and Willsey, Irish sports, kept the audience in good humor. The show continues tonight, tomorrow afternoon and evening.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

Among the young ladies who were at the game Wednesday were Misses Crevier, Hanson, Bertrand, Jewett, and Coughlin.

Cronin is a valuable man for the foot ball eleven.

The members of the school who were at the game Wednesday were treated by Mr. Jewett.

This year each company in the battalion should have a company commander as tall as his men.

Kelley will be adjutant this year, and is a good man for that place.

Miss Katherine O'Grady of New York is the guest of Miss Crevier.

Colonel Rogers is being congratulated upon his new appointment.

You can get the best fuel for domestic use at Rourke & Sullivan's, 223 Central street.

POLICE COURT

John Theroux, with aliases, who, it is alleged, stabbed Dr. E. B. Holt while the latter was walking along Kirk street one evening in August, was among the first to be called. 'Guilty or not guilty?" the clerk asked. "Not guilty," answered Theroux. He was held in $800 until next Friday.

After some spicy testimony by witnesses, John Moran was committed to the Lowell jail for four months on the charge of assault. Moran pleaded not guilty and contradicted all that the witnesses related of the affair.

Charles Barry was fined $3 for riding a bicycle on the sidewalk on Middlesex street near the power house.

For drunkenness, William J. Flynn was fined $10 and Powell Ray, $12.

Noel St. John, a sailor, for alleged larceny, from P. O'Connor, was continued until tomorrow.

Thomas Loughlan was fined $3 for violating the fish and game laws and $3 for assault and battery on Officer Lawrence Lynch of Tewksbury.

Thomas Bodkin's wife told the court that he was troublesome to her when drunk, and that he refused to work.

"To separate you for a time," the court said to him, "I will send you to the workhouse for six months."

Louis Perry, for assault and battery was held in $800 until Oct. 21.

DR. DONLAN

GOES WITH LEE AND BRYAN TO CUBA.

Dr. Charles E. Donlan of Lowell, assistant surgeon U.S.A., has been detailed to go with the 7th Army Corps commanded by General Fitzhugh Lee to Cuba. The sick soldiers of Wm. J. Bryan's regiment have been under the care of Dr. Donlan and on Wednesday of last week Col. Bryan and his wife paid an extended visit to the hospital, visiting each soldier of his command.

GEN. MILES' PLANS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 14—After his return to the Millard from the exposition last night, General Miles was asked by the Associated Press what his future plans were, whether he proposed going to Leech Lake, Minn., to quell the Indian troubles there or would resume operations in Porto Rico and Cuba.

His reply was: "Neither. I expect to go to St. Paul, Rock Island and the peace jubilee at Chicago, and then return to Washington."

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Charles F. Miles,
FLORIST,
492 MERRIMACK ST. LOWELL.
For the past 14 years with John Oliver.

M. J. SHARKEY & CO.
44 CENTRAL ST. LOWELL.
Fire, Life, Accident and Liability Insurance in the leading companies. Office hours 8 to 9 a. m., 12 to 1.30, and 7.30 to 9 p. m. Drop a postal if unable to call.

MISS HARD'S
Shorthand School
Graduates recommended to business men. Thoroughly equipped typewriting department. Hildreth building. Call for Catalogue.

THE BON MARCHE DRY GOODS COMPANY

Friday and Saturday Specials

A Few Bargain Items That Cannot Be Duplicated By Any House in the Country—Not Even Us.

READ THIS

Four thousand, eight hundred and seventy skeins of the best Rhoda GERMANTOWN YARNS in all colors, and black, always retailed at 12½ cents a skein, to be sold by us on Saturday at just one half price,

6 1-4c. a Skein.

Not more than 2 pounds (20 skeins) to a customer. None sold to dealers or peddlers.

READ THIS

Over 600 pieces of Jersey Vests, bought direct from the mill, therefore enabling us to give our customer the intermediate profits. A regular 25 cent Vest, always 26 cents; everywhere 25 cents. Buying from the mill

14c. Each.

Not more than (4) to a customer.

SPECIAL FEATHER COUNTER.

Every conceivable thing in fancy feathers, quills, etc., on our special center counter, front of main entrance. Prices commence at 5 cents and run up to 69 cents, all worth more than marked by 25 per cent.

INFANTS' HATS AND BONNETS.

Just in, our fall and winter bargain lines of Infants' and Children's Hats, Caps, and Bonnets.

25c. EACH.

Infants' Embroidered Silk Bonnets (white), lined, silk ribbon strings. Each and only, twenty-five cents.

49c. EACH.

Elderdown and white and colored Silk Caps and Bonnets, embroidered ribbon strings, lined, etc., etc., and only forty-nine cents.

98c. EACH.

Velvet, Satin and Silk, in white and colors Bayadier Velvet and Novelty Cloth Hats, Caps, and Bonnets; lined, silk ribbon strings, ruchings, etc, etc, and only ninety-eight cents.

MILLINERY.

Never in our history were we so well equipped in everything pertaining to millinery. A superb stock—all that's new and desirable—lower prices than ever before—a large and efficient staff of clerks.

READ THESE!

A beautiful stock of walking hats in all colors and shapes, including the Dewey shape and color trimmed in truly mannish styles.

89c. Each.

A beautiful lot of trimmed velvet hats, trimmed with the latest novelties in the proper styles, only fifty in the lot to be sold Friday and Saturday at the round figure of

$3.98 Each.

Misses and Children's Caps, all kinds, styles and colors for street wear, high school, bicycle, etc., large line.

25c., 49c. and 69c.

N. B.—Our store being closed Friday evenings, henceforth and forever, we would suggest to our many millinery customers, come early in the day and leave orders, with our extra staff of makers, trimmers and designers. We can fill your orders correctly and promptly.

The Big Store Closed This Evening

Cook, Taylor & Co.,
CENTRAL STREET.
THE PLACE OF POPULAR PRICED READY-MADE
GARMENTS
Equal to the Best Custom Made.

Tailor Made Suits. Nothing like them to be found elsewhere. From $8.50 to $20.

Jackets to please every one from $2.49 to $35.
Silk Waists that are well made and good fitting from $3.49 to $8.50.
Skirts, everybody knows their excellence, from $1.25 to $12.50.

Capes, Fur Collarettes and Scarfs, Velveteen and Woolen Waists, Children's Dresses, Wrappers, etc.

The best values in Lowell.
Tailor made Suits to order. Satisfactionguaranteed.

Imperial Supply Co.
The Largest and Most Liberal Supply Store in New England. ISRAEL & LEAVITT, Proprietors.

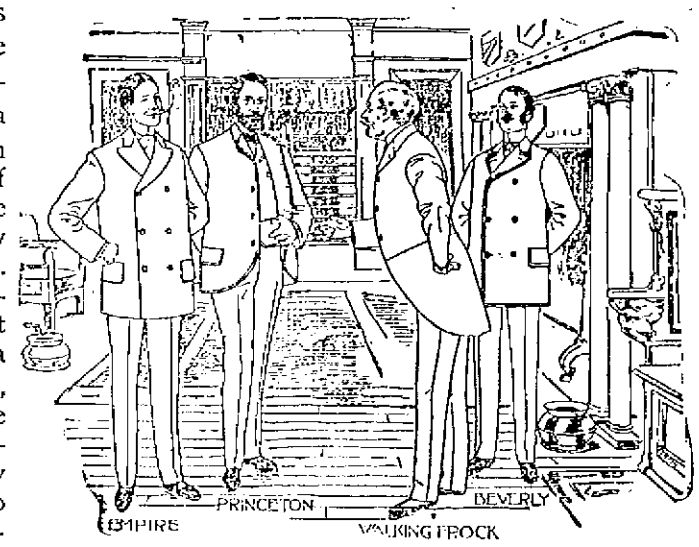
A complete stock of Ladies' and Gent's Clothing and Garments, as well as Youths' and Boys' Fine Clothing, Silk Waists, Ladies' Suits and Fancy Skirts made to order by the best dressmakers.
Ladies' and Gents' Mackintoshes, Dry and Fancy Goods, Gent's Furnishing Goods, at the lowest cash prices and also on Credit.

No. 616 Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass.
Give Us a Call and Save Money.

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.
BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES
In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.

4—QUEENS OF PALMISTRY—4
32 Central St., Lowell, Mass.
10 CENTS. 10 CENTS.
These are the Palm Readers selected by Mr. O. H. P. Belmont for his Gray Craig Lawn Party Aug. 5, 1898. They read the palms of the 400. Are they good enough for you? ADMISSION FREE. Fortunes told by the world's best palmists for 10c. No humbug.
A. L. MORRELL, Manager.

THE MILITARY ERA



Military neatness has taken the place of the sway of sports over fashionable clothing. As a soldier the man of fashion has learned the value of a close fitting double breasted garment to show off the athletic physique. The military influence demands that the coat should fit without a wrinkle, the shoulder, chest and collar must be snug as a glove. Military colorings—military simplicity—six buttons, no more. Careful observance to these requirements will produce the best dressed Lowellite.

The Merrimack Clothing Co. prides itself in supplying the required fabrics, correctly cut and properly fitted.

SILK-FACED DOUBLE-BREASTED BLUE SERGE SUITS

selling for $12.00, up, exemplifies this. Starting with $12.00 this suit has all the requirements of soldierly preciseness combined with good tailoring and quality of material. The word "up" denotes that the prices advance with increased fineness of texture and weight of fabric.

LOOK THROUGH OUR WINDOWS

GREEN, BLUE, BROWN Boucle Cloth $3

Make nobby effects in Reefers for small boys. In these garments we have a special value in 3 to 8 year sizes for This particular garment we want parents to examine. A search elsewhere in Lowell for its equal will be loss of time. Others as low as $2.00—none over $8.00.

Merrimack Clothing Co.